REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 76); explanatory summary of Bill and prior notice of its introduction published in Government Gazette No. 45903 of 11 February 2022) (The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(MINISTER OF FINANCE)

[B 6—2022] ISBN 978-1-4850-0776-0

BILL

To provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government for the 2022/23 financial year; the determination of each province's equitable share; allocations to provinces, local government and municipalities from national government's equitable share; the responsibilities of all three spheres pursuant to such division and allocations; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS section 214(1) of the Constitution requires an Act of Parliament to provide for—

- (a) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- (b) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
- (c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations may be made; and

WHEREAS section 7(1) of the Money Bills and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), requires the introduction of the Division of Revenue Bill at the same time as the Appropriation Bill is introduced,

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

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CHAPTER 1

INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS OF ACT

Interpretation

1. (1) In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise, any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act has the meaning assigned to it in the Act in quarties and	5
question, and— "accreditation" means accreditation of a municipality, in terms of section 10(2) of the Housing Act, 1997 (Act No. 107 of 1997), to administer national housing programmes, read with Part 3 of the National Housing Code, 2009 (Financial Interventions: Accreditation of Municipalities); "allocation" means the equitable share allocation to the national sphere of government	10
in Schedule 1, a province in Schedule 2 or a municipality in Schedule 3, or a conditional allocation;	1.5
"category A, B or C municipality" means a category A, B or C municipality envisaged in section 155(1) of the Constitution;	15
"classified disaster" means a disaster classified as a national, provincial or local state of disaster in terms of section 23 of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002);	
" conditional allocation " means an allocation to a province or municipality from the	20
national government's share of revenue raised nationally, envisaged in section $214(1)(c)$ of the Constitution, as set out in Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7;	
"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;	
"corporation for public deposits account" means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund held with the Corporation for Public Deposits, established by the	25
Corporation for Public Deposits Act, 1984 (Act No. 46 of 1984); "Education Infrastructure Grant" means the Education Infrastructure Grant referred	
to in Part A of Schedule 4;	
"financial year" means, in relation to—	
(a) a national or provincial department, the year ending 31 March; or	30
(b) a municipality, the year ending 30 June;	
"framework" means the conditions and other information in respect of a conditional	
allocation published in terms of section 15 or 25; "Health Facility Revitalisation Grant" means the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant	
referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;	35
"housing emergency" means an emergency as defined in paragraph 2.3.1(a) or (b) of	
the Emergency Housing Programme contained in the National Housing Code published in toward of partial A of the Housing A at 1007 (A at No. 107) of 1007).	
in terms of section 4 of the Housing Act, 1997 (Act No. 107 of 1997); "Human Settlements Development Grant" means the Human Settlements Develop-	
ment Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;	40
"legislation" means national legislation or provincial legislation as defined in section	40
239 of the Constitution;	
"level one accreditation" means accreditation to render beneficiary management,	
subsidy budget planning and allocation, and priority programme management and administration, of national housing programmes;	45
"level two accreditation" means accreditation to render full programme management	
and administration of all housing instruments and national housing programmes in	
addition to the responsibilities under a level one accreditation;	
"Maths, Science and Technology Grant" means the Maths, Science and Technology	
Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 5;	50
"medium term expenditure framework" means a budgeting framework applied by	
the National Treasury which—	
(a) translates government policies and plans into a multi-year spending plan; and(b) promotes transparency, accountability and effective public financial manage-	
ment; "Municipal Finance Management Act" means the Legal Covernment; Municipal	55
"Municipal Finance Management Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003);	
"Municipal Structures Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act,	
1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998);	
"Municipal Systems Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000	60
(Act No. 32 of 2000);	- 0

Development Partnership Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 5 or Part B of Schedule	
6;	
"organ of state" means an organ of state as defined in section 239 of the Constitution;	
"overpayment" means the transfer of more than the allocated amount of an allocation	5
or the transfer of an allocation in excess of the applicable amount in a payment schedule;	
"payment schedule" means a schedule which sets out—	
(a) the amount of each transfer of a provincial equitable share or a conditional	
allocation for a province or municipality to be transferred in terms of this Act;	
(b) the date on which each transfer must be paid; and	10
(c) to whom, and to which bank account, each transfer must be paid;	
" prescribe " means prescribe by regulation in terms of section 37;	
"primary bank account", in relation to—	
(a) a province, means a bank account of the Provincial Revenue Fund, envisaged	
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accounting officer of the provincial treasury has certified to the National	
Treasury; or	
(b) a municipality, means the bank account of the municipality as determined in	
terms of section 8 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; "Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant" means the Provincial Roads Maintenance	20
Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;	20
"Public Finance Management Act," means the Public Finance Management Act, 1999	
(Act No. 1 of 1999);	
"Public Transport Network Grant" means the Public Transport Network Grant	
referred to in Part B of Schedule 5;	25
"Public Transport Operations Grant" means the Public Transport Operations Grant	
referred to in Part A of Schedule 4;	
"quarter" means, in relation to—	
(a) a national or provincial department, the period from—	
(i) 1 April to 30 June;	30
(ii) 1 July to 30 September;	
(iii) 1 October to 31 December; or	
(iv) 1 January to 31 March; or	
(b) a municipality, the period from—	25
(i) 1 July to 30 September;	35
(ii) 1 October to 31 December;(iii) 1 January to 31 March; or	
(iv) 1 April to 30 June;	
"receiving officer" means, in relation to—	
(a) a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred to a province, the accounting officer	40
of the provincial department which receives that allocation or a portion	
thereof for expenditure through an appropriation from its Provincial Revenue	
Fund; or	
(b) a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation transferred or provided in kind to a	
municipality, the accounting officer of the municipality;	45
"receiving provincial department" means, in relation to a Schedule 4, 5 or 7	
allocation transferred to a province, the provincial department which receives that	
allocation or a portion thereof for expenditure through an appropriation from its	
Provincial Revenue Fund; "School Infracture Pachless Creat" recover the School Infracture Pachless	50
"School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant" means the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant referred to in Part A of Schedule 6;	30
"this Act" includes any framework or allocation published, or any regulation made, in	
terms of this Act;	
"transferring officer" means the accounting officer of a national department that	
transfers a Schedule 4, 5 or 7 allocation to a province or municipality or spends a	55
Schedule 6 allocation on behalf of a province or municipality;	
"Urban Settlements Development Grant" means the Urban Settlements Develop-	
ment Grant referred to in Part B of Schedule 4; and	
"working day" means any day, except a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday as	
defined in the Public Holidays Act, 1994 (Act No. 36 of 1994).	60
(2) Any agreement, approval, certification, decision, determination, instruction,	
notification, notice or request in terms of this Act must be in writing.	

Objects of Act

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 (a) as required by section 214(1) of the Constitution, to provide for— (i) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres of government; (ii) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and (iii) other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue and conditions on which those allocations are made; (b) to promote predictability and certainty in respect of all allocations to provinces and municipalities, in order that provinces and municipalities may plan their budgets over a multi-year period and thereby promote better coordination between policy, planning and budgeting; and (c) to promote transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process, by ensuring that all allocations, except Schedule 6 allocations, are reflected on the budgets of provinces and municipalities and the expenditure of conditional allocations is reported on by the receiving provincial departments and municipalities. 	5 10 15
CHAPTER 2	20
EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS	20
Equitable division of revenue raised nationally among spheres of government	
3. (1) Revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2022/23 financial year must be divided among the national, provincial and local spheres of government as set out in Column A of Schedule 1. (2) The envisaged division among the national, provincial and local spheres of government of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year, and which is subject to the Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 1.	25
Equitable division of provincial share among provinces	30
4. (1) Each province's equitable share of the provincial share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2022/23 financial year is set out in Column A of Schedule 2. (2) The envisaged equitable share for each province of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year, and which is subject to the Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 2. (3) The National Treasury must transfer each province's equitable share referred to in subsection (1) to the corporation for public deposits account of the province in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 22.	35
Equitable division of local government share among municipalities	40
5. (1) Each municipality's equitable share of local government's share of revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2022/23 financial year is set out in Column A of Schedule 3. (2) The envisaged equitable share for each municipality of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally in respect of the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year, and which is subject to the Division of Revenue Acts for those financial years, is set out in Column B of Schedule 3. (3) The national department responsible for local government must transfer a municipality's equitable share referred to in subsection (1) to the primary bank account	45

Shortfalls, excess revenue and increasing equitable share

2023, in the amounts determined in terms of section 22(2).

6. (1) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2022/23 financial year

of the municipality in three transfers on 6 July 2022, 7 December 2022 and 15 March 50

8 falls short of the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the national government bears the shortfall. (2) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2022/23 financial year exceeds the anticipated revenue set out in Column A of Schedule 1, the excess accrues to the national government, and may be used to reduce borrowing or pay debt as part of its share of revenue raised nationally. (3) Further allocations may be made from the excess revenue envisaged in subsection (2), through the applicable legislation envisaged in section 12 of the Money Bills and Related Matters Act. 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), to— (a) national departments; 10 (b) provinces; or (c) municipalities. (4) (a) If any expenditure from contingencies is approved in terms of section 6 of the Appropriation Act, 2022, to increase the equitable share of provinces or municipalities, the National Treasury must increase the equitable share per province or per municipality 15 by notice in the *Gazette*. (b) The increase referred to in paragraph (a) takes effect on the date of publication in the *Gazette*. (c) Section 22 of this Act applies with the necessary changes in relation to the increase referred to in paragraph (a). 20 **CHAPTER 3** CONDITIONAL ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES AND MUNICIPALITIES Part 1 Conditional allocations **Conditional allocations to provinces** 25 7. (1) Conditional allocations to provinces for the 2022/23 financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in— (a) Part A of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to provinces to supplement the funding of programmes or functions funded from provincial budgets; (b) Part A of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to provinces; 30 (c) Part A of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to provinces for designated special programmes; and (d) Part A of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific provinces, that may be released to provinces to fund an immediate response to a classified disaster or housing emergency. 35 (2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to provinces from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year, which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in 40 (3) (a) If any expenditure from contingencies is approved in terms of section 6 of the Appropriation Act, 2022, to increase any conditional allocation to provinces, the National Treasury must increase the allocation per province by notice in the *Gazette*. (b) The increase referred to in paragraph (a) takes effect on the date of publication in 45 the Gazette. (c) If a conditional allocation in Part A of Schedule 5 or 6 is increased in terms of paragraph (a), the National Treasury must amend the notice published in terms of section 15 by notice in the Gazette. (d) Section 23 of this Act applies with the necessary changes in relation to the increase referred to in paragraph (a). 50

Conditional allocations to municipalities

8. (1) Conditional allocations to municipalities in respect of the 2022/23 financial year from the national government's share of revenue raised nationally are set out in—

(a) Part B of Schedule 4, specifying allocations to municipalities to supplement the funding of functions funded from municipal budgets;

- (b) Part B of Schedule 5, specifying specific-purpose allocations to municipalities:
- (c) Part B of Schedule 6, specifying allocations-in-kind to municipalities for designated special programmes; and
- (d) Part B of Schedule 7, specifying funds that are not allocated to specific municipalities that may be released to municipalities to fund an immediate response to a classified disaster or housing emergency.
- (2) An envisaged division of conditional allocations to municipalities from the national government's share of revenue anticipated to be raised nationally for the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year, which is subject to the annual Division of Revenue Acts for those years, is set out in Column B of the Schedules referred to in subsection (1).
- (3) (a) A municipality that intends to pledge a conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, as security for any obligations in terms of section 48 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, must, in addition to notifying the National Treasury in terms of section 46(3) of that Act, notify the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury of that intention and provide the transferring officer and National Treasury at least 21 days to comment before seeking the approval of the municipal council.
- (b) A municipality must submit financial and non-financial reports, in the format and on the dates determined by the National Treasury, for any project pledged to be partially or fully funded by using a conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, as security as envisaged in paragraph (a).
- (4) (a) If any expenditure from contingencies is approved in terms of section 6 of the Appropriation Act, 2022, to increase any conditional allocation to municipalities, the National Treasury must increase the allocation per municipality by notice in the *Gazette*. 25
- (b) The increase referred to in paragraph (a) takes effect on the date of publication in the *Gazette*.
- (c) If a conditional allocation in Part B of Schedule 5 or 6 is increased in terms of paragraph (a), the National Treasury must amend the notice published in terms of section 15 by notice in the *Gazette*.
- (d) Section 23 of this Act applies with the necessary changes in relation to the increase referred to in paragraph (a).

Part 2

Duties of accounting officers in respect of Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

Duties of transferring officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations

- 9. (1) The transferring officer of a Schedule 4 allocation must—
 - (a) ensure that transfers to all provinces and municipalities are—
 - deposited only into the primary bank account of the relevant province or municipality; and
 - (ii) made in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of 40 section 22, unless allocations are withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18;
 - (b) monitor information on financial and non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by an allocation in Part A of Schedule 4, in accordance with subsection (2) and the applicable framework;
 - (c) monitor information on financial and non-financial performance of the Urban Settlements Development Grant against the capital budget and the service delivery and budget implementation plan;
 - (d) comply with the applicable framework;
 - (e) submit a quarterly financial and non-financial performance report within 45 50 days after the end of each quarter to the National Treasury in terms of the applicable framework; and
 - (f) evaluate the performance of programmes funded or partially funded by the allocation and submit such evaluations to the National Treasury within four months after the end of the 2022/23 financial year applicable to a provincial 55 department or a municipality, as the case may be.
- (2) Any monitoring programme or system that is used to monitor information on financial and non-financial performance of a programme partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation must—
 - (a) be approved by the National Treasury;

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(b) not impose any excessive administrative responsibility on receiving officers beyond the provision of standard management and budget information; be compatible and integrated with and not duplicate other relevant national, provincial and local systems; and (d) support compliance with section 11(2). 5 (3) A framework may impose a duty on the accounting officer of a national or provincial department, other than the transferring officer or receiving officer, that contributes to achieving the purpose of the allocation, and the accounting officer must comply with the duty. Duties of transferring officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 6 allocations 10 10. (1) The transferring officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must— (a) not later than 14 days after this Act takes effect, certify to the National Treasury that-(i) any monitoring or system that is used, is compatible and integrated with and does not duplicate other relevant national, provincial and local 15 systems; and (ii) any plans required in terms of the framework of a Schedule 5 allocation regarding the use of the allocation by-(aa) a province, have been approved before the start of the financial year; 20 (bb) a municipality, shall be approved before the start of the financial year; (b) in respect of Schedule 5 allocations-(i) transfer funds only after receipt of all information required to be submitted by the receiving officer in terms of this Act and after 25 submission of all relevant information to the National Treasury; transfer funds in accordance with the payment schedule determined in terms of section 22, unless allocations are withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18; and (iii) deposit funds only into the primary bank account of the relevant province 30 or municipality; and (c) comply with the applicable framework. (2) The transferring officer must submit all relevant information and documentation referred to in subsection (1)(a) to the National Treasury within 14 days after this Act takes effect. 35 (3) A transferring officer, who has not complied with subsection (1), must transfer the allocation in the manner instructed by the National Treasury, including transferring the allocation as an unconditional allocation. (4) Before making the first transfer of any allocation in terms of subsection (1)(b), the transferring officer must take note of any notice in terms of section 30(1) containing the details of the relevant primary bank accounts. (5) The transferring officer of a Schedule 5 allocation to a municipality is responsible for monitoring financial and non-financial performance information on programmes funded by the allocation. (6) (a) The transferring officer of a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation must, as part of the 45 reporting envisaged in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, but subject to paragraph (b), submit information, in the format determined by the National Treasury, for the month in question, and for the 2022/23 financial year up to the end of that month, onthe amount of funds transferred to a province or municipality; 50 the amount of funds for any province or municipality withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, the reasons for the withholding or stopping and the steps taken by the transferring officer and the receiving officer to deal with the matters or causes that necessitated the withholding or stopping of the payment; (iii) the actual expenditure incurred by the province or municipality in respect of a 55 Schedule 5 allocation; (iv) the actual expenditure incurred by the transferring officer in respect of a Schedule 6 allocation; (v) any matter or information that may be required by the applicable framework for the particular allocation; and 60 (vi) such other matters as the National Treasury may determine.

- (b) For purposes of the application of paragraph (a) to Part B of Schedule 5, the period of 15 days envisaged in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act must be construed to mean a period of 20 days.
 - (7) A transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury—
 - (a) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant, National Health Insurance Indirect Grant, School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant or Maths, Science and Technology Grant, within 22 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury; and
 - (b) a quarterly performance report on all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation within 45 days after the end of each quarter, in accordance with the applicable framework.
- (8) The transferring officer must evaluate the performance of all programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 or 6 allocation and submit such evaluations to the National Treasury within four months after the end of the 2022/23 financial year 15 applicable to a provincial department or a municipality, as the case may be.
- (9) The transferring officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant may only transfer the Grant to a province after the relevant receiving officer has complied with section 12(6)(a) and (b).
- (10) A framework may impose a duty on the accounting officer of a national or 20 provincial department, other than the transferring officer or receiving officer, that contributes to achieving the purpose of the allocation and the accounting officer must comply with the duty.

Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 4 allocations

- 11. (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 4 allocation is responsible for—
 - (a) complying with the applicable framework; and
 - (b) the manner in which the allocation received from a transferring officer is allocated and spent.
- (2) The receiving officer of a municipality must—
 - (a) ensure and certify to the National Treasury that the municipality—
 - (i) indicates each programme partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation in its annual budget and that the allocation is specifically and exclusively appropriated in that budget for utilisation only according to the purpose of the allocation; and

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- (ii) makes public, in terms of section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act, the conditions and other information in respect of the allocation, to facilitate performance measurement and the use of required inputs and outputs;
- (b) when submitting the municipality's statements in terms of section 71 of the Municipal Finance Management Act for September 2022, December 2022, March 2023 and June 2023, report to the transferring officer, the relevant 40 provincial treasury and the National Treasury—
 - (i) in respect of the Urban Settlements Development Grant, on financial performance against its capital budget and the measures defined in its service delivery and budget implementation plan; and
 - (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on financial performance of 45 programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation; and
- (c) within 30 days after the end of each quarter, report to the transferring officer and the National Treasury—
 - (i) in respect of the Urban Settlements Development Grant, on non-financial performance for that quarter against the measures defined in its service 50 delivery and budget implementation plan; and
 - (ii) in respect of any other Schedule 4 allocation, on non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by the allocation.
- (3) The National Treasury must make the report submitted to it in terms of subsection (2)(b) or (c) available to the transferring officer of the Urban Settlements Development 55 Grant, Public Transport Network Grant and Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant and the accounting officer of any other national department having responsibilities relating to the applicable allocation.
- (4) The receiving officer of a provincial department must submit to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring officer—

- (a) as part of the report required in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, reports on financial and non-financial performance of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation;
- (b) a quarterly non-financial performance report of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 30 days after the end of each quarter; and
- (c) a monthly provincial report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation within 15 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury.
- (5) The receiving officer must report on programmes partially or fully funded by a 10 Schedule 4 allocation against the applicable framework in its annual financial statements and annual report.
- (6) The receiving officer must evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the provincial department or municipality, as the case may be, in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by a Schedule 4 allocation and submit such evaluation to the 15 transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury within two months—
 - (a) in respect of a provincial department, after the end of the 2022/23 financial year of the provincial department; and
 - (b) in respect of a municipality, after the end of the 2022/23 financial year of the municipality.

Duties of receiving officer in respect of Schedule 5 or 7 allocations

- **12.** (1) The receiving officer of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation must comply with the applicable framework.
- (2) The relevant receiving officer must, in respect of a Schedule 5 or 7 allocation transferred to—
 - (a) a province, as part of the report required in section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (3) and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring officer;

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- (b) a municipality, as part of the report required in terms of section 71 of the 3 Municipal Finance Management Act, report on the matters referred to in subsection (4) and submit a copy of that report to the relevant provincial treasury, the National Treasury and the relevant transferring officer; and
- (c) a province or municipality, submit a quarterly non-financial performance report within 30 days after the end of each quarter.
- (3) A report for a province in terms of subsection (2)(a) must set out for the month in question and for the 2022/23 financial year up to the end of the month—
 - (a) the amount received by the province;
 - (b) the amount of funds stopped or withheld in terms of section 17 or 18, the reason for the stopping or withholding and any remedial action taken;
 - (c) the actual expenditure by the province in respect of Schedule 5 and 7 allocations;
 - (d) the amount transferred to any national or provincial public entity to implement a programme funded by a Schedule 5 allocation on behalf of a province or to assist the province in implementing the programme;
 - (e) the available figures regarding the expenditure by a public entity referred to in paragraph (d);
 - (f) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of the allocation provided for in its framework, based on the available information at the time of reporting;
 - (g) an explanation of any material difficulties experienced by the province regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps taken to deal with such difficulties;
 - (h) any matter or information that may be determined in the framework for the allocation; and
 - (i) such other matters and information as the National Treasury may determine.
- (4) A report for a municipality in terms of subsection (2)(b) must set out for the month in question and for the 2022/23 financial year up to the end of the month—
 - (a) the amount received by the municipality;
 - (b) the amount of funds stopped or withheld in terms of section 17 or 18, the 60 reason for the stopping or withholding and any remedial action taken;

- (c) the extent of compliance with this Act and with the conditions of the allocation or part of the allocation provided for in its framework;
- an explanation of any material difficulties experienced by the municipality regarding an allocation which has been received and a summary of the steps taken to deal with such difficulties;

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- any matter or information that may be determined in the framework for the allocation; and
- such other matters and information as the National Treasury may determine.
- (5) The receiving officer must evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the provincial department or municipality, as the case may be, in respect of programmes 10 partially or fully funded by a Schedule 5 allocation and submit such evaluation to the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury within two months after the end of the 2022/23 financial year applicable to a provincial department or a municipality, as the case may be.
- (6) (a) The receiving officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant must, in 15 consultation with the transferring officer and after consultation with each affected municipality, publish in the Gazette, within 14 working days after this Act takes effect, the planned expenditure from the Human Settlements Development Grant, for the 2022/23 financial year, the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year per municipality with level one or level two accreditation.

(b) The planned expenditure must—

- (i) indicate the expenditure to be undertaken directly by the province and transfers to each municipality; and
- include a payment schedule for transfers to each municipality in the 2022/23 (ii) financial year.

(c) The receiving officer of the Human Settlements Development Grant may, by notice in the Gazette, after taking into account the performance of the municipality and after consultation with the affected municipality and in consultation with the transferring officer, amend the planned expenditure for that municipality published in terms of paragraph (a).

Duties of receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to provinces

- 13. (1) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant, Health Facility Revitalisation Grant, Human Settlements Development Grant, Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant and any other conditional allocation partially or fully funding 35 infrastructure must-
 - (a) submit to the relevant provincial treasury a list of all infrastructure projects partially or fully funded by the relevant Grant over the medium term expenditure framework for tabling as part of the estimates of provincial expenditure in the provincial legislature in the format determined by the National Treasury;
 - (b) within seven days after the tabling in the legislature, submit the list to the transferring officer and the National Treasury;
 - after consultation with the relevant provincial treasury and the transferring officer, submit any amendments to the infrastructure project list, together with 45 reasons for the amendments, to the provincial treasury for tabling with the adjusted estimates of provincial expenditure;
 - (d) within seven days after the tabling in the legislature, submit the amended list to the transferring officer and the National Treasury;
 - (e) report, in the format and on the date determined by the National Treasury, to 50 the transferring officer, relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, on all infrastructure expenditure partially or fully funded by the relevant Grant;
 - within 15 days after the end of each month, in the format determined by the National Treasury, submit to the relevant provincial treasury and transferring officer, a draft report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully funded from those Grants;
 - (g) within 22 days after the end of each month, submit to the National Treasury, a final report on infrastructure programmes partially or fully funded from those Grants; and
 - (h) within two months after the end of the 2022/23 financial year—

- 14 (i) based on the infrastructure budget of the province, evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the province in respect of programmes partially or fully funded by the Grant; and (ii) submit the evaluation to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury. 5 (2) The receiving officer of the Education Infrastructure Grant or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant must-(a) within 22 days after the end of each quarter, submit to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, a final report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit of the 10 affected provincial department; and (b) ensure that projects comply with infrastructure delivery management best practice standards and guidelines, as identified and approved by the National Treasury. Duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for 2022/23 15 14. (1) The 2022/23 financial statements of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation— (a) indicate the total amount of that allocation transferred to a province or municipality; 20 indicate any transfer withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18 in respect of each province or municipality and the reason for the withholding or stopping: indicate any transfer not made in accordance with the payment schedule or amended payment schedule, unless withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 25 or 18, and the reason for the non-compliance: (d) indicate any reallocations by the National Treasury in terms of section 19; (e) certify that all transfers to a province or municipality were deposited into the primary bank account of a province or municipality; and indicate the funds, if any, used for the administration of the allocation by the 30 receiving officer. (2) The 2022/23 annual report of a national department responsible for transferring an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation, indicate-(a) the reasons for the withholding or stopping of all transfers to a province or 35 municipality in terms of section 17 or 18; the extent that compliance with this Act by provinces or municipalities was (c) the extent that the allocation achieved its objectives and outputs; and (d) any non-compliance with this Act and the steps taken to address the 40 non-compliance. (3) The 2022/23 financial statements of a provincial department receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation— (a) indicate the total amount of all allocations received; 45 indicate the total amount of allocations received that were budgeted to be transferred to municipalities and public entities, including-(i) the amounts transferred to municipalities and public entities, respectively; and (ii) the reasons for any discrepancies; 50 (c) indicate the total amount of actual expenditure on each Schedule 5 or 7 allocation; and (d) certify that all transfers of allocations in Schedules 4, 5 and 7 to the province
- (4) The 2022/23 annual report of a provincial department receiving an allocation in 55 Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must, in addition to any requirement of any other legislation— (a) indicate the extent that the provincial department complied with this Act; (b) indicate the steps taken to address non-compliance with this Act; (c) indicate the extent that the allocation achieved its objectives and outputs;

were deposited into the primary bank account of the province.

- (d) contain any other information that may be specified in the framework for the 60 allocation; and

- (e) contain such other information as the National Treasury may determine.
- (5) The 2022/23 financial statements and annual report of a municipality receiving an allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 7 must be prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.
- (6) To facilitate the monitoring of performance and the audit of the allocations for the 2022/23 financial year, the National Treasury may determine the format in which receiving officers must report on conditional allocations to municipalities in terms of sections 11(2)(c) and 12(2)(c).

Part 3

Matters relating to Schedule 4 to 7 allocations

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Publication of allocations and frameworks

- **15.** (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 working days after this Act takes effect, publish by notice in the *Gazette*
 - (a) the conditional allocations per municipality for Part B of Schedule 5 allocations:
 - (b) the indicative conditional allocations per province for Part A of Schedule 6 allocations and per municipality for Part B of Schedule 6 allocations; and
 - (c) the framework for each conditional allocation in Schedules 4 to 7.
- (2) For purposes of correcting an error or omission in an allocation or framework published in terms of subsection (1)(a) or (c), the National Treasury must—
 - (a) on its initiative and after consultation with the relevant transferring officer; or
- (b) at the written request of the relevant transferring officer,

by notice in the Gazette, amend the affected allocation or framework.

- (3) The National Treasury may, after consultation with the relevant transferring officer and by notice in the *Gazette*, amend an indicative conditional allocation in Schedule 6 25 published in terms of subsection (1)(b).
- (4) Before amending a framework in terms of subsection (2), the National Treasury must submit the proposed amendment to Parliament for comment for a period of 14 days when Parliament is in session.
- (5) An amendment of an allocation or framework in terms of subsection (2) or (3) 30 takes effect on the date of publication of the notice in the *Gazette*.

Expenditure in terms of purpose and subject to conditions

- **16.** (1) Despite any other legislation to the contrary, an allocation referred to in Schedules 4 to 7 may only be used for the purpose stipulated in the Schedule concerned and in accordance with the applicable framework.
- (2) (a) A framework may provide for components within a conditional allocation that are subject to specific conditions.
 - (b) A transferring officer may shift funds from one component to another—
 - (i) after consulting the relevant receiving officer;
 - (ii) with the approval of the National Treasury; and

) in accordance with the applicable appropriation legislation.

- (c) The National Treasury must publish a notice in the *Gazette* of a shift of funds in terms of paragraph (b).
- (3) A receiving officer may not allocate any portion of a Schedule 5 allocation to any other organ of state for the performance of a function, unless the receiving officer and the organ of state agree on the obligations of both parties and a payment schedule, the receiving officer has notified the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury of the agreed payment schedule and—
 - (a) the allocation—
 - (i) is approved in the budget for the receiving provincial department or 50 municipality; or
 - (ii) if not already so approved—
 - (aa) the receiving officer notifies the National Treasury that the purpose of the allocation is not to artificially inflate the expenditure estimates of the relevant provincial department or municipality and 55 indicates the reasons for the allocation; and
 - (bb) the National Treasury approves the allocation; or

- (b) the allocation is for the payment for goods or services procured in accordance with the procurement prescripts applicable to the relevant province or municipality and, if it is an advance payment, paragraph (a)(ii) applies with the necessary changes.
- (4) The receiving officer must submit a copy of the agreement envisaged in subsection (3) to the transferring officer and the National Treasury before payment is made.
- (5) (a) For purposes of the implementation of a Schedule 6 allocation to a municipality—
 - (i) Eskom Holdings Limited may receive funds directly from the transferring officer of the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy; or

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- (ii) a water board, as defined in section 1 of the Water Services Act, 1997 (Act No. 108 of 1997), may receive funds directly from the transferring officer of the Department of Water and Sanitation.
- (b) A transferring officer may withhold the funds allocated in terms of paragraph (a), or any portion thereof, for a period not exceeding 30 days, if—
 - (i) Eskom Holdings Limited or the water board does not comply with this Act;
 - (ii) roll-overs of conditional allocations approved by the National Treasury in terms of section 21 have not been spent; or
- (iii) there is significant under-expenditure on previous transfers during the 2022/23 financial year.
- (c) A transferring officer must, at least seven working days before withholding an allocation in terms of paragraph (b)—
 - (i) give Eskom Holdings Limited or the water board—
 - (aa) notice of the intention to withhold the allocation; and
 - (bb) an opportunity to submit written representations as to why the allocation 25 should not be withheld; and
 - (ii) inform the relevant municipality, the National Treasury, the relevant provincial treasury and the provincial department responsible for local government of the withholding.
- (d) A notice envisaged in paragraph (c)(i)(aa) must include the reasons for 30 withholding the allocation and the intended duration of the withholding.
- (e) (i) The National Treasury may instruct, or approve a request from, the transferring officer to withhold an allocation in terms of paragraph (b) for a period of 30 to 120 days, if the withholding shall—
 - (aa) facilitate compliance with this Act; or
 - (bb) minimise the risk of under-spending by Eskom Holdings Limited or the water board.
- (ii) When requesting the withholding of an allocation in terms of this subsection, a transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury proof of compliance with paragraph (c) and any representations received from Eskom Holdings Limited or the 40 water board.
- (iii) The transferring officer must comply with paragraph (c) when the National Treasury instructs or approves a request by the transferring officer in terms of paragraph (e)(i).
- (f) Despite paragraph (b), a transferring officer may reallocate funds in terms of 45 section 19(3).
 - (g) (i) Section 21(1) and (2) applies to funds referred to in paragraph (a).
- (ii) Eskom Holdings Limited or the water board must ensure that any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of section 21(1) are paid into that Fund by the date determined by the National Treasury.
- (iii) Eskom Holdings Limited or the water board must request the roll-over of unspent funds through the relevant transferring officer.
- (6) (a) For purposes of the Human Settlements Development Grant, a receiving officer and a municipality with level one or two accreditation or functions assigned in terms of section 126 of the Constitution to administer all aspects, including financial 55 administration of a national housing programme (herein called "assigned functions") as at 1 April 2022, must, by the date determined by the National Treasury—
 - (i) agree on a payment schedule; and
 - (ii) submit, through the relevant provincial treasury, the payment schedule to the National Treasury.
- (b) If a municipality receives accreditation after 1 April 2022, the National Treasury may approve that paragraph (a) applies to that municipality.

- (c) If the transfer of the Human Settlements Development Grant to a municipality with assigned functions is withheld or stopped in terms of section 17 or 18, the receiving officer must request the National Treasury to amend the payment schedule in terms of section 23.
- (7) If a function, which is partially or fully funded by a conditional allocation to a province, is assigned to a municipality, as envisaged in section 10 of the Municipal Systems Act—
 - (a) the funds from the conditional allocation for the province for the function must be stopped in terms of section 18 and reallocated in terms of section 19 to the municipality, which has been assigned the function;

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- (b) if possible, the province must finalise any project or fulfil any contract regarding the function before the date the function is assigned and, if not finalised, the province must notify the relevant municipality and the National Treasury;
- (c) any project or contract regarding the function not finalised or fulfilled at the 15 date at which the function is assigned, must be subjected to an external audit and the province and the municipality must enter into an agreement to complete the project or fulfil the contract through ceding it to the municipality;
- (d) money that is retained by the province for any contract related to the function 20 that is not ceded to the municipality must be spent by 31 March 2023 and shall not be available in terms of section 30 of the Public Finance Management Act or section 22(2);
- (e) the receiving officer of the province must, within seven days after the function is assigned, submit to the transferring officer and the National Treasury a list 25 of liabilities that are attached to the function, but that were not transferred to the municipality, to provide for the adjustment of the applicable allocations; and
- (f) the receiving officer of the municipality must, within one month from the date of the stopping of funds in paragraph (a), submit to the transferring officer a 30 revised plan for its planned expenditure.

Withholding of allocations

- **17.** (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), a transferring officer may withhold the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or any portion thereof, for a period not exceeding 30 days, if—
 - (a) the province or municipality does not comply with any provision of this Act;
 - (b) roll-overs of conditional allocations approved by the National Treasury in terms of section 21 have not been spent; or
 - (c) there is significant under-expenditure on previous transfers during the 2022/23 financial year. 40
- (2) If an allocation is withheld in terms of subsection (1), it suspends the applicable payment schedule, approved in terms of section 22(3), until it is amended in terms of section 23.
- (3) The amount withheld in terms of this section in the case of the Human Resources and Training Grant or the National Tertiary Services Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 45 4 may not exceed five per cent of the next transfer as contained in the relevant payment schedule.
- (4) A transferring officer must, at least seven working days before withholding an allocation in terms of subsection (1)—
 - (a) give the relevant receiving officer—
 - (i) notice of the intention to withhold the allocation; and
 - (ii) an opportunity to submit written representations as to why the allocation should not be withheld; and
 - (b) inform the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury, and in respect of any conditional allocation to a municipality, also the provincial 55 department responsible for local government of the withholding.
- (5) A notice envisaged in subsection (4)(a)(i) must include the reasons for withholding the allocation and the intended duration of the withholding to inform the amendment of the payment schedule in terms of section 23.

- (6) (a) The National Treasury may instruct, or approve a request from, the transferring officer to withhold an allocation in terms of subsection (1) for a period of 30 to 120 days, if the withholding shall—
 - (i) facilitate compliance with this Act; or
 - (ii) minimise the risk of under-spending by the relevant provincial department or municipality.
- (b) When requesting the withholding of an allocation in terms of this subsection, a transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury proof of compliance with subsection (4) and any representations received from the receiving officer.
- (c) The transferring officer must again comply with subsection (4) when the National 10 Treasury instructs, or approves a request by, the transferring officer in terms of paragraph (a).

Stopping of allocations

- **18.** (1) Despite section 17, the National Treasury may, in its discretion or on request of a transferring officer or a receiving officer, stop the transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, to a province or municipality—
 - (a) in the case of—
 - (i) a province, if a serious or persistent material breach of this Act, as envisaged in section 216(2) of the Constitution, occurs; or
 - (ii) a municipality, if—

(aa) a serious or persistent material breach of this Act, as envisaged in section 216(2) of the Constitution, read with section 38(1)(b)(i) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, occurs; or

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(bb) a breach or failure to comply, as envisaged in section 38(1)(b)(ii) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, occurs;

- (b) if the National Treasury anticipates that a province or municipality shall substantially underspend on the allocation, or any programme, partially or fully funded by the allocation, in the 2022/23 financial year; or
- (c) for purposes of the assignment of a function from a province to a municipality, as envisaged in section 10 of the Municipal Systems Act.
- (2) The National Treasury must, before stopping an allocation in terms of subsection (1)(a)(i) or (b)—
 - (a) comply with the procedures in section 17(4)(a); and
 - (b) inform the relevant provincial treasury of its intention to stop the allocation.
- (3) The National Treasury must, before stopping an allocation in terms of subsection (1)(a)(ii), comply with the applicable provisions of section 38 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.
- (4) The National Treasury must give notice in the *Gazette* of the stopping of an allocation in terms of this section and include in the notice the effective date of, and reason for, the stopping.
 - (5) (a) If—
 - (i) an allocation, or any portion thereof, is stopped in terms of subsection (1)(a) or (b); and
 - (ii) the relevant transferring officer certifies, in writing, to the National Treasury that the payment of an amount in terms of a statutory or contractual obligation is overdue and the allocation, or a portion thereof, was intended for payment of the amount,

the National Treasury may, by notice in the *Gazette*, approve that the allocation, or any portion thereof, be used to pay that amount partially or fully.

(b) The utilisation of funds envisaged in this subsection is a direct charge against the 50 National Revenue Fund.

Reallocation of funds

19. (1) When a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, is stopped in terms of section 18(1)(a) or (b), the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury, determine the portion of the 55 allocation to be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to one or more provinces or municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent by the end of the 2022/23 financial year.

(2) (a) When a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, or a portion thereof, is stopped in terms of section 18(1)(c), the National Treasury must, after consultation with the transferring officer and the relevant provincial treasury, determine the portion of the allocation to be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to the affected municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent by the end of the 2022/23 financial year.

(b) The portion of the allocation reallocated in terms of paragraph (a) is, with effect from the date of the notice in the Gazette in terms of subsection (4)(a), regarded as having been converted to an allocation in Part B of the same Schedule it appears before the reallocation.

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(3) (a) If the transferring officer of a Schedule 6 allocation indicates, in writing, to the National Treasury that a portion of the allocation is likely to be underspent, or needs to be reprioritised to meet a priority, the National Treasury may, at the request of the transferring officer, determine that the portion be reallocated, as the same type of allocation as it was allocated originally, to a provincial department of another province 15 or to another municipality.

(b) Before requesting a reallocation, the transferring officer must notify the affected provincial department or municipality of the proposed reallocation and give the provincial department or municipality at least 14 days to provide comments and propose changes.

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- (c) When making a request in terms of paragraph (a), the transferring officer must submit to the National Treasury comments and proposed changes provided by the affected provincial department or municipality in terms of paragraph (b).
- (d) The reallocated portion must, as far as possible, be spent by the end of the 2022/23 financial year.

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- (e) The reallocated portion is regarded as having been converted to an allocation to the relevant provincial department or municipality with effect from the date of the notice in the *Gazette* in terms of subsection (4)(a).
 - (4) (a) The National Treasury must—
 - give notice in the *Gazette* of a reallocation in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3); 30

- provide a copy of the notice to the transferring officer and each affected receiving
- (b) The reallocation of a portion of an allocation not spent by the end of the 2022/23 financial year is eligible for a roll-over in terms of section 21(2).

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- (5) (a) When an intervention in terms of section 100 or 139 of the Constitution or section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act takes place, the National Treasury may, despite subsection (1) and on such conditions as it may determine, authorise in relation to
 - section 100 of the Constitution, the transferring officer to spend an allocation 40 stopped in terms of section 18 on behalf of the relevant province;
 - section 139 of the Constitution or section 137 or 139 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the intervening province to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 18 on behalf of the relevant municipality; or
 - section 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the relevant transferring 45 officer to spend an allocation stopped in terms of section 18 on behalf of the relevant municipality.
- (b) An allocation that is spent by the transferring officer or intervening province referred to in paragraph (a) must, for the purposes of this Act, be regarded as a Schedule 6 allocation from the date on which the authorisation is given.

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(6) (a) On a joint request by the transferring officer and the National Disaster Management Centre, established by section 8 of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002), the National Treasury may approve that a conditional allocation in Schedule 4, 5 or 6, or a portion thereof, be reallocated to pay for the alleviation of the impact of a classified disaster or the reconstruction or rehabilitation of infrastructure 55 damage caused by a classified disaster.

(b) Before the National Treasury approves a reallocation, the receiving officer of the conditional allocation in Schedule 4 or 5 or the transferring officer of a Schedule 6 allocation must confirm that the affected funds are not committed in terms of any statutory or contractual obligation.

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(c) The reallocated funds must be used in the 2022/23 financial year in the same sphere that the allocation was originally made and for the same functional area that the original allocation relates to.

- (d) The transferring officer must, after consultation with the National Disaster Management Centre and with the approval of the National Treasury, determine the conditions for spending the reallocated funds.
- (e) Subsection (4) applies, with the necessary changes, to a reallocation in terms of this subsection to another province or municipality.

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Conversion of allocations

- **20.** (1) If satisfied that the relevant provincial department or municipality has demonstrated the capacity to implement projects, the National Treasury may, at the request of the transferring officer and after consultation with the receiving officer, convert any portion of—
 - (a) an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 6 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 5;
 - (b) the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant to the Education Infrastructure Grant; or
 - (c) the National Health Insurance Indirect Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 6 to 15 the Health Facility Revitalisation Grant, District Health Programme Grant, Human Resources and Training Grant or the National Health Insurance Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 5.
- (2) The National Treasury may, after consultation with the relevant transferring officer, receiving officer and provincial treasury, convert any portion of an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 5 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 6, if it is satisfied that—
 - (a) the conversion shall prevent under-expenditure or improve the level of service delivery in respect of the allocation in question;
 - (b) the affected national or provincial department or municipality has demonstrated the capacity to implement projects;
 - (c) the transferring officer has made a demonstrable effort to strengthen the capacity of the receiving officer to implement the allocation, but the receiving officer is still not capable of meeting all the requirements of the allocation; and
 - (d) there is a history of poor performance in the previous two financial years for the relevant allocation to the receiving officer, including withholding and stopping of allocations.
- (3) If satisfied that a municipality has failed to follow the applicable procurement prescripts prescribed in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the National Treasury may, at the request of the transferring officer or in its discretion, after consultation with the relevant transferring officer and receiving officer, convert any portion of an allocation listed in Part B of Schedule 5 to one listed in Part B of Schedule 6
- (4) (a) Any portion of an allocation, except the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant, converted in terms of subsections (1), (2) or (3) must—
 - (i) be used for the same province or municipality to which the allocation was 40 originally made; and
 - (ii) if—
 - (aa) possible, be used to implement the same project or projects that were planned if the allocation had not been converted; or
 - (bb) not possible, the receiving officer must sign an agreement that defines 45 any new project to be funded, before it is implemented.
 - (b) The School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant must be used—
 - (i) for the same province to which the allocation was originally made; and
 - (ii) to implement the same project or projects that were planned if the allocation had not been converted.
 - (5) The National Treasury must—
 - (a) give notice in the *Gazette* of a conversion in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3); and
 - (b) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring officer and each affected receiving officer.
- (6) A conversion in terms of subsection (1), (2) or (3) takes effect on the date of publication of the notice in terms of subsection (5)(a).
- (7) If an allocation listed in Schedule 7 is insufficient for a classified disaster or housing emergency referred to in section 25(3)(a), the National Treasury may, after consultation with, or on the request of, the relevant transferring officer, convert any 60 portion of—

- 21 (a) the Provincial Disaster Response Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 7 to the Municipal Disaster Response Grant listed in Part B of Schedule 7; the Municipal Disaster Response Grant listed in Part B of Schedule 7 to the Provincial Disaster Response Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 7; (c) the Provincial Emergency Housing Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 7 to the Municipal Emergency Housing Grant listed in Part B of Schedule 7; or (d) the Municipal Emergency Housing Grant listed in Part B of Schedule 7 to the Provincial Emergency Housing Grant listed in Part A of Schedule 7. (8) The National Treasury must— (a) in the notice published in terms of section 25(3)(c), include notification of the 10 conversion in terms of subsection (7) and the effective date referred to in subsection (9); and (b) provide a copy of the notice to the transferring officer. (9) A conversion in terms of subsection (7) takes effect on the date that the National Treasury approves it. 15 **Unspent conditional allocations** 21. (1) Despite a provision to the contrary in the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act, any conditional allocation, or a portion thereof, that is not spent at the end of the 2022/23 financial year reverts to the National Revenue Fund, unless the roll-over of the allocation is approved in terms of subsection 20 (2) The National Treasury may, at the request of a transferring officer, receiving officer or provincial treasury, approve a roll-over of a conditional allocation to the 2023/24 financial year if the unspent funds are committed to identifiable projects. (3) (a) The receiving officer must ensure that any funds that must revert to the 25 National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), are paid into that Fund by the date determined by the National Treasury. (b) The receiving officer mustin the case of a provincial department, request the roll-over of unspent funds through its provincial treasury; and 30 inform the transferring officer of all processes regarding the request. (4) (a) The National Treasury may, subject to paragraphs (b) and (c), offset any funds that must revert to the National Revenue Fund in terms of subsection (1), but not paid into that Fund by the date determined in terms of subsection (3)(a)— (i) in respect of a province, against future transfers of conditional allocations to that 35 province; or in respect of a municipality, against future transfers of the equitable share or conditional allocations to that municipality. (b) Before any funds are offset in terms of paragraph (a), the National Treasury must give the relevant transferring officer, province or municipality— 40 notice of the intention to offset amounts against future allocations, the intended amount to be offset against allocations, the intended date for the offsetting and the reasons for the offsetting; and an opportunity, within 14 days of receipt of the notice, to— (aa) propose an alternative date for offsetting; 45 (bb) make written submissions why the full or a part of the amount should not (cc) propose an alternative date or dates by which the amount, or portions thereof, must be paid into the National Revenue Fund. (c) The National Treasury must-50 accept the date or dates proposed in terms of paragraph (b)(ii)(aa) or (cc) or determine a different date or dates; or accept or reject the submissions made in terms of paragraph (b)(ii)(bb).
- conditional allocation offset in terms of subsection (4).

 (b) If the amendment envisaged in paragraph (a) results in an underpayment to a municipality—

 (i) in respect of the equitable share of the municipality, the department responsible

(5) (a) The National Treasury may amend the amount of the equitable share or a

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for local government must, despite section 5(3), transfer the difference to the municipality within 10 days; or

- (ii) in respect of a conditional allocation of the municipality, the transferring officer must, despite the payment schedule envisaged in section 22(3), transfer the difference to the municipality within 10 days.
- (c) If the amendment in terms of paragraph (a) results in an overpayment to a municipality, section 24 applies.

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CHAPTER 4

MATTERS RELATING TO ALL ALLOCATIONS

Payment requirements

- **22.** (1) (a) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the provincial treasury, determine the payment schedule for the transfer of a province's equitable share 10 allocation.
- (b) In determining the payment schedule, the National Treasury must take into account the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces and seek to minimise risk and debt servicing costs for national and provincial government.
- (c) Despite paragraph (a), the National Treasury may advance funds to a province in 15 respect of its equitable share, or a portion thereof, which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of the payment schedule—
 - (i) for cash management purposes relating to the corporation for public deposits account or when an intervention in terms of section 100 of the Constitution takes place; and

(ii) on such conditions as it may determine.

- (d) Any advance in terms of paragraph (c) must be offset against transfers to the province, which would otherwise become due in terms of the payment schedule.
- (2) (a) The National Treasury must, after consultation with the national department responsible for local government, determine the amount of a municipality's equitable 25 share allocation to be transferred on each date referred to in section 5(3).
- (b) If an amount less than the amount approved in terms of paragraph (a) is paid to a municipality, the difference must, despite section 5(3), be paid within 10 days after it comes to the attention of the national department responsible for local government.
- (c) Despite paragraph (a), the National Treasury may approve a request or direct that 30 the equitable share, or a portion thereof, which has not yet fallen due for transfer in terms of section 5(3), be advanced to a municipality—
 - (i) after consultation with the national department responsible for local government:
 - (ii) for purposes of cash management in the municipality or an intervention in terms 35 of section 139 of the Constitution or section 137, 139 or 150 of the Municipal Finance Management Act; and
- (iii) on such conditions as the National Treasury may determine.
- (d) Any advance in terms of paragraph (c) must be offset against transfers to the municipality, which would otherwise become due in terms of section 5(3).
- (3) (a) Subject to section 27(1), the National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, approve the payment schedule for the transfer of an allocation listed in Schedule 4 or 5 to a province or municipality.
- (b) The transferring officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must submit a payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval before the first transfer is made.
- (c) Before the submission of a payment schedule in terms of paragraph (b), the transferring officer must, in relation to a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, consult the relevant receiving officer.
- (4) The transferring officer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation must provide the receiving officer and the relevant provincial treasury with a copy of the approved payment 50 schedule before making the first transfer in terms thereof.
- (5) The transfer of a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation to a municipality must accord with the financial year of the municipality.
- (6) Each transfer of an equitable share or a conditional allocation to a municipality in terms of this Act must be made through a payment system provided by the National 55 Treasury.

Amendment of payment schedule

23. (1) (a) Subject to subsection (2), a transferring officer of a Schedule 4 or 5

allocation must, within seven days of the withholding or stopping of an allocation in terms of section 17 or 18, submit an amended payment schedule to the National Treasury for approval.

- (b) No transfers may be made until the National Treasury has approved the amended payment schedule.
 - (2) For purposes of—
 - (a) better management of debt and cash-flow; or
 - (b) addressing financial mismanagement, financial misconduct or slow or accelerated expenditure,

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the National Treasury may amend any payment schedule for an allocation listed in 10 Schedule 2, 4 or 5, after notifying, in the case of—

- (i) an allocation to a province, its provincial treasury;
- (ii) an allocation to a municipality, the national department responsible for local government; and
- (iii) a Schedule 4 or 5 allocation, the relevant transferring officer.
- (3) The amendment of a payment schedule in terms of subsection (1) or (2) must take into account—
 - (a) the monthly expenditure commitments of provinces or municipalities;
 - (b) the revenue at the disposal of provinces or municipalities; and
 - (c) the minimisation of risk and debt servicing costs for all three spheres of 20 government.
- (4) The transferring officer must immediately inform the receiving officer of any amendment to a payment schedule in terms of subsection (1) or (2).

Transfers made in error or fraudulently

- **24.** (1) Despite any other legislation to the contrary, the transfer of an allocation that 25 is an overpayment to a province, municipality or public entity, made in error or fraudulently, is regarded as not legally due to that province, municipality or public entity, as the case may be.
- (2) The responsible transferring officer must, without delay, recover an overpayment referred to in subsection (1), unless an instruction has been issued in terms of subsection 30 (3).
- (3) The National Treasury may instruct that the recovery referred to in subsection (2) be set off against future transfers to the affected province, municipality or public entity in terms of a payment schedule.

New allocations during financial year and Schedule 7 allocations

- **25.** (1) If further allocations are made to provinces or municipalities, as envisaged in section 6(3), the National Treasury must, before the transfer of any funds to a province or municipality, by notice in the *Gazette* and as applicable—
 - (a) amend any allocation or framework published in terms of section 15;
 - (b) publish the allocation per municipality for any new Part B of Schedule 5 40 allocation or the indicative allocation per municipality for any new Part B of Schedule 6 allocation; or
 - (c) publish a framework for any new Schedule 4, 5, 6 or 7 allocation.
- (2) Section 15(2) to (5) applies, with the necessary changes, to allocations and frameworks published in terms of subsection (1).
- (3) (a) The transferring officer may, with the approval of the National Treasury, make one or more transfers of a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality for a classified disaster or a housing emergency, within 100 days after the date of the that disaster or emergency.
- (b) The transferring officer must notify the relevant provincial treasury and the 50 National Treasury within 14 days of a transfer of a Schedule 7 allocation to a province or municipality.
- (c) The National Treasury must, within 21 days after the end of the 100-day period envisaged in paragraph (a), by notice in the *Gazette*, publish all transfers of a Schedule 7 allocation made for a classified disaster or housing emergency.
- (d) Despite any other legislation to the contrary, the National Treasury may approve that funds allocated in Schedule 7 be used at any time.

(e) The funds approved in terms of paragraph (d) must be included either in the provincial adjustments appropriation legislation, municipal adjustments budgets or other appropriation legislation.

Preparations for 2023/24 financial year and 2024/25 financial year

- **26.** (1) (a) A category C municipality that receives a conditional allocation in terms of this Act must, using the indicative conditional allocations to that municipality for the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year as set out in Column B of the Schedules to this Act, by 16 September 2022—
 - (i) agree with each category B municipality within the category C municipality's area of jurisdiction on the provisional allocations and the projects to be funded 10 from those allocations in the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year; and
 - (ii) submit to the transferring officer—
 - (aa) the provisional allocations referred to in subparagraph (i); and
 - (bb) the projects referred to in subparagraph (i), listed per municipality.

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- (b) If a category C municipality and a category B municipality cannot agree on the allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a), the category C municipality must request the relevant transferring officer to facilitate agreement.
- (c) The transferring officer must take all necessary steps to facilitate agreement as soon as possible, but no later than 60 days after receiving a request referred to in 20 paragraph (b).
- (d) Any proposed amendment or adjustment of the allocations that is intended to be published in terms of section 29(3)(b) must be agreed with the relevant category B municipality, the transferring officer and the National Treasury, before publication and the submission of the allocations referred to in paragraph (a)(ii).
- (e) If agreement is not reached between the category C municipality and the category B municipality on the provisional allocations and projects referred to in paragraph (a) before 3 October 2022, the National Treasury, after consultation with the relevant provincial treasury, must determine the provisional allocations and provide those provisional allocations to the affected municipalities and the transferring officer.
- (f) (i) The transferring officer must submit the final allocations, based on the provisional allocations referred to in paragraphs (a)(i) and (ii) and (e), to the National Treasury by 2 December 2022.
- (ii) If the transferring officer fails to submit the allocations referred to in subparagraph (i) by 2 December 2022, the National Treasury may determine the appropriate 35 allocations, taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the 2023/24 financial year.
- (2) (a) The transferring officer of a conditional allocation, using the indicative conditional allocations for the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year, as set out in Column B of the affected Schedules to this Act, must, by 3 October 2022, 40 submit to the National Treasury—
 - (i) the provisional allocations to each province or municipality in respect of new conditional allocations to be made in the 2023/24 financial year;
 - (ii) any amendments to the indicative allocations for each province or municipality set out in Column B of the affected Schedules in respect of existing conditional 45 allocations;
- (iii) the draft frameworks for the allocations referred to in subparagraphs (i) and (ii); and
- (iv) electronic copies of any guidelines, business plan templates and other documents referred to in the draft frameworks referred to in subparagraph (iii).
- (b) A transferring officer must consult the accounting officer of a national or provincial department, other than the transferring or receiving officer, on a duty in the draft framework, before submission to the National Treasury in terms of paragraph (a).
- (c) When a document, referred to in a draft framework, that is submitted in terms of paragraph (a)(iii), is amended, the transferring officer must immediately provide the 55 National Treasury and each receiving officer with electronic copies of the revised document
- (d) The National Treasury must approve any proposed amendment or adjustment for the 2023/24 financial year of the allocation criteria of an existing conditional allocation before the submission of the provisional allocations and draft frameworks.

- (e) The transferring officer must, under his or her signature, submit to the National Treasury, by 2 December 2022, the final allocations and frameworks based on the provisional allocations and frameworks.
- (f) If the transferring officer fails to comply with paragraph (a) or (e), the National Treasury may determine the appropriate draft or final allocations and frameworks, taking into consideration the indicative allocations for the 2023/24 financial year.
- (g) (i) The National Treasury may amend final allocations and frameworks in order to ensure equitable and stable allocations and fair and consistent conditions.
- (ii) The National Treasury must give notice, in writing, to the transferring officer of the intention to amend allocations and frameworks and invite the transferring officer to submit written comments within seven days after the date of the notification.
- (h) The draft and final allocations and frameworks must be submitted in the format determined by the National Treasury.
- (3) The National Treasury may instruct transferring officers, accounting officers of the provincial treasuries and receiving officers to submit to it such plans and information for any conditional allocation, as it may determine, at specified dates before the start of the 2023/24 financial year.
- (4) (a) For purposes of the Education Infrastructure Grant or Health Facility Revitalisation Grant in the 2023/24 financial year, the receiving officer of the relevant provincial department must, in the format and on the date determined by the National 20 Treasury, submit to the transferring officer, the relevant provincial treasury and the National Treasury—
 - (i) a user asset management plan for all infrastructure programmes for a period of at least 10 years;
 - ii) an infrastructure programme management plan, including a construction 25 procurement strategy for infrastructure programmes and projects envisaged to commence within the period for the medium term expenditure framework; and

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- (iii) a document that outlines how the infrastructure delivery management system must be implemented in the province and is approved by the Executive Council of the province before or after the commencement of this Act.
- (b) The receiving officer of the relevant provincial department must review the document, referred to in paragraph (a)(iii), and if any substantive change is made to the document during the 2022/23 financial year, the amended document must be approved by the Executive Council of the province before submission to the National Treasury within 14 days after such approval.
- (5) (a) Any category B municipality may apply to qualify for the Integrated Urban Development Grant, by submitting an application to the Department of Cooperative Governance by 29 July 2022.
- (b) The Department of Cooperative Governance must determine the form of the application, including the minimum qualifying conditions.
- (c) The Department of Cooperative Governance must submit, by 3 October 2022, to the National Treasury for comment, a list of any proposed additional qualifying municipalities and any municipalities that have failed to meet the qualifying conditions to continue to qualify for approval.
- (d) A municipality that is informed by the Department of Cooperative Governance 45 that it will qualify for the Integrated Urban Development Grant, must submit to the Department of Cooperative Governance—
 - (i) by 31 March 2023, a first draft of its three-year capital programme and the 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework; and
 - (ii) by 31 May 2023, the final versions of its three-year capital programme and the 50 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework, which must be evaluated by the Department of Cooperative Governance after consultation with relevant stakeholders.
 - (6) (a) A provincial treasury must, in respect of the 2023/24 financial year—
 - (i) on the same date that its budget for the 2023/24 financial year is tabled in the 55 provincial legislature; or
- (ii) on a date not later than 15 June 2023 approved by the National Treasury, publish a notice in the *Gazette* containing the information set out in section 29(2)(a).
 - (b) This subsection continues in force until 15 June 2023.

Transfers before commencement of Division of Revenue Act for 2023/24 financial year

27. (1) Despite the Division of Revenue Act for the 2023/24 financial year not having commenced on 1 April 2023, the National Treasury may determine that an amount, not exceeding 45 per cent of the total amount of each—

(a) equitable share in terms of section 4(1), be transferred to the relevant province;

- (b) equitable share in terms of section 5(1), be transferred to the relevant municipality;
- (c) allocation made in terms of section 7(1) or 8(1), as the case may be, be 10 transferred to the relevant province or municipality.

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(2) An amount is transferred in terms of subsection (1)(c) is, with the necessary changes, subject to the applicable framework for the 2022/23 financial year and the other requirements of this Act, as if it is an amount of an allocation for the 2022/23 financial year.

CHAPTER 5

DUTIES AND POWERS OF MUNICIPALITIES, PROVINCIAL TREASURIES AND NATIONAL TREASURY

Duties of municipalities

- **28.** (1) (a) In addition to the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act, the accounting officer of a category C municipality must, within 10 days after this Act takes effect, submit to the National Treasury, the relevant provincial treasury and all category B municipalities within that municipality's area of jurisdiction, the budget, as tabled in accordance with section 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, for the 2022/23 financial year, the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year, except if submitted in terms of any other legislation before the end of the 10-day period.
- (b) The budget must indicate all allocations from its equitable share and conditional allocations to be transferred to each category B municipality within the category C municipality's area of jurisdiction and disclose the criteria for allocating funds between the category B municipalities.
- (2) A category C municipality that is providing a municipal service must, before implementing any capital project for water, electricity, roads or any other municipal service, consult the category B municipalities within whose area of jurisdiction the project must be implemented, and agree, in writing, which municipality is responsible for the operational and maintenance costs and the collection of user fees.
- (3) A category C municipality must ensure that it does not duplicate a function currently performed by a category B municipality and must transfer funds for the provision of services, including basic services, to the relevant category B municipality that is providing municipal services, despite—
 - (a) the category C municipality retaining the function in terms of the Municipal 40 Structures Act; and
 - (b) a service delivery agreement for the provision of services by the category B municipality on behalf of the category C municipality not being concluded.
- (4) A category B municipality which is not authorised to perform a function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act may not extend the scope or type of services that it 45 currently provides, without—
 - (a) entering into a service delivery agreement with the category C municipality which is authorised to perform the function in terms of the Municipal Structures Act; or
 - (b) obtaining authorisation to perform the function in terms of the Municipal 50 Structures Act.
- (5) (a) A category C municipality and a category B municipality must, before the commencement of a financial year, agree to a payment schedule in respect of the allocations, referred to in subsection (1)(b), to be transferred to the category B municipality in that financial year, and the category C municipality must submit the 55 payment schedule to the National Treasury before the commencement of the financial year.
- (b) A category C municipality must make transfers in accordance with the payment schedule submitted in terms of paragraph (a).

- (6) (a) The National Treasury may withhold or stop any allocation to the category C municipality and reallocate the allocation to the relevant category B municipalities if a category C municipality fails to—
 - (i) make allocations referred to in subsection (1)(b);
 - (ii) reach an agreement envisaged in subsection (2); or
 - (iii) submit a payment schedule in accordance with subsection (5)(a).
- (b) The following provisions apply to the withholding or stopping of an allocation in accordance with paragraph (a):
 - (i) Section 216 of the Constitution;
 - (ii) in the case of withholding an allocation, section 18(4)(a), with the necessary 10 changes; and

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- (iii) in the case of stopping an allocation, section 19(2)(a), (3), (4) and (5), with the necessary changes.
- (c) If an allocation is stopped in terms of this subsection, the National Treasury may, after consultation with the transferring officer, determine that a portion of the allocation 15 that will not be spent, be reallocated to one or more municipalities, on condition that the allocation must be spent by the end of the 2022/23 financial year or the 2023/24 financial year.
- (7) A municipality must ensure that any allocation made to it in terms of this Act, or by a province or another municipality, that is not reflected in its budget as tabled in 20 accordance with section 16 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, is reflected in its budget to be considered for approval in accordance with section 24 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

Duties and powers of provincial treasuries

- **29.** (1) A provincial treasury must reflect allocations listed in Part A of Schedule 5 to 25 the province separately in the appropriation Bill of the province.
- (2) (a) A provincial treasury must not later than seven working days after this Act takes effect, publish by notice in the *Gazette*
 - (i) the indicative allocation per municipality for every allocation to be made by the province to municipalities from the province's own funds and from conditional 30 allocations to the province;
 - (ii) the indicative allocation to be made per school and per hospital in the province in the format determined by the National Treasury;
 - (iii) the indicative allocation to any national or provincial public entity for the implementation of a programme funded by an allocation in Part A of Schedule 5 on behalf of a province or for assistance provided to the province in implementing the programme;
 - (iv) the envisaged division of the allocation envisaged in subparagraphs (i) and (ii), in respect of each municipality, school and hospital, for the 2023/24 financial year and the 2024/25 financial year; and
 - (v) the conditions and other information in respect of the allocations, referred to in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii), to facilitate performance measurement and the use of required inputs and outputs.
- (b) The allocations referred to in paragraph (a) must be regarded as final when the provincial appropriation Act takes effect or, if published on a later date, on the date of 45 publication of the notice.
- (c) If the provincial legislature amends its appropriation Bill, the provincial treasury must publish amended allocations and budgets, by notice in the *Gazette*, within 14 working days after the appropriation Act takes effect, and those allocations and budget must be regarded as final.
- (d) Allocations to municipalities in terms of subsection (2)(a) must be consistent with the terms of any agreement concluded between the province and a municipality.
- (3) (a) Despite subsection (2) or any other legislation, a provincial treasury may, in accordance with a framework determined by the National Treasury, amend the allocations referred to in subsection (2) or make additional allocations to municipalities 55 that were not published in terms of subsection (2).
- (b) Any amendments to the allocations published in terms of subsection (2)(a) or (c) must be published, by notice in the *Gazette*, not later than 4 February 2023 or such later date as approved by the National Treasury and takes effect on the date of publication.

oility for costs incurred in violation of principles of cooperative governance and	55
GENERAL	
CHAPTER 6	
(b) in respect of municipal finances.	50
The National Treasury may include in a report on the equitable share and litional allocations in terms of this Act, any report it publishes— (a) that aggregates statements published by provincial treasuries envisaged in section 71(7) of the Municipal Finance Management Act; and	50
province and municipality. The National Treasury must, together with the statement envisaged in section of the Public Finance Management Act, publish a report on actual transfers of all cations listed in Schedules 4, 5, 6 and 7 or made in terms of section 25.	45
). (1) The National Treasury must, within 14 days after this Act takes effect, submit tice to all transferring officers containing the details of the primary bank accounts of	
ies and powers of National Treasury	40
correct in not making the transfer; and (d) advise the provincial treasury and the receiving officer as to what steps must be taken to ensure the transfer.	
to why the transfer was not made; (c) direct the provincial treasury to immediately effect the transfer or provide reasons to the receiving officer, confirming why the provincial treasury was	35
 On receipt of a request in terms of subsection (7), the National Treasury must— (a) consult the transferring officer on the matter; (b) investigate the matter, assess any reasons given by the provincial treasury as 	
rovide reasons in terms of subsection (6), or the receiving officer disputes the ons provided by the provincial treasury as to why the transfer has not been made, the iving officer may request the National Treasury to investigate the matter.	30
not been made.) If a provincial treasury fails to make the transfer requested by the receiving officer	
vant receiving officer may request the provincial treasury to immediately make the sfer or to provide written reasons, within three working days, as to why the transfer	25
dule in time for submission to the National Treasury, the provincial treasury must, consultation with the transferring officer, determine the payment schedule. Officer in terms of subsection $(5)(a)$, the	
of it being agreed to. If a provincial department and receiving institution do not agree to a payment	20
of the agreed payment schedule; and submit the payment schedules to the National Treasury within 14 days after this Act takes effect and any amended payment schedule, agreed to, within 14 days	
(2)(a); ensure that transfers are made promptly to the relevant receiving officer in terms	15
ensure that a payment schedule, or any amendment thereof, is agreed between each provincial department and receiving institution envisaged in subsection	
based on the latest information available from municipalities and public entities at the time of reporting. (a) A provincial treasury must—	10
of that month; and (b) actual transfers made by the province to municipalities and public entities and actual expenditure by municipalities and public entities on such transfers,	
(a) actual transfers received by the province from national departments and actual expenditure on such transfers, excluding Schedule 4 allocations, up to the end	5
ne Public Finance Management Act, in the format determined by the National sury, report on—	
A provincial treasury must, as part of its report in terms of section $40(4)(b)$ and (c)	

31. (1) An organ of state involved in an intergovernmental dispute regarding any provision of this Act or any division of revenue matter or allocation, must comply with

section 41 of the Constitution and Chapter 4 of the Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005 (Act No. 13 of 2005).

- (2) If a dispute is referred back by a court in terms of section 41(4) of the Constitution, due to the court not being satisfied that the organ of state approaching the court has complied with section 41(3) of the Constitution, the expenditure incurred by that organ of state in approaching the court must be regarded as fruitless and wasteful.
- (3) The amount of any such fruitless and wasteful expenditure must, in terms of the applicable procedures in the Public Finance Management Act or the Municipal Finance Management Act, be recovered, without delay, from every person who caused the organ of state not to comply with section 41(3) of the Constitution.

Irregular expenditure

32. Expenditure of an allocation in Part B of Schedule 4 or Part B of Schedule 5 contrary to this Act is irregular expenditure in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act, except if it is unauthorised expenditure in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

Financial misconduct

- **33.** (1) Despite any other legislation to the contrary, any wilful or negligent non-compliance with a provision of this Act constitutes financial misconduct.
- (2) Section 84 of the Public Finance Management Act or section 171 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, as the case may be, applies in respect of financial misconduct 20 envisaged in subsection (1).

Delegations and assignments

- **34.** (1) The Minister may, in writing, delegate any of the powers entrusted to, and assign any of the duties imposed on, the National Treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the National Treasury.
- (2) A delegation or assignment in terms of subsection (1) to an official of the National Treasury—
 - (a) is subject to any limitations or conditions that the Minister may impose;
 - (b) may authorise that official to sub-delegate, in writing, the delegated power or assigned duty, to any other official of the National Treasury; and
 - (c) does not divest the National Treasury of the responsibility concerning the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the assigned duty.
- (3) The Minister may vary or revoke any decision taken by an official as a result of a delegation or assignment, subject to any rights that may have vested as a consequence of the decision.
- (4) A Member of the Executive Council responsible for finance in a province may, in writing, delegate any power entrusted to, and assign any duty imposed on, the provincial treasury in terms of this Act, to an official of the provincial treasury.
- (5) (a) A transferring officer may, in writing, delegate any power entrusted to, and assign any duty imposed on, the transferring officer in terms of this Act, to an official in 40 his or her department.
 - (b) A copy of the written delegation must be submitted to the National Treasury.
- (6) Subsections (2) and (3) apply, with the necessary changes, to a delegation or assignment in terms of subsection (4) or (5).

Departures 45

- **35.** (1) The Minister may, if good grounds exist, approve a departure from a provision of a framework, a regulation made under section 36 or a condition imposed in terms of this Act.
- (2) For purposes of subsection (1), good grounds include the fact that the provision of the framework, regulation or condition—
 - (a) cannot be implemented in practice;
 - (b) impedes the achievement of any object of this Act;
 - (c) impedes an immediate response to a classified disaster; or
 - (d) undermines the financial viability of the affected national or provincial department or municipality.

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(3) Any departure approved in terms of subsection (1) must set out the period and conditions of the departure, if any, and must be published by notice in the *Gazette*.

Regulations

- **36.** The Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, make regulations regarding—
 - (a) anything which must or may be prescribed in terms of this Act; or
 - (b) any ancillary or incidental administrative or procedural matter that is necessary to prescribe for the proper implementation or administration of this Act

Repeal of laws and savings

37. (1) Subject to subsection (2)—

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- (a) the Division of Revenue Act, 2021 (Act No. 9 of 2021), except sections 15 and 25, is hereby repealed;
- (b) sections 15 and 25 of the Division of Revenue Act, 2021, are hereby repealed with effect from 1 July 2022 or the date that this Act takes effect, whichever is the later date;

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- (c) the Division of Revenue Amendment Act, 2021 (Act No. 17 of 2021), is hereby repealed.
- (2) Any repeal referred to in subsection (1) does not affect—
 - (a) any duty to be performed in terms of any provision of an Act, referred to in subsection (1), after the end of the 2022/23 financial year; and

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- (b) any obligation in terms of any provision of an Act, referred to in subsection (1), the execution of which is outstanding.
- (3) Any framework published in terms of section 15 of the Division of Revenue Act, 2021, as amended in terms of section 15 or 25 of that Act, applies to funds of a conditional allocation approved for roll-over in terms of section 21(2) of that Act, if that 25 conditional allocation does not continue to exist in terms of this Act.

Short title and commencement

38. This Act is called the Division of Revenue Act, 2022, and takes effect on 1 April 2022 or the date of publication in the *Gazette*, whichever is the later date.

EQUITABLE DIVISION OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY AMONG THE THREE SPHERES OF GOVERNMENT

	Column A	Column B		
Spheres of Government	2022/23	Forward Estimates		
	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25 R'000 1 433 054 261	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	
National ^{1,2}	1 327 188 238	1 354 771 376	1 433 054 261	
Provincial	560 756 789	543 149 099	562 018 365	
Local	87 311 493	94 086 549	101 486 470	
TOTAL	1 975 256 520	1 992 007 024	2 096 559 096	

- 1. National share includes conditional allocations to provincial and local spheres, general fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt-service costs, the contingency reserve and provisional allocations
- 2. The direct charges for the provincial equitable share are netted out

SCHEDULE 2

DETERMINATION OF EACH PROVINCE'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE PROVINCIAL SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

(as a direct charge against the National Revenue Fund)

	Column A	Column B		
Province	2022/22	Forward Estimates		
	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Eastern Cape	72 230 960	69 779 414	71 841 946	
Free State	31 107 440	30 108 911	31 108 873	
Gauteng	120 041 881	116 263 997	120 759 712	
KwaZulu-Natal	114 509 371	110 785 551	114 372 560	
Limpopo	64 055 553	62 073 445	64 127 292	
Mpumalanga	45 961 922	44 595 498	46 220 404	
Northern Cape	14 942 081	14 434 374	14 894 537	
North West	39 540 134	38 297 617	39 701 790	
Western Cape	58 367 447	56 810 292	58 991 251	
TOTAL	560 756 789	543 149 099	562 018 365	

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

Number Municipality CASTERN CAPE BUF Buffalo City NMA Nelson Mandela Bay EC101 Dr Beyers Naude	Column A 2022/23 R'000 1 045 448 1 288 228	Forward Es 2023/24 R'000	
ASTERN CAPE BUF Buffalo City NMA Nelson Mandela Bay	R'000 1 045 448	2023/24	
ASTERN CAPE BUF Buffalo City NMA Nelson Mandela Bay	R'000 1 045 448		2024/25
BUF Buffalo City NMA Nelson Mandela Bay	1 045 448	R'000	
BUF Buffalo City NMA Nelson Mandela Bay			R'000
NMA Nelson Mandela Bay			
·	1 200 220	1 118 513	1 196 538
FC101 Dr Beyers Naude	1 200 220	1 389 940	1 499 327
LCIVI DI DOYCIS NAUGO	107 059	113 403	120 189
EC102 Blue Crane Route	63 385	66 766	70 361
EC104 Makana	113 634	120 916	128 742
EC105 Ndlambe	119 231	127 404	136 203
EC106 Sundays River Valley	101 270	109 324	118 080
EC108 Kouga EC109 Kou-Kamma	163 292	178 068	194 266
DC10 Sarah Baartman District Municipality	60 474 104 576	64 297 108 076	68 401 111 800
Otal: Sarah Baartman Municipalities	832 921	888 254	948 042
EC121 Mbhashe	294 923	309 715	325 749
EC122 Mnquma	307 329	322 690	339 332
EC123 Great Kei EC124 Amahlathi	50 186	52 669	55 371
EC124 Amamaun EC126 Ngqushwa	124 987 97 609	131 233 102 491	138 013 107 791
EC129 Raymond Mhlaba	204 622	214 843	225 922
DC12 Amathole District Municipality	1 025 616	1 089 808	1 157 054
otal: Amathole Municipalities	2 105 272	2 223 449	2 349 232
F0121 I I V 4 I	50.744	52.512	5(552
EC131 Inxuba Yethemba	50 744	53 513	56 553
EC135 Intsika Yethu	187 928	197 362	207 594
EC136 Emalahleni	146 186	153 517	161 472
EC137 Engcobo	175 143	183 919	193 442
EC138 Sakhisizwe	80 323	84 300	88 614
EC139 Enoch Mgijima	215 409	227 256	240 103
Cotal: Chris Hani Municipalities Otal: Chris Hani Municipalities	654 460 1 510 193	694 535 1 594 402	736 185 1 683 963
otai: Chris Ham Mumcipanties	1 510 193	1 394 402	1 003 903
EC141 Elundini	180 384	189 543	199 503
EC142 Senqu	177 125	185 969	195 549
EC145 Walter Sisulu	70 586	75 058	79 983
DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality	334 540	355 541	377 446
otal: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	762 635	806 111	852 481
FOLGA N. H.	210.567	220.047	247.006
EC153 Ngquza Hill	310 567	328 047	347 096
EC154 Port St Johns	182 985	192 993	203 901
EC155 Nyandeni	313 293	329 933	348 046
EC156 Mhlontlo	217 727	228 667	240 534
EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo	404 115	429 505	457 148
DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality	1 051 671	1 121 633	1 194 795
otal: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	2 480 358	2 630 778	2 791 520
EC441 Matatiele	286 308	302 542	320 232
EC442 Umzimvubu	260 936	274 427	289 104
EC443 Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	320 095	339 797	361 325
EC444 Ntabankulu	149 587	157 110	165 284
DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality	686 652	732 425	780 318
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	1 703 578	1 806 301	1 916 263
Otal: Eastern Cape Municipalities	11 728 633	12 457 748	13 237 366

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nat	National Financial Year			
			Column A	Column B			
	NTI	Mr. data and	2022/22	Forward I	Estimates		
	Number	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25		
			R'000	R'000	R'000		
FRE	EE STATE						
	25127		020 202	1.016.255	1 101 022		
A	MAN	Mangaung	938 383	1 016 375	1 101 022		
В	FS161	Letsemeng	79 028	84 111	89 598		
В	FS162	Kopanong	103 546	109 568	116 036		
В	FS163	Mohokare	86 952	93 048	99 665		
С	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	49 161	51 012	53 026		
Tota	al: Xhariep	Municipalities	318 687	337 739	358 325		
В	FS181	Masilonyana	147 095	157 474	168 728		
В	FS182	Tokologo	70 432	74 632	79 161		
В	FS183	Tswelopele	91 219	96 652	102 508		
В	FS184	Matjhabeng	628 523	674 469	723 986		
В	FS185	Nala	144 920	152 771	161 094		
С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	144 044	148 826	153 916		
Tota	al: Lejwelep	utswa Municipalities	1 226 233	1 304 824	1 389 393		
		•					
В	FS191	Setsoto	234 466	249 436	265 561		
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	210 193	227 249	245 781		
В	FS193	Nketoana	120 870	129 547	138 964		
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	744 441	795 361	850 194		
В	FS195	Phumelela	93 052	99 116	105 672		
В	FS196	Mantsopa	102 426	109 296	116 731		
C	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	130 459	135 676	141 290		
_		ofutsanyana Municipalities	1 635 907	1 745 681	1 864 193		
		oracomy and realizable of the control of the contro	1 000 / 0.	1 / 10 001	100.190		
В	FS201	Moqhaka	257 433	276 512	297 125		
В	FS203	Ngwathe	241 451	258 780	277 488		
В	FS204	Metsimaholo	246 748	271 646	299 154		
В	FS204	Mafube	118 903	127 257	136 313		
С	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	168 576	172 779	177 162		
_		bi Municipalities	1 033 111	1 106 974	1 187 242		
1012	ai. Pezhe Da	in Municipanues	1 033 111	1 100 7/4	1 10 / 242		
Tota	alı Evan Stat	a Municipalities	5 152 321	5 511 593	5 900 175		
1 012	ai. Fiee Stat	e Municipalities	3 132 321	3 311 393	3 700 1/3		

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nati	National Financial Year		
			Column A	Colum	n B	
,	NTI	Mr. attached	2022/22	Forward E	stimates	
1	Number	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
GAU	TENG					
A	EKU	City of Ekurhuleni	4 606 943	5 049 907	5 539 300	
A	JHB	City of Johannesburg	6 279 400	6 908 453	7 605 792	
A	TSH	City of Tshwane	3 551 250	3 911 639	4 311 587	
			27.04	4 0 4 5 0 0 5		
В	GT421	Emfuleni	971 061	1 045 887	1 127 310	
В	GT422	Midvaal	143 164	157 585	173 669	
В	GT423	Lesedi	181 382	200 326	221 527	
С	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	293 991	301 590	309 550	
Tota	l: Sedibeng	Municipalities	1 589 598	1 705 388	1 832 056	
В	GT481	Mogale City	539 525	591 056	647 957	
В	GT484	Merafong City	259 031	279 761	302 376	
В	GT485	Rand West City	393 139	427 340	464 870	
C	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	230 252	237 384	244 940	
Tota	l: West Rai	nd Municipalities	1 421 947	1 535 541	1 660 143	
Tota	l: Gauteng	Municipalities	17 449 138	19 110 928	20 948 878	

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			National Financial Year			
			Column A	Column B		
				Forward Estimates		
	Number	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
KW	AZULU-NA	TAL				
A	ETH	eThekwini	4 057 189	4 405 068	4 784 326	
В	KZN212	uMdoni	162 218	172 764	184 404	
В		uMzumbe	154 862	162 624	171 055	
В		uMuziwabantu	110 541	116 678	123 412	
В		Ray Nkonyeni	260 646	280 634	302 772	
C	DC21	Ugu District Municipality	585 146	629 020	675 761	
Total: Ugu Municipalities			1 273 413	1 361 720	1 457 404	
В	KZN221	uMshwathi	123 847	131 483	139 905	
В	KZN222	uMngeni	88 389	96 528	105 719	
В	KZN223	Mpofana	43 460	45 944	48 681	
В	KZN224	iMpendle	45 621	47 867	50 309	
В	KZN225	Msunduzi	696 056	753 259	815 484	
В	KZN226	Mkhambathini	77 519	82 718	88 459	
В	KZN227	Richmond	86 421	92 298	98 789	
С	DC22	uMgungundlovu District Municipality	669 855	719 625	773 062	
Tota	al: uMgungu	ndlovu Municipalities	1 831 168	1 969 722	2 120 408	
В	KZN235	Okhahlamba	149 733	158 035	167 146	
В	KZN237	iNkosi Langalibalele	218 092	232 136	247 623	
В	KZN238	Alfred Duma	285 377	303 422	323 230	
С	DC23	uThukela District Municipality	539 912	578 248	618 980	
Tota	al: uThukela	Municipalities	1 193 114	1 271 841	1 356 979	
В	KZN241		60 247	65 357	71 086	
В	KZN242		169 636	179 103	189 496	
В	KZN244		206 533	219 494	233 769	
В	KZN245		162 289	174 754	188 605	
С	DC24	uMzinyathi District Municipality	453 007	488 712	526 952	
Total: uMzinyathi Municipalities			1 051 712	1 127 420	1 209 908	
	*****		144.005	500.000	501-	
В		Newcastle	466 902	500 929	537 742	
В	KZN253		36 076	37 972	40 060	
В		Dannhauser	108 935	114 623	120 861	
С	DC25	Amajuba District Municipality	201 814	214 724	228 494	
Tota	al: Amajuba	Municipalities	813 727	868 248	927 157	

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nati	tional Financial Year		
			Column A	Column B		
			2022/22	Forward Estimates		
	Number	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	
В	KZN261	eDumbe	93 423	98 746	104 590	
В		uPhongolo	169 597	181 265	194 154	
В		AbaQulusi	187 494	201 285	216 516	
В		Nongoma	189 932	200 809	212 753	
В	KZN266	6	196 348	207 441	219 619	
C	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	586 391	630 327	677 132	
		Municipalities	1 423 185	1 519 873	1 624 764	
1000			1 120 100	1025 0.0	1021701	
В	KZN271	uMhlabuyalingana	213 526	228 948	246 023	
В	KZN272	Jozini	230 520	245 556	262 128	
В	KZN275	Mtubatuba	215 419	232 085	250 611	
В	KZN276	Big Five Hlabisa	137 249	146 925	157 631	
С	DC27	uMkhanyakude District Municipality	537 398	582 711	631 473	
Tota	ıl: uMkhany	akude Municipalities	1 334 112	1 436 225	1 547 866	
В	KZN281	uMfolozi	165 314	176 706	189 299	
В	KZN282	uMhlathuze	471 939	513 500	559 016	
В	KZN284	uMlalazi	226 733	240 511	255 679	
В	KZN285	Mthonjaneni	93 695	98 363	103 439	
В	KZN286	Nkandla	114 409	120 091	126 256	
С	DC28	King Cetshwayo District Municipality	647 196	692 113	739 935	
Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities			1 719 286	1 841 284	1 973 624	
В	K7N291	Mandeni	212 818	229 175	247 341	
В		KwaDukuza	228 012	251 988	279 137	
В		Ndwedwe	181 613	193 331	206 251	
В		Maphumulo	108 314	113 706	119 552	
C	DC29	iLembe District Municipality	680 949	742 133	808 493	
Tota		I unicipalities	1 411 706	1 530 333	1 660 774	
В	KZN433	Greater Kokstad	75 091	79 911	85 246	
В	KZN434	uBuhlebezwe	131 712	138 861	146 705	
В	KZN435	uMzimkhulu	230 678	244 897	260 542	
В	KZN436	Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	152 466	161 516	171 465	
С	DC43	Harry Gwala District Municipality	432 161	462 712	495 104	
Tota	al: Harry Gv	vala Municipalities	1 022 108	1 087 897	1 159 062	
Tr 4	1. 17 77. 1	N. 4.1 Marchalland	15 120 520	10 410 721	10 922 272	
1 ota	u: KwaZulu	-Natal Municipalities	17 130 720	18 419 631	19 822 272	

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

SCHEDULE 3

		Nati	onal Financial Yea	r
		Column A	Colum	n B
		2000/00	Forward E	stimates
Number	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
		R'000	R'000	R'000
LIMPOPO				
B LIM33	31 Greater Giyani	352 203	374 568	399 166
B LIM33	ř	341 960	363 981	388 217
B LIM33		481 161	515 385	553 067
B LIM33		189 853	203 780	219 209
B LIM33		153 904	164 158	175 461
C DC33	8	1 170 419	1 262 191	1 360 105
	i Municipalities	2 689 500	2 884 063	3 095 225
Total: Mopali	i riumeipanties	2 007 300	2 004 005	5 075 22 5
B LIM34	11 Musina	193 793	213 536	235 863
B LIM34	13 Thulamela	547 969	584 829	625 454
B LIM34	14 Makhado	445 889	476 726	510 634
	15 Collins Chabane	454 043	483 226	515 331
C DC34		1 276 805	1 381 588	1 493 927
	e Municipalities	2 918 499	3 139 905	3 381 209
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
B LIM35	51 Blouberg	221 256	232 831	245 509
B LIM35	53 Molemole	168 761	177 379	186 814
B LIM35	54 Polokwane	1 196 549	1 300 435	1 413 976
B LIM35	55 Lepele-Nkumpi	301 329	318 557	337 450
C DC3:		730 232	777 919	828 511
	orn Municipalities	2 618 127	2 807 121	3 012 260
-	•			
B LIM36	51 Thabazimbi	122 061	133 346	145 780
B LIM36	52 Lephalale	202 071	223 270	246 827
B LIM36	66 Bela-Bela	117 909	128 236	139 598
B LIM36	Mogalakwena	535 476	570 087	607 300
B LIM36	Modimolle-Mookgophong	134 343	143 095	152 490
C DC3	6 Waterberg District Municipality	145 500	150 601	156 119
Total: Waterl	perg Municipalities	1 257 360	1 348 635	1 448 114
B LIM47	71 Ephraim Mogale	178 826	190 583	203 533
B LIM47	72 Elias Motsoaledi	334 260	357 024	382 127
B LIM47	73 Makhuduthamaga	324 200	343 247	364 150
B LIM47	76 Fetakgomo Tubatse	537 000	580 487	628 645
C DC4	7 Sekhukhune District Municipality	989 172	1 070 187	1 157 043
Total: Sekhul	khune Municipalities	2 363 458	2 541 528	2 735 498
Total: Limpo	po Municipalities	11 846 944	12 721 252	13 672 306

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

SCHEDULE 3

			Nati	ional Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
		35	2022/22	Forward E	stimates
Nun	mber	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
MPUM	ALANG.	A			
В	MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli	388 235	415 844	445 905
В	MP302	Msukaligwa	227 520	248 969	272 622
В	MP303	Mkhondo	303 974	329 733	358 075
В	MP304	Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme	146 850	156 643	167 275
В	MP305	Lekwa	152 423	165 184	179 130
В	MP306	Dipaleseng	91 860	99 221	107 305
В	MP307	Govan Mbeki	380 023	417 947	459 878
С	DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	317 655	325 322	333 299
Total: G	Gert Siba	nde Municipalities	2 008 540	2 158 863	2 323 489
В	MP311	Victor Khanye	127 094	138 966	152 118
В	MP312	Emalahleni	493 518	547 463	607 598
В	MP313	Steve Tshwete	284 669	319 506	358 779
В	MP314	Emakhazeni	80 242	86 552	93 475
В	MP315	Thembisile Hani	513 707	553 358	596 570
В	MP316	Dr JS Moroka	461 561	489 995	520 754
С	DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	388 810	398 773	409 204
Total: N	Nkangala	Municipalities	2 349 601	2 534 613	2 738 498
В	MP321	Thaba Chweu	187 934	205 246	224 390
	MP324	Nkomazi	725 681	782 264	843 958
	MP325	Bushbuckridge	979 294	1 046 647	1 119 555
	MP326	City of Mbombela	948 458	1 033 679	1 127 308
С	DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	284 129	294 616	305 881
Total: E	Ehlanzen	i Municipalities	3 125 496	3 362 452	3 621 092
Total: N	Apumala	nga Municipalities	7 483 637	8 055 928	8 683 079

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Na	tional Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	ın B
		25	2022/22	Forward E	stimates
l N	lumber	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
NOR	THERN C	APE			
В	NC061	Richtersveld	23 414	25 089	26 935
В	NC062	Nama Khoi	58 610	62 630	66 995
В	NC064	Kamiesberg	30 608	32 295	34 130
В	NC065	Hantam	31 566	33 529	35 660
В	NC066	Karoo Hoogland	30 429	32 611	35 007
В	NC067	Khâi-Ma	25 674	27 373	29 235
С	DC6	Namakwa District Municipality	55 849	57 441	59 151
Total	: Namakwa	a Municipalities	256 150	270 968	287 113
В	NC071	Ubuntu	46 240	49 370	52 782
В	NC072	Umsobomvu	64 182	69 115	74 518
В	NC073	Emthanjeni	55 218	59 027	63 167
В	NC074	Kareeberg	33 449	35 668	38 099
В	NC075	Renosterberg	31 992	34 056	36 311
В	NC076	Thembelihle	33 949	36 032	38 303
В	NC077	Siyathemba	42 278	45 249	48 493
В	NC078	Siyancuma	58 828	61 978	65 330
С	DC7	Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	59 758	61 982	64 400
Total	: Pixley Ka	Seme Municipalities	425 894	452 477	481 403
В	NC082	!Kai !Garib	108 332	117 494	127 534
В	NC084	!Kheis	33 197	34 924	36 797
В	NC085	Tsantsabane	50 271	54 625	59 424
В	NC086	Kgatelopele	30 490	32 934	35 629
В	NC087	Dawid Kruiper	106 741	114 912	123 826
С	DC8	Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	78 618	81 163	83 906
Total	: Z.F. Mgc	awu Municipalities	407 649	436 052	467 116
В	NC091	Sol Plaatjie	239 158	258 166	278 751
В	NC092	Dikgatlong	108 029	115 681	123 996
В	NC093	Magareng	57 991	61 400	65 085
В	NC094	Phokwane	126 099	133 513	141 487
C	DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	132 171	135 523	139 023
Total	: Frances I	Baard Municipalities	663 448	704 283	748 342
В	NC451	Joe Morolong	170 407	180 000	190 277
В	NC452	Ga-Segonyana	210 902	229 604	250 224
В	NC453	Gamagara	53 715	60 588	68 418
С	DC45	John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	102 257	105 917	109 899
Total	: John Tao	lo Gaetsewe Municipalities	537 281	576 109	618 818
Total	: Northern	Cape Municipalities	2 290 422	2 439 889	2 602 792

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nati	ional Financial Yea	r
			Column A	Colum	n B
	3. 7	35 11 11	2022/22	Forward E	stimates
	Number	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
NO	RTH WEST				
В	NW371	Moretele	415 351	441 379	469 519
В	NW372	Madibeng	941 456	1 037 558	1 144 194
В	NW373	Rustenburg	941 352	1 050 064	1 171 812
В	NW374	Kgetlengrivier	117 740	128 323	140 000
В	NW375	Moses Kotane	528 602	563 247	600 772
С	DC37	Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	381 952	395 846	410 921
Tota	al: Bojanala	Platinum Municipalities	3 326 453	3 616 417	3 937 218
В	NW381	Ratlou	150 626	159 416	169 085
В	NW382	Tswaing	140 780	149 989	160 171
В	NW383	Mafikeng	327 788	352 887	380 697
В	NW384	Ditsobotla	159 232	171 105	184 258
В	NW385	Ramotshere Moiloa	215 223	229 949	246 232
С	DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	974 124	1 050 306	1 131 892
Tota	al: Ngaka M	odiri Molema Municipalities	1 967 773	2 113 652	2 272 335
В	NW392	Naledi	63 233	67 496	72 233
В	NW393	Mamusa	66 849	71 251	76 127
В	NW394	Greater Taung	231 374	243 432	256 672
В	NW396	Lekwa-Teemane	60 204	64 394	69 047
В	NW397	Kagisano-Molopo	144 818	152 490	160 915
С	DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	448 060	478 601	511 048
Tota	al: Dr Ruth	Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	1 014 538	1 077 664	1 146 042
В	NW403	City of Matlosana	545 300	588 793	636 078
В	NW404	Maquassi Hills	159 404	170 622	182 817
В	NW405	JB Marks	343 436	377 012	414 080
С	DC40	Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	206 714	212 491	218 574
Tota	al: Dr Kenne	eth Kaunda Municipalities	1 254 854	1 348 918	1 451 549
nr z	.1. M 41. YY	March to 1141 a	7.5(2.(10	0.15((51	0 007 144
1 ota	ai: North Wo	est Municipalities	7 563 618	8 156 651	8 807 144

SCHEDULE 3

DETERMINATION OF EACH MUNICIPALITY'S EQUITABLE SHARE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPHERE'S SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY

			Nat	ional Financial Yea	ır
			Column A	Colum	ın B
				Forward E	stimates
]	Number	Municipality	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
WES	STERN CA	PE			
A	CPT	City of Cape Town	3 656 394	3 983 337	4 341 849
1	CII	City of Cupe Town	3 030 371	3 703 33 7	1311 015
В	WC011	Matzikama	69 892	74 958	80 473
В	WC012	Cederberg	61 451	66 062	71 096
В	WC013	Bergrivier	57 506	62 388	67 754
В	WC014	Saldanha Bay	115 943	126 971	139 203
В	WC015	Swartland	126 228	140 297	156 017
С	DC1	West Coast District Municipality	103 374	106 615	110 061
Tota	ıl: West Coa	st Municipalities	534 394	577 291	624 604
_				122 2	44-44-
В	WC022	Witzenberg	121 668	132 945	145 345
В	WC023	Drakenstein	194 355	211 292	229 829
В	WC024	Stellenbosch	179 634	196 720	215 547
В	WC025	Breede Valley	147 822	159 120	171 374
В	WC026	Langeberg	97 528	104 474	112 031
C	DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	251 295	256 921	262 730
Tota	ıl: Cape Wii	nelands Municipalities	992 302	1 061 472	1 136 856
В	WC031	Theewaterskloof	120 101	129 283	139 255
В	WC032	Overstrand	141 896	155 547	170 708
В	WC033	Cape Agulhas	37 037	39 750	42 717
В	WC034	Swellendam	39 675	42 788	46 206
С	DC3	Overberg District Municipality	81 486	84 267	87 234
Tota	ıl: Overberg	Municipalities	420 195	451 635	486 120
-	********		22.250	25.040	26.024
В	WC041	Kannaland	33 259	35 040	36 934
В	WC042	Hessequa	54 287	58 185	62 442
В	WC043	Mossel Bay	119 020	128 669	139 262 228 699
В	WC044 WC045	George Oudtshoorn	193 460	210 287	101 666
В	WC043 WC047	Bitou	89 431 129 019	95 294 143 106	
В	WC047 WC048		111 170	120 722	158 928 131 247
В	DC4	Knysna Garden Route District Municipality	172 721	177 411	182 329
C		Route Municipalities	902 367	968 714	1 041 507
Tota	n. Garden i	Coute Municipanties	702 307	700 /14	1 041 307
В	WC051	Laingsburg	20 139	21 423	22 856
В	WC052	Prince Albert	26 548	28 467	30 575
В	WC053	Beaufort West	77 265	82 700	88 606
С	DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	36 456	37 890	39 485
Tota	ıl: Central k	Karoo Municipalities	160 408	170 480	181 522
Tota	l: Western	Cape Municipalities	6 666 060	7 212 929	7 812 458
No4	onal Takal		97 211 402	04 006 540	101 407 470
rati	onal Total		87 311 493	94 086 549	101 486 470

SCHEDULE 4, PART A

ALLOCATIONS TO PROVINCES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF PROGRAMMES OR FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM PROVINCIAL BUDGETS

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2022/33	Forward Estimates	stimates
					57 77 77	2023/24	2024/25
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education	Education Infrastructure Grant	ate construction, maintenance, upgrading and	General conditional allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	1 741 459	1 705 711	1 782 388
(Vote 16)		rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure in education including district and circuit accommodation: to address achievement of the		Free State	958 021	889 595	929 585
		targets set out in the minimum norms and standards for school		Gauteng	1 686 845	1 651 947	1 726 207
		infrastructure; to address damages to infrastructure; to enhance capacity		KwaZulu-Natal	2 387 952	2 555 766	2 330 249
		to deliver infrastructure in education.		Limpopo	1 315 811	1 371 984	1 433 659
				Mpumalanga	1 134 360	1 184 469	1 237 714
				Northern Cape	686 935	97 5 7 6	634 887
				North West	1 236 625	1 179 049	1 232 051
				Western Cape	1 236 077	1 180 389	1 233 451
				Unallocated	•	767 709	801 665
				TOTAL	12 384 085	13 094 195	13 341 856
Health	National Tertiary Services Grant	Г	General conditional allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	1 148 953	1 098 416	1 147 745
(Vote 18)		compensate tertiary facilities for the additional costs associated with		Free State	1 225 196	1 199 170	1 253 024
		the provision of these services.		Gauteng	5 083 886	4 988 103	5 2 1 2 1 1 6
				KwaZulu-Natal	2 045 854	2 000 300	2 090 132
				Limpopo	481 051	452 963	473 305
				Mpumalanga	145 385	139 095	145 341
				Northern Cape	420 514	408 681	427 035
				North West	354 163	332 476	347 407
				Western Cape	3 401 057	3 332 007	3 481 646
				Unallocated		72 735	76 003
					14 306 059	14 023 946	14 653 754
Transport	(a) Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant	_	General conditional allocation to provinces	Eastern Cape	1 429 653	1 500 409	1 576 947
(Vote 40)		maintenance (routine, periodic and special maintenance); to ensure that		Free State	1 337 642	1 403 845	1 475 457
		all roads are classified as per the Road Infrastructure Strategic		Gauteng	680 058	713 716	750 123
		Framework for South Africa and the technical recommendations for biodicases and the Road Classification and Access Management		KwaZulu-Natal	2 720 678	2 634 584	2 460 472
		guidelines; to implement and maintain road asset management systems;		Limpopo	1 199 876	1 259 261	1 323 498
		to supplement provincial projects for the repair of roads and bridges		Mpumalanga	905 915	950 750	999 250
		damaged by unforeseen incidents including natural disasters; to		Northern Cape	1 064 972	1 117 680	1 174 694
		improve road safety with a special focus on pedestrian safety in rural		North West	957 028	1 004 393	1 055 628
		al cas.		Western Cape	608 096	1 007 837	1 059 248
				Unallocated	•	1 737 845	1 737 845
				TOTAL	11 256 131	13 330 320	13 613 162
	(b) Public Transport Operations Grant	ic transport services	Nationally assigned function to provinces	Eastern Cape	282 593	295 048	308 298
		provided by provincial departments of transport.		Free State	312 430	326 199	340 849
				Gauteng	2 730 550	2 850 898	2 978 930
				KwaZulu-Natal	1 309 303	1 367 009	1 428 401
				Limpopo	422 338	440 951	460 754
				Mpumalanga	711 126	742 468	775 812
				Northern Cape	63 581	66 383	69 364
				North West	130 698	136 459	142 587
				Western Cape	1 127 813	1 177 519	1 230 401
				TOTAL	7 090 432	7 402 934	7 735 396

SCHEDULE 4, PART B

SCHEDOLE 4, IANI B

ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES TO SUPPLEMENT THE FUNDING OF FUNCTIONS FUNDED FROM MUNICIPAL BUDGETS

				Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	City	£6/6606	Forward Estimates	stimates
				67/7707	2023/24	2024/25
				R'000	R'000	R'000
Human Settlements	Urban Settlements Development Grant	Human Settlements Urban Settlements Development Grant To supplement the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to implement infrastructure Buffalo City	Buffalo City	496 166	518 034	541 299
(Vote 33)		projects that promote equitable, integrated, productive, inclusive and sustainable urban development.	City of Cape Town	965 544	1 008 100	1 053 373
			City of Ekurhuleni	1 282 202	1 338 713	1 398 834
			City of Johannesburg	1 204 509	1 257 596	1 314 074
			City of Tshwane	1 044 111	1 090 129	1 139 086
			eThekwini	1 279 036	1 335 408	1 395 380
			Mangaung	491 760	513 434	536 492
			Nelson Mandela Bay	588 945	614 902	642 517
			TOTAL	7 352 273	7 676 316	8 021 055

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

Agriculture, Land Reform (a) Comprehensive Agricultural Support Confidence and coordinated agricultural support services through Programme Grant Confidence and coordinated agricultural support services through Programme Grant Confidence and coordinated agricultural support services through Confidence and						Column A	Column B	n B
Programme Grant Polack produces who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprives domestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence. To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. (c) LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.	Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2032/33	Forward Estimates	stimates
Programme Grant Collaborat Collaborations with industry transformation initiatives where possible; to promote and facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence. (b) Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. (c) LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, conomic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.						67/7707	2023/24	2024/25
(a) Comprehensive Agricultural Support To provide effective and coordinated agricultural support services through Programme Grant facilitate agricultural forms form and other black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises demestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence. (b) Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. (c) LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, conomic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.						R'000	R'000	R'000
Programme Grant facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other black production with a very experied land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence. (b) Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production within strategically identified grain, investock, horticulture and aquaculture production within strategically identified grain, investock, horticulture and aquaculture production within strategically identified grain, investock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. (c) LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.	Е	(a) Comprehensive Agricultural Support		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	251 233	255 336	266 803
facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural colleges imo centres of excellence. To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. (c) LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.	and Rural Development	Programme Grant	collaborations with industry transformation initiatives where possible; to promote and		Free State	190 377	193 483	202 174
Dlack producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence. To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.	(Vote 29)		facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other		Gauteng	103 748	103 014	107 641
value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence. To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.			black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in		KwaZulu-Natal	218 604	222 174	232 152
To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.			value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export; to revitalise agricultural		Limpopo	237 816	241 700	252 555
To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.			colleges into centres of excellence.		Mpumalanga	165 033	167 730	175 262
To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production areas. production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					Northern Cape	125 194	124 811	130 415
To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlooks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					North West	185 122	188 148	196 597
To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					Western Cape	122 087	121 653	127 116
To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					TOTAL	1 599 214	1 618 049	1 690 715
agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production areas. production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.		(b) Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant	ase in	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	76 210	77 483	80 963
production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.			agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural		Free State	73 178	74 402	77 743
production areas. To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.			ı strategically		Gauteng	37 262	37 885	39 587
To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.			production areas.		KwaZulu-Natal	75 424	76 685	80 130
To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					Limpopo	75 333	76 592	80 031
To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					Mpumalanga	70 499	71 678	74 897
To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					Northern Cape	70 498	71 675	74 893
To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					North West	72 881	74 099	77 427
To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by orgaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					Western Cape	58 993	59 979	62 672
To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all.					TOTAL	610 278	620 478	648 343
		(c) LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	12 700	12 935	13 470
		Relief and Infrastructure Development	community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic		Free State	8 516	8 616	9 333
better well-being for all.					Gauteng	5 219	5 3 60	5 501
			better well-being for all.		KwaZulu-Natal	13 110	13 310	14 127
					Limpopo	13 303	13 480	13 674
					Mpumalanga	9 762	9 830	868 6
					Northern Cape	7 825	8 0 1 6	8 207
					North West	8 953	9 101	9 449
					Western Cape	5 532	2 680	6 546
					TOTAL	84 920	86 328	90 205

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

Column B	Forward Estimates	2024/25	2	58 973			186 282		20 906			85 272	1 298 286		11 172			19 404				7	30 252							32 982	L						29 052		4	_				_	872 170			164 346
[0]	Forward	2023/24	R'000	56 438	238 615	182 053	178 275	91 322	20 007	106 484	87 958	81 607	1 2 4 2 4 8 7	45 077	10 700	010 69	27 036	18 586	7 234	15 654	18 071	241 653	29 334	35 425	34 534	34 228	31 354	15 151	20 259	31 069	53 793	48 285	8/1/09	70 193	49 592	43 784	27,902	37 135	433 079	1 551 943	503 449	1 030 565	1 967 842	1568 178	834 685	584 855	467 538	
Column A	50/1101	67/7707	R'000	65 282	232 715	187 203	184 858	098 66	23 126	104 104	92 866	'	1 192 682	44 528	11 172	5/311	26 875	19 530	6 901	16 953	17 822	242 275	27 125	35 150	34 423	34 451	31 523	14 068	16 997	33 451	53 950	39 334	60 901	70 244	49 721	43 833	12/ 951	37 184	424 793	1 494 648	488 785	993 367	1 952 777	1 529 904	806 054	565 603	451 289	
	Province		Ç	Free State	Gauteng	KwaZulu-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	Northem Cape	North West	Western Cape	Unallocated	TOTAL	Eastern Cape	Free State	Gauteng Kwa Zuhi-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	Northem Cape	North West	Western Cape	TOTAL	Eastern Cape Free State	Gauteng	KwaZulu-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	Northern Cape	North West	Western Cape	Eastern Cane	Free State	Gauteng	KwaZulu-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	Northern Cape	Western Cane	TOTAL	Eastern Cape	Free State	Gauteng	KwaZulu-Natal	Limpopo	Mpumalanga	North West	Western Cape	
	Type of allocation		= -	General conditional anocation to provinces										Conditional allocation								من المسابقة المسابقات المسابقات المسابقة المسابقة المسابقات المسابقات المسابقات المسابقات الم	Conditional anocation								Conditional allocation									Conditional allocation								
	Purpose			To increase the number of poor children accessing substansed early childreng development services through centre and non-centre based programmes; to support	early childhood development providers delivering an early childhood development	programme to meet basic health and safety requirements for registration; to pilot the	construction of new tow-cost early childhood development centres.							To support South Africa's HIV prevention strategy by: providing comprehensive	sexuanty education and access to sexual and reproductive near the set vices to rearrers, supporting the provision of employee health and wellness programmes for educators;	to mitigate the impact of HIV and TB by providing a caring, supportive and enabling	environment for learners and educators; to reduce the vulnerability of children to HIV, TB and sexually transmitted infections with a narticular focus on ornhaned children	and girls.				\neg	to provide the necessary support, resources and equipment to identified special care centres and schools for the provision of education to children with severe to profound	intellectual disabilities.							Ť	ematics,	science and technology teaching and learning at selected public schools.							To provide nutritious meals to targeted schools.								
	Name of allocation		0.00	(a) Early Childhood Development Grant										(b) HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education)	Clair							(a) I common With Deoffman Intelligence	Disabilities Grant								(d) Maths, Science and Technology Grant	6								(e) National School Nutrition Programme	Grant							
	Vote			(Vote 16)																																												

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column A	Column B	n B
Vota	Name of allocation	Durnaga	True of allocation	Droxingo		Formand Detimotes	of im a to c
		acod in t	The or anocaron		2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Health	(a) District Health Programmes Grant		Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	3 221 279	2 963 416	3 096 501
(Vote 18)		and AIDS, to enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to tuberculosis: to ensure provision of quality community outreach services through		Free State	1 724 306	1 611 598	1 683 974
		Ward Based Primary Health Care Outreach Teams; to improve efficiencies of the		Gauteng	6 295 969	5 793 999	6 054 204
		Ward Based Primary Health Care Outreach Teams programme by harmonising and		KwaZulu-Natal	7 547 069	692 280 7	7 406 077
		stantial tusing services and strengthering pertor manice informed ing, to enable the real sector to develop and implement an effective response to support the effective		Limpopo	2 621 492	2 388 635	2 495 907
		implementation of the National Strategic Plan on Malaria Elimination 2019 – 2023; to		Mpumalanga	2 638 302	2 469 999	2 580 926
		enable the health sector to prevent cervical cancer by making available Human Panillomavirus vaccinations for grade seven school girls in all public and special		Northern Cape	767 729	716 737	748 927
		schools and progressive integration of Human Papillomavirus into the integrated		North West	1 938 678	1 784 563	1 864 707
		school health programme; to enable the health sector to rollout COVID-19 vaccine.		Western Cape	2 268 294	2 049 145	2 141 171
				TOTAL	29 023 118	26 865 861	28 072 394
	(b) Health Facility Revitalisation Grant	To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and Conditional allocation	onditional allocation	Eastern Cape	730 829	695 296	716 990
		existing infrastructure in health including, health technology, organisational development excreme and quality assurance, to enhance canacity to deliver health		Free State	642 446	602 597	621 399
		infrastructure; to accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health		Gauteng	1 058 859	1 038 555	1 070 959
				KwaZulu-Natal	1 389 913	1 383 930	1 427 110
				Limpopo	600 166	552 983	570 237
				Mpumalanga	463 310	415 255	428 211
				Northern Cape	444 942	465 311	479 829
				North West	652 491	613 468	632 609
				Unallocated	060 061	547 362	583 614
				TOTAL	9719 546	7 119 860	7361 181
	(c) Human Resources and Training Grant	To appoint statutory positions in the health sector for systematic realisation of the	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cane	578 756	567 733	556 604
	0	urance;		Free State	264 004	284 312	276 594
		support provinces to fund service costs associated with clinical training and		Gauteng	1 872 229	1 879 548	1 825 127
		supervision of nearth science trainees on the public service platform.		KwaZulu-Natal	754 850	764 447	747 841
				Limpopo	372 699	375 318	353 623
				Mpumalanga	274 266	276 739	267 298
				Northern Cape	155 608	145 748	145 443
				North West	277 212	271 800	262 601
				Western Cape	899 442	887 123	903 926
				Unallocated	1 000	26 255	27 460
	(d) National Health Insurance Grant	To expand the healthcare service benefit through the strategic mirchasing of services. Nationally assigned function to provinces	ationally assigned function to provinces	Footern Cone	3 449 066	5 479 023	5 366 517
		from healthcare providers.	account assigned tancers to provinces	Free State	28 404	28.062	28.880
		-		rice state	100,000	28 002	26 660
				Gauteng Kwa Zulu-Natal	90 399	89 393	91 222
				I impopo	83 490	707 68	71 039
				Mpumalanga	69 428	38 980	39 998
				Northern Cape	84 530	47 143	49 071
				North West	80 681	998 09	62 437
				Western Cape	43 605	43 272	44 264
				Unallocated	,	146 353	152 924
				TOTAL	693 747	694 675	716 945

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column	Column B	2
					Communic	COMMI	
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	2022/23	2023/24 Estimates 2024/	Stimates 2024/25
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Human Settlements	(a) Human Settlements Development Grant	To provide funding for the progressive realisation of access to adequate housing	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	1 542 022	1 608 515	1 680 752
(Vote 33)		through the creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements.		Free State	813 041	848 099	886 187
				Gauteng	3 955 283	4 125 835	4 311 126
				KwaZulu-Natal	2 935 224	3 132 253	2 776 615
				Limpopo	906 953	946 060	988 547
				Mpumalanga	924 416	964 277	1 007 582
				Northern Cape	273 541	285 336	298 150
				North West	1 276 712	1 331 763	1 391 572
				Western Cape	1 628 418	1 701 511	1 777 924
				TOTAL	14 255 610	14 943 649	15 118 455
	(b) Informal Settlements Upgrading	o facilitate a programmatic and inclusive approach to upgrading	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	458 151	478 343	499 825
	Partnership Grant: Provinces	informal settlements.		Free State	241 563	252 209	263 536
				Gauteng	1 175 155	1 226 949	1 282 051
				KwaZulu-Natal	756 868	790 226	825 715
				Limpopo	269 465	281 341	293 976
				Mpumalanga	274 653	286 758	299 637
				Northern Cape	81 272	84 855	88 664
				North West	379 324	396 042	413 828
				Western Cape	484 638	505 998	528 722
				TOTAL	4 121 089	4 302 721	4 495 954
Public Works and	(a) Expanded Public Works Programme	To incentivise provincial departments to expand work creation efforts through the use Conditional allocation	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	106 459	1	1
Infrastructure	Integrated Grant for Provinces	of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in		Free State	20 943	1	•
(v ote 15)		compilance with the Expanded Fubric Works Frogramme guidennes, road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings; low traffic volume roads and rural		Gauteng	40 105	1	1
		roads; other economic and social infrastructure; tourism and cultural industries;		KwaZulu-Natal	111 866	1	•
		sustainable land based livelihoods; waste management.		Limpopo	37 280	•	1
				Mpumalanga	25 491	1	•
				Northern Cape	16 421	1	1
				North West	44 394	1	•
				Western Cape	30 139	1	1
				Unallocated	•	434 762	454 287
		\neg		TOTAL	433 098	434 762	454 287
	(b) Social Sector Expanded Public Works	0	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	68 450	•	•
	Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces	works programme social sector plan, to increase work opportunities by focusing on		Free State	40 057	•	1
		the strengmening and expansion of social sector programmes that have employment		Gauteng	52 249	i	'
		potential.		KwaZulu-Natal	662 66	1	1
				Limpopo	990 09	i	'
				Mpumalanga	25 570	1	1
				Northern Cape	16 142	1	•
				North West	26 770	•	•
				Western Cape	35 745	- 007 707	- 2727
				Unallocated		426480	445 633
				IOIAL	474 848	476 480	445 655

SCHEDULE 5, PART A

					Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	Type of allocation	Province	3033/33	Forward Estimates	stimates
					67/7707	2023/24	2024/25
					R'000	R'000	R'000
Sport, Arts and Culture	(a) Community Library Services Grant	S	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	181 169	178 089	185 927
(Vote 37)		(primarily targeting previously disadvantaged communities) through a recapitalised		Free State	183 761	178 472	186 312
		programme at provincial level in support of local government and national initiatives.		Gauteng	174 099	176 522	184 360
				KwaZulu-Natal	186 891	189 050	196 888
				Limpopo	152 619	153 597	161 435
				Mpumalanga	169 288	170 726	178 564
				Northern Cape	181 447	178 562	186 400
				North West	153 174	152 451	160 289
				Western Cape	190 102	193 331	201 169
				TOTAL	1 572 550	1 570 800	1 641 344
	(b) Mass Participation and Sport	To facilitate sport and active recreation participation and empowerment in partnership Conditional allocation	Conditional allocation	Eastern Cape	618 01	70 033	73 478
	Development Grant	with relevant stakeholders.		Free State	41 695	41 668	43 160
				Gauteng	102 073	103 489	109 375
				KwaZulu-Natal	97 278	96 974	102 480
				Limpopo	64 978	64 517	67 582
				Mpumalanga	52 236	52 305	54 529
				Northern Cape	35 717	35 637	36369
				North West	47 434	47 971	49 897
				Western Cape	91 221	91 366	94 214
				TOTAL	603 511	096 809	631 084

SCHEDULE 5, PART B

SPECIFIC-PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2022/33	Forward Estimates	Stimates
			57/7707	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
RECURRENT GRANTS					
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	To assist municipalities to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act and related local government legislation.	ı	,	1
National Treasury (Vote 8)	(a) Infrastructure Skills Development Grant	(a) Infrastructure Skills Development Grant To recruit unemployed graduates into municipalities to be trained and professionally registered as per the requirements of the relevant statutory councils within the built environment.	159 246	159 857	167 036
	(b) Local Government Financial Management Grant	To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act.	266 392	568 571	594 105
	(c) Programme and Project Preparation Support Grant	To support metropolitan municipalities to develop a pipeline of investment ready capital programmes and projects through establishing and institutionalising an effective and efficient system of programme and project preparation and the allocation of a growing level of municipal resources to preparation activities.	988 098	376 792	393 714
Public Works and Infrastructure (Vote 13)	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour-intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the expanded public works programme guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings; low traffic volume roads and rural roads; basic services infrastructure, including water and sanitation reticulation (excluding bulk infrastructure); other economic and social infrastructure; tourism and cultural industries; waste management; parks and beautification; sustainable land-based livelihoods; social services programmes; community safety mozerammes.	778 395	781 385	816 477
		TOTAL	1 864 922	1 886 605	1 971 332

SCHEDULE 5, PART B

SPECIFIC-PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

			Column A	Colu	Column B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purnose		Forward	Forward Retimates
38.	Traint of anotation	and in t	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS	NTS				
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	(a) Integrated Urban Development Grant	To provide funding for public investment in infrastructure for the poor and to promote increased access to municipal own sources of capital finance in order to increase funding for public investment in economic infrastructure; to ensure that public investments are spatially aligned and to promote the sound management of the assets delivered.	1 085 368	1 122 764	1 173 187
	(b) Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	To rehabilitate and reconstruct municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster.	26 023	320 915	٠
	(c) Municipal Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, microenterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities; to provide specific funding for the development of asset management plans for infrastructure servicing the poor.	16 842 001	17 594 733	18 384 903
Human Settlements (Vote 33)	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership To provide funding to facilitate a programmatic, inclusive and municipality-wide approach to upgrading informal settlements. Grant: Municipalities	4 180 530	4 364 782	4 560 802
Mineral Resources and Energy (Vote 34)	(a) Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant	To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement energy efficiency and demand-side management initiatives within municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity consumption and improve energy efficiency.	223 204	224 092	242 515
	(b) Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of all existing and planned residential dwellings (including informal settlements, farm dwellers, new and existing dwellings) and the installation of relevant bulk infrastructure.	2 118 668	2 212 046	2 311 388
National Treasury (Vote 8)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital)	To plan, catalyse, and invest in targeted locations in order to attract and sustain third party capital investments aimed at spatial transformation, that will improve the quality of life, and access to opportunities for residents in South Africa's targeted locations, under-served neighbourhoods, townships and rural towns.	1 393 074	1 474 813	647 022
Transport (Vote 40)	(a) Public Transport Network Grant	To provide funding for accelerated construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport infrastructure that forms part of a municipal integrated public transport network and to support the planning, regulation, control, management and operations of fiscally and financially sustainable municipal public transport network services.	6 012 892	6 689 045	7 720 162
	(b) Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	To assist district municipalities to set up rural roads asset management systems, and collect road, bridges and traffic data on municipal road networks in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa.	115 020	115 461	120 646
Water and Sanitation (Vote 41)	(a) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	To develop new, refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing bulk water and sanitation infrastructure of regional significance that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality, to implement bulk infrastructure with a potential of addressing water conservation and water demand management projects or facilitate and contribute to the implementation of local water conservation and water demand management projects that will directly impact on bulk infrastructure requirements.	2 521 420	2 892 132	2 762 863
	(b) Water Services Infrastructure Grant	Facilitate the planning and implementation of various water and sanitation projects to accelerate backlog reduction and enhance the sustainability of services especially in rural municipalities; provide basic and intermittent water and sanitation supply that ensures provision of services to identified and prioritised communities, including spring protection and groundwater development; support municipalities in implementing water conservation and water demand management projects, support the close-out of the existing Bucket Eradication Programme intervention in formal residential areas, support drought relief projects in affected municipalities.	3 701 019	3 864 137	4 037 673
		TOTAL	38 219 219	40 874 920	41 961 161

SCHEDULE 6, PART A

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO PROVINCES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

			Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2022/23	Forward Estimates	stimates
			C7/7707	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Basic Education (Vote 16)	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant	Eradication of all inappropriate school infrastructure; provision of water, sanitation and electricity to schools.	2 403 119	2 078 506	2 171 849
Health	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant	To create an alternative track to improve spending, performance as well as monitoring and evaluation on infrastructure in			
(Vote 18)		preparation for the National Health Insurance; to enhance capacity and capability to deliver infrastructure for the National Health			
		Insurance; to accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety; expand the alternative models for the			
		dispensing and distribution of chronic medication; develop and roll-out new health information systems in preparation for the	2 209 108	2 471 275	1 842 903
		National Health Insurance, enable the health sector to address the deficiencies in the primary health care facilities systematically to			
		yield fast results through the implementation of the Ideal Clinic programme; to expand the healthcare service benefits through the			
		strategic purchasing of services from healthcare providers.			
		TOTAL	4 613 227	4 549 781	4 014 752

SCHEDULE 6, PART B

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES FOR DESIGNATED SPECIAL PROGRAMMES

			Column A	Column B	ın B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2033/33	Forward Estimates	Stimates
			207773	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	(a) Municipal Infrastructure Grant	To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, microenterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities; to provide specific funding for the development of asset management plans for infrastructure servicing the poor.	-		1
	(b) Municipal Systems Improvement Grant To assist municipal Systems Act and	To assist municipalities to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act and related local government legislation.	140 331	146 516	153 096
Mineral Resources and Energy (Vote 34)	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme by providing capital subsidies to Eskom to address the electrification backlog of all existing and planned residential dwellings (including informal settlements, farm dwellers, new and existing dwellings) and the installation of relevant bulk infrastructure in Eskom licenced areas.	3 588 162	3 821 156	3 992 762
National Treasury (Vote 8)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	To plan, catalyse, and invest in targeted locations in order to attract and sustain third party capital investments aimed at spatial transformation, that will improve the quality of life, and access to opportunities for residents in South Africa's targeted locations, under-served neighbourhoods, generally townships and rural towns.	100 526	100 902	105 433
Water and Sanitation (Vote 41)	(a) Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	To develop new, refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing bulk water and sanitation infrastructure of regional significance that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality; to implement bulk infrastructure with a potential of addressing water conservation and water demand management projects or facilitate and contribute to the implementation of local water conservation and water demand management projects that will directly impact on bulk infrastructure requirements.	3 455 050	3 607 327	3 769 330
	(b) Water Services Infrastructure Grant	Facilitate the planning and implementation of various water and sanitation projects to accelerate backlog reduction and enhance the sustainability of services especially in rural municipalities; provide basic and intermittent water and sanitation supply that ensures provision of services to identified and prioritised communities, including spring protection and groundwater development; support municipalities in implementing water conservation and water demand management projects; support the close-out of the existing Bucket Eradication Programme intervention in formal residential areas; support drought relief projects in affected municipalities.	771 336	805 332	841 499
		LOTAL	8 055 405	8 481 233	8 862 120

SCHEDULE 7, PART A

UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR PROVINCES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

			Column A	Colu	Column B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	2022/23	Forward Estimates	Estimates
			67/7707	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	Provincial Disaster Response Grant	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response subject to compliance with section 2(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act.	145 328	145 843	152 393
Human Settlements (Vote 33)	Provincial Emergency Housing Grant	To provide funding to provinces for provision of temporary shelter assistance to households affected by disasters or a housing emergency; to provide funding to provinces to repair the damage to housing for low-income households following a disaster or housing emergency; if the costs of repairs are less than the cost of relocation and provision of temporary shelter.	325 764	340 122	355 397
		TOTAL	471 092	485 965	507 790

SCHEDULE 7, PART B

UNALLOCATED PROVISIONS FOR MUNICIPALITIES FOR DISASTER RESPONSE

			Column A	Column B	nn B
Vote	Name of allocation	Purpose	20/2000	Forward Estimates	Estimates
			67/7707	2023/24	2024/25
			R'000	R'000	R'000
Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)	Municipal Disaster Response Grant	To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response subject to compliance with section 2(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act.	371 420	372 732	389 471
Human Settlements (Vote 33)	Municipal Emergency Housing Grant	To provide funding to municipalities for provision of temporary shelter assistance to households affected by disasters or a housing emergency; to provide funding to municipalities to repair the damage to housing for low-income households following a disaster or housing emergency if the costs of repairs are less than the cost of relocation and provision of temporary shelter.	175 412	183 143	191 368

MEMORANDUM ON THE OBJECTS OF THE DIVISION OF REVENUE BILL, 2022

1. BACKGROUND

- 1.1 Section 214(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, ("the Constitution") requires that an Act of Parliament must provide for—
 - (a) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
 - (b) the determination of each province's equitable share of the provincial share of that revenue; and
 - (c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and for any conditions on which those allocations may be made.
- 1.2 Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997 (Act No. 97 of 1997), requires that, as part of the process of the enactment of the Act of Parliament referred to in paragraph 1.1, each year when the annual budget is introduced, the Minister of Finance must introduce in the National Assembly a Division of Revenue Bill ("the Bill") for the financial year to which that budget relates.
- 1.3 The Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, requires that the Bill be accompanied by a memorandum explaining—
 - (a) how the Bill takes account of each of the matters listed in section 214(2)(a) to (j) of the Constitution;
 - (b) the extent to which account was taken of any recommendations of the Financial and Fiscal Commission ("the FFC") that were submitted to the Minister of Finance or were raised during consultations with the FFC; and
 - (c) any assumptions or formulae used in arriving at the respective shares of the three spheres of government and the division of the provincial share between the nine provinces.
- 1.4 In terms of section 7(4) of the Money Bills and Related Matters Act, 2009 (Act No. 9 of 2009), when tabling the budget, a report must also be tabled that responds to the recommendations made in the reports by the Parliamentary Committees on Finance on the proposed fiscal framework in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement and the reports by the Committees on Appropriations regarding the proposed division of revenue and the conditional grant allocations to provinces and local government as contained in the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement. The report must explain how the Bill and the national budget give effect to, or the reasons for not taking into account, the recommendations contained in the Committee reports.
- 1.5 The memorandum referred to in paragraph 1.3 is attached to this Memorandum and will also be attached as "Annexure W1" to the Budget Review, and the report referred to in paragraph 1.4 will be tabled with the budget.
- 1.6 The Bill is introduced in compliance with the Constitution, the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997, and the Money Bills and Related Matters Act, 2009, as set out in paragraphs 1.1 to 1.4.
- 1.7 The allocations contemplated in section 214(1) of the Constitution are set out in the following Schedules to the Bill:
 - Schedule 1 contains the equitable shares of the three spheres of government;
 - Schedule 2 sets out provincial equitable share allocations;
 - Schedule 3 sets out local government equitable share allocations per municipality;

• Schedules 4 to 7 deal with grant allocations for provinces and municipalities, including allocations to supplement funding of functions funded from provincial and municipal budgets, specific purpose allocations, allocations-in-kind (indirect transfers to provinces and local government) and the release of funds to provinces and municipalities for immediate response to a disaster.

2. SUMMARY OF BILL

The following is a brief summary of the Bill:

- Clause 1 contains definitions;
- Clause 2 sets out the objects of the Bill, which are to provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally among the three spheres of government and to promote predictability and certainty in respect of allocations to provinces and municipalities as well as transparency and accountability in the resource allocation process;
- *Clause 3* provides for the equitable division of anticipated revenue raised nationally among the national, provincial and local spheres of government, which is set out in Schedule 1;
- Clause 4 provides for each province's equitable share, which is set out in Schedule 2, and that it must be transferred in terms of a payment schedule;
- *Clause 5* provides for each municipality's equitable share of revenue, which is set out in Schedule 3 and that it must be transferred on dates specified in clause 5 in amounts as determined in terms of clause 22(2);
- Clause 6 determines what must happen if actual revenue raised falls short or is in excess of anticipated revenue for the financial year, and allows for additional conditional and unconditional allocations to be made from the excess revenue as well as an increase of the equitable share of provinces or municipalities;
- Clause 7 provides for conditional allocations or an increase of conditional allocations to provinces in Part A of Schedules 4 to 7;
- Clause 8 provides for conditional allocations or an increase of conditional allocations to municipalities in Part B of Schedules 4 to 7;
- Clauses 9 and 10 set out the duties of a transferring national officer in respect of Schedules 4, 5 and 6 allocations;
- Clauses 11 and 12 set out the duties of a receiving officer in respect of Schedules 4, 5 and 7 allocations;
- Clause 13 sets out the additional duties of a receiving officer in respect of infrastructure conditional allocations to provinces;
- Clause 14 prescribes the duties in respect of annual financial statements and annual reports for the 2022/23 financial year;
- Clause 15 requires the publication of certain allocations and all conditional grant frameworks in the Government Gazette;
- Clause 16 requires that spending must only be in accordance with the purpose and subject to the conditions set out in the grant frameworks for Schedules 4 to 7 allocations, and sets out funding related arrangements if a function partially or fully funded by a conditional grant is assigned by a province to a municipality;
- Clauses 17 and 18 provide for the withholding and stopping of allocations;

- Clause 19 provides for the reallocation of funds;
- Clause 20 provides for the possible conversion of certain allocations in order to prevent under-spending on the allocation, if the affected national or provincial department has demonstrated the capacity to implement projects;
- Clause 21 provides for the management of unspent conditional allocations;
- Clauses 22 and 23 provide for payment schedules and their amendment;
- Clause 24 provides for the recovery of any allocation transferred in error or fraudulently;
- Clause 25 provides for new allocations during a financial year and the use of funds allocated in Schedule 7;
- Clause 26 provides for preparations for the 2023/24 and 2024/25 financial years;
- Clause 27 deals with transfers before the commencement of the Division of Revenue Act for the 2023/24 financial year and the conditions attached to such transfers;
- Clause 28 sets out the duties of municipalities;
- Clause 29 sets out the duties and powers of provincial treasuries;
- Clause 30 sets out the duties and powers of the National Treasury;
- Clauses 31 to 36 provide for general matters such as liability for costs incurred in violation of principles of co-operative governance and intergovernmental relations, irregular expenditure, financial misconduct, delegations and assignments, departures, the power of the Minister of Finance to make regulations;
- Clause 37 provides for the repeal of laws;
- Clause 38 provides for the short title and commencement.

3. ORGANISATIONS AND INSTITUTIONS CONSULTED

The following institutions were consulted on the Bill:

- Financial and Fiscal Commission;
- South African Local Government Association; and
- National and provincial departments.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS TO THE STATE

This memorandum outlines the proposed division of revenue between the three spheres of government, and the financial implications to government are limited to the total transfers to provinces and local government as indicated in the Schedules to the Bill.

5. CONSTITUTIONAL IMPLICATIONS

The Bill gives effect to section 214 of the Constitution.

6. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

6.1 The Constitution prescribes the classification of Bills. Therefore, a Bill must be correctly classified otherwise it will be constitutionally out of order.

- 6.2 The State Law Advisers and the National Treasury have considered the Bill against the provisions of the Constitution relating to the tagging of Bills, and against the functional areas listed in Schedule 4 (functional areas of concurrent national and provincial legislative competence) and Schedule 5 (functional areas of exclusive provincial legislative competence) to the Constitution.
- 6.3 For the purposes of tagging, the constitutional court case of *Tongoane and Others v Minister for Agriculture and Land Affairs and Others CCT 100/09 [2010] Z4CC 10*, confirmed the "substantial measure" test indicated in *Ex Parte President of the Republic of South Africa: In re Constitutionality of the Liquor Bill.* The test entailed that "any Bill whose provisions in substantial measure" fall within a specific Schedule must be classified in terms of that Schedule.
- 6.4 In terms of section 76(3) of the Constitution, a Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure established by either subsection (1) or subsection (2) if it falls within a functional area listed in Schedule 4 to the Constitution. Furthermore, in terms of section 76(4)(b) of the Constitution, a Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure established by section 76(1) of the Constitution, if it provides for legislation envisaged in Chapter 13 of the Constitution and includes provisions affecting the financial interests of the provincial sphere of government.
- 6.5 The issue that needs to be determined is whether the proposed amendments as contained in the Bill, in substantial measure, fall within a functional area listed in Schedule 4 to the Constitution, or whether the proposed amendments fall under section 76(4)(*b*) of the Constitution.
- 6.6 The provisions of the Bill have been carefully examined, and in our view, they amount to legislation envisaged in Chapter 13 of the Constitution. Furthermore, the Bill includes provisions affecting the financial interests of the provincial sphere of government as contemplated in section 76(4)(b) of the Constitution. We are therefore of the opinion that the Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure envisaged by section 76(1) of the Constitution.
- 6.7 The State Law Advisers and the National Treasury are of the opinion that it is not necessary to refer this Bill to the National House of Traditional Leaders and Khoi-San Leaders in terms of section 39(1)(a) of the Traditional and Khoi-San Leadership Act, 2019 (Act No. 3 of 2019), since it does not contain provisions pertaining to customary law or the customs of traditional communities.

DIVISION OF REVENUE ATTACHMENTS

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W1

Explanatory memorandum to the division of revenue

Background

Section 214(1) of the Constitution requires that the nationally raised revenue be divided equitably between national government, the nine provinces and 257 municipalities. This is outlined in the annual Division of Revenue Act. The division of revenue takes into account the powers and functions assigned to each sphere; fosters transparency, predictability and stability; and is at the heart of constitutional cooperative governance.

The principles underpinning the equitable sharing and allocation of nationally raised revenue are prescribed in the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act (1997). Sections 9 and 10(4) of the Act set out the consultation process to be followed with the Financial and Fiscal Commission (FFC), including considering recommendations made regarding the division of revenue.

This explanatory memorandum to the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill fulfils the requirement set out in section 10(5) of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act. This Act requires that the bill is accompanied by an explanatory memorandum detailing how the Bill takes account of each of the matters listed in section 214(a) to (j) of the Constitution; government's response to the FFC's recommendations submitted to the Minister in terms of section 9 of the Act or as a result of consultations with the FFC; and any assumptions and formulae used in arriving at the respective shares. Moreover, this memorandum complements the discussion on the division of revenue in Chapter 6 of the *Budget Review*. It has six sections:

- Part 1 lists the factors that inform the division of resources between national, provincial and local government.
- Part 2 describes the 2022 division of revenue.
- Part 3 sets out how the FFC's recommendations on the 2022 division of revenue have been taken into account.
- Part 4 explains the formula and criteria for dividing the provincial equitable share and conditional grants among provinces.
- Part 5 sets out the formula and criteria for dividing the local government equitable share and conditional grants among municipalities.
- Part 6 summarises issues that will form part of subsequent reviews of provincial and local government fiscal frameworks

The Division of Revenue Bill and its underlying allocations are the result of extensive consultation between national, provincial and local government. The Budget Council deliberated on the matters discussed in this memorandum at several meetings during the year. The approach to local government allocations was discussed with organised local government at technical meetings with the South African Local Government Association (SALGA), culminating in meetings of the Budget Forum (made up of the Budget Council and

SALGA). The division of revenue, along with the government priorities that underpin it, was agreed for the next three years at a Cabinet meeting in October 2021.

Part 1: Constitutional considerations

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the annual Division of Revenue Act be enacted after 10 key principles outlined in sub-sections 2(a) to (j) are considered. The 10 constitutional principles considered in the 2022 division of revenue are briefly noted below.

National interest and the division of resources

The National Development Plan sets out the national interest by outlining a long-term vision for the country through which South Africa can advance inclusive economic transformation. To achieve this vision, South Africa needs to use the division of resources in a manner that draws on the energies of its people; builds and grows an inclusive economy; builds capabilities; enhances the capacity of the state; and promotes leadership and partnerships throughout society. The 2019-2024 Medium Term Strategic Framework outlines the plan and outcome-based monitoring framework for implementing South Africa's national development priorities for the sixth administration.

In the 2021 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS), the Minister of Finance outlined how the resources available to government over the 2022 medium-term expenditure framework (MTEF) would be allocated to help achieve government's priorities, as outlined in the 2021 State of the Nation Address (SONA). These priorities are as follows:

- Defeat the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Accelerate economic recovery through implementing the economic recovery plan.
- Implement economic reforms to create sustainable jobs and drive inclusive growth.
- Fight corruption and strengthen the state's capability.

These priorities have informed the division of resources between the three spheres of government over the 2022 MTEF period. Chapter 4 of the 2021 MTBPS and Chapters 5 and 6 of the 2022 Budget Review discuss how funds have been allocated across the three spheres of government based on these priorities. The framework for each conditional grant also notes how the grant is linked to the 14 priority outcomes.

Provision for debt costs

The resources shared between national, provincial and local government include proceeds from national government borrowing used to fund public spending. Gross loan debt is expected to increase from R4.35 trillion (69.5 per cent of GDP) in 2021/22 to R4.69 trillion (72.8 per cent of GDP) in 2022/23 and will peak at R5.43 trillion (75.1 per cent of GDP) in 2024/25. To protect and maintain the country's integrity and credit reputation, it is important that national government provide for the resulting debt costs. Chapter 7 of the 2022 Budget Review provides a more detailed discussion.

National government's needs and interests

The Constitution assigns exclusive and concurrent powers and functions to each sphere of government. National and provincial government have concurrent responsibility for a range of functions, such as school education, health services, social welfare services, housing and agriculture. For these functions, national government is mainly responsible for providing leadership, policy formulation, including setting norms and standards, and oversight and monitoring, while the provincial government is mainly responsible for implementation in line with the nationally determined framework.

National government is exclusively responsible for functions that serve the national interest and are best centralised, including national defence, the criminal justice system (safety and security, courts), higher education and administrative functions (home affairs, collection of national taxes). Provincial and local government receive equitable shares and conditional grants to enable them to provide basic services and perform their functions. Functions may shift between spheres of government in line with legislative prescripts to better meet the country's needs, which is then reflected in the division of revenue. Changes continue to be made to various national transfers to provincial and local government to improve their efficiency, effectiveness and alignment with national strategic objectives.

Provincial and local government basic services

Provinces and municipalities are responsible for providing education, health, social development, housing, roads, electricity and water, and municipal infrastructure services. They have the autonomy to allocate resources to meet basic needs and respond to provincial and local priorities, while giving effect to national objectives. The division of revenue provides equitable shares to provinces and local government to enable them to meet their basic service obligations. In addition, conditional grants are provided to enable them to improve and expand services.

Over the 2022 MTEF period, R2.56 trillion or 52 per cent of non-interest spending is allocated to provinces and local government. Of this, R2.05 trillion or 41.7 per cent is allocated to the provincial sphere, while R506.7 billion or 10.3 per cent is allocated to the local sphere of government. This is to continue funding the local and provincial government priorities over the 2022 MTEF period, which include health, education and basic services and funding the rising costs of these services as a result of population growth and higher bulk electricity and water costs.

Fiscal capacity and efficiency

Fiscal capacity refers to the revenue-raising power of each sphere of government. National government has limited revenue-raising powers and large spending responsibilities. As such, it receives the biggest share of the nationally raised revenue, after taking into account the contingency reserve and debt servicing costs. Provinces have limited revenue-raising capacity and large spending responsibilities so receive the second-largest share of nationally raised revenue. Municipalities, on the other hand, have extensive revenue-raising powers, through property rates, user charges and fees. The revenue raised by municipalities provides for basic services such as sanitation, waste management, electricity and water, the costs of which can be recovered through tariffs. As a result, local government finances most of its expenditure through property rates, user charges and fees.

The ability of individual municipalities to raise revenue varies greatly – rural municipalities raise significantly less revenue than large urban and metropolitan municipalities. The design of the local government fiscal framework acknowledges that, as a result of their lower own revenue-raising capacity, many rural municipalities will depend on transfers for most of their funding. This is done through the local government equitable share formula, which incorporates a revenue adjustment factor that considers the fiscal capacity of each recipient municipality (full details of the formula are provided in part 5 of this annexure).

The mechanisms for allocating funds to provinces and municipalities are regularly reviewed to improve their efficiency. For the 2022 MTEF, changes will be made to the health component of the provincial equitable share, informed by the recent review of the formula that was undertaken by the National Treasury in collaboration with Department of Health and the Government Technical Advisory Centre. These changes will be phased in over three years to allow provinces to adjust to the impact of the changes on their allocation (full details of the review and outcome are provided in Part 4 of this annexure). To maximise the effect of allocations, conditional grant allocations to provincial and local government are informed by the recipient's efficacy and efficiency in using allocations in the past.

Developmental needs

Developmental needs are accounted for at two levels. First, in determining the division of revenue, which mostly grows the provincial and local government shares of nationally raised revenue faster than inflation, and second, in the formulas used to divide national transfers among municipalities and provinces. Developmental needs are built into the equitable share formulas for provincial and local government and included in specific conditional grants, such as the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which allocates funds according to the number of households in a municipality without access to basic services. Various infrastructure grants and the capital budgets of provinces and municipalities aim to boost economic and social development.

Economic disparities

The equitable share and infrastructure grant formulas redistribute funds towards poorer provinces and municipalities (parts 4 and 5 of this annexure provide statistics illustrating this). Through the division of revenue, government continues to invest in economic infrastructure (such as roads), allocating R630.2 billion over the 2022 MTEF period, and social infrastructure (such as schools, hospitals and clinics), allocating R147.6 billion over the 2022 MTEF period. This is to stimulate economic development, create jobs, and address economic and social disparities.

Obligations in terms of national legislation

The Constitution gives provincial governments and municipalities the power to determine priorities and allocate budgets. National government is responsible for developing policy, fulfilling national mandates, setting national norms and standards for provincial and municipal functions, and monitoring the implementation of concurrent functions.

The 2022 MTEF, through the division of revenue, continues to fund the delivery of provincial, municipal and concurrent functions through a combination of conditional and unconditional grants.

Predictability and stability

Provincial and local government equitable share allocations are based on estimates of nationally raised revenue. If this revenue falls short of estimates within a given year, the equitable shares of provinces and local government will not be reduced. Allocations are assured (voted, legislated and guaranteed) for the first year and are transferred according to a payment schedule. To contribute to longer-term predictability and stability, estimates for a further two years are published with the annual proposal for appropriations. Adjusted estimates as a result of changes to data underpinning the equitable share formulas and revisions to the formulas themselves are phased in to ensure minimal disruption.

Flexibility in responding to emergencies

Government has a contingency reserve for unforeseen and unavoidable events. In addition, four conditional grants for disasters and housing emergencies (provincial disaster response grant; provincial emergency housing grant; municipal disaster response grant, municipal emergency housing grant) allow government to allocate and transfer funds to affected provinces and municipalities in the immediate aftermath of a disaster. Over the 2022 MTEF period, R3.1 billion is allocated to these grants. Furthermore, various legislation, such as sections 16 and 25 of the Public Finance Management Act (1999), provide for the allocation of funds, including adjustment allocations to deal with emergency, unforeseeable and unavoidable situations. Section 29 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (2003) allows a municipal mayor to authorise unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure in an emergency.

Part 2: The 2022 division of revenue

Medium-term fiscal policy is focused on reducing the budget deficit and stabilising the debt-to-GDP ratio. Over the medium term, restoring fiscal sustainability requires continued restraint in expenditure growth and reforms to raise economic growth. The 2022 Budget proposes:

- Additional allocations to address immediate spending pressures, including extending the special COVID-19 social relief of distress grant for 12 months until March 2023, and bolstering provincial transfers for health and education.
- Setting aside a portion of higher-than-expected revenue to narrow the budget deficit. This mitigates the impact of higher interest rates on debt-service costs and improves the longer-term debt outlook.
- Supporting economic growth through a range of reforms, including the infrastructure-build programme financed through innovative funding mechanisms and supported by improved technical capabilities (see Chapter 3 of the 2022 *Budget Review*).

However, the most important public spending programmes that help poor South Africans, contribute to growth and create jobs have been protected from major reductions. The 2022 division of revenue reprioritises existing funds to ensure these objectives are met.

Excluding debt-service costs and the contingency reserve, allocated expenditure shared across government amounts to R1.66 trillion in 2022/23, R1.60 trillion in 2023/24 and R1.67 trillion in 2024/25. The division of these funds between the three spheres takes into account government's spending priorities, each sphere's revenue-raising capacity and responsibilities, and input from various intergovernmental forums and the FFC. The provincial and local equitable share formulas are designed to ensure fair, stable and predictable revenue shares, and to address economic and fiscal disparities.

Increase in non-interest spending

Given the improved tax revenue estimates experienced in 2021/22, and projected increases in tax revenue over the 2022 MTEF period, government proposes a small increase in non-interest spending compared with the 2021 Budget projections. Total main budget non-interest expenditure is projected to increase by R282.3 billion over the 2022 MTEF period as follows: R110.6 billion in 2022/23, R84.6 billion in 2023/24 and R87.1 billion in 2024/25.

Following the 2021 MTBPS, further changes were made to the fiscal framework. The provincial equitable share has been increased by R53 billion over the medium term. Direct conditional grants to provinces have been increased by R5.4 billion. The local government direct transfers increase to R30.7 billion, comprising R28.9 billion from the local government equitable share and R1.8 billion in increases to direct conditional grants.

Several provincial and local government infrastructure grants that are likely to go unspent based on historical spending trends are being reprioritised to other priorities. Parts 4 and 5 of this annexure set out in more detail how the changes to the baseline affect provincial and local government transfers.

Reprioritisations

Existing budgets need to be reprioritised to meet government's policy goals while remaining within the revised expenditure ceiling. Priorities over the 2022 MTEF period that are funded through reprioritisations in the division of revenue include addressing shortfalls in funding for appointing medical interns in the health sector.

These reprioritisations complement baselines that provide R2.04 trillion to provinces and R481.3 billion to local government in transfers over the 2022 MTEF period. These transfers fund core policy priorities, including basic education, health, social development, roads, housing and municipal services.

The fiscal framework

Table W1.1 presents the medium-term macroeconomic forecasts for the 2022 Budget. It sets out the growth assumptions and fiscal policy targets on which the fiscal framework is based.

Table W1.1 Medium-term macroeconomic assumptions

	202:	1/22	202	2/23	2023	3/24	2024/25
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2022
R billion/percentage of GDP	Budget						
Gross domestic product	5 911.3	6 251.5	6 258.2	6 441.3	6 623.6	6 805.3	7 233.7
Real GDP growth	5.4%	6.0%	1.9%	1.9%	1.6%	1.7%	1.8%
GDP inflation	3.2%	5.9%	3.9%	1.1%	4.1%	3.9%	4.5%
National budget framework							
Revenue	1 351.7	1 549.1	1 453.7	1 588.0	1 522.0	1 660.2	1 774.2
Percentage of GDP	22.9%	24.8%	23.2%	24.7%	23.0%	24.4%	24.5%
Expenditure	1 834.3	1 896.0	1 870.8	1 975.3	1 911.0	1 992.0	2 096.6
Percentage of GDP	31.0%	30.3%	29.9%	30.7%	28.9%	29.3%	29.0%
Main budget balance ¹	-482.6	-346.9	-417.2	-387.2	-389.0	-331.8	-322.4
Percentage of GDP	-8.2%	-5.5%	-6.7%	-6.0%	-5.9%	-4.9%	-4.5%

^{1.} A positive number reflects a surplus and a negative number a deficit

Source: National Treasury

Table W1.2 sets out the division of revenue for the 2022 MTEF period after accounting for new policy priorities.

Table W1.2 Division of nationally raised revenue

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
		Outcome		Revised	Mediu	ım-term esti	mates
R million				estimate			
Division of available funds							
National departments	634 314	749 775	790 495	831 142	824 712	770 910	805 662
of which:							
Indirect transfers to provinces	3 882	2 927	3 056	3 954	4 612	4 550	4 015
Indirect transfers to local	6 337	5 565	4 100	4 903	8 055	8 481	8 862
government							
Provinces	571 954	613 450	628 807	661 196	682 539	667 310	690 157
Equitable share	470 287	505 554	520 717	544 835	560 757	543 149	562 018
Conditional grants	101 667	107 896	108 090	116 361	121 782	124 161	128 138
Local government	118 488	122 986	137 098	135 310	150 630	160 514	170 147
Equitable share	60 758	65 627	83 102	75 724	87 311	94 087	101 486
Conditional grants	45 262	44 191	39 969	44 969	47 983	50 994	52 534
General fuel levy sharing with	12 469	13 167	14 027	14 617	15 335	15 433	16 127
metros							
Provisional allocation	-	_	_	_	5 569	28 295	32 078
not assigned to votes ¹							
Non-interest allocations	1 324 756	1 486 211	1 556 400	1 627 648	1 663 450	1 627 028	1 698 044
Percentage increase	6.6%	12.2%	4.7%	4.6%	2.2%	-2.2%	4.4%
Debt-service costs	181 849	204 769	232 596	268 306	301 806	334 979	363 515
Contingency reserve	_	_	_	_	10 000	5 000	5 000
Unallocated reserve	_	_	_	_	_	25 000	30 000
Main budget expenditure	1 506 605	1 690 980	1 788 996	1 895 954	1 975 257	1 992 007	2 096 559
Percentage increase	7.2%	12.2%	5.8%	6.0%	4.2%	0.8%	5.2%
Percentage shares							
National departments	47.9%	50.4%	50.8%	51.1%	49.7%	48.2%	48.4%
Provinces	43.2%	41.3%	40.4%	40.6%	41.2%	41.7%	41.4%
Local government	8.9%	8.3%	8.8%	8.3%	9.1%	10.0%	10.2%

^{1.} Support to Eskom, amounts for Budget Facility for Infrastructure projects and other provisional allocations

Source: National Treasury

Table W1.3 shows how changes to the baseline are spread across government. The new focus areas are accommodated by small increases in non-interest spending.

Table W1.3 Changes over baseline

R million	2022/23	2023/24
National departments	88 426	31 921
Provinces	39 195	20 486
Local government	4 532	12 091
Allocated expenditure	132 153	64 498

Source: National Treasury

Table W1.4 sets out schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill, which reflects the legal division of revenue between national, provincial and local government. In this division, the national share includes all conditional grants to provinces and local government in line with section 214(1) of the Constitution, and the allocations for each sphere reflect equitable shares only.

Table W1.4 Schedule 1 of the Division of Revenue Bill

	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
R million	Allocation	Forward	estimates
National ¹	1 327 188	1 354 771	1 433 054
Provincial	560 757	543 149	562 018
Local	87 311	94 087	101 486
Total	1 975 257	1 992 007	2 096 559

National share includes conditional grants to provinces and local government, general fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, debt-service costs, the contingency reserve and provisional allocations

Source: National Treasury

The 2022 *Budget Review* sets out in detail how constitutional considerations and government's priorities are taken into account in the division of revenue. It describes economic and fiscal policy considerations, revenue issues, debt and financing considerations, and expenditure plans. Chapter 6 focuses on provincial and local government financing.

Part 3: Response to the FFC's recommendations

Section 9 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act requires the FFC to make recommendations regarding:

- a) "An equitable division of revenue raised nationally, among the national, provincial and local spheres of government;
- b) the determination of each province's equitable share in the provincial share of that revenue; and
- c) any other allocations to provinces, local government or municipalities from the national government's share of that revenue, and any conditions on which those allocations should be made."

The Act requires that the FFC table these recommendations at least 10 months before the start of each financial year. The FFC tabled its *Submission for the Division of Revenue 2022/23* to Parliament in May 2021. The 2022/23 recommendations cover the following areas: countering the economic and fiscal impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic; measuring the effectiveness of government expenditure; impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the local economy; addressing gender inequality through gender budgeting in the public sector; existing social grant system; food security during the COVID-19 pandemic; water and sanitation access, distribution efficiencies and tariff setting; role of intergovernmental oversight and support in avoiding a section 139 intervention; and improving the delivery of infrastructure projects through effective leadership.

Section 214 of the Constitution requires that the FFC's recommendations be considered before tabling the division of revenue. Section 10 of the Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act requires that the Minister of Finance table a Division of Revenue Bill with the annual budget in the National Assembly. The bill must be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum setting out how government has taken into account the FFC's

recommendations when determining the division of revenue. This part of the explanatory memorandum complies with this requirement.

The FFC's recommendations can be divided into three categories:

- Recommendations that apply directly to the division of revenue
- Recommendations that indirectly apply to issues related to the division of revenue
- Recommendations that do not relate to the division of revenue.

Government's responses to the first and second categories are provided below. Recommendations that do not relate to the division of revenue are normally referred to the officials to whom they were addressed, who are requested to respond directly to the FFC. However, for this cycle of recommendations, the FFC frustrated the process to allow for the referral of the recommendations so recommendations were not referred. All the FFC recommendations can be accessed at www.ffc.co.za.

Recommendations that apply directly and indirectly to the division of revenue

Chapter 2: Measuring the Macroeconomic and Fiscal Impacts of COVID-19 in South Africa

Supporting local demand and localised products

The FFC recommends the following: "The 2022/23 Division of Revenue should, in promoting economic growth, be more specific in supporting local demand and localised product procurement in order to support value chains, as endorsed by the President in the State of the Nation Address (SONA) towards economic transformation and development. The Minister of Finance should explore the use of the budget as an instrument to incentivise localised product procurement. The Commission, in its 2021/22 Annual Submission for the Division of Revenue (Chapter 3, Recommendation 2), also recommended the concept of a localised product value chain approach towards growth. This was further agreed to in the 2021 W1 Annexure: Explanatory Memorandum to the Division of Revenue."

Government response

The Minister of Finance, within the available legislative mandate, has ensured that promotion of local products through procurement is provided for. Section 217 of the Constitution provides for organs of state to implement a procurement policy providing for categories of preference in the allocation of contracts when contracting for goods and services. However, it requires that national legislation prescribe a framework within which the preferential procurement policy must be implemented. To effect this requirement, the Minister of Finance issued the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (2000) to ensure that procurement is utilised as lever to address broader government socioeconomic objectives. Regulation 8 of the Preferential Procurement Regulations of 2017 makes provision to address local production and content. Furthermore, the objective of the Public Procurement Bill is to ensure that the state uses procurement to promote local production. In addition, chapter 4 of the bill makes provision for preference measures to set aside the allocation of contracts to promote locally manufactured goods.

Chapter 4: The Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on the Local Economy

Supporting municipalities to embrace e-government (digitalisation)

The FFC recommends the following: "National Treasury, through the Municipal Systems Improvement Grant (MSIG), should support municipalities to embrace e-government (digitalisation) and diversify their revenue mix as part of building the financial resilience of local government."

Government response

The Department of Cooperative Governance is responsible for the grant and setting its conditions.

Chapter 7: COVID-19 and Food Security

Continuation of school feeding programme during COVID-19

The FFC recommends the following: "The Minister of Finance, in the Division of Revenue, should continue supporting the Department of Basic Education (DBE) in school-feeding programmes during COVID-19."

Government response

The Division of Revenue Bill provides an allocation and a grant framework for the *national school nutrition programme grant*.

Chapter 9: The Role of Intergovernmental Oversight and Support in Avoiding a Section 139 Intervention

Allocation and review of capacity-building grants

The FFC recommends the following: "As part of National Treasury's review of capacity-building grants, financial support to build capacity and institutional systems (such as the Finance Management Grant and the Municipal Systems Improvement Grant):

- i. should be disproportionately directed at lesser-resourced, poorer and more rural municipalities;
- ii. should make every effort to ensure that capacity-building efforts are comprehensively consulted with and agreed to with a municipality;
- iii. should either link capacity-building efforts to a municipality-specific diagnosis of capacity challenges or deficits, or be specifically aimed at addressing challenges picked up through intergovernmental monitoring; and
- iv. should consider the consolidation of all capacity-building grants into one financial flow that is specifically linked to overall intergovernmental 'support' of municipalities. This will assist in the administrative and reporting burden placed on both grant administrating departments and receiving municipalities, and will further assist in streamlining the overall conditional grant framework."

Government response

Government notes the recommendations, which to a large extent, echo the findings that emerged from the diagnostic review of capacity-building initiatives. Work is being undertaken to implement the review findings; however, it should be highlighted that to ensure their effectiveness, the recommendations emanating from the Diagnostic Review need to be phased in.

Monitoring and reporting

The FFC recommends the following: "Given that the current monitoring and support framework is applied uniformly across local government, government should reconsider its current approach to explore the principle of a differentiated method to municipalities when it comes to financial and non-financial reporting requirements, overall monitoring and support."

Government response

Reporting in general falls outside the scope of the Division of Revenue. Reporting on conditional grants, which is an issue for the Division of Revenue Act, cannot be done outside the overall reporting norms and standards.

Chapter 10: Leadership, Management and Governance for Sustainable Public Service Delivery

Compliance with legislation

The FFC recommends the following: "The Minister of Finance, in the Division of Revenue, should ensure that commitment to compliance with legislation and policy frameworks is formalised with all participants in an infrastructure project prior to the commencement of the project, with financial consequences for compliance failures clearly set out. This will ensure that policies and clear regulatory frameworks are in place to avoid judiciary involvement and pronouncing on what should be done on policy matters that could have been easily resolved through policy and legislation."

Government response

Each grant framework clearly articulates the roles and responsibilities of the different role players. Moreover, sections 17 to 19 of the 2021 Division of Revenue Act outline the financial consequences of withholding, stopping and reallocations.

Part 4: Provincial allocations

Provincial government receives two forms of allocations from nationally raised revenue, the equitable share and conditional grants. Sections 214 and 227 of the Constitution require that an equitable share of nationally raised revenue be allocated to provincial government to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions. The equitable share is an unconditional transfer to provinces and constitutes their main source of revenue. Due to their limited revenue-raising abilities, provinces receive 41.4 per cent of nationally raised revenue over the medium term. In addition, they receive conditional grants to help them fulfil their mandates. Transfers to provinces account for over 95 per cent of provincial revenue.

This section outlines national transfers to provinces for the 2022 MTEF period announced in the 2021 MTBPS and changes that were effected after it was tabled, both to the equitable share and conditional grants. Having taken the revisions to the provincial fiscal framework into account, national transfers to provinces increase from R661 billion in 2021/22 to R682.5 billion in 2022/23. Over the MTEF period, provincial transfers will grow at an average annual rate of 1.4 per cent to R690.2 billion in 2024/25. Table W1.5 sets out the transfers to provinces for 2022/23. A total of R560.8 billion is allocated to the provincial equitable share and R121.8 billion to conditional grants, which includes an unallocated amount of R471 million for the *provincial disaster response grant* and the *provincial emergency housing grant*.

Table W1.5 Total transfers to provinces, 2022/23

	Equitable	Conditional	Total
R million	share	grants	transfers
Eastern Cape	72 231	13 850	86 081
Free State	31 107	8 737	39 845
Gauteng	120 042	26 503	146 545
KwaZulu-Natal	114 509	25 041	139 551
Limpopo	64 056	10 741	74 796
Mpumalanga	45 962	9 060	55 022
Northern Cape	14 942	4 795	19 737
North West	39 540	8 568	48 108
Western Cape	58 367	14 016	72 383
Unallocated		471	471
Total	560 757	121 782	682 539

Source: National Treasury

The provincial fiscal framework takes account of the different pressures facing each province and allocates larger per capita allocations to poorer provinces, and provinces with smaller populations.

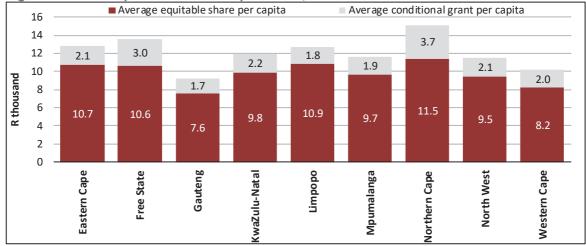


Figure W1.1 Per capita allocations to provinces, 2022/23

Source: National Treasury

Changes to provincial allocations

Funds have been added to provincial transfers to allow provinces to cover the cost of the non-pensionable cash gratuity to public-service employees resulting from the 2021 wage agreement. As mentioned in the 2021 MTBPS, R20.5 billion has been set aside in 2022/23 as a preliminary carry-through allocation for national and provincial departments to continue the payment of the once-off cash gratuity if no new wage agreement is reached in 2022. Of this amount, R14.7 billion has been allocated to provinces, with R13.9 billion added to the provincial equitable share and R809 million added to several provincial conditional grants that cover compensation of employees.

Additional funding was added to the provincial equitable share over the next three years after the tabling of the 2021 MTBPS. This includes R24.6 billion to support provincial education departments in addressing educator numbers and other shortfalls within the sector (R9 billion in 2022/23, R7.6 billion in 2023/24 and R8 billion in 2024/25). A further R12.7 billion (made up of R6.2 billion in 2022/23 and R6.5 billion in 2023/24) is added for the provincial education departments to continue hiring assistants in schools as part of the presidential employment initiative. An amount of R15.6 billion is added for provincial departments of health to continue to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic and to reduce the impact of budget reductions on essential medical goods and services (R7.4 billion in 2022/23, R3.4 billion in 2023/24 and R4.7 billion in 2024/25). For the social sector, R988 million has been added to fund non-profit organisations that are already contracted by the provincial departments of social development, with R204 million in 2022/23, R358 million in 2023/24 and R426 million in 2024/25.

Additions to provincial conditional grants over the MTEF period made after the 2021 MTBPS include R3.3 billion added to the *human resources and training grant* to address the funding shortfall for medical interns and community service doctors; R1 billion is added in 2022/23 to the COVID-19 component of the *district health programmes grant* to fund the continuation of the COVID-19 vaccine rollout by provinces; and R2.1 billion is added over the next two years for repairing infrastructure damaged by floods and storms in KwaZulu-Natal in 2019 and 2020. This disaster funding is added to the *human settlements development grant* for repairs of houses, the *education infrastructure grant* for repairs of schools and the *provincial roads maintenance grant* for repairs of provincial roads.

Other changes include reprioritisation of funds and reductions, mainly in conditional grants. To address a funding shortfall for medical internship and community services posts in provinces over the 2022 MTEF period, R745 million has been reprioritised to the *human resource and training grant*. This funding is made available by reprioritising R345 million from the *health facility revitalisation grant* and R400 million from the *national health insurance indirect grant* over the 2022 MTEF period. In addition, R1.7 billion has been reduced from the *provincial roads maintenance grant* in 2022/23. These funds were set aside in the baseline of the conditional grant in the 2021 MTEF as an incentive portion that is allocated to provinces based on their performance within the grant. For 2022/23, the incentive portion will not be allocated to the provinces as the process of developing clear and objective criteria by the sector is being finalised.

Changes have also been made to conditional grants to accommodate structural changes and function shifts. The *HIV*, *TB*, *malaria and community outreach grant* will be renamed the *district health programmes grant*. It will still be used for the same purpose, but the number of components within the grant will be reduced to two. The mental health services component and oncology services component of the previous grant will be shifted to the *national health insurance grant*.

In the social development sector, the early childhood development programme will be transferred to the education sector from April 2022. As a result, the *early childhood development grant* will be moved from the Department of Social Development to the Department of Basic Education. The name of the *provincial disaster relief grant* will be amended to the *provincial disaster response grant*. The proposed name change does not change the main objective of the grant; it merely aligns the existing actions and processes that are followed by the National Disaster Management Centre in responding to disasters, including providing relief where it is needed. Further details on all these changes are provided in the conditional grants section.

Table W1.6 provides a summary of the changes to the provincial allocations.

Table W1.6 Revisions to direct and indirect transfers to provincial government

R million	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	MTEF total
Technical adjustments	_	_	-	_
Direct transfers	332	332	332	996
District health programmes	-219	-224	-234	-676
Health facility revitalisation	-115	-115	-115	-345
Human resources and training	248	248	248	745
National health insurance	418	423	433	1 273
Indirect transfers	-332	-332	-332	-996
National health insurance indirect	-332	-332	-332	-996
Additions to baselines	40 603	20 174	14 066	74 842
Direct transfers	40 603	20 174	14 066	74 842
Provincial equitable share	36 669	17 845	13 124	67 638
Comprehensive agricultural support programme	7	_	-	7
Early childhood development	1	_	-	1
Education infrastructure	155	326	-	480
HIV and AIDS (life skills education)	1	_	-	1
Learners with profound intellectual disabilities	6	_	-	6
Maths, science and technology	0.3	_	-	0.3
National school nutrition programme	4	_	-	4
District health programme	1 331	_	_	1 331
Health facility revitalisation	9	_	-	9
Human resources and training	1 202	1 234	942	3 378
National health insurance	4	_	_	4
National tertiary services	306	_	_	306
Human settlements development	398	475	_	873
Community library services	19	_	_	19
Mass participation and sport development	2	_	-	2
Provincial roads maintenance	490	294	-	784
Indirect transfers	0.3	-	-	0
School infrastructure backlogs	0.3	_	_	0
Reduction to baselines	-1 740	-20	-30	-1 790
Direct transfers	-1 740	-20	-30	-1 790
Provincial roads maintenance	-1 740	-20	-30	-1 790
Total change to provincial government allocations				_
Change to direct transfers	39 195	20 486	14 368	74 049
Change to indirect transfers	-332	-332	-332	-996
Net change to provincial government allocations	38 864	20 154	14 036	73 053

Source: National Treasury

After accounting for these changes, the provincial equitable share grows at an average annual rate of 1 per cent over the MTEF period, while direct conditional grant allocations grow at an average annual rate of 3.3 per cent.

The provincial equitable share

The equitable share is the main source of revenue through which provinces are able to meet their expenditure responsibilities. To ensure that allocations are fair, the equitable share is allocated through a formula using objective data to reflect the demand for services across all nine provinces. For each year of the 2022 MTEF period, the following amounts are allocated to the provincial equitable share respectively: R560.8 billion, R543.1 billion and R562 billion.

The equitable share formula

The equitable share formula consists of six components that account for the relative demand of services and take into consideration the change of demographics in each of the provinces. The structure of the two largest components, education and health, is based on the demand and the need for education and health services. The other four components enable provinces to perform their other functions, taking into consideration population size of each province, the proportion of poor residents in each province, the level of economic activity and the costs associated with running a provincial administration.

In addition to the annual data updates that are made to the provincial equitable share formula components, changes are being made to the components as part of the most recent review of the formula. The review, which started at the end of 2016, is being carried out in a phased manner. The changes to enrolment data and mid-year population estimates for the education component have been fully phased in. The most recent phase of the review involves updating the health component with a newly designed risk-adjusted index to inform the risk profile of each province. These changes, which will be phased in over the 2022 MTEF period, are explained under the health component section below.

For the 2022 MTEF the rest of the formula has been updated with data from Statistics South Africa's 2021 mid-year population estimates on population and age cohorts and the 2021 preliminary data published by the Department of Basic Education on school enrolment from the Learner Unit Record Information Tracking System (LURITS) database. Data from the health sector for 2018/19 and 2019/20 that was used in the 2021 MTEF and the 2019 General Household Survey for medical aid coverage is also used to update the formula. At the time of determining the equitable share for each province, the 2020 General Household Survey was not published, so data from the 2019 General Household Survey was used instead. The most recent health sector data that was submitted by the Department of Health for 2020/21 shows a significant decline in the use of healthcare facilities (attributed to the COVID-19 pandemic) as well as a lack of reporting for some of the facilities. As a result, the data for 2018/19 and 2019/20 is used for the output sub-component as it better captures the use of the health facilities for the different provinces.

Both the changes that have been made as a result of the review of the formula and the annual data updates were discussed in meetings held with the Technical Committee for Finance and the Budget Council, and endorsed by Cabinet. The changes in the allocations tend to mirror shifts in population across provinces, which result in changes in the relative demand for public services across these areas. The impact of these data updates on the provincial equitable shares will be phased in over three years (2022/23–2024/25).

The provincial equitable share formula continues to be reviewed. Further details of this review are discussed in Part 6.

Summary of the formula's structure

The formula's six components, shown in Table W1.7, capture the relative demand for services across provinces and take into account specific provincial circumstances. The components are neither indicative budgets nor guidelines as to how much should be spent on functions. Rather, the education and health components are weighted broadly in line with historical expenditure patterns to indicate relative need. Provincial executive councils determine the departmental allocations for each function, taking into account the priorities that underpin the division of revenue.

For the 2022 Budget, the formula components are set out as follows:

- An *education component* (48 per cent), based on the size of the school-age population (ages five to 17) and the number of learners (Grades R to 12) enrolled in public ordinary schools.
- A health component (27 per cent), based on each province's risk profile and health system caseload.
- A basic component (16 per cent), derived from each province's share of the national population.
- An *institutional component* (5 per cent), divided equally between the provinces.
- A *poverty component* (3 per cent), based on income data. This component reinforces the redistributive bias of the formula.
- An *economic activity component* (1 per cent), based on regional gross domestic product (GDP-R, measured by Statistics South Africa).

Table W1.7 Distributing the equitable shares by province, 2022 MTEF

	Education	Health	Basic share	Poverty	Economic activity	Institu- tional	Weighted average
	48.0%	27.0%	16.0%	3.0%	1.0%	5.0%	100.0%
Eastern Cape	13.5%	12.7%	11.2%	14.6%	7.6%	11.1%	12.8%
Free State	5.2%	5.5%	4.9%	5.1%	5.0%	11.1%	5.5%
Gauteng	20.0%	23.1%	26.2%	19.0%	34.5%	11.1%	21.5%
KwaZulu-Natal	21.5%	20.7%	19.3%	22.0%	15.9%	11.1%	20.4%
Limpopo	12.6%	10.3%	9.8%	13.0%	7.4%	11.1%	11.4%
Mpumalanga	8.3%	7.6%	7.9%	9.3%	7.5%	11.1%	8.2%
Northern Cape	2.2%	2.1%	2.2%	2.2%	2.0%	11.1%	2.6%
North West	6.8%	6.8%	6.9%	8.3%	6.5%	11.1%	7.1%
Western Cape	9.8%	11.2%	11.8%	6.5%	13.6%	11.1%	10.5%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: National Treasury

Education component (48 per cent)

The education component has two sub-components, accounting for school-age population (five to 17 years) and enrolment data. Each element is assigned a weight of 50 per cent.

The school-age population data is updated using the 2021 mid-year population estimates data obtained from Statistics South Africa. The enrolment data is obtained from the Department of Basic Education's LURITS system, with the most recent data collected in 2021. These subcomponents are used to calculate a weighted share for the education component for each of the provinces. Table W1.8 shows the combined effect of updating the education component with new enrolment and age cohort data on the education component shares.

Table W1.8 Impact of changes in school enrolment on the education component share

	Age	School	enrolment	Changes in	Weight	ed average	Difference
	5-17	2020	2021	enrolment	2021 MTEF	2022 MTEF	in
				data			weighted
Thousand							average
Eastern Cape	1 920	1 841	1 846	5	13.6%	13.5%	-0.11%
Free State	726	718	725	7	5.3%	5.2%	-0.04%
Gauteng	3 033	2 500	2 558	58	19.9%	20.1%	0.15%
KwaZulu-Natal	3 090	2 864	2 891	27	21.5%	21.5%	-0.02%
Limpopo	1 703	1 758	1 798	40	12.5%	12.6%	0.04%
Mpumalanga	1 179	1 107	1 134	27	8.3%	8.3%	0.02%
Northern Cape	320	303	304	1	2.3%	2.2%	-0.02%
North West	1 019	863	872	10	6.8%	6.8%	-0.01%
Western Cape	1 468	1 240	1 262	22	9.8%	9.8%	0.00%
Total	14 459	13 195	13 390	195	100.0%	100.0%	_

Health component (27 per cent)

For the 2022 MTEF, changes will be made to the health component based on the review of the provincial equitable share formula. Currently, the health component uses a risk-adjusted sub-component and an output component to estimate each province's share of the health component.

The risk-adjusted sub-component estimates a weighted population in each province using the risk-adjusted index. The risk-adjusted index, which is an index of each province's health risk profile, is applied to the uninsured population to estimate the weighted population. This index was introduced into the health component in a previous review of the formula in 2010 and has not been updated since. Data on the consumption of healthcare services, disaggregated by age and gender, was used to estimate the relative cost of the healthcare needs of the population for each province. For the purpose of the health component, the risk-adjusted index also accounted for the burden of delivering healthcare services to population living with HIV and maternity.

Extensive technical work has been carried out to redesign the risk-adjusted index. The first part of the technical work entailed a literature review to understand the variables that are suitable for the risk-adjusted index, followed by identifying data sources that would be required to estimate these variables.

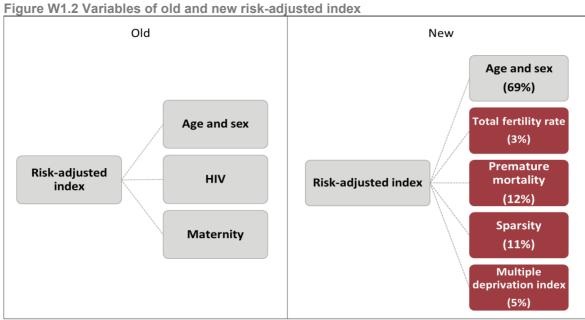
The approach to selecting the variables was guided by the principles that the variables would need to be evidence based, represent material differences in healthcare needs between provinces, and use data that is easily updateable and that had to be drawn from official statistics. In the event that there was no official statistics to provide the data, the health sector had to endorse using alternative data sources. Details on each of the newly selected variables are provided below:

- Age and sex: Age and sex are used to inform both the old and the new risk-adjusted index. The variable measures the relative cost of providing healthcare services for the uninsured population, by age and sex. Members of the population of a different sex and at different stages of life have different healthcare needs. Children tend to incur higher healthcare costs in their first year of life compared to subsequent years and the elderly have higher healthcare costs than younger people. The relative cost is calculated by determining the relative resource requirements associated with each combination of sex and age band. To achieve this, the Government Employees Medical Scheme data on claims from 2018 was used to determine this relative cost of a particular age and sex band as equivalent data on resource use by age and sex is not available in the public sector. The population data, disaggregated by age and sex, was obtained from the mid-year population estimates, and the general household survey data was used to separate out the uninsured population.
- *Total fertility rate:* The previous risk-adjusted index took into consideration maternity, that is, the additional burden of providing healthcare services to pregnant women. The current risk-adjusted index continues to do so, but uses the total fertility rate. It is an important factor to adjust for, given the significant amount of healthcare resources that are dedicated to focus on maternal and child health. Total

fertility rate takes this a step further as it accounts for the number of times a woman is expected to give birth in her lifetime. The total fertility rate for each province is obtained from Statistics South Africa.

- Premature mortality: The current risk-adjusted index does not account for any other burden of disease beyond HIV. Premature mortality is used as a proxy to measure the burden of disease in each of the provinces. A higher premature mortality implies a higher rate of disease burden and therefore a higher need for healthcare services. The causes of death include HIV, heart disease and road traffic accidents. The premature mortality is defined as deaths occurring before a person reaches the age of 65 in order to account for a shorter life expectancy and a higher disease burden. The provincial mortality data from Statistics South Africa was used to calculate the premature mortality variable for each province.
- Sparsity: The population sparsity in an area is used to account for the additional costs of delivering healthcare in areas with low population density. This has an impact on the demand for health services in areas that are geographically remote as there are fewer people using healthcare services due to the limited access, mainly owing to limited transport infrastructure. This makes the per capita costs of delivering services in such areas higher than in areas of high usage. Statistics South Africa data was used to measure the population density at municipal level. The municipalities were ranked from the least densely populated to the most densely populated and divided into quintiles, with each quintile containing 20 per cent of the country's population. Each province's population distribution across the quintiles was then used to determine the sparsity variable for each of province.
- Multiple deprivation index: The new risk-adjusted index also captures the differences in the social determinants of health between provinces that have a bearing on population health through a multiple deprivation index. The level of deprivation for each of the provinces is captured by considering the highest level of education, the state of the living environment and a measure for the poor population based on the ownership of various assets or household goods. A combination of these factors was then used to construct a multiple deprivation index for each of the provinces, with data obtained from the 2016 Community Survey.

These five variables were assigned different weights, adding up to 100 per cent. These weights were used to arrive at a final risk-adjusted index for each of the provinces. Figure W1.2 provides a summary of both the variables that were used to inform the current risk-adjusted index, and the variables that were selected to inform the redesigned risk-adjusted index and the weights that were assigned to the variables in the new index. HIV has been removed as a standalone variable and is accounted for in the age and sex variable and premature mortality.



Source: National Treasury

All the data used for the variables is easily updatable, but will be updated at different intervals. The age and sex, sparsity and multiple deprivation index variables will be updated periodically as these variables do not change significantly from year to year. The data on the total fertility rate and premature mortality will form part of the annual technical data updates that are made to the health components. Table W1.9 shows the changes between the old and the new risk-adjusted index. These changes will be phased in over the next three years to give provinces time to adapt to the changes in their equitable share resulting from the changes in the risk-adjusted index. A third of the changes will be implemented in 2022/23, two-thirds in 2023/24 and 100 per cent of the changes will be implemented in 2024/25.

Table W1.9 Changes to the risk-adjusted index

	Risk	-adjusted shar	es	Risk-adjusted index (with one- third of the
	Old	New	Difference	changes)
Eastern Cape	97%	119%	22.0%	104%
Free State	103%	112%	9.0%	106%
Gauteng	105%	87%	-18.0%	99%
KwaZulu-Natal	99%	102%	3.0%	100%
Limpopo	92%	114%	22.0%	99%
Mpumalanga	96%	105%	9.0%	99%
Northern Cape	101%	116%	15.0%	106%
North West	102%	110%	8.0%	105%
Western Cape	104%	90%	-14.0%	99%

Source: National Treasury

The resulting risk-adjusted index is applied to the uninsured population. The percentage of the population with medical insurance, based on the 2019 General Household Survey, is deducted from the 2020 mid-year population estimates to estimate the uninsured population per province. The column on the right in Table W1.10 shows the change in this sub-component between 2021 and 2022.

Table W1.10 Risk-adjusted sub-component shares

	Mid-year population estimates ¹	Insured population	Risk-adjusted index (with one- third of the	Weighted population	Risk-adjus	ted shares	Change
Thousand	2021	2019	changes)		2021 MTEF	2022 MTEF	
Eastern Cape	6 726	10.8%	104.1%	6 245	11.8%	12.4%	0.65%
Free State	2 936	14.7%	106.2%	2 661	5.1%	5.3%	0.21%
Gauteng	15 801	24.9%	99.1%	11 763	24.9%	23.4%	-1.52%
KwaZulu-Natal	11 643	13.1%	100.1%	10 123	20.0%	20.1%	0.10%
Limpopo	5 880	9.9%	99.1%	5 248	9.9%	10.4%	0.57%
Mpumalanga	4 738	12.6%	98.7%	4 087	7.9%	8.1%	0.28%
Northern Cape	1 305	19.3%	105.7%	1 113	2.2%	2.2%	0.02%
North West	4 164	16.3%	104.8%	3 651	7.3%	7.3%	-0.02%
Western Cape	7 113	24.1%	99.3%	5 358	11.0%	10.7%	-0.29%
Total	60 305	0.0%	-	50 250	100.0%	100.0%	-

^{1.} The population estimates were informed by a data set that StatsSA shared with National Treasury on population, used to inform the mid-year population estimates, and not the data from the 2021 mid-year population estimates publication. This data is used in different components of the formula Source: National Treasury

The output sub-component (shown in Table W1.11) uses patient load data from the District Health Information Services. The average number of visits to primary healthcare clinics in 2018/19 and 2019/20 is calculated to estimate each province's share of this part of the output component, which makes up 5 per cent of the health component. As mentioned above, this data was used in the 2021 MTEF and is used for the 2022

MTEF due to the decline in use of healthcare facilities and the lack of reporting for some facilities as seen in the 2021/22 data due to the COVID-19 pandemic. For hospitals, each province's share of the total patient-day equivalents at public hospitals in 2018/19 and 2019/20 is used to estimate their share of this part of the output sub-component, making up 20 per cent of the health component. In total, the output component is 25 per cent of the health component.

Table W1.11 Output sub-component shares

	Primary healthcare				Hospital workload				
	visits					patient-day equivalents			
Thousand	2019/20	2020/21	Average	Share	2019/20	2020/21	Average	Share	
Eastern Cape	16 606	16 423	16 514	13.8%	4 388	4 296	4 342	13.3%	
Free State	5 299	5 386	5 343	4.5%	2 126	2 171	2 148	6.6%	
Gauteng	20 905	21 320	21 113	17.7%	7 467	7 649	7 558	23.2%	
KwaZulu-Natal	28 525	28 365	28 445	23.8%	7 143	7 106	7 125	21.9%	
Limpopo	14 336	14 344	14 340	12.0%	3 010	3 012	3 011	9.2%	
Mpumalanga	9 253	9 225	9 239	7.7%	1 898	1 871	1 884	5.8%	
Northern Cape	2 719	2 730	2 724	2.3%	573	586	580	1.8%	
North West	7 446	7 708	7 577	6.3%	1 610	1 678	1 644	5.0%	
Western Cape	14 083	14 357	14 220	11.9%	4 297	4 236	4 267	13.1%	
Total	119 173	119 859	119 516	100.0%	32 512	32 605	32 559	100.0%	

Source: National Treasury

These methods work together to balance needs (risk-adjusted component) and demands (output component). Table W1.12 presents the health component in three parts, with the updated shares of the risk-adjusted component, which accounts for 75 per cent of the health component, and the output component, which accounts for 25 per cent of the health component.

Table W1.12 Health component weighted shares

	Risk-adjusted	Primary	Hospital	Weigh	Change	
		healthcare	component			
Weight	75.0%	5.0%	20.0%	2021 MTEF	2022 MTEF	
Eastern Cape	12.4%	13.8%	13.3%	12.2%	12.7%	0.49%
Free State	5.3%	4.5%	6.6%	5.4%	5.5%	0.16%
Gauteng	23.4%	17.7%	23.2%	24.2%	23.1%	-1.14%
KwaZulu-Natal	20.1%	23.8%	21.9%	20.6%	20.7%	0.08%
Limpopo	10.4%	12.0%	9.2%	9.9%	10.3%	0.42%
Mpumalanga	8.1%	7.7%	5.8%	7.4%	7.6%	0.21%
Northern Cape	2.2%	2.3%	1.8%	2.1%	2.1%	0.02%
North West	7.3%	6.3%	5.0%	6.8%	6.8%	-0.02%
Western Cape	10.7%	11.9%	13.1%	11.4%	11.2%	-0.22%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	-

Source: National Treasury

Basic component (16 per cent)

The basic component is derived from each province's share of the national population. This component constitutes 16 per cent of the total equitable share. For the 2022 MTEF, population data is drawn from the 2021 mid-year population estimates produced by Statistics South Africa. Table W1.13 shows how population changes have affected the basic component's revised weighted shares.

Table W1.13 Impact of the changes in population on the basic component shares

	Mid-year	Mid-year population		% population	Basic component		Change
	estimates ¹		change	change	shar	es	
Thousand	2020	2021			2021 MTEF	2022 MTEF	
Eastern Cape	6 734	6 726	-8	-0.1%	11.3%	11.2%	-0.14%
Free State	2 929	2 936	7	0.2%	4.9%	4.9%	-0.04%
Gauteng	15 488	15 801	312	2.0%	26.0%	26.2%	0.22%
KwaZulu-Natal	11 532	11 643	112	1.0%	19.3%	19.3%	-0.03%
Limpopo	5 853	5 880	28	0.5%	9.8%	9.8%	-0.07%
Mpumalanga	4 680	4 738	58	1.2%	7.8%	7.9%	0.01%
Northern Cape	1 293	1 305	12	0.9%	2.2%	2.2%	-0.01%
North West	4 109	4 164	55	1.3%	6.9%	6.9%	0.01%
Western Cape	7 006	7 113	107	1.5%	11.8%	11.8%	0.05%
Total	59 622	60 305	683	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	_

^{1.} The population estimates were informed by a data set that StatsSA shared with National Treasury on population, used to inform the mid-year population estimates, and not the data from the 2021 mid-year population estimates publication. This data is used in different components of the formula

Institutional component (5 per cent)

The institutional component recognises that some costs associated with running a provincial government and providing services are not directly related to the size of a province's population or factors included in other components. It is therefore distributed equally between provinces, constituting 5 per cent of the total equitable share, of which each province receives 11.1 per cent. This component benefits provinces with smaller populations, especially the Northern Cape, the Free State and the North West, because the allocation per person for these provinces is much higher in this component.

Poverty component (3 per cent)

The poverty component introduces a redistributive element to the formula and is assigned a weight of 3 per cent. For this component, the poor population is defined as people who fall into the lowest 40 per cent of household incomes in the 2010/11 Income and Expenditure Survey. The estimated size of the poor population in each province is calculated by multiplying the proportion of people in that province who fall into the poorest 40 per cent of South African households by the province's population figure from the 2021 mid-year population estimates. Table W1.14 shows the proportion of the poor in each province from the Income and Expenditure Survey, the 2021 mid-year population estimates and the weighted share of the poverty component per province.

Table W1.14 Comparison of current and new poverty component weighted shares

	Income		2021 MTEF			2022 MTEF		Difference
	and	Mid-year	Poor	Weighted	Mid-year	Poor	Weighted	in weighted
	Expendi-	population	popula-	shares	population	popula-	shares	shares
	ture	estimates	tion		estimates	tion		
	Survey	2020 ¹			2021 ¹			
Thousand	2011/12							
Eastern Cape	52.0%	6 734	3 504	14.8%	6 726	3 499	14.6%	-0.2%
Free State	41.4%	2 929	1 212	5.1%	2 936	1 215	5.1%	-0.0%
Gauteng	28.9%	15 488	4 471	18.8%	15 801	4 562	19.0%	0.2%
KwaZulu-Natal	45.3%	11 532	5 225	22.0%	11 643	5 275	22.0%	-0.0%
Limpopo	52.9%	5 853	3 094	13.0%	5 880	3 108	13.0%	-0.1%
Mpumalanga	47.3%	4 680	2 211	9.3%	4 738	2 239	9.3%	0.0%
Northern Cape	40.8%	1 293	527	2.2%	1 305	532	2.2%	-0.0%
North West	47.9%	4 109	1 968	8.3%	4 164	1 994	8.3%	0.0%
Western Cape	21.9%	7 006	1 532	6.5%	7 113	1 555	6.5%	0.0%
Total		59 622	23 744	100.0%	60 305	23 980	100.0%	-

^{1.} The population estimates were informed by a data set that StatsSA shared with National Treasury on population, used to inform the mid-year population estimates, and not the data from the 2021 mid-year population estimates publication. This data is used in different components of the formula

Economic activity component (1 per cent)

The economic activity component is a proxy for provincial tax capacity and expenditure assignments. Given that these assignments are a relatively small proportion of provincial budgets, the component is assigned a weight of 1 per cent. For the 2022 MTEF, 2019 GDP-R data is used. Table W1.15 shows the weighted shares of the economic activity component.

Table W1.15 Current and new economic activity component weighted shares

	2021 N	NTEF	2022 1	MTEF	Difference in
	GDP-R, 2018	Weighted	GDP-R, 2019	Weighted	weighted
	(R million)	shares	(R million)	shares	shares
Eastern Cape	375 489	7.7%	387 332	7.6%	-0.1%
Free State	243 139	5.0%	252 763	5.0%	-0.0%
Gauteng	1 672 745	34.3%	1 750 062	34.5%	0.1%
KwaZulu-Natal	778 763	16.0%	806 843	15.9%	-0.1%
Limpopo	359 885	7.4%	374 064	7.4%	-0.0%
Mpumalanga	366 839	7.5%	381 915	7.5%	-0.0%
Northern Cape	100 120	2.1%	103 349	2.0%	-0.0%
North West	313 645	6.4%	329 363	6.5%	0.1%
Western Cape	663 276	13.6%	691 934	13.6%	0.0%
Total	4 873 899	100.0%	5 077 625	100.0%	0.0%

Source: National Treasury

Full impact of data updates on the provincial equitable share

Table W1.16 shows the full impact of the data updates on the provincial equitable share per province, after the six updated components have been added together. It compares the target shares for the 2021 and 2022 MTEF periods. The size of each province's share reflects the relative demand for provincial public services in that province, and the changes in shares from 2021 to 2022 respond to changes in that demand. The details of how the data updates affect each component of the formula are described in detail in the subsections above.

Table W1.16 Full impact of data updates on the equitable share

	2021 MTEF	2022 MTEF	Difference
	weighted	weighted	
	average	average	
Eastern Cape	12.7%	12.8%	0.0%
Free State	5.5%	5.5%	0.0%
Gauteng	21.7%	21.5%	-0.2%
KwaZulu-Natal	20.4%	20.4%	0.0%
Limpopo	11.3%	11.4%	0.1%
Mpumalanga	8.2%	8.2%	0.1%
Northern Cape	2.6%	2.6%	-0.0%
North West	7.1%	7.1%	-0.0%
Western Cape	10.5%	10.5%	-0.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%

Phasing in the formula

The annual updates to the official data used to calculate the provincial equitable share formula result in changes to each province's share of the available funds. These changes reflect the changing balance of service delivery demands among the provinces, and the annual data updates are vital to ensuring that allocations can respond to these changes. However, provinces need stable and predictable revenue streams to allow for sound planning. As such, the new shares calculated using the most recent data are phased in over the three-year MTEF period.

The equitable share formula data is updated every year and a new target share for each province is calculated, as shown in Table W1.17. The phase-in mechanism provides a smooth path to achieving the new weighted shares by the third year of the MTEF period. It takes the difference between the target weighted share for each province at the end of the MTEF period and the indicative allocation for 2022/23 published in the 2021 MTEF, and closes the gap between these shares by a third in each year of the 2022 MTEF period. As a result, one third of the impact of the data updates is implemented in 2022/23 and two thirds in the indicative allocations for 2023/24. The updates are thus fully implemented in the indicative allocations for 2024/25.

Table W1.17 Implementation of the equitable share weights

	2022/23	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
	Indicative	2022	MTEF weighted	shares
	weighted		3-year phasing	
	shares from			
Percentage	2021 MTEF			
Eastern Cape	12.9%	12.9%	12.8%	12.8%
Free State	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Gauteng	21.5%	21.4%	21.4%	21.5%
KwaZulu-Natal	20.4%	20.4%	20.4%	20.4%
Limpopo	11.4%	11.4%	11.4%	11.4%
Mpumalanga	8.2%	8.2%	8.2%	8.2%
Northern Cape	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%
North West	7.0%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%
Western Cape	10.5%	10.4%	10.5%	10.5%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: National Treasury

Allocations calculated outside the equitable share formula

In addition to allocations made through the formula, the provincial equitable share includes allocations that have been determined using other methodologies. These allocations are typically introduced when a new function or additional funding is transferred to provinces. National government indicates separately how much funding has been allocated to each province for this specific purpose. Funds are also added through

this approach when a priority has been identified through the national budget process and provincial government performs the function or when a conditional grant is absorbed into the equitable share.

For the 2022 MTEF period, R12.7 billion for the education sector is allocated outside the provincial equitable share formula for the presidential employment initiative. Table W1.18 provides a summary of the allocations made outside the provincial equitable share that carry through from previous financial years and a short description of how these amounts are allocated among provinces.

Table W1.18 Allocations outside provincial equitable share formula

	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Allocation criteria
	Adjusted	Med	lium-term esti	imates	
R million	budget				
Food relief shift	71	75	78	81	Allocated equally
					among the provinces
Social worker employment	239	251	262	273	Allocated in terms of
grant shift					what provinces would
					have received had the
					grant continued
Substance abuse treatment	83	87	91	95	Allocated in terms of
grant shift					what provinces would
					have received had the
					grant continued
Municipal intervention	93	97	102	106	Allocated equally among
support					the provinces
HIV Prevention Programmes	109	114	119	124	Allocated based on the
The Prevention Programmes	103	114	113	124	non-profit organisations
					located in the 27 priority
					districts
Social worker	139	146	153	159	Allocated according to
additional support shift	139	140	155	139	areas of high prevalence
additional support stifft					of gender-based violence,
					substance abuse and issue:
					affecting children
Sanitary Dignity	217	226	236	246	Allocated proportionately
Programme	,		230	2.10	based on the number of
. rogramme					girl learners per
					province in quintiles
					1 to 3 schools
Infrastructure delivery	45	47	49	51	Allocated equally among
improvement programme shift					the provinces
Education sector presidential	6 000	6 194	6 458	_	Allocations are based on
employment initiative					each provincial education
					department's projected
					capacity to employ
					assistantsin schools in
					line with the objectives
					of the initiative
Total	6 997	7 236	7 546	1 137	

Source: National Treasury

Final provincial equitable share allocations

The final equitable share allocations per province for the 2022 MTEF period are detailed in Table W1.19. These allocations include the full impact of the data updates, phased in over three years, and the allocations that are made separately from the formula.

Table W1.19 Provincial equitable share

R million	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Eastern Cape	72 231	69 779	71 842
Free State	31 107	30 109	31 109
Gauteng	120 042	116 264	120 760
KwaZulu-Natal	114 509	110 786	114 373
Limpopo	64 056	62 073	64 127
Mpumalanga	45 962	44 595	46 220
Northern Cape	14 942	14 434	14 895
North West	39 540	38 298	39 702
Western Cape	58 367	56 810	58 991
Total	560 757	543 149	562 018

Conditional grants to provinces

There are four types of provincial conditional grants:

- Schedule 4, part A grants supplement various programmes partly funded by provinces.
- Schedule 5, part A grants fund specific responsibilities and programmes implemented by provinces.
- Schedule 6, part A grants provide in-kind allocations through which a national department implements projects in provinces.
- Schedule 7, part A grants provide for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to a province to help it deal with a disaster or housing emergency.

Changes to conditional grants

The overall growth in direct conditional transfers to provinces averages 3.3 per cent over the medium term. Direct conditional grant baselines total R121.8 billion in 2022/23, R124.2 billion in 2023/24 and R128.1 billion in 2024/25. Indirect conditional grants amount to R4.6 billion, R4.5 billion and R4 billion respectively for each year of the same period.

Table W1.20 provides a summary of conditional grants by sector for the 2022 MTEF period. More detailed information, including the framework and allocation criteria for each grant, is provided in the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill. The frameworks provide the conditions for each grant, the outputs expected, the allocation criteria used for dividing each grant between provinces, and a summary of the grants' audited outcomes for 2020/21.

Table W1.20 Conditional grants to provinces

R million	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	MTEF total
Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development	2 238	2 294	2 325	2 429	7 049
Comprehensive agricultural support programme	1 558	1 599	1 618	1 691	4 908
Ilima/Letsema projects	597	610	620	648	1 879
Land care programme: poverty relief	83	85	86	90	261
and infrastructure development					
Basic Education	21 936	23 008	24 151	24 895	72 053
Early childhood development	1 235	1 193	1 242	1 298	3 733
Education infrastructure	11 689	12 384	13 094	13 342	38 820
HIV and AIDS (life skills education)	242	242	242	253	736
Learners with profound intellectual disabilities	243	256	260	272	788
Maths, science and technology	412	425	433	453	1 310
National school nutrition programme	8 115	8 508	8 879	9 278	26 665
Cooperative Governance	140	145	146	152	444
Provincial disaster response	140	145	146	152	444
Health	52 462	56 252	54 183	56 171	166 606
District health programme grant	27 753	29 023	26 866	28 072	83 961
Health facility revitalisation	6 435	6 780	7 120	7 361	21 261
Human resources and training grant	4 298	5 449	5 479	5 367	16 295
National health insurance grant	269	694	695	717	2 105
National tertiary services	13 708	14 306	14 024	14 654	42 984
Human Settlements	17 604	18 702	19 586	19 970	58 259
Human settlements development	13 403	14 256	14 944	15 118	44 318
Informal settlements upgrading partnership	3 890	4 121	4 303	4 496	12 920
Provincial emergency housing	311	326	340	355	1 021
Public Works and Infrastructure	837	858	861	900	2 619
Expanded public works programme	422	433	435	454	1 322
integrated grant for provinces					
Social sector expanded public works	414	425	426	446	1 297
programme incentive for provinces					
Sport, Arts and Culture	2 087	2 176	2 175	2 272	6 623
Community library services	1 496	1 573	1 571	1 641	4 785
Mass participation and sport development	591	604	604	631	1 839
Transport	19 057	18 347	20 733	21 349	60 428
Provincial roads maintenance	11 937	11 256	13 330	13 613	38 200
Public transport operations	7 121	7 090	7 403	7 735	22 229
Total direct conditional allocations	116 361	121 782	124 161	128 138	374 081
Indirect transfers	3 954	4 612	4 550	4 015	13 177
Basic Education	2 397	2 403	2 079	2 172	6 653
School infrastructure backlogs	2 397	2 403	2 079	2 172	6 653
Health	1 557	2 209	2 471	1 843	6 523
National health insurance indirect	1 557	2 209	2 471	1 843	6 523
Source: National Treasury					

Agriculture, land reform and rural development grants

The *comprehensive agricultural support programme grant* aims to support newly established and emerging farmers, particularly subsistence, smallholder and previously disadvantaged farmers. The grant funds a range of projects, including providing training, developing agro-processing infrastructure and directly supporting targeted farmers. Over the 2022 MTEF period, R4.9 billion is allocated to this grant, and the baseline grows at an average annual growth rate of 2.8 per cent, from R1.6 billion in 2022/23 to R1.7 billion in 2024/25. In 2022/23, R7 million is added to this grant for the non-pensionable cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The land care programme grant: poverty relief and infrastructure development aims to improve productivity and the sustainable use of natural resources. Provinces are also encouraged to use this grant to create jobs

through the Expanded Public Works Programme. Over the medium term, R261 million is allocated to this grant.

The *Ilima/Letsema projects grant* aims to boost food production by helping previously disadvantaged farming communities. The grant's baseline is R1.9 billion over the 2022 MTEF period.

Basic education grants

Following the President's announcement in the 2019 State of the Nation Address that the responsibility for early childhood development centres will be migrated from the Department of Social Development to the Department of Basic Education, the departments have been working closely to oversee the migration of the function. In 2020 and 2021 extensive work was done by the two sectors, including developing and signing proclamations at national and provincial level, and identifying the budget, posts and all relevant assets and infrastructure to be transferred from the social development sector to the basic education sector. In addition, consultations were held with all relevant stakeholders, and the Technical Committee for Finance was briefed on the progress made on the migration of the function at different stages. The function shift will come into effect on 1 April 2022. As part of the funds that have been identified to be transferred, the *early childhood development grant* will now be administered by the Department of Basic Education. As a result, the allocations for this grant to the provinces have now been included in the conditional grant allocations of the education sector.

The *early childhood development grant* supports government's prioritisation of early childhood development, as envisioned in the National Development Plan. The grant aims to improve poor children's access to early childhood programmes and ensure that early childhood development centres have adequate infrastructure. The grant baseline totals R3.7 billion over the 2022 MTEF period. A portion of the funds allocated for the maintenance component of the grant are unallocated for 2023/24 and 2024/25 as they will be informed by the outcomes of the infrastructure assessments that need to be conducted in each province. In 2022/23, R764 000 is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The *education infrastructure grant* provides supplementary funding for ongoing infrastructure programmes in provinces. This includes maintaining existing infrastructure and building new infrastructure to ensure school buildings meet the required norms and standards. Over the 2022 MTEF period, R38.3 billion is allocated to the grant. This includes R145 million in 2022/23 and R326 million in 2023/24 earmarked for repairing school infrastructure damaged by natural disasters in KwaZulu-Natal. In 2022/23, R10 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

Provincial education departments have to go through a two-year planning process to be eligible to receive incentive allocations for infrastructure projects. To receive the 2022/23 incentive, the departments had to meet certain prerequisites in 2020/21 and have their infrastructure plans approved in 2021/22. The national Department of Basic Education and the National Treasury assessed the provinces' infrastructure plans. The national departments, provincial treasuries and provincial departments of basic education undertook a moderation process to agree on the final scores. Provinces needed to obtain a minimum score of 60 per cent to qualify for the incentive. Table W1.21 shows the final score and incentive allocation for each province.

Table W1.21 Education infrastructure grant allocations

	Planning	2022	2/23	Final allocation
	assessment	Basic	Incentive	for 2022/23
	results from	component	component	
R thousand	2021			
Eastern Cape	81%	1 636 416	105 043	1 741 459
Free State	78%	852 978	105 043	958 021
Gauteng	79%	1 581 802	105 043	1 686 845
KwaZulu-Natal	83%	2 282 909	105 043	2 387 952
Limpopo	60%	1 315 811	_	1 315 811
Mpumalanga	61%	1 134 360	_	1 134 360
Northern Cape	75%	581 892	105 043	686 935
North West	85%	1 131 582	105 043	1 236 625
Western Cape	97%	1 131 034	105 043	1 236 077
Total		11 648 783	735 302	12 384 085

The national Department of Basic Education uses the indirect *school infrastructure backlogs grant* to replace unsafe and inappropriate school structures and to provide water, sanitation services and electricity on behalf of provinces. This grant is allocated R6.7 billion over the medium term in the Planning, Information and Assessment Programme.

The *national school nutrition programme grant* aims to improve the nutrition of poor school children, enhance their capacity to learn and increase their attendance at school. The programme provides a free daily meal to learners in the poorest schools (quintiles 1 to 3). To provide meals to more children, while still providing quality food, growth in the grant's allocations over the MTEF period averages 4.6 per cent, with a total allocation of R26.7 billion. In 2022/23, R4 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The *maths, science and technology grant* provides for ICT, workshop equipment and machinery to schools, which should lead to better outcomes in maths and science in the long term. Over the medium term, R1.3 billion is allocated to the grant. In 2022/23, R265 000 is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The *HIV and AIDS (life skills education) programme grant* provides for life skills training, and sexuality and HIV/AIDS education in primary and secondary schools. The programme is fully integrated into the school system, with learner and teacher support materials provided for Grades 1 to 9. The grant's total allocation is R736 million over the medium term. In 2022/23, R1 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The *learners with profound intellectual disabilities grant* aims to expand access to education for these learners. Over the MTEF period, the grant will provide access to quality, publicly funded education to such learners by recruiting outreach teams. This grant has been allocated R788 million over the 2022 MTEF period. In 2022/23, R6 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

Cooperative governance grant

The *provincial disaster response grant* is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance. It is unallocated at the start of the financial year. The grant allows the National Disaster Management Centre to immediately release funds (in-year) after a disaster is classified, without the need for the transfers to be gazetted first. To ensure that sufficient funds are available in the event of a disaster, section 20 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill allows for funds allocated to the *municipal disaster response grant* to be transferred to provinces if funds in the *provincial disaster response grant* have already been exhausted, and vice versa. The bill also allows for more than one transfer to be made to areas affected by disasters, so that an initial payment for emergency aid can be made before a full assessment of damages and costs has been completed. Over the medium term, R444 million has been allocated to the *provincial disaster response grant*.

Health grants

The Department of Health has proposed structural changes to the *HIV*, *TB*, malaria and community outreach grant to address challenges managing the multiple components under this conditional grant. Six of the components will be collapsed to form two main components: a comprehensive HIV/AIDS component (made up of the HIV/AIDS and the TB components) and a district health component (made up of the community outreach, malaria, HPV and COVID-19 components). The components that were previously created for mental health services and oncology services will be shifted from this conditional grant to the direct national health insurance grant. They were originally created for the preparation of implementing national health insurance and will be better placed in this grant. The name of the conditional grant will be changed from the *HIV*, *TB*, malaria and community outreach grant to the district health programmes grant. The grant will continue to support HIV/AIDS prevention programmes and specific interventions, including voluntary counselling and testing, prevention of mother-to-child transmission, post-exposure prophylaxis, antiretroviral treatment and home-based care. Over the medium term, the district health programmes grant is allocated R84 billion. In 2022/23, R331 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The health sector continues to be severely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The COVID-19 component, which was created to respond to the pandemic, has been merged with other components in the district health component of the grant, but the allocation will be ring-fenced to ensure that the Department of Health can still track the progress of the vaccine rollout. In 2022/23, R1 billion is added to the grant for this purpose. A total allocation of R1.9 billion in 2022/23 has been ring-fenced for the country's COVID-19 response.

The *national tertiary services grant* provides strategic funding to enable provinces to plan, modernise and transform tertiary hospitals service delivery in line with national policy objectives. The grant operates in 29 tertiary hospitals across the nine provinces and continues to fund medical specialists, equipment, and advanced medical investigation and treatment according to approved service specifications. Patient referral pathways often cross provincial borders and, as a result, many patients receive care in neighbouring provinces if the required services are unavailable in their home province. In the 2021 MTEF, R205 million was unallocated for 2022/23, and these funds have now been allocated to the Eastern Cape, Limpopo, Mpumalanga and the North West provinces to develop and expand tertiary services. These developmental allocations will allow the provinces to develop their capacity in offering tertiary services within their facilities. A similar approach to allocating developmental funds is taken in the statutory human resources component of the *human resources and training grant* and further details on the amounts ring-fenced are discussed under this grant. The urban areas of Gauteng and the Western Cape continue to receive the largest share of the grant because they provide the largest proportion of high-level, sophisticated services. The grant is allocated R43 billion over the medium term: R14.3 billion in 2022/23, R14 billion in 2023/24 and R14.7 billion in 2024/25.

The *health facility revitalisation grant* funds the construction and maintenance of health infrastructure, including large projects to modernise hospital infrastructure and equipment, general maintenance and infrastructure projects at smaller hospitals, and the refurbishment and upgrading of nursing colleges and schools. An amount of R345 million has been reprioritised from the grant to the *human resource and training grant* to fund the shortfall on medical internship and community services posts. Over the 2022 MTEF period, R21.3 billion has been allocated to this grant.

Like the *education infrastructure grant* discussed previously, a two-year planning process is required for provinces to access this grant's incentive component. The national Department of Health and the National Treasury assessed the provinces' infrastructure plans. This was followed by a moderation process involving the national departments, provincial treasuries and provincial departments of health to agree on the final scores. Provinces had to obtain a minimum score of 60 per cent to qualify for the incentive. Funds for the incentive component in the outer years are shown as unallocated. Table W1.22 sets out the final score and the incentive allocation per province.

Table W1.22 Health facility revitalisation grant allocations

	Planning	202	2/23	Final allocation
	assessment	Basic	Incentive	for 2022/23
	results from	component	component	
R thousand	2021			
Eastern Cape	83%	665 365	65 465	730 829
Free State	82%	576 982	65 465	642 446
Gauteng	78%	993 395	65 465	1 058 859
KwaZulu-Natal	92%	1 324 449	65 465	1 389 913
Limpopo	75%	534 702	65 465	600 166
Mpumalanga	87%	397 846	65 465	463 310
Northern Cape	50%	444 942	_	444 942
North West	82%	587 027	65 465	652 491
Western Cape	98%	731 126	65 465	796 590
Total		6 255 830	523 716	6 779 546

The *human resources and training grant* has two components and has been allocated R5.4 billion in 2022/23, R5.5 billion in 2023/24 and R5.4 billion in 2024/25. The training component funds the training of health sciences professionals, including specialists, registrars and their supervisors. The statutory human resources component funds internship and community service posts, as well as some posts previously funded from the equitable share. In recent years, the health sector has continued to face pressure in covering the costs associated with the placement of the growing number of medical graduates. The need for internship and community services posts has increased mainly due to students returning from Cuba and a higher number of medical students graduating in South Africa. As a result, funds were reprioritised from the *health facility revitalisation grant* and the *national health insurance indirect grant* to address the shortfall. After the tabling of the 2021 MTBPS, a further R3.3 billion was added to this grant, consisting of R1.1 billion in 2022/23, R1.2 billion in 2023/24 and R942 million in 2024/25. In the 2021 MTEF, R25.1 million was unallocated for 2022/23 in the training component. This amount has now been allocated to the Eastern Cape, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, the Northern Cape and the North West provinces to develop and expand tertiary services. In 2022/23, R109 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The *national health insurance indirect grant* continues to fund all preparatory work for universal health coverage, as announced in 2017/18. Over the 2022 MTEF period, this will be done through three components: the health facility revitalisation component and two integrated components (personal services component and non-personal services component). The personal services component funds priority services for national health insurance, which include:

- Expanding access to school health services, focusing on optometry and audiology.
- Providing maternal care for high-risk pregnancies, screening and treatment for breast and cervical cancer, hip and knee arthroplasty, cataract surgeries and wheelchairs.

Non-personal services will test, and scale up when ready, the technology platforms and information systems needed to ensure a successful transition to national health insurance. This component is allocated R1.9 billion over the medium term to continue funding initiatives to strengthen health information systems, clinics, and the dispensing and distribution of centralised chronic medicines.

Similar to the *health facility revitalisation grant*, R300 million has been shifted from this grant to the *human resources and training grant* to fund internship and community service posts. The indirect grant is allocated R6.5 billion over the 2022 MTEF period.

Funds for contracting health professionals were previously shifted from the personal services component of the indirect grant to create a new direct *national health insurance grant*. The contracting of health professionals in former national health insurance pilot sites was previously administered at national level but being carried out at provincial level, with the requirement that provinces submit claims for the costs they incurred. Transferring these funds to the provinces allows them to pay contractors directly. The contracting of health professionals will continue to be funded in the direct *national health insurance grant*.

In addition, the grant will fund the provision of mental health services and oncology services. These components have been shifted, along with the funding, from the *district health programmes grant* (the former *HIV, TB, malaria and community outreach grant*). They will not be standalone components, but will be part of the activities that are funded through the grant. This is part of a continuation of shifting of funds for mental health services and oncology services to the *national health insurance grant* that started in the 2021 MTEF, where changes were made during the 2021 MTBPS to accommodate the shift of funding for these services from the *national health insurance indirect grant* to this grant. Over time, provinces have showed readiness to take on the delivery of these services and they will be more appropriately placed as part of the preparatory work for national health insurance. The grant's baseline is R2.1 billion over the medium term.

Human settlements grants

The *human settlements development grant* seeks to establish habitable, stable and sustainable human settlements in which all citizens have access to social and economic amenities. Over the 2022 MTEF period, a total of R44.3 billion has been allocated to this grant. This includes R398 million in 2022/23 and R475 million in 2023/24 earmarked for repairing houses affected by natural disasters in KwaZulu-Natal.

This grant is allocated using a formula with three components:

- The first component shares 70 per cent of the total allocation between provinces in proportion to their share of the total number of households living in inadequate housing. Data from the 2011 Census is used for the number of households in each province living in informal settlements, shacks in backyards and traditional dwellings. Not all traditional dwellings are inadequate, which is why information from the 2010 General Household Survey on the proportion of traditional dwellings with damaged roofs and walls per province is used to adjust these totals so that only dwellings providing inadequate shelter are counted in the formula.
- The second component determines 20 per cent of the total allocation based on the share of poor households in each province. The number of households with an income of less than R1 500 per month is used to determine 80 per cent of the component and the share of households with an income of between R1 500 and R3 500 per month is used to determine the remaining 20 per cent. Data used in this component comes from the 2011 Census.
- The third component, which determines 10 per cent of the total allocation, is shared in proportion to the number of people in each province, as measured in the 2011 Census.

Table W1.23 shows how the *human settlements development grant* formula calculates the shares for each province and the metropolitan municipalities within the provinces. Section 12(6) of the Division of Revenue Act requires provinces to gazette how much they will spend within each accredited municipality (including the amounts transferred to that municipality and the amounts spent by the province in that municipal area). Funds for mining towns and disaster recovery are allocated separately from the formula.

Table W1.23 Human settlements development grant formula calculation

Components	Housing needs	Poverty	Population	Grant formula
	Weighted share of	Share of poverty	Share of	Weighted share of
	inadequate		population	grant formula
Description	housing			
	70.0%	20.0%	10.0%	
Component weight	40.40/	42.70/	42.70/	44.40/
Eastern Cape	10.1%	13.7%	12.7%	11.1%
Nelson Mandela Bay	1.6%	2.1%	2.2%	1.8%
Buffalo City	2.2%	1.6%	1.5%	2.0%
Other Eastern Cape municipalities	6.3%	10.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Free State	5.9%	6.2%	5.3%	5.9%
Mangaung	1.4%	1.5%	1.4%	1.5%
Other Free State municipalities	4.4%	4.6%	3.9%	4.4%
Gauteng	30.9%	22.6%	23.7%	28.5%
Ekurhuleni	9.1%	6.2%	6.1%	8.2%
City of Johannesburg	10.5%	8.1%	8.6%	9.8%
City of Tshwane	6.8%	4.8%	5.6%	6.3%
Other Gauteng municipalities	4.5%	3.5%	3.4%	4.2%
KwaZulu-Natal	18.0%	18.9%	19.8%	18.3%
eThekwini	7.0%	6.2%	6.6%	6.8%
Other KwaZulu-Natal municipalities	11.0%	12.7%	13.2%	11.6%
Limpopo	4.4%	11.8%	10.4%	6.5%
Mpumalanga	6.2%	7.9%	7.8%	6.7%
Northern Cape	1.9%	2.1%	2.2%	2.0%
North West	10.0%	7.8%	6.8%	9.2%
Western Cape	12.7%	9.0%	11.2%	11.8%
City of Cape Town	9.3%	5.6%	7.2%	8.3%
Other Western Cape municipalities	3.4%	3.4%	4.0%	3.5%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: 2011 Census and General Household Survey

A total of R548 million is ring-fenced within the *human settlements development grant* in 2022/23 to upgrade human settlements in mining towns in six provinces. These allocations respond to areas with significant informal settlement challenges, with a high proportion of economic activity based on the natural resources sector.

In 2021/22 the *informal settlements upgrading partnership grant* was created to intensify efforts to upgrade informal settlements in partnership with communities. The conditional grant is dedicated to increasing investment in in-situ informal settlement upgrading, which includes identifying informal settlements for upgrades, providing households with tenure and providing municipal engineering services. Over the 2022 MTEF period, R12.9 billion is allocated to the grant.

The *provincial emergency housing grant* enables the Department of Human Settlements to rapidly respond to emergencies by providing temporary housing in line with the Emergency Housing Programme. However, the grant is limited to funding emergency housing following the immediate aftermath of a disaster, and not the other emergency situations listed in the programme. The grant's purpose was also previously expanded to fund the repair of houses damaged in disasters, if those repairs are cheaper than the grant's funding of relocating households to temporary shelter. Over the 2022 MTEF period, a total of R1 billion has been allocated to this grant.

Public works and infrastructure grants

The expanded public works programme (EPWP) integrated grant for provinces incentivises provincial departments to use labour-intensive methods in infrastructure, environmental and other projects. Grant allocations are determined upfront based on the performance of provincial departments in meeting job targets in the preceding financial year. The grant is allocated R1.3 billion over the MTEF period.

The social sector EPWP incentive grant for provinces rewards provinces for creating jobs in the preceding financial year in the areas of home-based care, early childhood development, adult literacy and numeracy, community safety and security, and sports programmes. The grant's allocation model incentivises provincial departments to participate in the EPWP and measures the performance of each province relative to its peers, providing additional incentives to those that perform well. The grant is allocated R1.3 billion over the 2022 MTEF period.

Sport, arts and culture grants

The *community library services grant*, administered by the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture, aims to help South Africans access information to improve their socioeconomic situation. The grant is allocated to the relevant provincial department and administered by that department or through a service-level agreement with municipalities. In collaboration with provincial departments of basic education, the grant also funds libraries that serve both schools and the general public. Funds from this grant may also be used to enable the shift of the libraries function between provinces and municipalities. The grant is allocated R4.8 billion over the next three years. This grant's baseline grows by 3.1 per cent over the medium term. In 2022/23, R19 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

The mass participation and sport development grant aims to increase and sustain mass participation in sport and recreational activities in the provinces, with greater emphasis on provincial and district academies. The grant is allocated R1.8 billion over the medium term. This grant's baseline grows by 2.2 per cent over the medium term. In 2022/23, R2 million is added to this grant for the cash gratuity for public-service employees.

Transport grants

The *public transport operations grant* subsidises commuter bus services. It helps ensure that provinces meet their contractual obligations and provide services. Most of the contracts subsidised through this grant continue to operate on long-standing routes that link dormitory towns and suburbs established under apartheid to places of work. The grant allows provinces to renegotiate contracts and routes, and/or to devolve the function and funding to municipalities. This provides an opportunity for routes to be restructured in line with new settlement patterns and to promote more integrated urban development patterns in future. The grant is allocated R22.2 billion over the 2022 MTEF period.

The *provincial roads maintenance grant* is a supplementary grant that supports the cost of maintaining provincial roads. Provinces are expected to fund the construction of new roads from their own budgets and supplement the cost of maintaining and upgrading existing roads. Grant allocations are determined using a formula based on provincial road networks, road traffic and weather conditions. These factors reflect the varying costs of maintaining road networks in each province. The grant requires provinces to follow best practices for planning, and to use and regularly update roads asset management systems.

The incentive portion of the grant is allocated based on performance indicators relating to traffic loads, safety engineering and visual condition indicators. For 2022/23, the incentive portion will not be allocated to the provinces as the process of developing clear and objective criteria by the sector is being finalised. As a result, the incentive allocation will be reduced from the grant for 2022/23, reducing the overall baseline from R12.5 billion to R11.3 billion. The total allocation for the 2022 MTEF period is R38.2 billion. This includes R490 million in 2022/23 and R294 million in 2023/24 earmarked for KwaZulu-Natal for repairing provincial roads affected by natural disasters.

Part 5: Local government fiscal framework and allocations

This section outlines the transfers made to local government and how these funds are distributed between municipalities. Funds raised by national government are transferred to municipalities through conditional and unconditional grants. National transfers to municipalities are published to enable them to plan fully for their 2022/23 budgets, and to promote better accountability and transparency by ensuring that all national allocations are included in municipal budgets. Over the 2022 MTEF period, R481.3 billion will be transferred directly to local government and a further R25.4 billion has been allocated to indirect grants. Direct transfers to local government over the medium-term account for 9.8 per cent of national government's

non-interest expenditure. When indirect transfers are added to this, total spending on local government increases to 10.3 per cent of national non-interest expenditure.

Table W1.24 Transfers to local government

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
		Outcome		Adjusted	Mediur	m-term estir	nates
R million				budget			
Direct transfers	118 488	122 986	137 098	137 585	150 630	160 514	170 147
Equitable share and related	60 758	65 627	83 102	77 999	87 311	94 087	101 486
Equitable share formula ¹	55 072	59 301	76 482	71 028	80 023	86 491	93 556
RSC levy replacement	4 795	5 357	5 652	5 963	6 249	6 524	6 817
Support for councillor	891	969	969	1 009	1 040	1 071	1 114
remuneration and ward							
committees							
General fuel levy sharing	12 469	13 167	14 027	14 617	15 335	15 433	16 127
with metros							
Conditional grants	45 262	44 191	39 969	44 969	47 983	50 994	52 534
Infrastructure	43 568	42 322	37 901	42 636	45 571	48 551	49 982
Capacity building and other	1 694	1 870	2 068	2 333	2 412	2 442	2 552
Indirect transfers	6 358	5 591	4 194	7 727	8 055	8 481	8 862
Infrastructure	6 266	5 480	4 074	7 592	7 915	8 335	8 709
Capacity building and other	92	111	120	135	140	147	153
Total	124 846	128 576	141 292	145 313	158 685	168 995	179 010

^{1.} Outcome figures for the equitable share reflect amounts transferred after funds have been withheld to offset underspending by municipalities on conditional grants. Rollover funds are reflected in the year in which they were transferred

Source: National Treasury

The local government fiscal framework responds to the constitutional assignment of powers and functions to this sphere of government. The framework refers to all resources available to municipalities to meet their expenditure responsibilities. National transfers account for a relatively small proportion of the local government fiscal framework, with the majority of local government revenues being raised by municipalities themselves through their substantial revenue-raising powers. However, each municipality varies dramatically, with poor rural municipalities receiving most of their revenue from transfers, while urban municipalities raise the majority of their own revenues. This differentiation in the way municipalities are funded will continue in the period ahead. As a result, transfers per household to the most rural municipalities are more than twice as large as those to metropolitan municipalities.

Figure W1.3 Per household allocations to municipalities, 2022/23* ■ Average equitable share per household Average conditional grant per household 4.6 10 4.1 R thousands 2.8 6 2.3 2.2 8.1 6.6 5.0 3.9 2.9 0 Metro (8) Secondary cities (19) Small towns (99) Mostly rural Large towns (26) municipalities (61)

*Reflects funds allocated through Division of Revenue Bill. Allocations to district municipalities are re-assigned to local municipalities where possible

Source: National Treasury

Changes to local government allocations

Allocations to local government increase by R31.5 billion relative to the indicative allocations in the 2021 Budget. No fiscal consolidation reductions were proposed in the 2021 MTBPS. However, as a result of the additional allocations due to higher-than-expected revenue collection by the South African Revenue Service in 2021/22, and further increases in tax revenue estimates over the 2022 MTEF period, the growth in direct conditional grants allocations over the next three years is just above inflation, at an average annual rate of 5.3 per cent. The growth in indirect grants is slightly above inflation, at an annual average rate of 4.7 per cent.

The changes to each local government allocation are summarised in Table W1.25.

Table W1.25 Revisions to direct and indirect transfers to local government

	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2022 MTEF
				total
Rmillion				revisions
Technical adjustments	-	-	-	_
Direct transfers	-	-	-	_
Local government equitable share	-	-	-	_
Equitable share formula	1	10	17	28
Support for councillor	-1	-10	-17	-28
remuneration and ward				
committees				
Municipal infrastructure	-10	_	-	-10
Integrated urban development	10	_	-	10
Indirect transfers		-	-	-
Additions to baselines	5 294	12 204	15 059	32 557
Direct transfers	4 227	10 517	14 163	28 907
Local government equitable shar	4 227	10 517	14 163	28 907
Equitable share formula	4 227	10 517	14 163	28 907
Conditional grants	1 067	1 687	896	3 650
Neighbourhood	800	856	-	1 656
development				
partnership Public transport network			621	621
Regional bulk infrastructure	241	_ 		
•	241	511	275	1 026
Municipal disaster recovery	26	321	-	347
Indirect transfers	-	-	-	-
Reductions to baselines	-907	-113	-	-1 020
Direct transfers	-762	-113	-	-875
Local government equitable share	-	-	-	_
General fuel levy sharing				_
Conditional grants	-762	-113	-	-875
Municipal infrastructure grant				_
Public transport network	-754	-105	-	-859
Neighbourhood development partnership				_
Energy efficiency and	-8	-8	-	-16
demand-side management				
Indirect transfers	-145	-	-	-145
Regional bulk infrastructure	-95	_	-	-95
Integrated national	-50	_	-	-50
electrification programme				
Total change to local government allocat				
Change to direct transfers	4 532	12 091	15 059	31 682
Change to indirect transfers	-145	_	-	-145
Net change to local government allocations	4 387	12 091	15 059	31 537

Source: National Treasury

Over the medium term, R1 billion is added to the direct *regional bulk infrastructure grant* for George Local Municipality to implement the potable water security and remedial works project. This is funded from the Budget Facility for Infrastructure.

Over the next two years, R1.7 billion is added to the direct *neighbourhood development partnership grant* (*capital*) to continue funding government's response to job losses due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. This is funded from the presidential employment initiative.

An amount of R347 million is allocated over the next two years to fund the introduction of the *municipal disaster recovery grant*. The grant is introduced to fund the repair of municipal infrastructure in KwaZulu-Natal that was damaged by natural disasters that took place between October 2019 and January 2020.

Reprioritisations are made within the vote of the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy, affecting two grants: R8 million in 2022/23 and 2023/24, respectively, is reprioritised from the *energy efficiency and demand-side management grant* and R50 million in 2022/23 is reprioritised from the *integrated national electrification programme (Eskom) grant*. The details are discussed under the individual grants.

The local government equitable share

In terms of section 227 of the Constitution, local government is entitled to an equitable share of nationally raised revenue to enable it to provide basic services and perform its allocated functions. The local government equitable share is an unconditional transfer that supplements the revenue that municipalities can raise themselves (including revenue raised through property rates and service charges). The equitable share provides funding for municipalities to deliver free basic services to poor households and subsidises the cost of administration and other core services for those municipalities with the least potential to cover these costs from their own revenues.

Over the 2022 MTEF period, the local government equitable share, including the Regional Service Council/Joint Service Board (*RSC/JSB*) levies replacement grant and special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees grant, amounts to R282.9 billion (R87.3 billion in 2022/23, R94.1 billion in 2023/24 and R101.5 billion in 2024/25). Due to additional allocations to local government following higher-than-projected tax revenue estimates as a result of the commodity boom, the local government equitable share grows at an average annual rate of 10.3 per cent over the next three years.

Formula for allocating the local government equitable share

The portion of national revenue allocated to local government through the equitable share is determined in the national budget process and endorsed by Cabinet (the vertical division). Local government's equitable share is divided among the country's 257 municipalities, using a formula to ensure objectivity (the horizontal division). The principles and objectives of the formula are set out in detail in the Explanatory Memorandum to the 2013 Division of Revenue.

Structure of the local government equitable share formula

The formula uses demographic and other data to determine each municipality's portion of the local government equitable share. It has three parts, made up of five components:

- The first part of the formula consists of the *basic services component*, which provides for the cost of free basic services for poor households.
- The second part enables municipalities with limited resources to afford basic administrative and governance capacity and perform core municipal functions. It does this through three components:
 - The *institutional component* provides a subsidy for basic municipal administrative costs.
 - The community services component provides funds for other core municipal services not included under basic services.
 - The revenue adjustment factor ensures that funds from this part of the formula are only provided to
 municipalities with limited potential to raise their own revenue. Municipalities that are least able to
 fund these costs from their own revenues should receive the most funding.

• The third part of the formula provides predictability and stability through the *correction and stabilisation factor*, which ensures that all of the formula's guarantees can be met.

Each of these components is described in detail in the sub-sections that follow.

Structure of the local government equitable share formula

 $LGES = BS + (I + CS) \times RA \pm C$

where

LGES is the local government equitable share
BS is the basic services component
I is the institutional component
CS is the community services component
RA is the revenue adjustment factor
C is the correction and stabilisation factor

The basic services component

This component helps municipalities provide free basic water, sanitation, electricity and refuse removal services to households that fall below an affordability threshold. Following municipal consultation, the formula's affordability measure (used to determine how many households need free basic services) is based on the level of two state old age pensions. When the 2011 Census was conducted, the state old age pension was worth R1 140 per month, which means that two pensions were worth R2 280 per month. A monthly household income of R2 300 per month in 2011 has therefore been used to define the formula's affordability threshold. Statistics South Africa has calculated that 59 per cent of all households in South Africa fall below this income threshold. However, the proportion in each municipality varies widely. In 2022 terms, this monthly income is equivalent to about R4 010 per month. This threshold is not an official poverty line or a required level to be used by municipalities in their own indigence policies. If municipalities choose to provide fewer households with free basic services than they are funded for through the local government equitable share, then their budget documentation should clearly set out why they have made this choice and how they have consulted with their community during the budget process.

The number of households per municipality, and the number below the poverty threshold, is updated annually. The number of households per municipality used to calculate indicative allocations for the outer years of the MTEF period is updated based on the growth experienced between the 2001 Census and the 2016 Community Survey. Provincial growth rates are then rebalanced to match the average annual provincial growth reported between 2002 and 2020 in the annual General Household Survey. Statistics South Africa has advised the National Treasury that, in the absence of official municipal household estimates, this is a credible method of estimating the household numbers per municipality needed for the formula. Statistics South Africa is researching methods for producing municipal-level data estimates, which may be used to inform equitable share allocations in future.

The proportion of households below the affordability threshold in each municipality is still based on 2011 Census data. This is because the 2016 Community Survey did not publish data on household income. The total number of households in each municipality is adjusted every year to account for growth. Although the share of households subsidised for free basic services through the formula remains constant, the number of households subsidised increases annually in line with estimated household growth.

The basic services subsidy is typically allocated to 100 per cent of households that fall below the poverty threshold. However, due to baseline reductions over the years, the basic services subsidy could not be fully funded, as the reductions had to spread across all components of the formula to minimise the impact on service delivery. However, over the MTEF period ahead, the subsidy is allocated to 100 per cent of households below the poverty threshold. The basic services subsidy will fund:

- 10.9 million households in 2022/23.
- 11.2 million households in 2023/24.

• 11.5 million households in 2024/25.

The basic services component provides a subsidy of R488.42 per month in 2022/23 for the cost of providing basic services to each of these households. The subsidy includes funding for the provision of free basic water (six kilolitres per poor household per month), energy (50 kilowatt-hours per month) and sanitation and refuse removal (based on service levels defined by national policy). The monthly amount provided for each service is detailed in Table W1.26 and includes an allocation of 10 per cent for service maintenance costs.

Table W1.26 Amounts per basic service allocated through the local government equitable share, 2022/23

		oer household below a hreshold (R per month:	•	Total allocation per service
	Operations	Maintenance	Total	(R million)
Energy	96.3	10.70	107.04	13 997
Water	151.4	16.82	168.22	21 998
Sanitation	104.4	11.60	115.95	15 163
Refuse removal	87.5	9.72	97.20	12 711
Total basic services	439.6	48.84	488.42	63 869

Source: National Treasury

The formula uses the fairest estimates of the average costs of providing each service that could be derived from available information. More details of how the costs were estimated can be found in the discussion paper on the proposed structure of the new local government equitable share formula, available on the National Treasury website. The per-household allocation for each of the basic services in Table W1.26 is updated annually based on the following factors.

The electricity cost estimate is made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk costs are updated based on the bulk multi-year price determination approved by the National Energy Regulator of South Africa. Eskom requested approval for municipal bulk tariff increases of 20.5 per cent in 2022/23, 15 per cent in 2023/24 and 10 per cent in 2024/25. The regulator rejected this revenue application at the end of September 2021 and in October 2021 Eskom filed an application in the High Court to review this decision. The High Court review requires the regulator to urgently finalise and approve the Eskom revenue application for at least one year, as required by law. The timeframes for the review allow for a decision to be made in time for implementation by 1 April 2022 but not prior to the finalisation of the Budget. As the bulk price increase for 2022 will only be announced after the Budget is finalised, the equitable share formula continues to use the 8.9 per cent bulk tariff increase that was used when the baseline for this year was calculated in the 2021 MTEF period. Other (non-bulk) electricity costs are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections in the 2021 MTBPS.

The water cost estimate is also made up of bulk and other costs. Bulk costs are updated based on the average increase in bulk tariffs charged by water boards (although not all municipalities purchase bulk water from water boards, their price increases serve as a proxy for the cost increases for all municipalities). The average increase in tariffs for bulk water from water boards in 2021/22 was 7.9 per cent. As the bulk price increase for 2022 will only be announced after the 2022 Budget is tabled, the equitable share formula continues to use the 10.5 per cent bulk tariff increase that was used when the baseline for this year was calculated in the 2021 MTEF period. Other costs are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections in the 2021 MTBPS.

The costs for sanitation and refuse removal are updated based on the National Treasury's inflation projections in the 2021 MTBPS.

The basic services component allocation to each municipality is calculated by multiplying the monthly subsidy per household by the updated number of households below the affordability threshold in each municipal area.

Funding for each basic service is allocated to the municipality (metro, district or local) that is authorised to provide that service. If another municipality provides a service on behalf of the authorised municipality, it must transfer funds to the provider in terms of section 28 of the Division of Revenue Act. The basic services component is worth R63.9 billion in 2022/23 and accounts for 79.8 per cent of the value of the local government equitable share formula allocation.

The institutional component

To provide basic services to households, municipalities need to be able to run a basic administration. Most municipalities should be able to fund the majority of their administration costs with their own revenue; but, because poor households are not able to contribute in full, the equitable share includes an institutional support component to help meet some of these costs. To ensure that this component supports municipalities with limited revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied so that municipalities with less potential to raise their own revenue receive a larger proportion of the allocation. The revenue adjustment factor is described in more detail later in this annexure.

In 2022/23, this component consists of a base allocation of R8 million, which goes to every municipality, and an additional amount that is based on the number of council seats in each municipality. From 2022/23, the number of council seats is updated to reflect the councillor numbers that took effect on the date of the 2021 local government elections. This reflects the relative size of a municipality's administration and is not intended to fund the costs of councillors only (the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs determines the number of seats recognised for the formula). The base allocation acknowledges that there are some fixed costs that all municipalities face.

The institutional component

I = base allocation + [allocation per councillor x number of council seats]

The institutional component accounts for 8.1 per cent of the equitable share formula and is worth R6.5 billion in 2022/23. This component is also complemented by special support for councillor remuneration in poor municipalities, which is not part of the equitable share formula.

The community services component

This component funds services that benefit communities rather than individual households (which are provided for in the basic services component). It includes funding for municipal health services, fire services, municipal roads, cemeteries, planning, stormwater management, street lighting and parks. To ensure this component assists municipalities with limited revenue-raising abilities, a revenue adjustment factor is applied so that these municipalities receive a larger proportion of the allocation.

The allocation for this component is split between district and local municipalities, which both provide community services. In 2022/23, the allocation to district municipalities for municipal health and related services is R11.27 per household per month. The component's remaining funds are allocated to local and metropolitan municipalities for other services, based on the number of households in each municipality.

The community services component

 $CS = [municipal \ health \ and \ related \ services \ allocation \ x \ number \ of \ households] + [other \ services \ allocation \ x \ number \ of \ households]$

The community services component accounts for 12.1 per cent of the equitable share formula and is worth R9.7 billion in 2022/23.

The revenue adjustment factor

The Constitution gives local government substantial revenue-raising powers (particularly through property rates and surcharges on services). Municipalities are expected to fund most of their own administrative costs and cross-subsidise some services for indigent residents. Given the varied levels of poverty across South Africa, the formula does not expect all municipalities to be able to generate similar amounts of own revenue. A revenue adjustment factor is applied to the institutional and community services components of the

formula to ensure that the funds assist municipalities that are least likely to be able to fund these functions from their own revenue.

To account for the varying fiscal capacities of municipalities, this component is based on a per capita index using the following factors from the 2011 Census:

- Total income of all individuals/households in a municipality (as a measure of economic activity and earning).
- Reported property values.
- Number of households on traditional land.
- Unemployment rate.
- Proportion of poor households as a percentage of the total number of households in the municipality.

Based on this index, municipalities were ranked according to their per capita revenue-raising potential. The top 10 per cent of municipalities have a revenue adjustment factor of zero, which means that they do not receive an allocation from the institutional and community services components. The 25 per cent of municipalities with the lowest scores have a revenue adjustment factor of 100 per cent, which means that they receive their full allocation from the institutional and community services components. Municipalities between the bottom 25 per cent and top 10 per cent have a revenue adjustment factor applied on a sliding scale, so that those with higher per capita revenue-raising potential receive a lower revenue adjustment factor and those with less potential have a larger revenue adjustment factor.

The revenue adjustment factor is not based on the actual revenues municipalities collect, which ensures that this component does not create a perverse incentive for municipalities to under-collect revenue to receive a higher equitable share.

Because district municipalities do not collect revenue from property rates, the revenue adjustment factor applied to these municipalities is based on the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. This grant replaces a source of own revenue previously collected by district municipalities and it is still treated as an own revenue source in many respects. Similar to the revenue adjustment factor for local and metropolitan municipalities, the factor applied to district municipalities is based on their per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocations. District municipalities are given revenue adjustment factors on a sliding scale – those with a higher per capita *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* allocation receive a lower revenue adjustment factor, while those with lower allocations have a higher revenue adjustment factor.

Correction and stabilisation factor

Providing municipalities with predictable and stable equitable share allocations is one of the principles of the equitable share formula. Indicative allocations are published for the second and third years of the MTEF period to ensure predictability. To provide stability for municipal planning while giving national government flexibility to account for overall budget constraints and amend the formula, municipalities are guaranteed to receive at least 90 per cent of the indicative allocation for the middle year of the MTEF period.

Ensuring the formula balances

The formula is structured so that all of the available funds are allocated. The basic services component is determined by the number of poor households per municipality and the estimated cost of free basic services, so it cannot be manipulated. This means that balancing the formula to the available resources must take place in the second part of the formula, which includes the institutional and community services components. The formula automatically determines the value of the allocation per council seat in the institutional component and the allocation per household for other services in the community services component to ensure that it balances. Increases in the cost of providing basic services can result in lower institutional and community services allocations.

Details of new allocations

In addition to the three-year formula allocations published in the Division of Revenue Bill, a copy of the formula, including the data used for each municipality and each component, is published online (http://mfma.treasury.gov.za/Media Releases/LGESDiscussions/Pages/default.aspx).

Other unconditional allocations

RSC/JSB levies replacement grant

Before 2006, district municipalities raised levies on local businesses through a Regional Services Council (RSC) or Joint Services Board (JSB) levy. This source of revenue was replaced in 2006/07 with the *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant*, which was allocated to all district and metropolitan municipalities based on the amounts they had previously collected through the levies. The *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* for metropolitan municipalities has since been replaced by the sharing of the general fuel levy. The *RSC/JSB levies replacement grant* is allocated R19.6 billion over the 2022 MTEF period.

In 2022/23, the grant increases by 6.6 per cent for district municipalities authorised for water and sanitation and 2.2 per cent for unauthorised district municipalities. The different rates recognise the various service-delivery responsibilities of these district municipalities.

Special support for councillor remuneration and ward committees

Councillors' salaries are subsidised in poor municipalities. As indicated above, from 2022/23, the number of councillors per municipality is updated to reflect the councillor numbers that took effect on the date of the 2021 local government elections. The total value of the support provided in 2022/23 is R1.1 billion, calculated separately to the local government equitable share and in addition to the funding for governance costs provided in the institutional component. The level of support for each municipality is allocated based on a system gazetted by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, which classifies municipal councils into six grades based on their total income and population size. Special support is provided to the lowest three grades of municipal councils (the smallest and poorest municipalities).

A subsidy of 90 per cent of the gazetted maximum remuneration for a part-time councillor is provided for every councillor in grade 1 municipalities, 80 per cent for grade 2 municipalities and 70 per cent for grade 3 municipalities. In addition to this support for councillor remuneration, each local municipality in grades 1 to 3 receives an allocation to provide stipends of R500 per month to 10 members of each ward committee in their municipality. Each municipality's allocation for this special support is published in the Division of Revenue Bill appendices.

Conditional grants to local government

National government allocates funds to local government through a variety of conditional grants. These grants fall into two main groups: infrastructure and capacity building. The total value of conditional grants directly transferred to local government increases from R48 billion in 2022/23 to R51 billion in 2023/24 and R52.5 billion in 2024/25.

There are four types of local government conditional grants:

- Schedule 4, part B sets out general grants that supplement various programmes partly funded by municipalities.
- Schedule 5, part B grants fund specific responsibilities and programmes implemented by municipalities.
- Schedule 6, part B grants provide in-kind allocations through which a national department implements projects in municipalities.
- Schedule 7, part B grants provide for the swift allocation and transfer of funds to a municipality to help it deal with a disaster or housing emergency.

Infrastructure conditional grants to local government

National transfers for infrastructure, including indirect or in-kind allocations to entities executing specific projects in municipalities, amount to R169.1 billion over the 2022 MTEF period.

Table W1.27 Infrastructure grants to local government

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
		Outcome		Revised	Mediur	n-term esti	mates
R million				budget			
Direct transfers	43 568	42 322	37 901	42 636	45 571	48 551	49 982
Municipal infrastructure	15 288	14 816	14 491	15 593	16 842	17 595	18 385
Integrated urban development	_	857	936	1 009	1 085	1 123	1 173
Urban settlements development	11 306	11 655	10 572	7 405	7 352	7 676	8 021
Informal settlements upgrading partnership	-	-	_	3 945	4 181	4 365	4 561
Public transport network	6 287	6 370	4 389	5 175	6 013	6 689	7 720
Neighbourhood development partnership	569	592	479	1 318	1 393	1 475	647
Integrated national electrification programme	1 904	1 860	1 359	2 003	2 119	2 212	2 311
Rural roads asset management systems	108	114	108	110	115	115	121
Regional bulk infrastructure	1 963	2 029	2 006	2 237	2 521	2 892	2 763
Water services infrastructure	4 777	3 669	3 368	3 620	3 701	3 864	4 038
Municipal disaster recovery	1 151	133	_	_	26	321	_
Energy efficiency and demand-side management	215	227	193	221	223	224	243
Indirect transfers	6 266	5 480	4 074	7 592	7 915	8 335	8 709
Integrated national electrification programme	3 262	3 124	1 983	2 824	3 588	3 821	3 993
Neighbourhood development partnership	48	46	63	181	101	101	105
Water services infrastructure	581	548	305	730	771	805	841
Regional bulk infrastructure	2 375	1 761	1 724	3 857	3 455	3 607	3 769
Total	49 834	47 801	41 975	50 228	53 487	56 886	58 691

Source: National Treasury

Municipal infrastructure grant

The largest infrastructure transfer to municipalities is made through the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which supports government's aim to expand service delivery and alleviate poverty. The grant funds the provision of infrastructure for basic services, roads and social infrastructure for poor households in all non-metropolitan municipalities. The total allocations for this grant amount to R52.8 billion over the medium term and grow at an average annual rate of 5.6 per cent. The *municipal infrastructure grant* is allocated through a formula with a vertical and horizontal division. The vertical division allocates resources between sectors and the horizontal division takes account of poverty, backlogs and municipal powers and functions in allocating funds to municipalities. The five main components of the formula are described in the box below.

Municipal infrastructure grant = C + B + P + E + N

- C Constant to ensure a minimum allocation for small municipalities (this allocation is made to all municipalities)
- **B** Basic residential infrastructure (proportional allocations for water supply and sanitation, roads and other services such as street lighting and solid waste removal)
- P Public municipal service infrastructure (including sport infrastructure)
- **E** Allocation for social institutions and micro-enterprise infrastructure
- N Allocation to the 27 priority districts identified by government

Allocations for the water and sanitation sub-components of the basic services component are based on the proportion of the national backlog for that service in each municipality. Other components are based on the proportion of the country's poor households located in each municipality. The formula considers poor households without access to services that meet sector standards to be a backlog.

Table W1.28 Data used in the municipal infrastructure grant formula

Component	Input for horizontal calculation	Proxy used in 2022 (corresponding with data	
В	Number of water backlogs	Water access: Poor households ¹ report having access to piped water inside their dwelling, in the yard or within 200 meters of their dwelling	
	Number of sanitation backlogs	Sanitation access: Poor households report flush toilet, chemical toilet, pit toilet with ventilation or ecological toilet	
	Number of road backlogs	Roads backlog: Number of households	
	Number of other backlogs	Refuse access: Poor households report that refuse is mainly removed by local authorties or a private company once a week (urban, traditional and farms). It should be noted that acceptable services standards differ by area. For traditional and farms the following conditions apply: removed by local authority /private company / community members less than once a week, communal refuse dump and communal contained/ central collection point For farms the following further addition applies: own refuse dump	
P	Number of poor households	Number of poor households	
E	Number of poor households	Number of poor households	
N	Number of poor households in nodal areas	Allocated to the 27 priority districts identified by Cabinet as having large backlogs. Allocation is based on total households (not poor households)	

^{1.} Poor household defined as a monthly household income of less than R2 300 per month in 2011 Census data Source: National Treasury

Table W1.29 sets out the proportion of the grant accounted for by each component of the formula.

The constant component provides a R5 million base to all municipalities receiving *municipal infrastructure grant* allocations.

Table W1.29 Municipal infrastructure grant allocations per sector

Municipal infrastructure grant (formula)	Component weights	Value of component	Proportion of municipal
		2022/23	infrastructure
		(R million)	grant per
			sector
B-component	75.0%	11 602	68.9%
Water and sanitation	54.0%	6 265	37.2%
Roads	17.3%	2 001	11.9%
Other	3.8%	435	2.6%
P-component	15.0%	2 320	13.8%
Sports	33.0%	766	4.5%
E-component	5.0%	773	4.6%
N-component	5.0%	773	4.6%
Constant		1 130	6.7%
Ring-fenced funding for sport	:	243	1.4%
infrastructure			
Total		16 842	100.0%

The *municipal infrastructure grant* includes an amount allocated outside of the grant formula and earmarked for specific sport infrastructure projects identified by the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture. These earmarked funds amount to R749 million over the MTEF period (R243 million in 2022/23 and R253 million each year of the two outer years of the 2022 MTEF period). In addition, municipalities are required to spend a third of the P-component (equivalent to 4.5 per cent of the grant) on sport and recreation infrastructure identified in their own integrated development plans. Municipalities are also encouraged to increase their investment in other community infrastructure, including cemeteries, community centres, taxi ranks and marketplaces.

In 2021/22 municipalities were allowed to use up to 5 per cent of their allocations to fund the development of infrastructure asset management plans. This was intended to build the necessary asset management capabilities in municipalities. It allows for phased-in and systematic reforms to incentivise municipalities to start appropriately budgeting for the repairs and maintenance of municipal infrastructure. To make use of this provision, municipalities had to submit a business plan to the Department of Cooperative Governance, accompanied by a copy of their audited asset register.

Despite this and other measures implemented to support municipalities, poor performance remains prevalent in this grant with 39 (18 per cent) municipalities that receive funds from this grant having spent less than 70 per cent of their cumulative grant allocations over the past four financial years (2017/18–2020/21). For this reason, over the 2022 MTEF period, the department will introduce an indirect component of the grant allowing the department to directly appoint an implementation agent to expedite the implementation of infrastructure projects on behalf of the identified municipalities. Further details regarding the criteria that will be used, including the conditions, and responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer are contained in the grant framework.

Integrated urban development grant

The *integrated urban development grant* is allocated to selected urban local municipalities in place of the *municipal infrastructure grant*. The grant recognises that municipalities differ in terms of their context and introduces a differentiated approach to encourage integrated development in cities. It is intended to:

- Support spatially aligned public infrastructure investment that will lead to functional and efficient urban spaces.
- Enable and incentivise municipalities to invest more non-grant funding in infrastructure projects in intermediate cities.

The grant extends some of the fiscal reforms already implemented in metropolitan municipalities to non-metropolitan cities and is administered by the Department of Cooperative Governance.

Municipalities must meet certain criteria and apply to receive the *integrated urban development grant* instead of the *municipal infrastructure grant* in terms of a process set out in section 26 (5) of the Division of Revenue Act. The qualification criteria cover the following areas:

- Management stability (low vacancy rates among senior management).
- Audit findings.
- Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure.
- Capital expenditure.
- Reporting in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

To remain in the grant, cities must continue to meet or exceed the entry criteria. If they do not do so, they will be placed on a performance improvement plan. If they still do not meet the criteria in the subsequent year, they will shift back to receiving grant transfers through the *municipal infrastructure grant*, which comes with closer oversight and support from national and provincial departments. The base allocations a municipality receives through the *municipal infrastructure grant* and the *integrated urban development grant* will be the same and are determined in terms of the *municipal infrastructure grant* formula described above.

In addition to the basic formula-based allocation, municipalities participating in the *integrated urban development grant* are also eligible to receive a performance-based incentive component, which is based on performance against the weighted indicators set out below.

Table W1.30 Performance-based component weighted indicators for integrated urban development grant

Indicators	Purpose	Weight	Scores
Non-grant capital as a	Encourage cities to increase	40%	1 if 70% or higher
percentage of total	their capital investments		0 if 30% or lower
capital expenditure	funded through own		Linear scale in between
	revenue and borrowing		
Repairs and maintenance	Reward cities that take good	30%	1 if 8% or higher
expenditure as percentage	care of their existing asset base		
of operating expenditure			
Asset management plan	Must have a plan in place that	30%	1 if yes for all three
	has been approved by		0 if no for any of the three
	municipal council		
	and updated in the last		
	three years		
and-use applications in	Due to the lack of available		1 if 50% or higher
riority areas	data, these indicators, which		0 if 10% or lower
	are intended to reward		
	spatial targeting of		
	investment remain		
	dormant in 2022/23		
uilding plans	Due to the lack of available		Linear scale in between
oplications in	data, these indicators,		
riority areas	which are intended		
	to reward spatial targeting of		
	investment, remain dormant in		
	2022/23		

Source: National Treasury

The total allocations for this grant amount to R3.4 billion over the 2022 MTEF period and grow at an average annual rate of 5.2 per cent.

Table W1.31 Formula for integrated urban development grant incentive component

	Planning	Performance incentive								
	allocation (R 000)	Non-grant capital as percent- age of total capital spend	Mainten- ance spend	Asset manage- ment plan	Land use and building plans in priority areas	Weighted score	Total incentive (R 000)	incentive and planning (R 000)		
uMhlathuze	3 674	20%	30%	20%	_	15%	21 022	24 697		
Drakenstein	1 193	20%	20%	30%	_	15%	21 022	22 216		
Mogale City	4 029	10%	30%	20%	_	13%	18 019	22 049		
Polokwane	11 680	10%	20%	20%	_	11%	15 016	26 696		
Ray Nkonyeni	2 107	10%	10%	10%	_	7%	9 010	11 117		
Sol Plaatje	1 700	10%	30%	0%	_	9%	12 013	13 713		
Stellenbosch	1 215	40%	10%	30%	_	17%	24 026	25 241		
Steve Tshwete	1 698	30%	10%	20%	-	13%	18 019	19 717		
Total	27 298					100%	138 147	165 445		

Source: Department of Cooperative Governance

Urban settlements development grant

The *urban settlements development grant* is an integrated source of funding for infrastructure for municipal services and upgrades to urban informal settlements in the eight metropolitan municipalities. It is allocated as a supplementary grant to cities (schedule 4, part B of the Division of Revenue Act), which means that municipalities are expected to use a combination of grant funds and their own revenue to develop urban infrastructure and integrated human settlements. Cities report their progress on these projects against the targets set in their service-delivery and budget implementation plans. Since 2019/20, cities have been required to report in line with the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act Circular 88. This is the result of a process led by the National Treasury to rationalise and streamline built environment reporting for the eight metropolitan municipalities. Cities report on one agreed set of indicators used by multiple stakeholders to monitor progress on the integrated and functional outcomes, rather than reporting separately to each department.

The grant is allocated R7.4 billion in 2022/23, R7.7 billion in 2023/24 and R8 billion in 2024/25. The allocation per municipality is based on the *municipal infrastructure grant* formula. Up to 3 per cent of the grant may be used to fund municipal capacity in the built environment in line with the Department of Human Settlements' capacity-building guideline.

Informal settlements upgrading partnership grant

Upgrading informal settlements remains a priority over the medium term. The *informal settlements upgrading partnership grant* is allocated R4.2 billion in 2022/23, R4.4 billion in 2023/24 and R4.6 billion in 2024/25. Informal settlements upgrading is an inclusive process through which informal residential areas are incrementally improved, formalised and incorporated into the city or neighbourhood by extending land tenure security, infrastructure and services to residents of informal settlements. This grant requires cities to work in partnership with communities to develop and complete their informal settlements upgrading strategies.

Programme and project preparation support grant

The *programme and project preparation support grant* supports metropolitan municipalities in developing a pipeline of investment-ready capital programmes and projects. This is done by establishing and institutionalising an effective and efficient system of programme and project preparation and the allocation of a growing level of municipal resources for preparation activities. The grant is allocated R1.1 billion over the 2022 MTEF period and grows at an average annual rate of 4.9 per cent.

Public transport network grant

The *public transport network grant*, administered by the Department of Transport, helps cities create or improve public transport systems in line with the National Land Transport Act (2009) and the Public Transport Strategy. This includes all integrated public transport network infrastructure, such as bus rapid transit systems, conventional bus services, and pedestrian and cycling infrastructure. The grant also subsidises the operation of these services. It is allocated R20.4 billion over the medium term. The grant has been reduced by R754 million in 2022/23 and R105 million in 2024/25. These reductions are aligned to the City of Cape Town's revised implementation plan and cashflow projections for the MyCiTi public transport network, funded through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure through this grant. This grant grows at an annual average rate of 14.3 per cent over the 2022 MTEF period.

The allocations for this grant are determined through a formula, which determines 95 per cent of the allocations, and a performance-based incentive component which accounts for the remaining 5 per cent. The formula increases certainty about the extent of national funding that municipalities can expect when planning their public transport networks and encourages cities to make more sustainable public transport investments.

To qualify for an allocation from the performance incentive, a city must have an operational municipal public transport system approved by the national Department of Transport and it must have spent more than 80 per cent of its grant allocation in the previous financial year. Incentive allocations are then calculated based on the coverage of costs from fares, passenger trips and the city's own financial commitment to the system. Cities must exceed the minimum threshold in at least one of these three indicators. The calculation of the performance incentive allocations for 2022/23 is set out in Table W1.32. The raw scores for the cities are weighted using the sum of the base and formula components to account for the size of the city.

Table W1.32 Public transport network grant

	Oper- ational public transport system	Grant spent in 2020/21	Eligible for incentive	Coverage of direct costs from farebox	Average weekday passenger trips (% of populatio	City's contri- bution (% of property rates)	Raw scores for incentive	Incentive allocation for 2022/23 (R 000)
Minimum threshold	Yes	80%		35.0%	1.0%	2.0%		
City of Cape Town	Yes	96%	Yes	24.3%	1.05%	9.2%	0.196	159 469
City of Johannesburg	Yes	100%	Yes	18.3%	1.16%	3.9%	0.064	70 331
City of Tshwane	Yes	95%	Yes	6.9%	0.03%	1.6%	_	_
Ekurhuleni	Yes	100%	Yes	3.8%	0.06%	0.0%	_	_
eThekwini	No	100%	No	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%	_	_
George	Yes	89%	Yes	18.0%	5.13%	5.0%	0.397	54 095
Mangaung	No	100%	No	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%	_	_
Nelson Mandela Bay	Yes	61%	No	6.7%	0.18%	2.4%	_	_
Polokwane	No	80%	No	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%	_	_
Rustenburg	No	96%	No	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%	_	_
Total							1	283 895

Source: National Treasury

In the formula for the grant, a base component accounts for 20 per cent of total allocations and is divided equally among all participating cities – this ensures that smaller cities in particular have a significant base allocation to run their transport system regardless of their size. The bulk of the formula (75 per cent) is allocated based on three demand-driven factors, which account for the number of people in a city, the number of public transport users in a city (the weighting of train commuters is reduced as trains are subsidised separately through the Passenger Rail Authority of South Africa) and the size of a city's economy.

Table W1.33 sets out how the final allocation for each municipality is determined, taking account of both the formula and incentive components.

Table W1.33 Formula for the public transport network grant

	Base	Dema	nd-driven f	actors	Subtotal:	Perfor-	Fiscal	100%
	20%	75%			base and	mance	consolida-	
					demand-	5%	tion reduc-	
					driven		tions	
					factors			
	Equally	Populatio	Regional	Public		Incentive		Grant alloca-
	shared	n compo-	gross	transport		compo-		tions ¹
		nent	value	users		nent		(R 000)
		shares	added	compo-		(R 000)		
			compo-	nent				
			nent	shares				
	7.70/	4.6.20/	shares	42.00/	45.20/	450.460		070 264
City of Cape Town	7.7%	16.3%	15.8%	13.9%	15.2%	159 469	_	979 261
City of Johannesburg	7.7%	19.3%	25.2%	20.5%	20.6%	70 331	_	1 181 159
City of Tshwane	7.7%	12.7%	15.0%	14.0%	14.0%	_	_	753 681
Ekurhuleni	7.7%	13.8%	9.5%	14.9%	13.0%	_	_	702 334
eThekwini	7.7%	15.0%	15.8%	18.0%	16.0%	-	_	863 393
George	7.7%	0.8%	0.5%	0.2%	2.5%	54 095	_	191 410
Mangaung	7.7%	3.3%	2.4%	3.2%	4.6%	_	_	249 894
Nelson Mandela Bay	7.7%	5.0%	4.7%	3.6%	5.9%	_	_	318 543
Polokwane	7.7%	2.7%	1.5%	1.3%	3.7%	_	_	199 496
Rustenburg	7.7%	2.4%	3.5%	2.3%	4.4%	_	_	238 721
Unallocated incentive								
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	283 895	_	5 677 892

^{1.} Excludes additional funds for Cape Town allocated through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure Source: National Treasury

In addition to the formula and performance incentive, R621 million is allocated through the *public transport network grant* over the medium term for Phase 2A of the City of Cape Town's MyCiTi public transport network, linking the underserved areas of Khayelitsha and Mitchells Plain to the city centre. This project is funded through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure. The facility seeks to support quality public investments through robust project appraisal, effective project development and execution, and sustainable financing arrangements. The process includes engaging with relevant stakeholders, the National Treasury and the Presidential Infrastructure Coordinating Commission. The amount allocated for the MyCiTi network over the 2022 MTEF period is aligned to the revised implementation plan and cashflow projections for the project.

Neighbourhood development partnership grant

The *neighbourhood development partnership grant* supports municipalities in developing and implementing urban network plans. The grant funds the upgrading of identified precincts to stimulate third-party public and private investment. In metropolitan municipalities, the focus is on upgrading urban hubs in townships. The National Treasury, in collaboration with other stakeholders, including the Department of Agriculture, Rural Development and Land Reform and the Department of Cooperative Governance, has identified a cohort of non-metropolitan municipalities to implement new projects as part of this grant. The National Treasury will partner with these municipalities to identify, plan and implement infrastructure upgrades in targeted urban hub precincts. The grant is allocated R3.8 billion over the 2022 MTEF period, made up of R3.5 billion for the direct capital component and R307 million for the indirect technical assistance component. This allocation includes an additional allocation of R1.7 billion over the 2022 MTEF period for metropolitan municipalities to continue to create jobs through labour-intensive projects as part of government's response to the impacts of COVID-19.

Water services infrastructure grant

This grant, administered by the Department of Water and Sanitation, aims to accelerate the delivery of clean water and sanitation facilities to communities that do not have access to basic water services. It provides

funding for various projects, including the construction of new infrastructure and the refurbishment and extension of existing water schemes. This grant has a direct and indirect component. In areas where municipalities have the capacity to implement projects themselves, funds are transferred through a direct component. In other areas, the Department of Water and Sanitation implements projects on behalf of municipalities through the indirect component.

The direct component of this grant is allocated R11.6 billion over the 2022 MTEF period. The indirect component has a total allocation of R2.4 billion over the medium term.

Regional bulk infrastructure grant

This grant supplements the financing of the social component of regional bulk water and sanitation infrastructure. It targets projects that cut across several municipalities or large bulk projects within one municipality. The grant funds the bulk infrastructure needed to provide reticulated water and sanitation services to individual households. It may also be used to appoint service providers to carry out feasibility studies, related planning or management studies for infrastructure projects. This grant has a direct and indirect component. In areas where municipalities have the capacity to implement projects themselves, funds are transferred through a direct component. In other areas, the Department of Water and Sanitation implements projects on behalf of municipalities through an indirect component. A parallel programme, funded by the Department of Water and Sanitation, also funds water boards for the construction of bulk infrastructure. Though not part of the division of revenue, these projects still form part of the Department of Water and Sanitation's larger programme of subsidising the construction of regional bulk infrastructure for water and sanitation.

The direct component of the grant has a total allocation of R8.2 billion over the 2022 MTEF period. This includes additional amounts of R241 million in 2022/23, R511 million in 2023/24 and R275 million in 2024/25 allocated to George Local Municipality from the Budget Facility for Infrastructure to fund the continued implementation of the potable water security and remedial works project approved in the 2021 MTBPS. The indirect component has a total allocation of R10.8 billion over the 2022 MTEF period and the grant declines at an annual average rate of 0.8 per cent.

Integrated national electrification programme grants

These grants aim to provide capital subsidies to municipalities to provide electricity to poor households and fund bulk infrastructure to ensure a constant supply of electricity. Allocations are based on the backlog of households without electricity and administered by the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy. The grant only funds bulk infrastructure that serves poor households. The national electrification programme has helped provide 91 per cent of all poor households with access to electricity, as reported in the 2016 Community Survey (up from the 85 per cent reported in the 2011 Census). To sustain this progress, government will spend R18 billion on the programme over the 2022 MTEF period.

The *integrated national electrification programme (municipal) grant* has a total allocation of R6.6 billion over the 2022 MTEF period and grows at an average annual rate of 4.9 per cent. The *integrated national electrification programme (Eskom) grant* is allocated R11.4 billion over the medium term and grows at an average annual rate of 12.2 per cent. It is reduced by R50 million in 2022/23 to fund other government priorities. The reductions to this grant are equivalent to 0.6 per cent of the grant's baseline in 2022/23.

Energy efficiency and demand-side management grant

The energy efficiency and demand-side management grant funds selected municipalities to implement projects with a focus on public lighting and energy-efficient municipal infrastructure. The grant continues to make provision for municipalities to use funding for planning and preparing for the Energy Efficiency in Public Infrastructure and Building Programme. The programme aims to create a market for private companies to invest in the large-scale retrofitting of municipal infrastructure, and then be paid back through the savings on energy costs achieved. This has the potential to unlock energy and cost savings on a much larger scale. Municipalities can use 15 per cent of their energy efficiency and demand-side management grant funding to develop a project pipeline and thereby strengthen the market for energy companies that offer this service. This scaling up of energy-efficiency retrofits is a key part of meeting the goals in the

National Climate Change Response Strategy and the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

This approach will also allow municipalities to benefit from donor financing. A Guarantee Fund from the Nationally Appropriated Mitigation Action Facility has been jointly established with funding from the German and United Kingdom governments to help private energy service companies obtain loans to implement the Energy Efficiency in Public Infrastructure and Building Programme. The programme will have significant long-term effects on energy savings, carbon emissions and the market for energy-efficient technologies. The grant is allocated R690 million over the medium term. The baseline reductions of R16 million to this grant are equivalent to 3.5 per cent of the grant's baseline in 2022/23 and 3.4 per cent in 2023/24. There are no baseline adjustments in 2024/25.

Rural roads asset management systems grant

The Department of Transport administers the *rural roads asset management systems grant* to improve rural road infrastructure. The grant funds the collection of data on the condition and usage of rural roads in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa. This information guides investments to maintain and improve these roads. District municipalities collect data on all the municipal roads in their area, ensuring that infrastructure spending (from the *municipal infrastructure grant* and elsewhere) can be properly planned to maximise impact. As data becomes available, incentives will be introduced to ensure that municipalities use this information to plan road maintenance appropriately. The *municipal infrastructure grant* stipulates that municipalities must use data from roads asset management systems to prioritise investment in roads projects.

The Department of Transport will continue to work with the *municipal infrastructure grant* administrators to ensure that municipal roads projects are chosen, prioritised and approved using roads asset management systems data wherever possible. This grant is allocated R115 million in 2022/23 and 2023/24 respectively and R121 million in 2024/25.

Municipal disaster recovery grant

After the initial response to a disaster has been addressed, including through funding from the *municipal disaster response grant* discussed below, repairing damaged municipal infrastructure is funded through the *municipal disaster recovery grant*. Over the first two years of the 2022 MTEF period, this grant is allocated R347 million: R26 million in 2022/23 and R321 million in 2023/24. This allocation will fund the repair of municipal infrastructure in KwaZulu-Natal damaged by various natural disasters. Applications to fund recovery projects through this grant following more recent disasters will be finalised in the next budget process, including the adjustments budget process, as additional allocations may be made to the grant in future.

Capacity-building grants and other current transfers

Capacity-building grants help to develop municipalities' management, planning, technical, budgeting and financial management skills. Other current transfers include the *EPWP integrated grant for municipalities*, which promotes increased labour intensity in municipalities, and the *municipal disaster response grant*. A total of R7.8 billion is allocated to capacity-building grants and other current transfers to local government over the medium term.

Table W1.34 Capacity building and other current grants to local government

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
	Outcome			Revised Medium-term estimate			mates
R million				budget			
Direct transfers	1 670	1 870	2 068	2 333	2 412	2 442	2 552
Municipal disaster response	_	_	151	359	371	373	389
Municipal emergency housing	38	147	166	168	175	183	191
Infrastructure skills development	141	149	144	155	159	160	167
Local government financial management	505	533	545	552	566	569	594
Programme and project preparation support	294	310	314	341	361	377	394
Expanded public works programme integrated grant for municipalities	693	730	748	759	778	781	816
Indirect transfers	92	111	120	135	140	147	153
Municipal systems improvement	92	111	120	135	140	147	153
Total	1 762	1 981	2 187	2 469	2 552	2 589	2 705

Local government financial management grant

The *local government financial management grant*, managed by the National Treasury, funds the placement of financial management interns in municipalities and the modernisation of financial management systems. This includes building in-house municipal capacity to implement multi-year budgeting, linking integrated development plans to budgets, and producing quality and timely in-year and annual reports. The grant supports municipalities in the implementation of the Municipal Finance Management Act and provides funds for the implementation of the municipal standard chart of accounts. This grant prioritises supporting municipalities with challenges in processes, procedures and systems to effectively implement the Act, to improve compliance and areas of weakness identified in the financial management capability maturity model. Total allocations to this grant amount to R1.7 billion over the 2022 MTEF period, with an allocation of R566 million in 2022/23, R569 million in 2023/24 and R594 million in 2024/25.

Infrastructure skills development grant

The *infrastructure skills development grant* develops capacity within municipalities by creating a sustainable pool of young professionals with technical skills in areas such as water, electricity and town planning. The grant places interns in municipalities so that they can complete the requirements of the relevant statutory council within their respective built environment fields. The interns can be hired by any municipality at the end of their internship. The grant aims to collaborate with other sectors, such as the Department of Water and Sanitation and the Department of Cooperative Governance, with the primary objective of improving *infrastructure skills development grant* services. In addition, a shared services model should exist between municipalities to ensure an effective management of the grant. Total allocations for this grant amount to R486 million over the 2022 MTEF period, with an allocation of R159 million in 2022/23, R160 million in 2023/24 and R167 million in 2024/25.

Municipal systems improvement grant

The *municipal systems improvement grant* funds a range of projects in municipalities in support of the implementation of the district development model approach and the back to basics strategy, including helping municipalities set up adequate record management systems, drawing up organograms for municipalities and reviewing their appropriateness relative to their assigned functions, implementing the Integrated Urban Development Framework, and assisting municipalities with revenue collection plans and the implementation of the municipal standard chart of accounts. The Department of Cooperative Governance implements the indirect grant. The grant's total allocations amount to R440 million over the 2022 MTEF period and grow at an average annual rate of 4.2 per cent.

Over the next three years, the grant will allocate a third of the grant's baseline to continue to support the institutionalisation of the district development model adopted by Cabinet in August 2019. The model is a method of government operating in unison, focusing on the municipal district and metropolitan spaces as the impact areas of joint planning, budgeting and implementation. In 2022/23, the grant will fund:

- Comprehensive institutional diagnostic assessments of the 21 district areas where the district
 municipality is a water service authority. The purpose of the diagnostic assessments is to determine
 skills, systems, performance, institutional gaps and the main constraints impeding effective and
 sound municipal performance.
- The development of institutional improvement/support plans that will inform all future capacity
 development programmes and municipal support initiatives to enhance the continued rollout of the
 model.

Over the 2022 MTEF period, R60 million or 14 per cent of the grant's baseline is unallocated. This amount will be used to fund the rollout of a prototype staff establishment project and support municipalities in the rollout of training on municipal staff regulations. These regulations provide a uniform framework that seeks to ensure that only people with professional and technical skills are appointed across municipalities based on fair, efficient, effective and transparent human resource management systems.

EPWP integrated grant for municipalities

This grant promotes the use of labour-intensive methods in delivering municipal infrastructure and services. To determine eligibility for funding, municipalities must have reported performance on the EPWP, including performance in the infrastructure, social and environment and culture sectors and on the full-time equivalent jobs created in these sectors in the last 18 months. A formula then determines allocations on the basis of this performance as well as the labour intensity of the work opportunities created. The number of bands in which labour intensity is recorded in the formula have been expanded from seven to eight, providing an incentive for labour-intense projects to further increase their intensity. The formula is weighted to give larger allocations to rural municipalities. The grant is allocated R2.4 billion over the MTEF period, with an allocation of R778 million in 2022/23, R781 million in 2023/24 and R816 million in 2024/25.

Municipal disaster response grant

The *municipal disaster response grant* is administered by the National Disaster Management Centre in the Department of Cooperative Governance as an unallocated grant to local government. The centre is able to disburse disaster-response funds immediately, without the need for the transfers to be gazetted first. The grant supplements the resources local government would have already used in responding to disasters. To ensure that sufficient funds are available in the event of disasters, section 20 of the Division of Revenue Bill allows for funds allocated to the *provincial disaster response grant* to be transferred to municipalities if funds in the municipal grant have already been exhausted, and vice versa. The Bill also allows for more than one transfer to be made to areas affected by disasters, so that initial emergency aid can be provided before a full assessment of damages and costs is conducted.

Over the 2022 MTEF period, R1.1 billion is available for disbursement through this grant: R371 million in 2022/23, R373 million in 2023/24 and R389 million in 2024/25. There are no budget adjustments to the grant's baseline over the period, and the grant grows at an average growth rate of 2.8 per cent. To ensure that sufficient funds are available for disaster response, section 20(7) of the Division of Revenue Bill allows funds from other conditional grants to be reallocated for this purpose, subject to the National Treasury's approval.

Municipal emergency housing grant

The *municipal emergency housing grant* is intended to enable the Department of Human Settlements to rapidly respond to emergencies by providing temporary housing and repairs in line with the Emergency Housing Programme. The grant is limited to funding emergency housing and repairs following the immediate aftermath of a disaster, and not the other emergency situations listed in the programme. Over the 2022 MTEF period, R550 million is available for disbursement through this grant.

Part 6: Future work on provincial and municipal fiscal frameworks

The fiscal frameworks for provincial and local government encompass all their revenue sources and expenditure responsibilities. As underlying social and economic trends evolve and the assignment of intergovernmental functions change, so must the fiscal frameworks. The National Treasury, together with relevant stakeholders, conducts reviews to ensure that provinces and municipalities have an appropriate balance of available revenues and expenditure responsibilities, while taking account of the resources available and the principles of predictability and stability.

This part of the annexure describes the main areas of work to be undertaken during 2022/23 as part of the ongoing review and refinement of the intergovernmental fiscal framework. Provinces and municipalities will be consulted on all proposed changes.

Cross-cutting reforms

Improving intergovernmental coordination on infrastructure investment

Public infrastructure investments can play a major role in transforming South Africa's spatial development patterns. This requires a significant improvement in intergovernmental coordination in planning and budgeting for infrastructure. The National Treasury is working with provinces to ensure that their investments in schools, roads, health facilities and housing are made in locations that align with the spatial development plans of municipalities. Municipalities must be consulted and agree on the location and bulk services requirements of all provincial infrastructure projects. Joint planning sessions have been held between provinces and municipalities, and support in this area will continue in 2022/23. National departments will also be supported to participate in intergovernmental planning and to review sector policies and funding strategies to promote better alignment with spatial development frameworks. This is in line with the Cabinet-approved district development model. Since then, the National Treasury has enhanced the infrastructure reporting tool to show budgets and expenditures for social projects implemented by provinces according to location (district, local or city). This is essential for data analysis and transparency, as well as for achieving value for money, as it allows one to see which localities are prioritised more by particular sectors.

In 2022/23, the National Treasury will review provincial infrastructure sector funding policies and propose how grants, incentives and other funding sources can best be structured to strengthen funding coordination to achieve spatial development objectives. The next step entails including long-term infrastructure projects across the three spheres of government that have not yet been approved (this will occur in 2022 and be implemented in 2023) to ensure the appropriateness of projects that must be undertaken in accordance with metropolitan spatial development frameworks. The aim is to consolidate infrastructure investment by the whole of government, both for projects whose budgets have already been approved and those whose budgets have not yet been approved.

In 2022/23, the National Treasury will continue to work with the National Disaster Management Centre to review the funding of disaster response and recovery activities. Climate change will make extreme weather events more common, and the disaster funding system needs to adapt to this new reality. The current system is designed to allow for the rapid release of funds following the declaration of a disaster. In addition to addressing the problems and inefficiencies within the existing system, the review must consider how to place greater emphasis on being prepared before disasters occur. The system also needs to be adapted to respond better to long-running disasters such as drought conditions that may last for several years. For the 2021 Budget, this review has culminated in government relaxing the requirement for funds from the disaster grants to be used only after a disaster has been declared. For the initial response, funds may now be released when a disaster is classified. This is to allow for a quick response to the disaster; however, for significant or long-term disasters, a declaration is required to use resources from the disaster grant. Furthermore, in the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill reforms have been made to allow for the Minister of Finance to approve, if it cannot reasonably be delayed, unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure provided for in the contingency reserve.

Review of the provincial fiscal framework

Review of the provincial equitable share formula

The Constitution stipulates that provinces are entitled to a share of nationally raised revenue to deliver on their mandates. Provincial funds are allocated using a formula that considers the spread of the burden of service delivery across provinces. The provincial equitable share formula contains weighted elements that reflect government priorities and incorporates elements to redress inequality and poverty across provinces.

The provincial equitable share task team, made up of representatives from the National Treasury and provincial treasuries, is reviewing the formula. The task team partners with sector departments, Statistics South Africa and the FFC on different components of the review. It reports to the Technical Committee on Finance, and the Budget Council considers and approves any proposed changes to the formula. The review of the health component was completed in 2021/22 and will be implemented from 1 April 2022. In 2022/23 the review will focus on:

- Implementing the updated risk-adjusted factor within the health component.
- Working with the Department of Basic Education to develop options for how to account for the different funding needs of different types of schools and learners.

Preparing for national health insurance implementation

Government continues to prepare for the implementation of national health insurance. The implications that establishing the National Health Insurance Fund and increasingly channelling health budgets via this fund are likely to have for provincial finances are being discussed through consultative structures like the Technical Committee on Finance. In parallel, efforts to strengthen the health system will continue, including developing and piloting provider payment mechanisms, expanding the national insurance beneficiary registry, and purchasing and providing a prioritised set of health services. Government is also piloting a new quality improvement initiative within the non-personal services component of the *national health insurance indirect grant* that will help facilities meet the envisaged standards required for national health insurance accreditation. The experience gained from this pilot will inform future efforts to improve quality. From 2022/23, funding for mental health and oncology services will be shifted from the *district health programmes grant* to the direct *national health insurance grant* to closely align these allocations to the implementation of national health insurance, for which they were originally intended.

Streamlining provincial conditional grants

In 2022, the National Treasury will work with the Department of Transport to ensure that the incentive component within the *provincial roads maintenance grant* is equitably allocated using the most recent road data available. Furthermore, the National Treasury will work with the Department of Basic Education to determine how to incorporate the *school infrastructure backlogs grant* into the *education infrastructure grant*. Given the creation of standalone informal settlements upgrading grants, government needs to review the human settlements grants that used to include allocations to informal settlement upgrading to determine programmes to be funded in those grants as such upgrading was a big component of the grants.

The role of provinces in promoting economic development

All three spheres of government must work with businesses and other relevant stakeholders to provide an enabling environment for faster and more inclusive economic growth. While the Economic Development Coordination Forum is reorganising following the merger of the Department of Economic Development into the Department of Trade, Industry and Competition, the National Treasury-led City Forum for Economic Development Managers is engaging provincial departments of economic development on issues of mutual interest every quarter to ensure coherence in policy implementation. The forum includes participants from provincial departments of economic development and their agencies; sector departments; the Department of Small Business Development; the Department of Cooperative Governance; the Presidency; the Department of Trade, Industry and Competition; financing institutions; metropolitan municipalities; secondary cities; and SALGA.

Review of the local government fiscal framework

Refinements to the local government equitable share formula

Government continues to work with stakeholders to improve the local government equitable share formula. Areas of work in the period ahead include:

- Improving the responsiveness of the formula to the different functions assigned to district and local municipalities. This work depends on the availability of credible official records of the functions assigned to each sphere of government. Policy and administrative work under way in the National Disaster Management Centre could help improve the targeting of funding for fire services.
- Reviewing and updating how the special support for councillor remuneration is calculated. This support
 is calculated separately from the rest of the equitable share formula but transferred with equitable share
 allocations. Support is only provided to small and poor municipalities, and the data used for determining
 eligibility needs to be updated.
- Working with Statistics South Africa to explore how new population estimates at municipal level can be incorporated into the formula updates.
- Conducting research to inform the review of the fairness of the equitable share formula and cost elements applied in the formula.

Review of local government infrastructure grants

The inability of municipalities to maintain and manage their infrastructure contributes to municipal service delivery failures. Although funding has been made available to municipalities to address the huge backlog of infrastructure needs, including changing grant conditions to allow funds to be spent on refurbishments, few municipalities have taken advantage of the provision. To help municipalities improve their asset management practices, the Budget Forum has endorsed the creation of an indirect component of the *municipal infrastructure grant* over the 2022 MTEF period, with 2022/23 being a pilot project. A precondition underpinning the in-year conversion is the existence of a capacity-building plan between the Department of Cooperative Governance and the identified municipalities. No funds will be allocated to this newly created indirect grant at the beginning of 2022/23, but funds may be transferred during the year once the Department of Cooperative Governance has identified municipalities that require this intervention.

Complementary to this process, the National Treasury, in collaboration with the Department of Cooperative Governance, will introduce a process to test the use of asset management indicators in the in-year stopping and reallocation process. To test the use of incentives in non-metropolitan municipalities in the short term without tampering with the allocation methodologies used in the annual determination of allocations, from 2022/23 onwards, the in-year stopping and reallocation process will take into account several non-financial performance indicators related to asset management to determine the reallocation of stopped funding. The process currently relies primarily on expenditure performance.

Furthermore, as part of the ongoing review of local government infrastructure grants, the National Treasury, the Department of Cooperative Governance, SALGA and the FFC will work closely to implement the reform agenda agreed to through the review, including:

- Improving the administration of conditional grants by national departments.
- Further consolidating conditional grants.
- Increasing differentiation in the grant system, so that grants are well aligned to the different circumstances found across the country's 257 municipalities.
- Reviewing grant formulas to ensure that allocations are equitable across the different types of municipalities that receive allocations from differentiated grants, such as the *urban settlements development grant* (for metros), the *integrated urban development grant* (for intermediate cities) and the *municipal infrastructure grant*.
- Identifying ways to incorporate incentives for improved asset management into the grant system.

Review of the municipal capacity-building system

The National Treasury conducted a diagnostic study on the capacity-building system for local government during 2021. It found that the focus needs to shift from building capacity to a broader measure of developing capability. While capacity is closely linked to individual improvements – for example, developing skills – measures of capability consider a broader range of factors, including the environment in which the individual works and the systems and processes they use. Furthermore, the report revealed several data gaps, duplications in efforts and inconsistencies in the way programmes are designed and reported on across the three spheres of government, making it difficult to establish a common national approach to improving support. This has implications for the way the state designs support and the type of resources it provides to local government.

In 2022, the National Treasury is leading the second phase of the review in collaboration with the Department of Cooperative Governance and SALGA through a working group and a multi-departmental steering committee. In addition, extensive plans are in place for municipal consultation through workshops and focus groups. National and provincial sector departments will also be consulted. Using these inputs from national, provincial and municipal stakeholders, in addition to extensive data analysis and research into domestic and international literature, government is building an evidence base to inform policy decisions regarding changes to the capacity-building system.

It is envisaged that this collaborative and research-based process will introduce a clear structure for the capacity-building system. By October 2022, recommended proposals on how to improve the system's efficiency and effectiveness will be presented to the Budget Forum. After the Budget Forum and Cabinet have made changes and given approval, the proposals will be communicated clearly to all stakeholders before they are implemented, starting in the 2023 Budget.

Review of the environmental health services function

In 2021, the Department of Health, together with SALGA and the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, hosted the World Environmental Health Day Commemoration and National Environmental Health Indaba. During the event, challenges relating to the provision and delivery of the environmental health services function were discussed. Following from these discussions, the World Environmental Health Day Commemoration and National Environmental Health Indaba Declaration on how these shortcomings can be addressed were adopted and signed. These statements outline various ways in which affected stakeholders (including the Department of Health, the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, SALGA, and the National Treasury) can contribute to addressing the challenges that are encountered in rendering this function.

Due to a variety of factors, municipalities are unable to provide efficient, equitable and effective municipal health services. Climate change impacts and recent disease outbreaks will likely further increase environmental burdens of diseases, so environmental health systems should be strengthened to better prevent and manage disease outbreaks. To strengthen environmental health systems, in 2022, the stakeholders will focus on:

- Strengthening intergovernmental relations among environmental health authorities, as well as collaborations with communities, training institutions, non-governmental organisations and private businesses concerned with environmental health.
- Conducting a full costing analysis to inform budgeting for municipal health services.
- Improving the formula for allocating funds to municipalities for municipal health services to ensure that funds follow the function. District municipalities are currently allocated funds for municipal health services, but this function is sometimes performed by local municipalities, so the formula needs to be responsive to the various functions assigned to districts and local municipalities

Reforms to local government own revenue sources

Municipalities play a critical role in boosting economic growth and providing an enabling environment for job creation by providing well-maintained and functioning infrastructure services. However, municipalities are finding it increasingly difficult to build the infrastructure required for growth and to meet the demands

of rapid urbanisation. The National Treasury continues to explore how cities and other municipalities with a significant own revenue base can use a broader package of infrastructure financing sources to meet their developmental mandate. The National Treasury is implementing the reforms discussed below.

Development charges

Development charges are important components of a sustainable municipal infrastructure financing system, especially for cities and large urban municipalities, as they are used to finance land intensification. Despite their potential as an alternative option for financing infrastructure, municipalities have not fully used development charges due to uncertainty surrounding the regulatory frameworks. To address this uncertainty, amendments to the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act (2007) are proposed. The Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Amendment Bill proposes new, uniform regulations for levying development charges, so strengthening municipalities' revenue-raising framework. This will allow municipalities to mobilise own revenue resources to fund their infrastructure needs and support economic growth.

The National Treasury commissioned public consultations for the Bill in 2020. The Presidency has furnished the National Treasury with a final Socio Economic Impact Assessment System Certification and recommended that the Bill be presented to Cabinet. The refined Bill was submitted to the Office of the State Law Advisors for a legal opinion. The Bill is presently being processed through the Cabinet processes with a view to obtaining approval to submit it to Parliament for further processing in 2022. The draft legislation is available on the National Treasury website: http://www.treasury.gov.za/legislation/draft bills.

Municipal borrowing

The National Treasury has updated the original municipal borrowing policy framework. The updated policy proposes changes that aim to increase the term maturity of borrowing, improve the secondary market for the trade of municipal debt instruments, and define development finance institutions' role to avoid crowding out the private sector. The policy will be presented to Cabinet for approval in 2022.

Complementary to this process, initiatives that aim to promote infrastructure financing, such as the Infrastructure Fund, have been launched. As a blended finance mechanism, the Infrastructure Fund is designed to use government grants to leverage private sector investment. In addition, project preparation structures are in place to help project owners and sponsors adequately prepare projects for funding through the Infrastructure Fund.

The National Treasury continues to publish the Municipal Borrowing Bulletin on a quarterly basis. Copies can be obtained from www.mfma.treasury.gov.za.

Annexure W2: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Provinces

Detailed frameworks on Schedule 4, Part A; Schedule 5, Part A; Schedule 6, Part A; and Schedule 7, Part A grants to provinces

Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description of the framework for the grants set out in Schedule 4, Part A; Schedule 5, Part A; Schedule 6, Part A; and Schedule 7, Part A of the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority(ties) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between provinces
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2022 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving provincial departments
- Process for approval of business plans for 2023/24

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill, but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the Division of Revenue Bill, 2022 is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2022/23 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

Transferring department	Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme Grant • Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (Vote 29)
Grant schedule	• Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To create a favourable and supportive agricultural services environment for the farming community, in particular subsistence and smallholder farmers within strategically identified grain, livestock and horticulture production areas
Grant purpose	 To provide effective and coordinated agricultural support services through collaborations with industry transformation initiatives where possible To promote and facilitate agricultural development by targeting beneficiaries of land reform and other black producers who have acquired land through private means and are engaged in value-adding enterprises domestically, or involved in export
Outcome statements	 To revitalise agricultural colleges into centres of excellence Broadened access to agricultural support for black subsistence and smallholder farmers Increased number of sustainable and profitable black producers in horticulture, grains, livestock, fibre and aquaculture value chains Improved productivity and farming efficiency of beneficiaries of the Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme (CASP) Reduced underutilisation of land in high potential areas in the state-owned land and former homelands Improved systems required for the maintenance of a foot and mouth disease free status as prescribed by the World Organisation for Animal Health
	Increased wealth creation and sustainable employment in rural areas Increased access to formal and institutional markets by beneficiaries of CASP Improved household and national food security Reliable and accurate agricultural information available for management decision making
Outputs Priority of government that this grant primarily	 Non and off-farm infrastructure provided and repaired, including agro-processing infrastructure Number of farmers supported per category (subsistence, smallholder and commercial) and per commodity 50 per cent women, 40 per cent youth and six per cent people living with disabilities (farmers supported per category) Quantity of output (tons) produced by beneficiaries of CASP per commodity Share of output (tons) marketed in the formal and informal markets as well as own consumption at home Number of beneficiaries of CASP that are South African Good Agricultural Practices certified Number of jobs created Number of unemployed graduates placed on commercial farms Number of beneficiaries of CASP trained on farming methods or opportunities along the value chain Percentage of CASP beneficiaries with access to formal and institutional markets Tracing system for animal identification and movement provided and maintained for cattle in the foot and mouth disease controlled areas of Limpopo, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal Physical boundary between the foot and mouth disease free zone and the protection zone provided and maintained Food and veterinary laboratory infrastructure, including quality systems accreditation, revitalised in eight provinces (except Gauteng) Number of animals vaccinated for foot and mouth disease in Limpopo and Mpumalanga Number of extension officers recruited and/or maintained in the system within identified production schemes Number of extension officers trained or deployed to commodity organisations Partnerships with commodity organisations Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
contributes to Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Outputs indicators Inputs Key activities Monitoring framework
Conditions	 Risks and mitigation strategies At least 50 per cent of the project allocation must support infrastructure development for grain, livestock and horticultural production areas in partnership with the relevant commodity organisations Provinces should prioritise and implement livestock production schemes especially those aligned to Kaonafatso ya Dikgomo and National Red Meat Development Programme in partnership with the Agricultural Research Council The farmers supported must be linked to, but not limited to, commodity organisations including the commercial and emerging commodity organisations. The province should have formal partnership agreements with these commodity organisations to ensure appropriate support is provided to farmers (i.e.

Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme Grant specialised technical support, joint funding, access to markets and joint implementation as outlined by the Dynamic Business Model) • In cases where farmers requiring support are outside a commodity organisation agreement, their proposals received from the advertisement process must be approved by committees and authorities established by the province as outlined in the standard operating procedure • All assisted farmers should be listed or registered in the provincial and national farmer registers • At least 10 per cent of the project allocation must be spent on market access and development • At least six per cent of the project allocation must be spent on training and capacity building of farmers, and four per cent can be used for mentorship programme • At least 1000 unemployed agricultural graduates should be placed in commercial farms nationally as follows: o Gauteng and Northern Cape must place at least 80 graduates each o the remainder of the provinces must place at least 120 graduates each o all graduates must be employed at a rate of R87 000 per annum • The Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (DALRRD) will reprioritise the allocated funds on the following basis: o in the event of poor spending on the part of a province where poor spending is the result of poor planning or failure by service provider to meet contractual obligations o in the event of a disaster that affects the implementation of approved plans o provinces not adhering to the CASP standard operating procedure framework when implementing projects or implementing projects that are not approved by DALRRD • The provincial departments are to confirm human resources capacity to implement the CASP business plan by 31 March 2022 • The funds will be transferred as per the disbursement schedule approved by National Treasury Provinces are to inform the transferring officer of any changes to the plans and allocations approved by the DALRRD within seven days of such a change, and such changes must be approved by the transferring officer before they are implemented The provincial business plans must be signed-off by the heads of departments of the provincial agriculture departments in collaboration with chief financial officers or their representatives, and must be co-signed by the heads of provincial treasuries The signed business plan for CASP must be submitted to the DALRRD for approval The allocations for agricultural colleges must only be used to revitalise infrastructure and equipment at these colleges, as determined in the business plan Allocation criteria The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the following variables: agricultural land area, households involved in agriculture (General Household Survey 2019 report), previous CASP performance and current benchmarks on production and national policy imperatives Reasons not incorporated Agriculture is identified as a game changer and investment in agriculture must be guided under strict in equitable share conditions to achieve the aspirations of the National Development Plan and the Agriculture and Agroprocessing Master Plan 2020/21 audited financial outcomes Past performance Allocated and transferred R1.3 billion of which R79 million were approved rollovers and R1 billion (81 per cent) was spent 2020/21 service delivery performance • 1 529 subsistence farmers supported • 6 103 smallholder farmers supported • 110 black commercial farmers supported • 11 441 beneficiaries were supported from 396 projects implemented, with 264 projects completed at the end of the financial year • 33 (eight per cent) supported projects were owned by youth and 53 (13 per cent) were owned by women • 42 per cent of beneficiaries supported were women, 15 per cent were youth and 0.3 per cent were people with disabilities • 10 agro-processing infrastructure projects delivered • 4 788 jobs created foot and mouth disease control deliverables: 172 490 animals were vaccinated in Mpumalanga; 57 km boundary fence was erected in Limpopo and 4.4 km fencing to demarcate camps were erected in KwaZulu-• 55 farms were audited for South African Good Agricultural Practices certification and 53 farms were certified, while 72 farms were re-certified • 55 per cent of the smallholder farmers supported had access to formal markets • 8 105 farmers were trained in targeted training programmes, 50 per cent trained were women, 46 per cent trained were youth and 0.4 per cent trained were people with disabilities • 633 beneficiaries of CASP were supported with mentorship • 669 agricultural graduates were placed on commercial farms for a period of two years as part of the youth entrepreneurial programme 58 extension officers were recruited nationally and 206 maintained in the system

	Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme Grant
	10 agricultural colleges upgrading infrastructure (ongoing)
Projected life	Grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R1.6 billion; 2023/24: R1.6 billion and 2024/25: R1.7 billion
Payment schedule	Four instalments: 13 May 2022, 26 August 2022, 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2022/23
receiving officer	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development, approval and implementation of business plans
	Provide a template for project registration and reporting
	Monitor monthly financial expenditure by provinces and conduct sampled project site visits quarterly
	Submit monthly financial reports to National Treasury 20 days after the end of the month
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Submit an annual evaluation of performance report to National Treasury within four months after the end of
	the financial year
	Oversee and monitor implementation of the grant during Ministerial Technical Committee and quarterly
	review meetings Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	Provinces to adhere to the conditions of this framework and the Division of Revenue Act
	 Provinces to adhere to the conditions of this framework and the Division of Revenue Act Provinces to submit a detailed project list and project profiles as per the DALRRD project list template
	Provinces to submit a detailed project list and project profiles as per the BALKED project list template Provinces to implement the CASP business plans as approved
	All receiving departments must abide by the Public Finance Management Act, Treasury Regulations and the
	Division of Revenue Act when executing projects as well as for reporting purposes
	• Provinces are to report monthly (for financial performance) 15 days after the end of each month, and
	quarterly (for non-financial performance) 20 days after the end of each quarter, and annually two months
	after the end of the financial year on the progress and achievements of the programme
	Submit quarterly project performance reports to DALRRD
	• Assign and delegate officials to manage and monitor the implementation of the programme before April
	2022
	Keep a record of projects supported and a farmer register
	Monitor project implementation on a quarterly basis and evaluate the impact of projects in achieving CASP
	goals
D	Provinces to adhere to the approved CASP standard operating procedure framework
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 Provide provincial departments with business plan format, guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by National Treasury by 27 May 2022
2023/24 business plans	Submission of provincial CASP business plans by provinces by 30 September 2022
	Engagement with provinces (pre-national assessment panel) on submitted business plans during
	October/November 2022 prior to final national assessment panel meeting
	• Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by national assessment panel between November 2022
	and February 2023
	• Send funding agreements to provinces by February/March 2023 to be signed by heads of departments, chief
	financial officers, and CASP coordinators
	 Approval of business plans by the transferring officer before 31 March 2023
	• Inform provinces of approval of the business plans in March or April 2023
	• Approval by the transferring officer regarding 2023/24 business planning process compliance during April
	2023, and send to the National Treasury by end April 2023

	Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant
Transferring department	Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (Vote 29)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To reduce poverty through increased food production initiatives
Grant purpose	To assist vulnerable South African farming communities to achieve an increase in agricultural production and invest in infrastructure that unlocks agricultural production within strategically identified grain, livestock, horticulture and aquaculture production areas
Outcome statements	Increased agricultural production of field crops such as grains and oilseeds, livestock, horticulture, fibre and aquaculture at both household and national level
	 Increase quantities (tons) of agricultural commodities produced by smallholder and household farmers Increased capacity to support and oversee productivity and farming efficiency Improved farm income (in rands) Increased job opportunities
	 Reduced poverty and improved food security Increased market access by smallholder and household farmers Rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes
Outputs	 Improved access to production inputs Land under agricultural production (field crops such as grains and oilseeds, horticulture fibre, and livestock)
•	 Beneficiaries/farmers supported by the grant per category 50 per cent women, 40 per cent youth and six per cent people living with disabilities (farmers supported per category)
	 Superior breeding animals acquired and distributed to farmers Job opportunities created
	Hectares of rehabilitated and expanded irrigation schemes Proceedings of the state of the scheme of the sche
	 Partnerships with commodity organisations Community gardens supported
	School gardens supported
Priority of government that this grant primarily contribtes to	Priority 1: Economic transformation and job creation
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Outputs indicators Inputs Key activities
	 Monitoring framework Risks and mitigation strategies
Conditions	Schedule 5, Part A allocation
	 Ilima/Letsema grant should be allocated to support food production (crop and livestock production) in support of the Fetsa Tlala and Presidential Economic Stimulus initiatives, prioritising vulnerable households, communal areas and areas under traditional leadership, targeting subsistence and smallholder producers supported with inputs and mechanisation
	Partnerships with black commodity organisations should be prioritised for joint support, joint funding and joint implementation At 120 Civil Civ
	 At most 30 per cent of Ilima/Letsema allocations to be used for rehabilitation of irrigation schemes in Eastern Cape, Free State, Northern Cape, North West and KwaZulu-Natal provinces Provincial departments to confirm human resources capacity to implement Ilima/Letsema business plans on
	or before 31 March 2022 • All assisted farmers should be listed in the provincial and national farm registers
	 Provinces to inform the transferring officer of any changes to plans and allocations approved by the Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (DALRRD) within seven days of such change, and such changes must be approved by the transferring officer before they are implemented The business plans must be signed off by the heads of departments of the provincial agriculture departments
	in collaboration with the chief financial officers or their representatives, and co-signed by the heads of provincial treasuries
Allocation criteria	 The signed business plans must be submitted to DALRRD for approval The formula used to allocate funds is a weighted average of the following variables: agricultural land available, previous homeland areas, households involved in agriculture (General Household Survey 2019), food insecure areas and national priority areas targeted for increased food production and previous Ilima/Letsema performance
Reasons not incorporated	• The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national government for a specific
in equitable share	 purpose and requires tight conditionality to achieve the national goal Agriculture is identified as a game changer and investment in agriculture must be guided under strict
Past performance	conditions to achieve aspirations of the National Development Plan 2020/21 audited financial outcomes
i asi periormance	 Allocated and transferred R548 million and R415 million (76 per cent) was spent

	Ilima/Letsema Projects Grant
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 50 719 subsistence farmers supported
	• 10 946 smallholder farmers supported
	477 black commercial farmers supported
	• 15 802 jobs created
	82 216 households supported with starter packs and production inputs
	202 schools assisted to establish food gardens (Gauteng, Kwazulu-Natal, Limpopo, Western Cape)
	• 1353 community food gardens established (Free State, Gauteng, Kwazulu-Natal, Limpopo, Mpumalanga,
	Western Cape)
	• 304 547 beneficiaries supported by the programme (55 per cent were women, 13 per cent were youth and
	0.2 per cent were people with disabilities)
	• 71 747 hectares of land cultivated
	Between three and seven tons per hectare of maize achieved
	Vaalharts and Makhathini irrigation schemes were revitalised
Projected life	Grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R610 million; 2023/24: R620 million; 2024/25: R648 million
Payment schedule	Transfers for Schedule 5, Part A:
	• Four instalments: 13 May 2022, 26 August 2022, 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2022/23
receiving officer	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans
	Provide template for project registration and reporting
	Monitor monthly financial expenditure by provinces and conduct sampled project site visits quarterly
	Submit monthly financial reports to National Treasury 20 days after the end of the month
	Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Submit annual evaluation of performance report to National Treasury within four months after the end of
	the financial year
	Oversee and monitor implementation of the grant during Ministerial Technical Committee and quarterly
	review meetings
	Responsibilities of the provincial departments
	Provinces to adhere to the conditions of this framework and Division of Revenue Act
	Provinces to submit detailed project list as per the DALRRD project list template
	• Provinces to report monthly (on financial performance) 15 days after the end of each month, and quarterly
	(on non-financial performance) 20 days after the end of each quarter, and annually two months after the end
	of the financial year on the progress and achievements of the programme
	Provinces to implement the Ilima/Letsema business plans as approved All Philips and All
	• All receiving departments must abide by the Public Finance Management Act, Treasury Regulations and the
	Division of Revenue Act when executing projects as well as for reporting purposes
	• Assign and delegate officials to manage and monitor implementation of the programme by 1 April 2022
	Keep records of projects supported and a farmer register Monitor project implementation on a quarterly basis and avaluate the impact of projects in achieving.
	• Monitor project implementation on a quarterly basis and evaluate the impact of projects in achieving Ilima/Letsema goals
Process for approval of	Provide provincial departments with business plan format, guidelines, criteria and outputs as prescribed by
2023/24 business plans	National Treasury by 27 May 2022
2020/21 business pians	Submission of provincial Ilima/Letsema business plans by provinces on 30 September 2022
	• Engagement with provinces (pre-national assessment panel) on submitted business plans during
	October/November 2022 prior to final national assessment panel meeting
	Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by national assessment panel between November 2022
	and February 2023
	Send funding agreements to provinces by February/March 2023 to be signed by heads of departments, chief
	financial officers and Ilima/Letsema coordinators
	Approval of business plans by the transferring officer before 31 March 2023
	Inform provinces of approval of the business plans in March or April 2023
	• Approval by the transferring officer regarding 2023/24 business planning process compliance during April
	2023, and send to National Treasury by end April 2023

	LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
Transferring department	Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (Vote 29)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	 To optimise productivity and sustainability of natural resources leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better quality of life for all
Grant purpose	 To promote sustainable use and management of natural resources by engaging in community based initiatives that support the pillars of sustainability (social, economic and environmental), leading to greater productivity, food security, job creation and better well-being for all
Outcome statements	Improved veld grazing capacity and livestock productivity
	Improved production potential of arable land leading to increased yield
	Improved quantity and quality of South Africa's water resources through projects in SoilCare, VeldCare, Conservation Agriculture and WaterCare focus areas of LandCare programme
	Improved youth participation in the agricultural sector through intergenerational skills transfer and other systems to develop the capacity of youth
	Improved custodianship and stewardship of natural agricultural resources through community-based initiatives by all land users
	Improved livelihoods of rural communities within the ambit of the green economy
	Improved inventodes of ratal communities within the amort of the green economy Improved partnerships with private, public, non-governmental organisations and community sectors
	Improved knowledge and skills base of participants and land users
	Enhanced ecosystem services for current and future generations
	Improved governance of natural agricultural resources of the country
	Improve policy and legislative frameworks for natural agricultural resources management
Outputs	Hectares of rangeland protected and rehabilitated
•	Hectares of arable land protected and rehabilitated
	Hectares of land under conservation agriculture
	Number of farmers using conservation agriculture
	Number of youths successfully attending organised Junior LandCare initiatives
	Number of hectares of land where water resources are protected and rehabilitated
	 Number of capacity building initiatives conducted for land carers and institutions
	 Number of people who benefited from capacity building initiatives
	Number of awareness campaigns conducted
	Number of people more aware of sustainable use of natural agricultural resources
	Hectares of land where weeds and invader plants are under control
	Number of kilometres of fence erected
	Number of green jobs created expressed as full-time equivalents
	Number of LandCare committees established
	Number of protocols, guidelines, strategies, policy and legislative frameworks developed for natural resources management
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 2: Economic Transformation and job creation
Details contained in the	Project header
business plan	Project background
F-111-	• Farm plan map
	Farm management plan detail
	Beneficiaries and job creation
	Change pathways
	Pre-project assessment
	Risk assessment
	Implementation map
	Implementation details
	Exit strategy
	Monitoring and evaluation
Conditions	Provinces must confirm capacity to implement projects before funds can be transferred
	Provincial departments annual evaluations must be submitted two months after the end of the financial year
	using an approved LandCare template
	• The impact (before and after) of the LandCare programme should also be quantified during initiation,
	implementation and handing-over phases of the projects
	Projects should be implemented guided by farm management plan in terms of Conservation of Agricultural

Le	andCare Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development
118	Provinces should report on the number of jobs created 15 days after the end of each month using an approved LandCare template. The number of jobs created should further be reported on the Expanded Public Works Programme reporting system
	 Projects should adhere to the reporting dates as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and furthermore adhere to dates as agreed during the quarterly meetings and national LandCare secretariat Provinces should submit their portfolio of evidence (acknowledgement letters, project maps etc.) 30 days after the end of quarter to national LandCare secretariat. The report should be in line with quarterly and monthly reports
	 Provinces should undertake skill audit of beneficiaries, provide training and submit reports to the Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (DALRRD)
	 Any reports submitted after the due date should be accompanied by a letter outlining the reason/s for late submission
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on an index comprising of nodes, land capability, poverty, degradation and land size derived from the following sources: nodes of the most deprived wards in the country land capability: total hectares class I, II and III (spatial analysis - land capability data) size: hectares (new boundaries from the Municipal Demarcation Board) poverty: poverty gap based on food poverty line of Statistic South Africa Living Conditions Survey 2018
	 land degradation: hectares (land degradation report 2018) policy imperatives and development for sustainable land management
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	The funding originated with the special poverty allocations made by national government for a specific purpose.
Past performance	2020/2021 audited financial outcomes Allocated R81 million inclusive of rollovers and transferred R73 million to provinces, of which provinces spent R71 million (97.5 per cent) by the end of the financial year
	2020/2021 service delivery performance
	• 31 380 hectares of rangeland protected and rehabilitated
	 3 745 hectares of land under conservation agriculture 3 968 youths successfully attending organised Junior LandCare initiatives
	51 household and school food gardens established through Junior LandCare
	five water sources developed or protected against over-utilisation
	66 capacity building initiatives conducted for land carers
	 3 904 people with improved capacity and skill levels benefiting from capacity building initiatives 84 awareness campaigns conducted and attended by land carers
	 4 878 people more aware of sustainable use of natural resources
	• 14 020 hectares of land where weeds and invader plants are under control
	• 2348 hectares of land where bush encroachment is controlled
	• 132 kilometres of fencing erected
	 778.21 green jobs created expressed as full-time equivalents nine LandCare committees established
Projected life	This grant will be aligned with changes in the Expanded Public Works Programme, national planning
	framework report and policy developments within government
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R85 million, 2023/24: R86 million and 2024/25: R90 million
Payment schedule	Allocation to provinces will be disbursed on a quarterly basis (April 2022, August 2022, October 2022 and January 2023)
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	Responsibilities of the national department Host national assessment panel to assess the projects with the provincial departments in line with grant objectives for 2023/24 Review guidelines and standards for the implementation of the grant
	Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans
	 Monitor implementation through project site visits, reports, quarterly meetings with provinces and provide support to provinces
	 Submit quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Submit evaluation reports to the National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	 Ensure that procurement processes and procedures have been adhered to and plan in place to source service providers proactively for the implementation of LandCare projects to commence on 1 April 2022
	• Ensure that provinces' organisational structure for programme 2 as prescribed by National Treasury is established and capacitated to manage LandCare and ensure adequate capacity of soil scientists, pasture scientists, land use planners, LandCare facilitators exists in the provinces to implement the LandCare projects
	Submit signed monthly financial report on the 15th day of every month

LandCare Programme Grant: Poverty Relief and Infrastructure Development • Report jobs created to the DALRRD using the prescribed Expanded Public Works Programme reporting template/format within 15 days after the end of each month. Submit signed quarterly reports (non-financial) with portfolio of evidence 30 days after the end of each quarter on the progress of the projects · Province should further adhere to agreements approved quarterly meetings on performance reporting and any other matter related to natural resource management Implement projects according to the approved business plans. Deviation affecting outputs and budgets should first be communicated to the transferring officer in writing and approved before implementation · Hold provincial assessment panels, use a multidisciplinary team to assess individual projects plans, use LandCare standard assessment criteria before submission of preliminary individual and provincial business plans to DALRRD by 31 August 2022 Monitor project implementation and evaluate the impacts of projects in achieving LandCare goals Submit evaluation reports to DALRRD within two months after the end of the financial year • Ensure and support the upscaling of conservation agriculture practices within communities Assist farmers with soil testing to improve and maintain soil health Assist farmers with veld and soil survey systems DALRRD must provide provincial departments with business plan formats and guidelines by June 2022 Process for approval of Engagement by DALRRD with provinces on business plans submission before provincial assessment panel 2023/24 business plans and submission of signed business plans prior to the national assessment panel Evaluation and recommendation of business plans by the national assessment panel before the end of March Interactions with provinces on the national assessment panel comments and final submission of signed individual and provincial business plans by the provinces prior to approval by accounting officer Notify provinces of the approval of business plans before first quarter transfer

BASIC EDUCATION GRANTS

	Early Childhood Development Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To increase access to quality early childhood development (ECD) services for poor children
Grant purpose	• To increase the number of poor children accessing subsidised ECD services through centre and non-centre
	based programmes
	• To support ECD providers delivering an ECD programme to meet basic health and safety requirements for
	registration
Outcome statements	To pilot the construction of new low-cost ECD centres The provision of ECD services to poor children contributing towards universal access
Outcome statements	Ine provision of ECD services to poor children contributing towards universal access Improving health and safety conditions in which stimulation and early learning takes place
Outputs	This grant has two components with detailed outputs, conditions and responsibilities for each component
Outputs	specified in separate frameworks. The two components are:
	o infrastructure component
	o subsidy component
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	• The provincial departments will use a single business plan issued by the national Department of Basic
business plan	Education (DBE) for the two grant components which contains the following:
	o project background
	o project objectives scope of the work
	 scope of the work deliverables and outputs to be achieved
	o risk assessment with mitigation plan
Conditions	Conditional grant funding cannot be used to replace funding that provinces have previously allocated for ECD
	subsidies
	• Each province may use a maximum of R4 million of their total conditional grant allocation (subsidy plus
	infrastructure components) for administrative management of the grant which includes capacity to manage the
	grant and funding for assessments of ECDs. Provinces may choose to use this amount from the allocation for
ATT	either one of the components or both
Allocation criteria	As specified in the two grant component frameworks To the DDF of the second of t
Reasons not incorporated in equitable	• To allow DBE to better ring-fence expansion of ECD in the country and to facilitate compliance to the National Integrated ECD Policy approved by Cabinet on 9 December 2015 by ensuring that the delivery and
share	maintenance of any capital investment is coordinated in an efficient manner that is consistent with norms,
	standards and guidelines
	• ECD is a national priority and requires uniform implementation in order to achieve the minimum coverage of
	60 per cent of all poor children and to have the desired impact of achieving universal access by 2030
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the total grant allocation of R1.4 billion, 100 per cent was transferred to provinces and R908 million (64
	per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year
	2020/2021 service delivery performance
	124 673 children benefitted from the subsidy 548 061 cavitable share shildren targeted for tan un grant benefited.
Projected life	 548 961 equitable share children targeted for top-up grant benefited Given the nature of the programme and the drive to expand provision of ECD services, the grant will be needed
1 rojecteu me	for the medium term expenditure framework period, subject to review
MTEF allocations	2022/23: R1.2 billion; 2023/24: R1.2 billion and 2024/25 R1.3 billion allocated as follows:
	 Subsidy Component: 2022/23: R1.1 billion; 2023/24: R1.1 billion and 2024/25: R1.2 billion
	o Infrastructure Component: 2022/23: R98 million; 2023/24: R102 million and 2024/25: R107 million
Payment schedule	Quarterly instalments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Review the standardised reporting framework and monitoring tool
receiving officer	Review the standardised format for the business plans
	Assist the provincial departments of basic education with their planning
	Assess and approve the business plans submitted by provinces
	Monitor project progress and compliance to conditional grant framework
	Provide continuous monitoring and support to provinces Out of the state of th
	Submit a monthly financial report to National Treasury 20 days after the end of the reporting month Consolidate and orbital professional and the substitute of the s
	Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of
	each quarter
	each quarter • Monitor the utilisation of the grant against the set outcomes and take appropriate action in cases of non-
	 each quarter Monitor the utilisation of the grant against the set outcomes and take appropriate action in cases of non-compliance with the framework

Early Childhood Development Grant • Facilitate approval of the payment schedule and approval of in-year adjustments to the payment schedule • Review and update subsidy guidelines Responsibilities of provincial departments • Submit approved business plans signed-off by the head of department to the DBE by 2 March 2022 • Implement the business plan as approved by the DBE Ensure that claims are submitted to national DBE to allow for the transfer of funds by national DBE in line with the payment schedule approved by the National Treasury Submit monthly financial reports to national DBE 15 days after the end of the reporting month Provinces must upload all ECD maintenance projects on the infrastructure reporting model and update it Submit quarterly performance reports to national DBE within 30 days after the end of each quarter Submit an evaluation report two months after the end of the 2022/23 financial year Process for approval of Engagement with provincial departments on submission of business plans between September 2022 and 2023/24 business plans Submit final provincial business plan, including cash flow projections and compliance certificates signed-off by heads of departments for 2022/23 financial year to DBE by 15 February 2023 The transferring officer must approve provincial business plans by 3 April 2023

	Early Childhood Development Grant: Infrastructure Component
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To increase access to quality early childhood development (ECD) services for poor children
Grant purpose	To support ECD providers delivering an ECD programme to meet basic health and safety requirements for
• •	registration
	To pilot the construction of new low cost ECD centres
Outcome statements	The provision of ECD services to poor children contributing towards universal access
	Improving health and safety conditions in which stimulation and early learning takes place
Outputs	Number of ECD centres assessed for infrastructure support and health and safety standards
	• Number of ECD centres whose registration status improved as a result of the infrastructure component
	within 24 months of receiving the grant
Priority outcome(s) of	Number of low cost ECD centres constructed Priority 2: Education chills and health
government that this grant	Priority 3: Education. skills and health
primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	• The provincial departments will use a single business plan issued by the national Department of Basic
business plan	Education (DBE) for the two grant components (subsidy and infrastructure) which contains the following:
•	o project background
	o project objectives
	o scope of the work
	o deliverables and outputs to be achieved
C1:4:	o risk assessment with mitigation plan
Conditions	Maintenance and upgrading This allocation may be used for:
	o unregistered ECD centres to do minor infrastructure maintenance works and upgrades to enable
	conditional registration
	o conditionally registered ECD centres to do minor infrastructure maintenance works and upgrades to
	enable them to improve their registration status
	• The following conditions apply in respect of the above:
	o all ECD sites whether conditionally registered or unregistered may only benefit from this fund if they
	are eligible as per the requirements in the guideline issued by DBE
	 all projects must be selected, planned, and implemented in a manner consistent with the guideline issued by the DBE
	o provinces must conduct assessments of conditionally registered and eligible unregistered ECD sites and
	cost them in order to qualify for funding in 2023/24 and submit by 30 September 2022
	o for unregistered centres, a maximum amount of R150 000 per ECD centre may be spent for maintenance
	improvements, inclusive of all costs (VAT, disbursements etc)
	o for conditionally registered centres a maximum amount of R300 000 centre may be spent for
	maintenance improvement and upgrades, inclusive of all costs (VAT, disbursements etc) o prior approval for any amount exceeding R150 000 or R300 000 respectively should be obtained from
	the head of department or the Chief Financial Officer with a detailed assessment and cost analysis to
	justify the additional amount
	o all projects must be recorded on the infrastructure reporting model before the start of the financial year
	o provinces must update the infrastructure project details for each funded project in the infrastructure
	reporting model. This must be approved and submitted to National Treasury and DBE within 22 days
	after the end of each quarter
	 New centre construction New centre construction funding is for the construction of new low-cost ECD centres where existing
	structures have to be replaced or to address new demand in areas where the need is the greatest
	 A maximum of R3 million per province may be used for the construction of new ECD centres, inclusive of
	all costs
	The construction of centres must be consistent with the guideline issued by DBE
	• Every province may construct at least one ECD centre in 2022/23
	• Each province must include the number of ECD centres to be constructed and the costs for the construction
	in the business plan 2022/23
	• All projects must be recorded on the infrastructure reporting model
	General conditions
	• DBE will develop guidelines for each of the areas listed above that must be issued to the provinces by
Allogation anitorio	31 March 2022 The previous linfractive type allegations are determined based on:
Allocation criteria	 The provincial infrastructure allocations are determined based on: the number of ECD centres assessed in each province that meet the criteria for the maintenance and
	o the number of ECD centres assessed in each province that meet the criteria for the maintenance and upgrading
	o the amount for low-cost construction of ECD centres is a standard allocation for each province
	1 amount for four volumental of Deb volumes is a standard anocation for each province

	Early Childhood Development Grant: Infrastructure Component
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 To allow DBE to manage the expansion of ECD in the country and to facilitate compliance to the National Integrated ECD Policy approved by Cabinet on 9 December 2015 ensuring that the delivery and any capital investment is coordinated in an efficient manner that is consistent with norms, standards and guidelines ECD is a national priority and requires uniform implementation in order to achieve the minimum coverage of 60 per cent of all poor children and to have the desired impact of achieving universal access by 2030
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	Of the maintenance grant allocation of R89 million, 100 per cent was transferred to provinces. R39 million (44 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year (the grant was re-purposed in year to provide personal protective equipment to ECD centers because of COVID-19)
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	14 ECD centres benefited from the maintenance grant (the grant was re-purposed in year to provide personal protective equipment to ECD centers because of COVID 19)
Projected life	Given the nature of the programme and the drive to expand provision of ECD services the grant will be needed for the medium term expenditure framework period, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R98 million; 2023/24: R102 million and 2024/25: R107 million
Payment schedule	Quarterly instalments according to approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	DBE will develop ECD infrastructure grant guidelines for each of the two areas listed above that must be issued to the provinces by 31 March 2022
	DBEI will conduct monitoring on the grant and consolidate quarterly reports
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Provinces must submit a draft list of all eligible ECD sites that have been assessed to benefit from the grant in 2023/24 to DBE by 30 September 2022
	• Provinces must provide a procurement plan on how they will implement their projects in the 2023/24 by 30 November 2022
	The reasons for the centre being unregistered or conditionally registered including the Environmental Health Report must be kept in the file for each ECD centre by the ECD programme manager
	Maintain a database of all ECD centres that have been assisted through the infrastructure component of the grant by the ECD infrastructure project manager
	The ECD programme manager must maintain a database of all ECD centres that have improved their registration status
	Provinces must record all infrastructure projects on the National Treasury's infrastructure reporting model
	Provinces must adhere to the requirements in the ECD infrastructure grant guidelines issued by DBE in the implementation of the grant
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	Engagement with provincial departments on submission of business plans between September 2022 and February 2023
	Submit final provincial business plan, including cash flow projections and compliance certificate signed-off by heads of departments for 2023/24 to DBE by 13 February 2023
	The transferring officer must approve provincial business plans by 31 March 2023

	Early Childhood Development Grant: Subsidy Component
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To increase access to quality early childhood development (ECD) services for poor children
Grant purpose	To increase the number of poor children accessing subsidised ECD services through centre and non-centre
	based progammes
Outcome statements	The provision of ECD services to poor children
Outputs	Number of eligible children subsidised, as agreed in the service level agreements (SLA)
	Number of all children attending ECD services in fully registered centres
	Number of all children attending ECD services in conditionally registered centres
	Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in fully registered centres
	Number of children subsidised from the conditional grant in conditionally registered centres
	Number of days subsidised for centre based programmes
	Number of children benefiting from the subsidy of the conditional grant in registered non-centre based ECD
	 Programmes Number of children benefiting from the top up grant
	Number of ECD practitioners and other staff employed in registered ECD centres benefiting from the
	conditional grant
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	2. Education, orang and notice
contributes to	
Details contained in the	• The provincial departments will use a single business plan issued by the national Department of Basic
business plan	Education (DBE) for the two grant components (i.e. subsidy and infrastructure) which contains the
	following:
	o project background
	 project objectives scope of the work
	 scope of the work deliverables and outputs to be achieved
	o risk assessment with mitigation plan
Conditions	Fully registered and conditionally registered ECD programmes will be eligible for the subsidy in both centre
	and non-centre based programmes
	The subsidy is targeted for children in ECD services from birth until school going age
	• The provincial departments of education and ECD service providers will enter into SLAs which stipulate
	the purpose of the subsidy, the amount of the subsidy, conditions of the subsidy and obligations of both
	provincial department of basic education and ECD service providers with regards to the payment of the
	subsidy and reporting requirements
	 The value of the subsidy paid to each ECD centre will be calculated as follows: R17.00 multiplied by the number of days (264), multiplied by the number of qualifying children attending
	the ECD centre as agreed to in the SLA
	The value of the subsidy paid to each registered non-centre based ECD programme will be calculated as
	follows:
	o R6.00 multiplied by the number of sessions, multiplied by the number of qualifying children attending
	as agreed to in the SLA
	• The full value of the subsidy will be paid in equal parts in line with the SLA and any changes to the payment
	schedule must be aligned to a determination of non-compliance as defined in the SLA
	• Once funds are transferred to ECD service providers the department may not pre-approve how the funds
	 are to be utilised other than what is stipulated in the SLA All allocations must be aligned to the number of children registered and eligible for the subsidy as per the
	SLA and can only be reduced as per the process outlined in the SLA. Allocations may not be changed in-
	year, based on attendance
	The subsidy must target ECD centres and non-centre based programmes or qualifying children in line with
	the process set out below:
	o an ECD centre and non-centre based programme is eligible to be subsidised if it is located in a designated
	municipal ward that has been identified for universal targeting of subsidies
	o children attending these ECD centres and non-centre based programmes will not be subjected to an
	individual means test and all children in these programmes must be taken into account when calculating
	the subsidy if the shild is attending an ECD centre or non-centre based programme falling outside of these municipal.
	o if the child is attending an ECD centre or non-centre based programme falling outside of those municipal
	wards that have been identified for universal targeting, a means test can be applied as outlined below

Early Childhood Development Grant: Subsidy Component	
	Income based means test:
	• Income of parents or caregivers may not exceed the means test values applied for receipt of the child support grant for a single parent and married parents as gazetted by DBE in 2022. This is updated each year with the increase in the grant value
	• In the case of children receiving a child related social assistance grant the original, reprinted or certified copies of proof of receipt of the child related grant (child support grant or the foster care grant) as issued by South African Social Security Agency must be submitted
	 In the case of children who are not beneficiaries of a child related grant the following must be submitted: proof of income of parents (or caregivers) three months' bank statement of parents or guardians
	o affidavit declaring status of income
Allocation criteria	The provincial subsidy allocations are determined based on the following: the subsidy rate of R17.00 multiplied by the number of children targeted using the 2021/22 subsidy budget for the conditional grant topping-up the equitable share funded subsidies by R2.00 to R17.00 using the number of children to be
	subsidised through equitable share as at end of March 2022 • For the 2022/23 expansion, the targeted number of children is based on the 2021/22 subsidy budget for the conditional grant
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	To allow DBE to better facilitate expansion of ECD services in the country ECD is a notional priority and requires uniform implementation in order to schious the minimum expresses.
	 ECD is a national priority and requires uniform implementation in order to achieve the minimum coverage of 60 per cent of all poor children and to have the desired impact of achieving universal access by 2030
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the subsidy expansion grant allocation of R1.3 billion, 100 per cent was transferred to provinces and R847 million (64 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 153 609 children benefitted from the subsidy of which 13 456 are from the non-centre based programmes
	• 256 946 children benefitted from top-up grant
Projected life	The grant will be allocated over the 2022 medium term expenditure framework period, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R1.1 billion; 2023/24: R1.1 billion and 2024/25: R1.2 billion
Payment schedule	Quarterly instalments according to approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the national department Review standardised SLAs to be entered into between provincial departments of basic education and ECD
receiving officer	service providers
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Review and update the subsidy guidelines that must be issued to provinces by 28 March 2022 in consultation with the National Treasury
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	 Conclude SLAs with ECD service providers in a format prescribed by the DBE Ensure that payments are made in line with the payment schedule as per the SLAs with ECD service providers
	Subsidies must be made into the ECD service providers designated bank accounts, which must be with a registered deposit taking institution in the Republic of South Africa
	 Subsidies may only be reduced in cases of non-compliance as outlined in the prescribed SLA Use the information reported in the quarterly reports from ECD service providers to develop and maintain a master list of all children benefitting from the ECD subsidy
	 Maintain a database on the status of full and conditional registration of all ECD centres and non-centre based programmes in the province that includes the following basic information: registration status capacity of the centre
	 number of children in attendance number of children subsidised
	 number of children with disabilities subsidised number of children with disabilities in attendance
	Maintain a database of all ECD staff in centres benefiting from the equitable share and conditional grant
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	• Engagement with provincial departments on submission of business plans between September 2022 and February 2023
	• Submit final provincial business plans for 2023/24, including cash flow projections and compliance certificates signed-off by heads of departments to DBE by 15 February 2023
i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	• The transferring officer must approve provincial business plans by 31 March 2023

Education Infrastructure Grant
Basic Education (Vote 16)
Schedule 4, Part A
• To supplement provinces to fund the provision of education infrastructure in line with the regulations relating to minimum uniform norms and standards for public school infrastructure
• To help accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure in education including district and circuit accommodation
To address achievement of the targets set out in the minimum norms and standards for school infrastructure
To address damages to infrastructure
To enhance capacity to deliver infrastructure in education
Improved quality of education service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an improved and increased stock of school infrastructure
Aligned and coordinated approach to infrastructure development at the provincial sphere
Improved education infrastructure expenditure patterns
Improved response to the rehabilitation of school infrastructure
Improved rates of employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure Improved a factor in school facilities through accountingal health and affects.
 Improved safety in school facilities through occupational health and safety Number of new schools, additional education spaces, education support spaces and administration
facilities constructed as well as equipment and furniture provided
Number of existing schools' infrastructure upgraded and rehabilitated including schools constructed of
asbestos material and other inappropriate material Number of new and existing schools maintained
Number of new and existing schools maintained Number of work opportunities created
• Number of new special schools provided, and existing special and full-service schools upgraded and
 maintained Number of schools where contracts focused on the development and upgrading of potable water supply
and safe sanitation have reached practical completion
• Number of schools where contracts focussed on the COVID-19 emergency potable water supply have
reached practical completion
Number of schools where contracts focussed on the COVID-19 emergency safe sanitation have reached practical completion
 Volume of water supplied through trucking (with details of which schools were supplied on what dates)
Number of schools provided with sanitisation materials and equipment (with quantities specified)
Priority 3: Education, skills and health
This grant uses an infrastructure plan that includes:
o the infrastructure programme management plan
 the procurement strategy the capacitation strategy
 the capacitation strategy the infrastructure reporting model
the year-end evaluation report
Provinces may utilise a portion of grant funding for the appointment of public servants on a permanent basis to their infrastructure units in line with human resource capacitation circular published by National
Treasury (including maximums set in the circular)
• The flow of each instalment of the grant depends upon provinces submitting to Department of Basic Education (DBE) and provincial treasuries non-financial performance reports on programmes partially
and fully funded by the grant
• The flow of the first instalment of the grant depends upon receipt by the national Department of Basic
Education (DBE) and provincial treasuries of:
o approved and signed-off infrastructure plan with tabled prioritised project lists for the 2022 medium
term expenditure framework (MTEF) by no later than 25 March 2022. The infrastructure plan must, where applicable, also include the implementation plans for schools affected by natural disasters
o preventative and corrective maintenance plan for all maintenance programmes over the MTEF
period accompanied by a project list no later than 25 March 2022
• The flow of the second instalment depends upon receipt by DBE and provincial treasuries of the
approved and signed-off: o monthly infrastructure reports in a format determined by the National Treasury and DBE
o national education infrastructure management system assessment forms for the fourth quarter of the
2021/22 financial year no later than 28 April 2022
o a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format
approved by National Treasury for the fourth quarter of the 2021/22 financial year within 22 days after the end of the fourth quarter

Education Infrastructure Grant

- The flow of the third instalment is dependent upon receipt by DBE, the relevant provincial treasuries and the National Treasury, on a date and in a format determined by National Treasury, of the approved and signed-off:
 - o infrastructure plans for all infrastructure programmes for a period of 10 years (including the initial list of prioritised projects) on a date specified in the performance-based approach guidelines
 - the 2022/23 project list must be drawn from the prioritised project list for the MTEF tabled in
 - preventative and corrective maintenance plans for all maintenance programmes over the MTEF period accompanied by a project list on a date specified in the performance-based approach guidelines
 - o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE
 - national education infrastructure management system assessment forms for the first quarter of 2022/23 by 27 July 2022
 - a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format approved by National Treasury for the first quarter of the 2021/22 financial year within 22 days after the end of the first quarter
 - the conditional grant year-end evaluation report on financial and non-financial performance no later than 27 May 2022
- The flow of the fourth instalment is conditional upon receipt by the DBE and relevant provincial treasury of the approved and signed off:
 - o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE
 - o national education infrastructure management system assessment forms for the second quarter of 2022/23 by 26 October 2022 infrastructure programme management plans for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence within the period for the medium term expenditure framework on a date specified in the performance based approach guidelines
 - procurement strategy for infrastructure programmes envisaged to commence within the period of the medium term expenditure framework on a date specified in the performance based approach guidelines
 - a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format approved by National Treasury for the second quarter of the 2022/23 financial year within 22 days after the end of the second quarter
- The flow of the fifth instalment is conditional upon receipt by the DBE and the relevant provincial treasuries, on a date determined by National Treasury, of the approved and signed-off:
 - o monthly infrastructure reports in the format determined by National Treasury and the DBE
 - national education infrastructure management system assessment forms for the third quarter of 2022/23 to DBE not later than 20 January 2023
 - a report on the filling of posts on the approved establishment for the infrastructure unit in the format approved by National Treasury for the third quarter of the 2022/23 financial year within 22 days after the end of the third quarter
- Provincial education departments must ensure that a programme and project management system is in place for planning, management and monitoring of infrastructure delivery funded from the grant
- Provincial education departments must comply with the framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management
- Provincial education departments must provide school governing bodies with maintenance guidelines to conduct minor maintenance. This should be in accordance with the sector maintenance strategy
- Provincial education departments should allocate no less than 60 per cent of the Education Infrastructure Grant (EIG) allocation to address preventative and corrective maintenance at schools
- Provincial education departments to prioritise, and fund from the grant, the eradication of pit latrines and other unacceptable forms of sanitation
- Provincial education departments to prioritise the rehabilitation of storm damaged schools, schools built
 of asbestos and other inappropriate material
- In implementing the three streams model, provincial education departments to prioritise the planning
 for construction of technical schools and schools of skill as well as conversion of academic stream
 schools to vocational and occupational streams in 2022/23, for commissioning of projects in 2023/24
- Provincial education departments may use multiple implementing agents when implementing projects funded from the grant
- To promote conducive teaching and learning within the acceptable occupational, health and safety standards, provincial education departments must implement maintenance projects in all education facilities
- In schools without section 21 responsibilities, provincial education departments should put in place the
 necessary measures to ensure that planned maintenance at these schools occurs as per the scheduled
 maintenance plan for such schools
- Provincial education departments must provide all the necessary equipment and furniture in the spaces provided when constructing new projects

	Education Infrastructure Grant
	• Provincial education departments must submit their plans for the procurement of mobile classrooms to
	the DBE and any deviation from these plans should be approved in writing by the DBE and National
	Treasury
	• Provincial education departments must adhere to the prescripts of the National Treasury instruction
	number 2 of 2015/16, on the implementation of the school cost norms
	Non-compliance with any of the above conditions may result in the withholding and subsequent stopping
	of transfers
	• To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, provincial education departments may use their allocations to
	fund:
	o projects to ensure the sustainable provision of potable water and safe sanitation in schools (these
	projects must be prioritised, and coordinated with projects implemented by the national DBE through
	the School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant)
	o the trucking of water to refill water tanks in schools' subject to written approval from DBE. DBE
	will determine the frequency of trucking of water
	o the purchasing of sanitisation materials and equipment. Grant funds can only be used for this purpose
	when the province has demonstrated that all other provincial reprioritisation options have been
	utilised
	• Monthly reports on COVID-19 expenditure must include information on actual spending and services
	delivered
	• Funds have been earmarked within this grant for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of the
	infrastructure damaged by natural disasters in KwaZulu-Natal in 2019 which have been assessed and
	declared in the government gazette by the National Disaster Management Act (NDMC). The amounts
	are as follows:
	o 2022/23: R145 million
	o 2023/24: R326 million
	• Business plans for allocated disaster funds must be in line with the post disaster verification assessment
	reports submitted to the NDMC
	• Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in
	the post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans
	Quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC and DBE
Allocation criteria	Allocations for 2022/23 are based on historical allocations for this grant
	• Allocations also include incentive-based allocations as described in part 4 to Annexure W1 of the
	2022 Division of Revenue Bill
Reasons not incorporated	Funding infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery
in equitable share	and maintenance of education infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner, consistent with
in equitable shall	national norms and standards for school buildings
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
- mar personality	• Of the R10.5 billion allocated, R10.5 billion (100 per cent) was transferred to provinces of which
	R10.7 billion (99 per cent) was spent by the end of the national financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 1 931 teaching spaces, 138 administrative spaces provided
	• 1 361 maintenance projects, 192 disaster projects, 2 094 water, 839 sanitation, 47 electricity and
	101 fencing infrastructure projects
	Completed two boarding facilities, 30 sports facilities
	 The sector has provided a total of 30 new and replacement schools in provinces
Projected life	Grant continues until 2022/23, subject to review
MTEF allocations	
Payment schedule	
v	
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the national department
receiving officer	Visit selected infrastructure sites in provinces PDF and National Transport to province infrastructure delication and infrastructure delications.
receiving officer	DBE and National Treasury to support provinces to improve infrastructure delivery capacity and
	systems
	Provide guidance to provinces in planning and prioritisation
	• Issue guidelines on the capacitation process of infrastructure units as well as the conditions attached to
	the utilisation of the funding
	DBE and National Treasury to jointly evaluate progress with the capacitation of provincial infrastructure
	units and provide feedback to all provinces in terms of the guidelines
	• DBE and National Treasury must jointly evaluate and provide feedback to all provinces on the
	assessment of all documents as outlined on the performance based approach system guidelines
	• Assess the reports submitted by provincial education departments and provide feedback before
	transferring the instalment
	• Submit reports to the National Treasury in terms of quarterly achievements by provincial education
	departments
I	
	• Comply with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated timeframes of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act

Education Infrastructure Grant • DBE to assess and approve requests for trucking of water and determine the frequency of trucking of DBE must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Approve monthly provincial infrastructure reports on infrastructure programmes within 15 days after the end of each month and submit to the relevant provincial treasury and DBE Submit a signed-off monthly provincial infrastructure report on infrastructure programmes within 22 days after the end of each month to the relevant provincial treasury and DBE Comply with the conditions of this grant framework and the relevant clauses within the stipulated timeframes in 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit quarterly capacitation reports within 22 days after the end of each quarter Ensure that section 42 transfers as per the Public Finance Management Act are affected Process for approval of The process for approval for the 2023 MTEF allocations will be in line with the performance based 2023/24 business plans incentive approach guidelines published by National Treasury

	HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	 Addressing social and structural drivers on HIV, sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and Tuberculosis (TB) prevention, care and impact Contribute to preventing new HIV, STIs, TB and COVID-19 infections To increase access to sexual and reproductive health services including HIV as well as TB services for learners and educators, with a specific focus on schools that are located in high priority areas
Grant purpose	 To support South Africa's HIV prevention strategy by: providing comprehensive sexuality education and access to sexual and reproductive health services to learners supporting the provision of employee health and wellness programmes for educators To mitigate the impact of HIV and TB by providing a caring, supportive and enabling environment for learners and educators To reduce the vulnerability of children to HIV, TB and STIs, with a particular focus on orphaned children and girls
Outcome statements	 Increased HIV, STI, TB and the COVID-19 knowledge and skills amongst learners, educators and officials Decrease in risky sexual behaviour among learners, educators and officials Decreased barriers to retention in schools, in particular for vulnerable learners (girls and boys)
Outputs	 8 798 of educators trained to implement comprehensive sexuality education and TB prevention programmes for learners to be able to protect themselves from HIV and TB, COVID-19 and the associated key drivers including alcohol and drug use, leading to unsafe sex, learner pregnancy and HIV infection, prioritising schools located in areas with a high burden of HIV and TB infections 5 154 school management teams and governing bodies trained to develop policy implementation plans focusing on keeping mainly young girls in school, ensuring that comprehensive sexuality education and TB education is implemented for all learners in schools, access to comprehensive sexual and reproductive health and TB services. A provision for training will also address multiple sexual partnerships among boys and learner pregnancy prevention Co-curricular activities on provision of comprehensive sexuality education, access to sexual and reproductive health and TB services implemented in secondary schools including a focus on prevention of alcohol and drug use and learner pregnancy and COVID-19, targeting 63 484 learners. Priority will be in schools located in high priority areas. Co-curricular activities in primary schools will focus on raising awareness of social issues and vulnerabilities such as how to report abuse and support programmes implemented to reach 52 659 learners and 4 204 educators. Expand the appointment of Learner Support Agents to 3 135 to support vulnerable learners prioritising primary schools, using the care and support for teaching and learning framework 218 370 copies of curriculum and assessment policy statement and COVID-19 compliant material, including material for learners with barriers to learning, printed and distributed to schools. Printing of the school policy pack will be prioritised over learner teacher support material to ensure that all schools have a copy of the Department of Basic Education's (DBE) National Policy on HIV, STIs and TB for learners, educators, support s
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities
Conditions	 Provincial education departments (PEDs) must distribute the grant allocation in accordance with the following weights for the key performance areas: support for COVID-19 prevention and management (to be integrated in existing focal areas) training and development (15 per cent)

HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant	
	o co-curricular activities (15 per cent)
	o care and support (25 per cent)
	 learning and teaching support material (15 per cent) advocacy and social mobilisation (15 per cent)
	o advocacy and social mobilisation (15 per cent) o monitoring and support (8 per cent)
	o management and administration (7 per cent)
	PEDs must report on implementation and expenditure according to the above seven key
	performance areas per quarter
	• Instalments are dependent on the DBE receiving these reports, adherence to approved business plans and attendance at the biannual inter-provincial meetings
	The above percentages are guidance and may be deviated from in accordance with provincial needs with the approval of the national transferring officer. However, provinces must prioritise areas with high rates of HIV, TB and learner pregnancy
	Deviations should be informed and motivated by achievements and/or critical challenges relating to the trends in the epidemic as relevant to respective PEDs
	PEDs must ensure they have the necessary capacity and skills to manage the implementation of
	the grant
	• First Aid Kits may no longer be funded from the conditional grant. In addition, condoms and sanitary towels must also not be funded from this conditional grant
	• In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, grant funds may be used to support catch-up activities
	and to provide education on measures to respond to the pandemic. Provinces must submit revised
	business plans for these activities and request deviations from the grant allocation weights listed
Allegation	above
Allocation criteria	• The education component of the provincial equitable share formula, as explained in part 4 of Annexure W1 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill, is used to allocate the grant amongst provinces
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	To enable the DBE to provide overall guidance, to ensure congruency, coherence and alignment points.
equitable share	with: o National Strategic Plan for HIV, TB and STIs (2017–2022)
	o DBE National Policy on HIV, STIs and TB for Learners, Educators, School Support Staff in
	all Primary and Secondary Schools in the Basic Education Sector
	This enables DBE to exercise an oversight role on the implementation of the HIV and AIDS Life
	Skills Education Programme in schools
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the R187 million allocated to provinces, R187 million (100 per cent) was transferred to provinces, of which R171 million (92 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year. Underexpenditure was noted in Eastern Cape, Gauteng, Limpopo and Mpumalanga
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 16 340 life orientation educators and 8132 educators trained in integration of life skills in the
	curriculum
	• 19 663 functional peer education programmes were undertaken, 16 694 learners trained on the learner retention and learner pregnancy programme, 26 875 learners trained in the substance abuse
	programme
	• 10 032 school-based support teams established, 6006 learner support agents in schools, 7 675 school management teams trained to develop policy implementation plans, and 253 700 vulnerable learners identified and referred for services
	• 242 497 sets of learning and teaching support material delivered to 18 054 schools
	• Advocacy reached 86 450 learners and educators as well as 76 894 members of the school
	communities on the new DBE national policy on HIV, STIs and TB to review and change societal
	norms and values on the provision of comprehensive sexuality education and access to sexual and
	reproductive health and TB services and reaching 14 512 learners through advocacy activities
	focusing on the prevention of TB and COVID-19 prevention
Projected life	9 158 schools reached through monitoring and support visits Grant will be reviewed on an engaing besign to respond to nature and trands in the HIV and TR.
1 I DICCICU IIIC	• Grant will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to respond to nature and trends in the HIV and TB
	epidemics
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million
MTEF allocations Payment schedule	 2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 29 July 2022; 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 29 July 2022; 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department To provide evidence-based guidance towards the development of a standardised annual conditional
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	 2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 29 July 2022; 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department To provide evidence-based guidance towards the development of a standardised annual conditional grant framework and nine provincial specific annual business plans for the HIV and AIDS life
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 29 July 2022; 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department To provide evidence-based guidance towards the development of a standardised annual conditional grant framework and nine provincial specific annual business plans for the HIV and AIDS life skills education programme
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 29 July 2022; 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department To provide evidence-based guidance towards the development of a standardised annual conditional grant framework and nine provincial specific annual business plans for the HIV and AIDS life skills education programme Identify risks and challenges impacting on provincial implementation
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 29 July 2022; 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department To provide evidence-based guidance towards the development of a standardised annual conditional grant framework and nine provincial specific annual business plans for the HIV and AIDS life skills education programme
MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	2022/23: R242 million; 2023/24: R242 million and 2024/25: R253 million Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 29 July 2022; 28 October 2022 and 27 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department To provide evidence-based guidance towards the development of a standardised annual conditional grant framework and nine provincial specific annual business plans for the HIV and AIDS life skills education programme Identify risks and challenges impacting on provincial implementation Develop risk management strategies to address these risks

HIV and AIDS (Life Skills Education) Grant Agree on outputs and targets with PEDs in line with grant objectives and national imperatives for 2023/24 from 23 September 2022 Monitor implementation of the programme and provide support to provinces Establish partnerships with key stakeholders • Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Responsibilities of the provincial departments • Ensure synergy with national strategies and processes aimed at reducing HIV and TB infections and other related issues including the associated risk factors such as alcohol and drug use • Identify risks and challenges impacting on implementation • Develop risk management strategies and implementation plans to address these risks • Submit monthly reports, quarterly and annual performance evaluation reports to the DBE in line with the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and Public Finance Management Act • Agree with the DBE on outputs and targets to ensure effective implementation of the Programme • Monitor implementation of the Programme and provide support to districts and schools • PEDs to implement the projects according to the approved business plans • Any deviation should first be communicated to and approved by the DBE before implementation • Evaluate and submit a provincial evaluation report on the performance of the conditional grant to the DBE in May/June 2022 (date will be determined by the national department) Process for approval of Communication and meeting with provinces to inform targets for 2023/24 from 28 October 2022 2023/24 business plans • PEDs submit draft business plans to DBE for evaluation from 30 November 2022 • DBE evaluates provincial business plans from 9 December 2022 Comments sent to PEDs to amend the plans from 11 January 2023 • PEDs submit amended and signed plans to DBE from 24 February 2023 DBE approves provincial business plans from 31 March 2023

	Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To ensure that learners with severe to profound intellectual disabilities access quality, publicly funded education and support
Grant purpose	To provide the necessary support, resources and equipment to identified special care centres and schools for the provision of education to children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities
Outcome statements	Improved access to quality basic education for children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities in conditions that ensure dignity, promote self-reliance and facilitate active participation in the community
Outputs Priority of government	 Nine deputy chief education specialists as provincial grant managers and 245 transversal itinerant outreach team members appointed to provide support in special care centres and targeted schools 505 special care centre data captured and managed using South African School Administration and Management System 245 transversal itinerant outreach team members, 2970 caregivers, 1928 teachers, 408 in-service therapists and 510 officials trained on the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disability and other programmes that support the facilitation of the learning programme 9669 children with severe to profound intellectual disability supported through outreach services Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities Annual budget and resource allocation schedules Monitoring and reporting Risk management plan Cash flow projections Participating centres and schools list (separate annexure)
G 199	Organogram for multi-disciplinary itinerant teams
Conditions	 Grant structure and allocation The grant is utilised on an interventional basis and is not a general source of funding for all special care centres and schools The focus of the grant is children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities who are currently not accessing publicly funded education in special care centres Learners with severe, mild and moderate intellectual disabilities and with specific learning difficulties enrolled in special care centres should be assessed for placement in schools Schools that have enrolled learners from special care centres with profound intellectual disabilities should be supported through training and provision of necessary human and material resources to ensure continuous support for referred learners A nationally approved learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disability should be offered at special care centres and targeted schools The allocation of funds per provincial education department (PED) should be divided as follows: five per cent for training of teachers, therapists, officials, caregivers and outreach teams 18 per cent for learning and teaching support materials, classroom furniture and equipment for special care centres and designated schools for the benefit of learners with severe to profound intellectual disabilities 65 per cent for compensation of transversal itinerant outreach team members and provincial grant managers 12 per cent for administration including travel, vehicles, accommodation and subsistence Provinces may deviate from the prescribed allocations only after having complied with the conditions of the framework and obtained the relevant approval from the transferring officer. Provinces may also revise their business plans in 2022/23 to accommodate spending on the COVID-19 response. The request for deviations must be submitted to the transferring officer not later than 18 November 2022 Business

Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant and efficiency, when they facilitate and support the implementation of the learning programme and provide psycho-social and other therapeutic support to learners enrolled in special care centres and targeted schools Where in-service therapists are not available, outreach team members should provide therapeutic and any other support to learners with profound intellectual disabilities The receiving department must facilitate and support the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disability in special care centres and schools • The transferring department must train outreach team members on the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disability and other programmes that enhance accountability in the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual The receiving departments, using outreach team members and other officials, must train caregivers, teachers, in-service therapists and officials on the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disability, and other programmes that directly enhance accountability in the implementation of the learning programme and provision of outreach services to targeted special care centres and schools Provinces may contract specialist training providers to offer training that cannot be facilitated by outreach team members to directly enhance the implementation of the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disability Administrative support will include purchasing or leasing of appropriate vehicles in cases where cars have not been purchased (one car per team), purchasing of tools of trade (in line with the DBE guidelines), fuel costs, and subsistence and accommodation costs when visiting special care centres and schools with travel distance of more than 200 km or in instances where the teams will spend more than one day in an area providing outreach services Transport is provided for in the grant framework and hence costs incurred from use of own cars must be avoided Procurement · PEDs should utilise transversal contracts where available, unless they can demonstrate gains from an exemption in their business plans The receiving departments must procure relevant and adequate learning and teaching support materials, classroom furniture and equipment, equipment for basic non-accredited skills programme for learners with severe intellectual disabilities that cannot be placed in schools and assistive devices for learners in special care centres as per the minimum specifications defined by DBE • The receiving department must procure specialised tools of trade and storage equipment in special care centres and where storage is inadequate Procurement should include training of caregivers, teachers and end-users in the utilisation of all resources provided To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, provincial education departments may, subject to submitting a revised business plan for approval by DBE, use their allocations to fund: sanitisation and provision of personal protective equipment and relevant technology to support the provision of education to children with severe to profound intellectual disabilities Provinces must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in their reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act This framework must be read in conjunction with the practice note as agreed to with National Treasury Allocation criteria Allocations consider the number of special care centres, children with severe or profound intellectual disabilities (CSPID) in special care centres, schools that have enrolled learners referred from special care centres per province as well as the urban and rural nature of each province Reasons not incorporated In order to address the needs of this marginalised population of children with severe or profound intellectual in equitable share disabilities that are not in school and not accessing educational subsidies through the educational norms applied at schools, the funding is ring-fenced in the form of a conditional grant. This enables the DBE to provide overall guidance to ensure congruence and coherence in programme implementation Past performance 2020/21 audited financial outcomes Of the R243 million allocated to provinces, R226 million (93 per cent) was transferred to provinces. R218 million (89.7 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year 2020/21 service delivery performance Seven of the targeted nine provincial grant managers were retained to manage the grant • 210 of the targeted 245 transversal itinerant outreach team members were retained to provided outreach services to learners in special care centres and selected schools 10 202 learners were provided with a range of services • 210 transversal itinerant outreach team members, 2 409 caregivers, 783 teachers, 124 in-service therapists and 343 officials were trained 3 423 learners with profound intellectual disability (3 255 in special care centres 168 in schools) were taught using the learning programme for learners with profound intellectual disability 1 290 learners with severe to profound intellectual disability received therapy 394 special care centres and 44 selected schools were provided with learning and teaching support materials 280 received assistive devices for personal use

Learners with Profound Intellectual Disabilities Grant	
Projected life	• The grant framework will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to respond to the nature and trends in the
, and the second	education of leaners with severe to profound intellectual disabilities
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R255 million; 2023/24: R260 million and 2024/25: R272 million
Payment schedule	Transfer payments shall be effected in April 2022; August 2022 and January 2023
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury
receiving officer	• Refine monitoring and evaluation guidelines tools that will be used to monitor and evaluate the implementation of the grant
	Refine Standard operation procedures and tools that will be used to enhance performance management and accountability
	Work with PEDs in developing a guiding document to guide PEDs with the appointment of practitioners in
	2023/24 on a 12-month contract to implement the Learning Programme in special care centres and the appointment of class assistants in 2023/24 on a 12-month contract to support teachers in schools that have enrolled learners from special care centres
	Train provincial grant managers and transversal itinerant outreach team members on programmes that will
	ensure effective implementation of the grant including the Learning Programme for learners with profound intellectual disabilities
	Monitor and support implementation of the grant by PEDs
	Collaborate with other government departments and ensure the provision of integrated services to CSPID
	• DBE must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster
	Management Centre
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Develop and submit approved business and procurement plans to the DBE
	• Manage the implementation of business plans in line with the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act to ensure that expenditure is on track and there is no withholding of transfers by transferring officer
	• Ensure systems, capacity and controls are in place to ensure the successful implementation of the grant
	Facilitate the appointment of outreach team members and grant managers in permanent posts as per the grant conditions
	Work with the DBE in developing a document to guide PEDs on the appointment of practitioners in 2022 on a 12-month volunteer contract to implement the learning programme in special care centres
	Work with the DBE in developing a document to guide PEDs on the appointment of class assistants in 2022
	on 12-month contracts to support teachers in schools that have enrolled learners from special care centres
	• Ensure grant activities are implemented as approved in the business plans. Any deviation should first be
	communicated to the DBE in writing and approved by the transferring officer before implementation
	• Monitor, support and quality assure the provision of outreach services to special care centres and school on a monthly and quarterly basis or as and when required
	Use the Department of Basic Education systems to manage special care centre data
	• Ensure that children enrolled in special care centres are incrementally enrolled in schools on an annual basis
	• Ensure compliance with reporting requirements by providing consolidated quality assured and approved quarterly reports 30 days after the end of the quarter
	• Facilitate collaboration with key government departments in the delivery of services to C/LSPID. This will
	entail the establishment of inter-departmental structures that will ensure integrated service delivery of services to C/LSPID
Process for approval of	• Communication and meeting with provinces to inform targets for the next financial year by 26 August 2022
2023/24 business plans	PEDs submit draft business plans to DBE for evaluation by 28 October 2022
	DBE evaluates provincial business plans by 16 November 2022
	Comments sent to PEDs to amend the plans by 14 December 2022
	PEDs submit amended and signed-off plans to DBE by 27 January 2023
	DBE approves provincial business plans by 17 March 2023

TD 6 1 1	Maths, Science and Technology Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16) Challes Grant A
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A The state of the National Part A (1) Part A (2) Part
Strategic goal	• To strengthen the implementation of the National Development Plan and the Action Plan to 2019 by increasing the number of learners taking mathematics, science and technology subjects, improving the success rates in the subjects and improving teachers' capabilities
Grant purpose	• To provide support and resources to schools, teachers and learners in line with the Curriculum Assessment Policy Statements (CAPS) for the improvement of mathematics, science and technology teaching and learning at selected public schools
Outcome statements	Improved learner participation and success in mathematics, science and technology subjects in the country
Outputs	 School support 485 schools supplied with subject specific computer hardware and related software in accordance with the minimum specifications prescribed by CAPS including coding and robotics pilot schools 232 technical (including pilot schools for the vocationally oriented curriculum) and agricultural schools' workshop tools, machinery, equipment and consumables for technology subjects repaired, maintained and/or replaced in accordance with the minimum specifications 1256 laboratories supplied with apparatus and consumables for mathematics, science and technology subjects in accordance with the minimum specifications including coding and robotics kits Learner support
	 50 000 learners registered for participation in mathematics, science and technology olympiads/fairs/expos and other events based on a structured annual calendar including support through learner camps and additional learning, teaching and support material such as study guides Teacher support 1500 participants attending specific structured training and orientation for teachers and subject advisors
	in subject content and teaching methodologies on CAPS for electrical, civil and mechanical technology, technical mathematics, and technical sciences o 1000 teachers and subject advisors attending targeted and structured training in teaching methodologies and subject content either for mathematics, physical, life, natural and agricultural sciences, technology, computer applications technology, information technology, agricultural management and technology subjects
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
	Key activities
	Annual budget and resource allocation schedules Manifering and reporting.
	 Monitoring and reporting Risk management plan
	Cash flow projections
	Participating schools list (separate annexure)
Conditions	Grant structure and allocations
Conditions	 The grant is utilised on an interventional basis and is not a general grant for all schools Schools' needs and allocation of funds must be identified through criteria indicated in the framework in partnership with provinces and districts in the preceding financial period
	• The grant will support a total of 1 256 schools across all provinces covering all mathematics, science and technology subjects from grades R-12
	• The grant will support the Department of Basic Education (DBE)-Cuba Mathematics, Science and Technology Subjects Support Programme in the Eastern Cape, Gauteng, Limpopo and KwaZulu-Natal provinces
	 The allocations should be divided in accordance with the following guideline for Eastern Cape, Gauteng, Limpopo and KwaZulu-Natal: 34 per cent for information communication technologies including coding and robotics resources 15 per cent for the supply, repair/replacement and maintenance of workshop machinery, equipment and
	tools for technical (including pilot schools for vocationally oriented curriculum) and agricultural schools 15 per cent for laboratory equipment/apparatus, manipulatives and consumables including coding and robotics 15 per cent for teacher support including teacher support for coding and robotics and vocationally oriented
	curriculum pilots o 14 per cent for learner support including learners in teaching mathematics for understanding pilot schools
	 o one per cent for grant administration, monitoring, support and evaluation o six per cent for the DBE-Cuba Mathematics, Science and Technology Subjects Support Programme, including remuneration
	 The allocations should be divided in accordance with the following guideline for Free State, Northern Cape, Mpumalanga, North West and Western Cape:

Maths, Science and Technology Grant 40 per cent for information communication technologies including coding and robotics resources o 15 per cent for the supply, repair/replacement and maintenance of workshop machinery, equipment and tools for technical (including pilot schools for vocationally oriented curriculum) and agricultural schools o 15 per cent for laboratory equipment/apparatus, manipulatives and consumables including coding and robotics o 15 per cent for teacher support including teacher support for coding and robotics and vocationally oriented curriculum pilots o 14 per cent for learner support including learners in teaching mathematics for understanding pilot schools o one per cent for grant administration, monitoring, support and evaluation All the grant outputs are prioritised in accordance with the allocation percentages unless the province has requested a deviation and this is approved by the transferring officer Outputs · ICT resource items should be procured as per the minimum specifications defined by the DBE and in line with CAPS. Subject specific ICT resources refer to hardware and software, which are compulsory and required by the curriculum. The grant also supports the training of all end-users in the utilisation of all ICT resources provided to a school Workshop equipment and machinery items should be supplied, repaired, maintained and/or replaced where appropriate in order to meet the minimum specifications defined by the DBE and in line with CAPS Laboratories' workshop equipment, apparatus and consumables should be procured as per the minimum specifications as defined by the DBE and in line with CAPS. This should be prioritised in line with the budget allocated to this item. These resources are provided to improve practical teaching and learning in all mathematics, science and technology subjects with special attention to mathematics and physical science Learner support is provided to all identified learners in line with provincial needs in support of curriculum delivery based on a structured annual calendar. This includes competition participation expenses, learner coaching, printing, delivery and mediation of study materials. This support includes study camps for identified learners as per the provincial programme including a focus on girl learners. Teaching Mathematics for Understanding support material Learner Activity Book Teacher support is provided to all identified teachers in line with provincial needs in support of curriculum delivery. Teacher training or development should be based on a structured programme, which must be submitted to the transferring department as and when required. No ad-hoc training will be supported from the grant Grant administration, monitoring and evaluation All provincial grant managers are supported to manage, administer, monitor and evaluate the implementation of the grant in line with the business plan. The support includes payment for expenses such as travelling, accommodation, stationery, flight fares, subsistence and other incidental costs **Procurement** • Provinces must participate in DBE's 3 year transversal contract to enable PEDs to secure 3 year contracts, but may request permission for exemption if they can demonstrate gains from such exemption. In the absence of a DBE transversal tender, provinces must continue to procure on their own The grant funds and implementation (procurement, delivery and payment) must be managed at provincial level unless a transversal tender has been issued or the school has demonstrated capacity, systems and controls to efficiently manage the processes of the grant Before funds can be transferred to schools, there should be assurance that systems, controls and capacity to manage the funds, implementation and delivery processes of the grant are in place In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, grant funds may be used to support catch-up activities Allocation criteria • Participating schools should be identified according to the following criteria: o priority should be given to schools classified in quintiles 1-3 o provinces may include schools in quintile 4 and 5, as per provincial needs, the approval of the transferring officer (provided the average learner performance in all subjects including mathematics, science and technology is at a level below 60 per cent at Grade 12) o primary schools will be supported as feeder schools to secondary schools participating in the grant based on the provincial needs analysis in line with the outputs of the grant o at least 30 learners are enrolled for each grade in mathematics and science subjects at a general education and training, and further education and training (FET) band, and 15 learners are enrolled for technology subjects in further education and training band o agricultural schools, technical schools including pilot schools for vocationally oriented curriculum o pilot schools for coding and robotics curriculum The grant is a targeted systemic capacity improvement programme. The number of schools requiring support Reasons not incorporated in equitable share is not proportionally distributed across the provinces. The level of support required by schools differs across provinces Past performance 2020/21 Audited Financial Outcomes • Of the R333 million allocated to provinces, R333 million (100 per cent) was transferred to provinces. R347 million (104 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year. Overspending of R14 million will be covered from the approved rollovers for 2019/20 financial year

2020/21 service delivery performance

Maths, Science and Technology Grant Information, communication and technology (ICT) 1052 schools (30: Eastern Cape, 197: Free State, 145: Gauteng, 139: KwaZulu-Natal, 106: Limpopo, 131: Mpumalanga, 39: Northern Cape, 100: North West and 165: Western Cape) Workshop equipment, machinery and tools o 188 schools (31: Eastern Cape, 20: Free State, 15: Gauteng, 32: KwaZulu-Natal, 0: Limpopo, 26: Mpumalanga, 13: Northern Cape, 19: North West and 32: Western Cape) • Laboratories and workshop equipment, apparatus and consumables o 686 schools (99: Eastern Cape, 154: Free State, 0: Gauteng, 88: KwaZulu-Natal, 0: Limpopo, 136: Mpumalanga, 27: Northern Cape, 72: North West and 110: Western Cape) • Learner support o 70 358 learners (250: Eastern Cape, 30 000: Free State, 0: Gauteng, 13 914: KwaZulu-Natal, 0: Limpopo, 13 644: Mpumalanga, 10 500: Northern Cape, 0: North West and 2 050: Western Cape) Teacher support o 14 364 Teachers (260: Eastern Cape, 0: Free State, 0: Gauteng, 275: KwaZulu-Natal, 1 310: Limpopo, 796: Mpumalanga, 1 142: Northern Cape, 10 142: North West and 439: Western Cape) Grant continues until 2023/24, subject to review Projected life MTEF allocations • 2022/23: R425 million; 2023/24: R433 million and 2024/25: R453 million Payment schedule • 6 May 2022; 12 August 2022; 11 November 2022 and 3 February 2023 Responsibilities Responsibilities of the national department transferring officer Identify and analyse areas requiring support in mathematics, science and technology receiving officer Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to National Treasury Provide the administrative services for the grant (manage, coordinate, monitor and support programme implementation at all levels) Develop and distribute planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation guidelines and/or templates including minimum specifications for school resources • The transferring officer must develop centralised procurement processes that provinces can participate in Ensure compliance with reporting requirements in line with the provisions of the Division of Revenue Act Monitor implementation at provincial, district and school level on a quarterly basis or as and when required, in line with the grant framework Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to National Treasury as per the requirements of the Division of Revenue Act Responsibilities of provincial departments • Identify and analyse areas requiring support in mathematics, science and technology Develop and submit approved business plans to DBE Submit lists of schools to DBE as per the timeframes set in the grant framework Develop and submit an approved procurement plan in line with the business plan targets by the end of the financial year Ensure compliance with reporting requirements by providing consolidated monthly expenditure reports 15 days after the end of the month, and quarterly reports 30 days after the end of the quarter including other monitoring or diagnostic reports and reviews as required from time to time Manage and implement the programme in line with the Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act Where applicable, participate in transversal tenders issued by the DBE or other provinces in order to procure goods and services related to the outputs of the grant Monitor and provide support to districts/regions, circuits and schools on a monthly and quarterly basis or as and when required · Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels including the appointment or identification of a qualified and experienced person/s to administer, manage and co-ordinate the activities of the grant in accordance with the provisions of the framework and compliance certificates • Evaluate the performance of the grant and submit evaluation reports to DBE within two months after the end of the financial year Implement projects according to the approved business plan. Any deviation should be communicated in writing and approved by the transferring officer before implementation Submit school's business plans to DBE by the end of June every year if funds are being transferred to schools Responsibilities of schools Submit school's needs on mathematics, science and technology to the districts as required by the province Submit school's business plans to provinces before funds can be transferred to schools Submit quarterly mathematics, science and technology activity reports on equipment, machinery, consumables, maintenance, learner and teaching support material and training support Submit learner performance data for all grades in mathematics, science and technology subjects to the district Ensure that capacity, systems and controls are in place to implement the grant, to receive funds where a transfer to a school has been agreed upon Receive funds from provincial departments of education and manage the procurement, delivery and payment processes where necessary

Maths, Science and Technology Grant	
	 Participate in relevant structures that have been put in place to support implementation of the grant such as annual principals' meetings Monitor and ensure the quality of work of the service providers and sign-off on the completeness of the service delivery processes
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 The first draft of the consolidated provincial business plans and revised school lists to be submitted to DBE for appraisal by 28 October 2022 The DBE team will meet to evaluate the consolidated business plans by 11 November 2022 The comments on the business plans will be sent to provinces for amendments by 14 December 2022 Provinces will be required to submit approved deviations before submitting amended business plans on 27 January 2023 Provinces will be required to submit the provincially approved amended business plans to DBE by 24 February 2023 DBE will approve the final business plans by 9 March 2023 DBE's transferring officer approves business plans to be submitted to the National Treasury by 17 March 2023

	National School Nutrition Programme Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To enhance learning capacity and improve access to education
Grant purpose	To provide nutritious meals to targeted schools
Outcome statements	Enhanced learning capacity and improved access to education
Outputs	21 000 schools that prepare nutritious meals for learners
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	 Output indicators Inputs Key activities Risk management plan
Conditions	Spending must be in line with national and provincial business plans
Commissions	 The budget allocation must be distributed in terms of the following weightings for both secondary and primary schools and such weightings may be amended to enable compliance with COVID-19 requirements: school feeding: minimum of 97 per cent kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils: minimum of 0.3 per cent and not exceeding R10 million administration: maximum of 2.5 per cent
	 nutrition education (including deworming and hygiene practices): maximum of 0.2 per cent Minimum feeding requirements: provide nutritious meals to learners in quintile 1 - 3 primary and secondary schools, as well as identified special schools in line with gazetted amended on all school days provide nutritious meals to targeted learners in identified quintile 4 and 5 schools in line with available
	resources meal costs per learner will increase at a minimum of five per cent in all benefiting primary schools and three per cent for all secondary schools. Far-flung/low enrolment farm and rural schools that are receiving funds directly should be allocated a higher meal cost to cover higher transport costs pay honorarium of a minimum of R1 640 per person plus R16.40 per person the Unemployment Insurance Fund based on a food handler to learner ratio of 1:200. Food handlers must be allocated in line with approved sliding scales submitted with provincial business plans comply with approved food specifications and menu specifications consisting of meals containing: starch, protein and fresh vegetable/fruit fresh vegetables/fruits must be served daily and vary between green, yellow and red a variety of protein-rich foods must be served in line with approved menu options raw sugar beans must be packed separately from samp, not mixed in one packet soya mince should not be served more than once a week and must meet approved specifications Soya may not be used as seasoning/thickening for other dishes canned pilchards/mackerel/sardines must be served at least once a week. High quality protein products can replace pilchards in areas where these are not socially acceptable seasoning should be provided for all meals except on the day when milk is served ultra-high temperature (UHT) treated full cream milk or pasteurised maas must be served once a week. Milk must be approved in line with dairy standards set by Milk South Africa Provinces must support and promote sustainable food production and nutrition education in schools Provinces must promote local economic empowerment, including procurement of fresh produce from smallholder farmers. The farmers should be registered with the Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development and adhere to good agricultural practices Provinces that are transferring funds for meals to schools (Eastern Cape, Free State, Limpopo, Northern Cape and North West) are req
	 and/or critical challenges in each province: feeding days reduced to a minimum number of days determined on the basis of the gazetted school calendar feeding cost below the minimum requirements, provided the quality of meals is not compromised reduction in the number of learners due to learner verification number of learners that exceed the gazetted quintiles serving of processed vegetables or fruit in remote areas quintile 1-3 schools that do not feed all learners (Gauteng and Western Cape) need to approve letters from schools requesting a deviation from whole school feeding. These letters must be provided to the provincial office and kept on record deviation requests from approved business plan activities must be submitted to the transferring officer not later than November 2022

National School Nutrition Programme Grant	
	• Provinces must update and submit databases on kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils by 24 August 2022
	and provide a procurement plan.
	• The flow of the first instalment of the grant depends upon receipt by the Department of Basic Education (DBE) of:
	o submission of the approved transfer schedules for the 2022/23 financial year by provinces that are
	transferring funds to schools
	o submission of quarterly performance (narrative and indicators) and financial reports
	• The flow of the May 2022 instalment of the grant depends upon receipt by the DBE of quarterly performance (narrative and indicators) and financial reports
	• The flow of the December 2022 and the January 2023 instalments of the grant depends upon receipt by the
	DBE of:
	o evidence (copies of orders, invoices, etc.) of procured kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils including
	the names of benefiting schools o evidence of procurement of resources to district offices in line with approved business plans
	 evidence of procurement of resources to district offices in line with approved business plans submission of quarterly performance (narrative and indicators) and financial reports
	 Non-compliance with any of the above conditions may result in the withholding and subsequent stopping of
	budget transfers
	• To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, provinces may use grant funds for additional sanitisation in food
	preparation and distribution areas and the provision of personal protective equipment and training on safety measures for volunteer food handlers
	 If schools are closed due to a declared state of disaster, funds from the grant that would have been spent on
	providing meals in schools may instead be used to provide meals to learners through alternative means
	• Food parcels may be provided at a minimum of R170 nutritious food items per learner per month in line
	with available resources
	• Provinces must report on COVID-19 activities and expenditure as part of their reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act
Allocation criteria	• The distribution formula is poverty-based in accordance with the poverty distribution table used in the
	national norms and standards for school funding as gazetted by the Minister of Basic Education on
	17 October 2008
D (1)	Unallocated amounts will be distributed based on needs assessment reports submitted by provinces The Notice of the Advance of the Advan
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• The National School Nutrition Programme (NSNP) is a government programme for poverty alleviation, specifically initiated to uphold the rights of children to basic food and education
in equitable share	 The conditional grant framework enables the DBE to play an oversight role in the implementation of all
	NSNP activities in schools
Past performance	2021/22 audited financial outcomes
	• The programme allocation was at R7.6 billion, the spending at the end of the financial year was at R7.1 billion. The under-expenditure was due COVID-19 restrictions
	2021/22 service delivery performance
	• 9.6 million learners were provided with meals in 21 000 primary, secondary and special schools
	• 61 471 volunteer food handlers prepared meals for learners
7.4	• 3 477 small and medium enterprises and local cooperatives were contracted to supply food to learners
Projected life	• It is envisaged that, given the high poverty and unemployment rates in the country, the need for such a grant will persist for at least another 10 years. The programme ensures that learners from the poorest communities
	have decent opportunities to learn
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R8.5 billion; 2023/24: R8.9 billion and 2024/25: R9.3 billion
Payment schedule	The payment schedule will be in line with respective provincial procurement models as follows:
	o provinces that transfer funds directly to all schools (Eastern Cape, Free State, North West and Northern
	Cape) receive five instalments as follows: 7 April 2022; 19 May 2022; 20 June 2022; 8 September 2022 and 8 December 2022
	o provinces that procure from service providers on behalf of schools receive five instalments as follows:
	7 April 2022; 19 May 2022; 19 July 2022; 13 October 2022 and 26 January 2023
	o the 20 May 2022 budget transfer is for kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils as per equipment
	specifications provided by the DBE o payment schedules may be revised in line with implementation and spending trends
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Evaluate, approve and submit provincial business plans to the National Treasury
receiving officer	Manage, monitor and support programme implementation in provinces and districts
	• Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and National School Nutrition Programme guidelines
	 Transfer funds to provinces in line with the approved payment schedule Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury within 45 days after the end
	Consolidate and submit quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	 Evaluate performance of the conditional grant and submit an evaluation report to the National Treasury four
	months after the end of the financial year

National School Nutrition Programme Grant

DBE must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements
of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act, and share these reports with the National Disaster Management
Centre

Responsibilities of provincial departments

- Develop and submit approved business plans to the DBE and amend business plans to incorporate COVID-19 activities. The business plans should include databases reflecting distribution of volunteer food handlers and cooking fuel per school
- Monitor and provide support to districts/regions/area project officers and schools
- Manage and implement the programme in line with the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act
- Update and submit databases on kitchen facilities, equipment and utensils by 24 August 2022
- Ensure that districts are resourced in line with provincial business plans to conduct effective monitoring and support to schools in line with Goal 27 of the Action Plan to 2019, Towards the Realisation of Schooling 2030
- Consult districts on the development and implementation of their provincial business plans
- Implement monitoring and evaluation plans
- Provide human resource capacity at all relevant levels
- Evaluate the performance of the conditional grant annually and submit evaluation reports to the DBE two months after the end of the financial year
- Submit quarterly financial and performance reports including consolidated monitoring, reporting and response system reports to DBE after the end of each quarter
- Provinces that are transferring funds to schools are required to:
 - develop and submit approved 2022/23transfer schedules reflecting actual dates on which funds will be transferred to schools by 7 April 2022
 - or reconcile expenditure by schools against budget transfers on a quarterly basis. Reports for June 2022 and December 2022 on actual expenditure by schools should be submitted six weeks after the end of the quarter

Responsibilities of districts

- Monitor and support schools
- Submit monthly and quarterly reports (narrative and expenditure reports to the provincial department, as well as reports on expenditure by schools, where applicable). This should include consolidated monitoring, reporting and response system reports, where applicable
- Coordinate all National School Nutrition Programme activities in the district

Responsibilities of schools

- Implement the programme in line with the conditions of the National School Nutrition Programme framework
- Submit reports to districts as per the provincial reporting requirements, i.e. performance and expenditure reports
- Safeguarding of programme resources, i.e. cooking facilities, equipment and utensils

Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans

- · First inter-provincial meeting by May 2022
- Consultation with district officials, provincial treasuries, provincial finance sections and the National Treasury on business plans in June 2022
- Provinces submit first draft business plans to the DBE by July 2022
- DBE evaluates first draft business plans and sends comments to provinces by August 2022
- Provinces submit final approved business plans and requisite attachments to DBE by November 2022
- The transferring national officer to approve national and provincial business plans by 31 March 2023

	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Transferring department	Basic Education (Vote 16)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	The eradication of inappropriate education structures and backlogs in basic services
Grant purpose	Eradication of all inappropriate school infrastructure
	Provision of water, sanitation and electricity to schools
Outcome statements	Improved access to enabling learning and teaching environments
	• Build the capacity of provinces benefiting from an indirect grant allocation to carry out this function in the future
Outputs	Number of inappropriate schools replaced and provided with related school furniture
outputs	Number of schools provided with water
	Number of schools provided with sanitation
	Number of times water tanks installed in schools are refilled
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	• This grant uses an infrastructure programme management plan (IPMP) that includes the following:
business plan	o institutional framework
	 procurement and contract management plan scope management
	o time management plan
	o cost management plan
	o risk management plan
	o quality management plan
	o monitoring and reporting details
	 budgeting and programme accounting details performance management plan
	o communication management plan
Conditions	• This is an in-kind grant administered by the national Department of Basic Education (DBE) that may be
	transferred to a province through the Education Infrastructure Grant (EIG) if the province is able to
	demonstrate through a proven track record, that it has the capacity to implement the projects
	DBE must submit to National Treasury an infrastructure programme management plan by 11 February 2022
	Programme governance will be conducted by the following committees established to ensure that various
	processes are initiated within the programme: o national steering committee
	o technical committee
	o project steering committee
	 infrastructure bid specification and evaluation committee
	o infrastructure bid adjudication committee
	• The provincial planning and monitoring teams or equivalent in each province should meet monthly to ensure
	 information flows between the stakeholders, unblock processes, monitor progress, and enhance cooperation DBE must load all infrastructure funded projects in the Infrastructure Reporting Model before the start of
	the financial year (01 April2022)
	DBE must submit monthly project reports with cash flows to National Treasury 15 days after the end of each
	month, that show how actual payments and cash flows reconcile with the projected cash flow schedule and
	explain any deviations from the original projected cash flow
	• DBE must update the infrastructure project details for each funded project in the infrastructure reporting
	model. This must be approved and submitted to National Treasury within 22 days after the end of each quarter
	• Assets will be transferred to custodians in the respective provinces at final completion. The provincial
	education departments must report in their annual report how the schools have been considered in their future
	maintenance plans
	• The DBE must agree in writing with the provinces on projects that they will administer on behalf of each
	province
	• DBE and/or implementing agents must ensure skills transfer takes place as part of the implementation of projects
Allocation criteria	 The grant allocation is based on the distribution of inappropriate structures and schools without access to
. mocunon criteria	water and sanitation across provinces
	• Final allocations will be based on the finalised infrastructure programme management plan of the DBE as
	approved by the transferring officer
Reasons not incorporated	• This is a specific purpose grant to eradicate the basic safety norms backlogs in schools without water,
in equitable share	sanitation and electricity, and to replace those schools constructed from inappropriate material, including
	mud schools, to contribute towards improved learning and teaching. The grant will be administered by the
	DBE to achieve maximum impact in the shortest time possible

	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial performance
	• Allocated and transferred R1.9 billion of which R1.3 billion (68 per cent) was spent by the end of the national
	financial year 2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 275 new schools built, 1115 schools provided with water, 1140 schools provided with sanitation and 372
	schools provided with electricity (electricity sub-programme has been completed)
	• 3 750 schools provided with emergency water
	• 1 451 schools provided with emergency sanitation
Projected life	• The grant will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to respond to the nature of the infrastructure projects and the
	ability of provinces to take over
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R2.4 billion; 2023/24: R2.1 billion and 2024/25: R2.2 billion
Payment schedule	Payments will be made according to verified invoices from service providers or advance payments in line
	with approved memoranda of agreement, implementation plans and reviewed monthly cash flow projections from implementing agents
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	 Undertake planning of processes, activities, and accelerated school infrastructure delivery initiative (ASIDI)
receiving officer	programme policies required to realise the outputs and identify required resources
receiving officer	• Undertake the necessary procurement measures to secure the services of implementing agents, professional
	service providers, contractors and secondary procurement objectives to respond to the scope of work
	identified in the infrastructure programme management plan
	• Monitor and evaluate performance of the programme support unit, implementing agents, conduct project site
	inspections at selected sites to verify progress and quality of the works to secure programme outputs and deliverables
	 Harness the opportunities offered through the programme to contribute towards skills development
	• The DBE must submit a draft skills transfer and capacity building plan for Schedule 6, Part A allocations to
	National Treasury by 30 June 2022 and a final plan must be submitted to National Treasury by
	31 August 2022. The skills transfer and capacity building plan must set out how the capacity of benefiting
	provinces will be developed so that they can continue to perform the function after the Schedule 6, Part A
	funded project ends. The plan must set measurable targets that will be achieved over the 2022 medium-term expenditure framework. The plan must set out how existing and new capacity building initiatives will be
	used to achieve these targets
	DBE must submit an annual assessment of progress against its skills transfer and capacity building plan to
	National Treasury two months after the end of the national financial year
	DBE will convene and chair meetings of the national steering committee which will:
	o provide strategic direction to the ASIDI programme
	 provide general oversight on the programme ensure that the management of the programme brings together those players responsible for different
	elements of project success and ensure a holistic approach in support of the programme
	o ensure that standards are in line with different prescripts e.g. norms and standards for school
	infrastructure are adhered to
	o facilitate the establishment of sub-programme management, their membership, reporting modalities and
	their interaction with the steering committee o establish the modalities linking the targeted provincial education departments with DBE
	 establish the modalities linking the targeted provincial education departments with DBE supervise the programme and ensure appropriate coordination and cooperation between different
	agencies and departments involved
	o facilitate the linkages between national stakeholders such as the National Treasury (infrastructure
	delivery improvement plan), Construction Industry Development Board, and the national departments of
	Human Settlements, Water and Sanitation, Minerals and Energy, and Public Works and Infrastructure
	 ensure ASIDI strategies and targets are in line with national goals and targets monitor progress in terms of national goals and targets
	 assist the management of the programme in solving particular issues that may arise and that may require
	the intervention of the committee
	o report to the Minister of Basic Education, the Council for Education Ministers, the heads of education
	departments committee, and senior management
	DBE must ensure that a programme and project management system is in place for planning, management and monitoring of infractructure delivery.
	 and monitoring of infrastructure delivery Develop a sector procurement strategy and procurement strategy for this grant in terms of the practice guide
	prescribed by the infrastructure delivery management toolkit
	 DBE will develop a procurement strategy for this grant that will lead to the quickest possible achievement
	of the grant objectives which may require the clustering of projects across provincial boundaries
	• Submit an approved infrastructure programme management plan including projects list to the National
	Treasury
	Ensure compliance with reporting requirements and adherence to projected cash flow schedules
	Consolidate and submit quarterly reports to National Treasury and the National Council of Provinces within
	45 days after the end of each quarter

School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant • Conduct site visits to selected projects to assess performance Create the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the department to oversee and monitor the implementation of the grant DBE must ensure that the heads of education departments committee meets at least once a month and is provided with sufficiently detailed reports to assess project implementation and projected cash flow schedules reconciled at the end of the month preceding the monthly meetings Provide an operations and maintenance manual to the provincial education departments Responsibilities of provincial departments Provide the list of schools to be included in the ASIDI programme Ensure that the list of schools identified includes all the schools that were not constructed of appropriate materials in their entirety Ensure that the list of schools identified includes all the schools that never had basic sanitation, water and electricity Ensure that, where schools are identified for rationalisation and mergers, DBE is made aware on time, in writing, and that all necessary supporting documents are provided Establish provincial planning and monitoring teams that will provide support to the DBE when implementing projects funded by this grant Convene the provincial planning and monitoring teams and report to the national steering committee Generate a maintenance plan from the operations and maintenance manual provided Process for approval of Submission to National Treasury by DBE of the infrastructure programme management plan for 2023/24 projects by 15 February 2023 2023/24 business plans

COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE GRANT

Transforming denoutment	Provincial Disaster Response Grant
Transferring department Grant schedule	 Cooperative Governance (Vote 3) Schedule 7, Part A
Strategic goal	To enable timely response to address community needs regarding impending or disastrous events classified
Grant purpose	 by the National Disaster Management Centre To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response subject to compliance with section 2(1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are mitigated or alleviated
Outputs	Emergency repair of critical infrastructure
o urpuis	Emergency repair of critical initiastracture Emergency provision of critical goods and services
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 Applications for funding from this grant use the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) disaster grant guideline which includes the following: copy of the classification of disaster in terms of the Disaster Management Act copy of the applicable contingency plan and emergency procedures in use by the province (in terms of section 35(1)(d) of the Disaster Management Act) prevention and mitigation strategies as per the disaster management plan copy of the classification of disaster in terms of the Disaster Management Act and documentation linked to sections 56 and 57 of the same Act number of people, households, livestock and infrastructure affected and the extent of damages and losses sectors affected total funds required for disaster response and relief measures resources (both financial and in-kind) allocated by the province to respond and mitigate the effects of the disaster resources (both financially and in-kind) committed by other role players, including municipalities, national departments, state owned entities and non-government organisations the affected provincial sector department must indicate funds spent or contributed towards dealing with the disaster support received from non-government organisations and businesses or any other stakeholder cost-benefit analysis of the projects to be implemented An implementation plan with the following: details of the projects to be repaired including Global Positioning System (GPS) coordinates costs of the projects cash flow over six-month period as an annexure to the implementation plan An application for funding contribution from the Provincial Disaster Response Grant may be based on the r
Conditions	 Specifics on the rapid response capacity to implement the projects and account for allocated funding An occurrence should be classified as a disaster by the NDMC in terms of the Disaster Management Act and documentation linked to conditions within sections 56 and 57 of the above mentioned Act submitted to the NDMC
	 This grant may only be used to fund expenditure in the event that the responsible line function organ of state is unable to deal with the effects of the disaster utilising their own legislation, guidelines and available resources Funds from this grant must be utilised within six calendar months following the date of the transfer of the funds to the province A provincial department may request the NDMC through their Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC) that an allocation be utilised more than six calendar months after the date of transfer in terms of section 25(3)(d) of the Division of Revenue Act. NDMC to notify National Treasury of any approved extensions The emergency procurement system as provided for in the Public Finance Management Act should be invoked by the provincial department to ensure immediate response and relief measures to support affected communities Funds may only be used in line with the approved implementation plan. Any amendments to the implementation plan must be approved by the NDMC and copies of the approved amendments shared with National Treasury The provincial department must provide details of their capacity in implementing emergency projects and
Allocation criteria	 accounting for allocated funding The grant is allocated for classified disasters based on reports from assessments conducted by the NDMC and the relevant PDMC and affected sectors for immediate disaster response and relief needs. This should include implementation of Sections 56 and 57 of the Disaster Management Act additionally, it must be established that there are immediate disaster response and relief needs that cannot be met by the province

	Provincial Disaster Response Grant	
	 through the contingency arrangements already in place. The Accounting Officer for the relevant organ of state must indicate in their application that the total funds required from the grant for disaster response exceed the available resources and/or resources already allocated for disaster response Funding may be released in tranches, with the first tranche based on the rapid assessment, verification of the immediate disaster response and relief needs and the submitted cash flow projection. The next tranches will be released once proof is submitted that the first tranche has been fully spent or committed and all grant 	
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 conditions have been met This grant caters for response and relief measures from unforeseen and unavoidable disasters where the provincial departments are unable to cope with the effects of the disaster only utilising own resources 	
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcome	
r ast person manee	Funds were transferred to the provincial departments of Agriculture for drought response measures as follows: R35 million to Eastern Cape Department of Agriculture R4 million to KwaZulu-Natal Department of Agriculture R19 million to Limpopo Department of Agriculture R12 million to Mpumalanga Department of Agriculture R36 million to Northern Cape Department of Agriculture R8 million to North West Department of Agriculture R25 million to Western Cape Department of Agriculture	
1		
	 2020/21 service delivery performance Affected farming communities were supported through drought interventions in the form of drilling of boreholes and resuscitation of existing boreholes, fodder provision and fodder production Affected farming communities were supported through the provision of fodder, fodder production, drilling of boreholes and resuscitation of existing boreholes in Eastern Cape to mitigate the effects of drought Affected farming communities were supported through the resuscitation of agricultural water infrastructure in KwaZulu-Natal to mitigate the effects of drought 	
	 Affected farming communities were supported through the provision of fodder, fodder production, drilling of boreholes and resuscitation of existing boreholes in Limpopo to mitigate the effects of drought Affected farming communities were supported through the provision of fodder, fodder production, drilling of boreholes and resuscitation of existing boreholes in Mpumalanga to mitigate the effects of drought Affected farming communities were supported through the drilling of boreholes and resuscitation of existing boreholes in North West to mitigate the effects of drought Affected farming communities were supported through the resuscitation provision of fodder to mitigate the effects of drought 	
Projected life	This grant is expected to continue over the medium-term subject to review	
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R145 million; 2023/24: R146 million and 2024/25: R152 million	
Payment schedule	Transfers are made subject to approval by National Treasury	
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	 Responsibilities of the National Disaster Management Centre Verify the applications for funding as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act and submit funding request to National Treasury for consideration within 14 days following the receipt of the assessment report and written funding request from the sector departments through the PDMCs and when all grant conditions have been met Confirm support to be provided by relevant national sector departments to prevent duplication of support and resources Notify the relevant PDMC and provincial treasury of a transfer at least three days before transfer. Funds must be transferred no later than five days after notification Provide National Treasury with written notification of the transfer within 14 days of a transfer of the grant Submit financial report to National Treasury within 20 days of the end of each month Provide a performance report, within 45 days of the end of the quarter in which the funds were spent, to the National Treasury using the disaster allocation monitoring template agreed to with the National Treasury Together with the PDMC, monitor the implementation of disaster funded projects 	
	 Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres Together with the affected provincial departments, conduct rapid assessments of disaster impacts to verify the applications for initial funding within 14 days following the occurrence of a reported incident that meets the conditions Conduct assessments of disaster impacts together with the NDMC and the affected provincial departments, to verify applications for funding, within 35 days of the incident while adhering to the requirements of the Disaster Management Act Confirm support to be provided by relevant provincial sector departments to prevent duplication of support and resources Submit requests for disaster funding, monitor projects and provide reports to the NDMC, and provincial treasury Provide financial reports to NDMC within 15 days of the end of each month Provide a performance report which includes evidence on progress implementation of the projects to the 	

Provincial Disaster Response Grant

- NDMC within 35 days of the end of the quarter in which funds are spent using the relevant disaster grant allocation-reporting template
- The PDMC should activate a project task team comprising of affected municipalities and sector departments
- Monitor the implementation of funded disaster project by sectors
- Establish provincial project steering committees to coordinate the monitoring and reporting of implementation of projects

Responsibilities of provincial sector departments

- Cooperate with the NDMC and PDMC to conduct damage assessment and cost verification
- Sector departments to submit the relevant contingency plans
- Submit initial funding request within 14 days following the declaration of a disaster
- Consult with the relevant national sector departments and provincial treasury for support on existing resources to address the disasters
- Consult with the relevant national sector department on a funding request before submission to the PDMC
- Notify provincial treasury of all requests for funding submitted
- Invoke emergency procurement processes to implement the immediate disaster response and relief projects
- Monitor implementation of projects and report on their impact
- Provide a financial report to the PDMC and relevant national sector department within 10 days of the end of
 each month, signed off by the Accounting Officer. Include evidence (invoices, payment certificates and
 pictures of the projects) as annexures
- Provide a performance report which includes evidence, and progress on implementation of the projects, to
 the PDMC and relevant national sector department within 20 days of the end of the quarter in which funds
 are spent, signed off by the Accounting Officer

Responsibilities of national sector departments

- Provide support and guidance in resource mobilisation to provincial sectors before a funding request is lodged to the NDMC through the PDMC
- Provide support and guidance to provincial sector departments and NDMC regarding line function related matters on assessments and costing verifications
- Sector departments to submit the relevant contingency plans
- Provide support and guidance to provincial sector departments and the NDMC in the preparation of funding requests
- Provide support and guidance to provincial sector departments in the preparation of reports, performance
 and realisation of the impacts of the projects as well as ensure compliance to the grant framework and
 relevant guidelines
- Monitor, report and evaluate implementation of projects by provincial sectors
- Activate an internal departmental task team to monitor, report and evaluate the impact of projects

Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans

• Not applicable

HEALTH GRANTS

	District Health Programmes Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	 The implementation of the National Strategic Plan on the HIV, sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and tuberculosis (TB) 2017 – 2022 and implementation of the National Strategic Plan on Malaria Elimination 2019 – 2023 To improve access to community based primary care services through ward based primary health care outreach teams To reduce the spread of, and morbidity and mortality caused by COVID-19 There are two components to this grant that allow for the achievement of the stated strategic goal: Comprehensive HIV/AIDS component (with a separate framework) District Health component (with a separate framework)
Grant purpose	To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to HIV and AIDS
	To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to TB
	 To ensure provision of quality community outreach services through ward based primary health care outreach teams To improve efficiencies of the ward based primary health care outreach teams programme by harmonising
	and standardising services and strengthening performance monitoring
	 To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to support the effective implementation of the National Strategic Plan on Malaria Elimination 2019 – 2023
	• To enable the health sector to prevent cervical cancer by making available human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccinations for grade seven school girls in all public and special schools and progressive integration of
	HPV into the integrated school health programme
	To enable the health sector to rollout COVID-19 vaccine
Outcome statements	As specified in the two component frameworks
Outputs	As specified in the two component frameworks
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	As specified in the two component frameworks
Conditions	As specified in the two component frameworks
Allocation criteria	As specified in the two component frameworks
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	As specified in the two component frameworks
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial performance
	As specified in the two component frameworks
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	As specified in the two component frameworks
Projected life	As specified in the two component frameworks
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R29 billion; 2023/24: R27 billion and 2024/25: R28.1 billion, of which the two components are allocated:
	 Comprehensive HIV/AIDS component: 2022/23: R24.1 billion; 2023/24: R24 billion and 2024/25: R25 billion District Health component: 2022/23: R5 billion; 2023/24: R3 billion; and 2024/25: R3.1 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	As specified in the two component frameworks
receiving officer	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	As specified in the two component frameworks
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	As specified in the two component frameworks

	District Health Programmes Grant: Comprehensive HIV/AIDS Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	 The implementation of the National Strategic Plan on the HIV, sexually transmitted infections and tuberculosis (TB) 2017 – 2022
Grant purpose	To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to HIV/AIDS
	Prevention and protection of health workers from exposure to hazards in the workplace The state of the
0-4	To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to TB
Outcome statements	Improved coordination and collaboration in the implementation of HIV/AIDS programme between national and provincial government A Committee of the control of the cont
	 Improved quality of HIV/AIDS response through provision of access to prevention, treatment, care and support services
	• Improved coordination and collaboration in the TB response between national and provincial governments
	• Improved quality of TB (including drug resistant-TB) services including access to prevention, screening, testing, treatment and adherence monitoring and support
Outputs	Number of new patients started on antiretroviral therapy
Surpuis	 Total number of patients on antiretroviral therapy remaining in care
	Number of male condoms distributed
	Number of female condoms distributed
	 Number of infants tested through the polymerase chain reaction test at 10 weeks
	Number of clients tested for HIV (including antenatal)
	Number of medical male circumcisions performed
	Number of HIV positive clients initiated on TB preventative therapy
	Number of patients tested for TB using Xpert
	Number of eligible HIV positive patients tested for TB using urine lipoarabinomannan assay
	• Drug sensitive TB treatment start rate (under five years and five years and older)
	Number of rifampicin resistant/ multi drug resistant TB patients started on treatment
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
C III	Key activities
Conditions	 The following priority areas must be supported through the grant: antiretroviral therapy related interventions
	 care and support condom distribution and high transmission area interventions
	 condom distribution and high transmission area interventions post exposure prophylaxis
	o prevention of mother to child transmission
	o programme management strengthening
	o regional training centres
	 HIV counselling and testing
	o medical male circumcision
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on antenatal HIV prevalence, estimated share of AIDS cases and population numbers
	post-demarcation Allocation is based on TR workload assess and population numbers post demarcation
Reasons not incorporated	 Allocation is based on TB workload cases and population numbers post-demarcation HIV, AIDS and TB are key national priorities and require a coordinated response for the country as a whole
in equitable share	and this is effectively achieved through a conditional grant
in equitable share	TB, multi-drug resistant, and extremely drug resistant strains, are key national priorities and require a
	countrywide coordinated response which is best achieved through a conditional grant
Past performance	2020/2021 audited financial performance
	• HIV/AIDS component: allocated and transferred R20.4 billion to provinces of which R21 billion (102 per
	cent) was spent by provinces by the end of the national financial year
	• TB component: allocated and transferred R508 million to provinces (100 per cent), of which R363 million
	(71.4 per cent) was spent by provinces
	2020/2021 service delivery performance
	HIV/AIDS Component:
	• 490 945 new patients that started on antiretroviral therapy
	• 5 104 965 patients on antiretroviral therapy remaining in care
	• 536 110 671 male condoms distributed
	• 16 803 855 female condoms distributed
	• 179 102 exposed infants HIV positive at 10 weeks polymerase chain reaction test
	• 15 284 083 clients tested for HIV (including antenatal)

District Health Programmes Grant: Comprehensive HIV/AIDS Component	
	 129 587 medical male circumcision performed 315 150 patients on antiretroviral therapy initiated on isoniazid preventative therapy TB Component: 88.1 per cent TB symptoms client screened in facility (under 5 years and 5 years and older) 1 599 985 of patients tested for TB using Xpert 14 215 eligible HIV positive patients tested for TB using urine lipoarabinomannan assay 97.6 per cent of all TB clients (5 years and older) started on treatment 80.7 per cent of confirmed TB rifampicin resistant started on treatment 856 eligible clients initiated on delamanid containing regimen
Projected life	Ongoing in line with National Strategic Plan on the HIV, Sexually Transmitted Infections and TB 2017 – 2022
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R24.1 billion; 2023/24: R24 billion and 2024/25: R25 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments based on the approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	 Visit provinces twice a year to monitor implementation and provide support Report to the National Treasury on an additional set of indicators agreed upon between the two departments Meet with National Treasury to review grant performance on a quarterly basis Responsibilities of provincial departments
	 Quarterly performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting period using standard formats as determined by the national department. Submit an electronic version to be followed by a hard copy signed by the provincial grant receiving manager Clearly indicate measurable objectives and performance targets as agreed with the national department in the provincial departmental business plans for 2022/23 and over the medium term expenditure framework period
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 Submission of draft business plans to the national Department of Health by 28 October 2022 Submission of final business plans to the national Department of Health by 27 January 2023 Submission of final business plans to the National Treasury by 31 March 2023

Tuansfauring danautmant	District Health Programmes Grant: District Health Component
Transferring department Grant schedule	Health (Vote 18) School of Dord A
Strategic goal	 Schedule 5, Part A The implementation of National Strategic Plan on Malaria Elimination 2019 – 2023
Strategic goar	 The implementation of National Strategic Flan on Mataria Eminiation 2019 – 2023 To reduce the incidence of cancer of the cervix through the provision of the human papillomavirus (HPV)
	vaccination to grade five school girls in all public schools and special schools
	• To improve access to community based primary care services through ward based primary health care
	outreach teams
	To reduce the spread of, and morbidity and mortality caused by COVID-19
Grant purpose	• To enable the health sector to develop and implement an effective response to support the implementation
	of the National Strategic Plan on Malaria Elimination 2019 – 2023 • To enable the health sector to prevent cervical cancer by making available HPV vaccinations for
	grade five school girls in all public and special schools and progressive integration of HPV into integrated
	school health programme. To ensure provision of quality community outreach services through ward based
	primary health care outreach teams by ensuring community health workers receive remuneration, tools of
	trade and training in line with scope of work
	To enable the health sector to rollout COVID-19 vaccine
Outcome statements	Improved implementation of malaria strategies in support of malaria elimination efforts
	Increased access to HPV vaccines by grade five school girls in all public and special schools The property of the principle of the princ
	• Improved access to quality primary care services at community level with a focus on preventive and promotive care, screening for health conditions and referral for relevant services
	Improved coordination and collaboration in the rollout of COVID-19 vaccine
Outputs	Number of malaria-endemic municipalities with 95 per cent or more indoor residual spray coverage
•	Percentage of confirmed malaria cases notified within 24 hours of diagnosis in endemic areas
	Percentage of confirmed malaria cases investigated and classified within 72 hours in endemic areas
	Percentage of identified health facilities with recommended malaria treatment in stock
	Percentage of identified health workers trained on malaria elimination
	Percentage of population reached through malaria information education and communication on malaria
	prevention and early health-seeking behaviour interventions • Percentage of vacant funded malaria positions filled as outlined in the business plan
	Number of malaria camps refurbished and/or constructed
	 80 per cent of grade five school girls aged nine years and above vaccinated for HPV first dose in the school
	reached
	• 80 per cent of schools with grade five girls reached by the HPV vaccination team with first dose
	80 per cent of grade five school girls aged nine years and above vaccinated for HPV second dose
	• 80 per cent of schools with grade five girls reached by the HPV vaccination team with second dose
	Number of community health workers receiving a stipend
	Number of community health workers trained
	 Number of HIV clients lost to follow-up traced Number of TB clients lost to follow traced
	 Number of 1B chefits lost to follow traced Number of healthcare workers rolling out the COVID – 19 vaccine funded through the grant
	Number of COVID – 19 vaccine doses administered, broken down by type of vaccine vaccine
	Number of clients fully vaccinated for COVID -19
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators Transfer
	InputsKey activities
Conditions	 The business plan, signed by the receiving officer and in the prescribed format, must be submitted to the
	transferring officer by 25 February 2022. The approved business plan must be submitted by national
	Department of Health (DoH) to National Treasury by 31 March 2022
	The following priority areas must be supported through the grant:
	Malaria surveillance, prevention, treatment
	 mobile active testing units testing and treating through active testing in the community
	 testing and treating through active testing in the community health promotion activities which address indoor residual spray importance, preventative measures taken
	during travel to endemic areas and treatment seeking behaviour.
	Malaria vector control
	o indoor residual spraying
	o integrated vector management activities
	Improvement of indoor residual spray camp infrastructure
	Programme management strengthening for malaria elimination through hiring of staff for approved malaria poets.
	 posts Provinces must maintain funding for malaria from their equitable share at 2016/17 levels, as adjusted for
	inflation
	A maximum of three percent of each allocation of this grant may be utilised to strengthen Malaria, HPV and

District Health Programmes Grant: District Health Component COS programmes (administration related cost) Ensure provinces include HPV vaccination indicators in provincial annual performance plans Social mobilisation to promote the uptake of the HPV vaccination to prevent cervical cancer should be done as part of the integrated school health programme The grant must be used for the implementation of the ward based primary health care outreach teams policy framework and strategy · All contracted non-governmental organisations receiving funding from this grant for community outreach services must have a service level agreement with the relevant provincial department of health including performance indicators. This is applicable to Western Cape only as per the standing arrangement. The province that contracts non-governmental organisations for community outreach services programme should make transfer payments as per the stipulations of section 8.4 of the Treasury Regulations and section 38(1)(j) of the Public Finance Management Act. • For community outreach services, the grant can only fund the maximum of the community health worker stipend and any adjustment in line with the cost-of-living adjustment as approved and gazetted by Department of Employment and Labour. The allocation for COVID – 19 must only be used to fund activities related to the health sector's rollout of the COVID-19 vaccine Progressive rollout must be in line with the phased implementation as detailed in the national COVID-19 vaccine rollout strategy COVID-19 allocation cannot be used for any other purpose • The following is the allocation for all the programmes funded from this grant: HPV Malaria COVID - 19 **Community Outreach Services** R38 million R234 million R187 million o Eastern Cape o Free State R13 million R94 million R138 million R31 million R517 million Gauteng R447 million KwaZulu-Natal R51 million R16 million R383 million R585 million 0 R31 million R378 million Limpopo R65 million R213 million Mpumalanga R20 million R27 million R155 million R291 million 0 R5 million R100 million Northern Cape R41 million 0 North West R15 million R135 million R264 million R22 million R198 million R195 million o Western Cape The above allocations must be linked by an objective segment on BAS Approval to shift funds between programmes (excluding funds for COVID - 19) is vested with the transferring officer and should be communicated with National Treasury Allocation criteria Allocations are based on malaria incidence and provincial equitable share allocations in endemic provinces, the number of grade five girls and schools with grade five from the education management information system in each province, the population numbers post-demarcation, population and number of clients to be vaccinated per province and assessment of the need in different provinces and the availability of funds Reasons not incorporated Malaria is a key national priority, and a seasonal disease, and requires a coordinated response during defined in equitable share periods for all endemic provinces which is most effectively achieved through a conditional grant and not all provinces are affected Cervical cancer is a high national priority and requires uniform implementation to achieve the minimum coverage of 80 per cent and have the desired impact of significantly reducing incidences of cervical cancer The approval of the policy in 2018 formalized the community health workers programme as a component of Primary Health Care and a national priority. The implementation of the policy requires focused approach to implementation and monitoring to achieve the desired outputs, outcomes on defined health indicators COVID-19 response is a national priority that requires ring-fenced funding and a coordinated response for the country as a whole and this is effectively achieved through a conditional grant Past performance 2020/21 audited financial outcomes • Community Outreach Services Component: Allocated and transferred R2.6 billion to provinces, of which R2.2 billion (84.9 per cent) was spent by the end of the national financial year HPV Component: Allocated and transferred R221 million to provinces, of which R168 million (76.2 per cent) was spent by the end of the national financial year Malaria Component: Allocated and transferred R116 million to provinces, of which R113 million (96.8 per cent) was spent by the end of the national financial year COVID-19 Component: Allocated and transferred R3.4 billion to provinces, of which R3.2 billion (94.9 per cent) was spent by the end of the national financial year 2020/21 service delivery performance Community Outreach Services Component: o 49 020 community health workers receiving stipend 20 877 community health workers trained 2 530 outreach team leaders trained 337 244 HIV defaulters traced o 34 795 TB defaulters traced **HPV** Component: 80.6 per cent grade five schoolgirls aged nine and above vaccinated for HPV 93 per cent schools with grade five girls reached by the HPV vaccination team • Malaria Component:

	District Health Programmes Grant: District Health Component
Projected life MTEF allocations Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	District Health Programmes Grant: District Health Component ○ 16 (76 per cent) malaria endemic municipalities with >95 per cent indoor residual spray coverage ○ 44 per cent confirmed cases notified with 24 hours of diagnosis in the endemic districts, 68 per cent of confirmed cases investigated and classified within 72 hours in the endemic districts ○ 100 per cent of confirmed cases receiving recommended treatment (severe cases), 74 per cent confirmed cases receiving recommended treatment (uncomplicated cases) ○ 63 per cent of identified health workers trained on malaria elimination ○ 31 per cent of social mobilisation information education and communication campaigns conducted ○ 89 per cent of vacant funded malaria positions filled ● Five malaria camps refurbished and/or constructed ● Grant will continue until 2024/25, subject to review and the COVID—19 allocation until 2022/23 or longer, depending on the duration of the COVID-19 vaccine rollout ● 2022/23: R4.9 billion; 2023/24: R2.9 billion and 2024/25: R3.1 billion ● Monthly instalments based on the approved payment schedule Responsibilities of the national department ● Visit provinces twice a year to monitor implementation and provide support ● Report to the National Treasury on an additional set of indicators agreed upon between the two departments ● Meet with National Treasury to review grant performance on a quarterly basis ● Manage the contracts for HPV vaccines and the supporting information systems ● Monitor and support provincial planning and implementation and reporting ● Strengthen the capacity of provinces to deliver the HPV vaccination programme
	 DoH must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre. Submission of quarterly report to the National Treasury as prescribed by the Division of Revenue Act and monthly expenditure with variance explanations in terms of the Public Finance Management Act Allocate COVID – 19 vaccines procured by the national department equitably, according to need and taking into account the target groups as defined in the national rollout strategy Maintain the electronic vaccine data system Maintain up-to-date stock surveillance system, showing the number of COVID - 19 vaccines available in each facility
	 Responsibilities of provincial departments Quarterly financial and performance output reports to be submitted within 30 days following the reporting period using standard formats as determined by the national department, indicate measurable objectives and performance targets as agreed with DoH. Reports must include budgets and expenditure under both provincial equitable share and the conditional grant. Provincial health departments must provide DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme Assign a dedicated official the responsibility of managing the grant and related components. Where possible, utilise existing human resource and transport capacity at all relevant levels and augment capacity where needed on a contractual basis Provide a list of contracted non-governmental organisations that will provide services Include the indicators in the provincial annual performance plans and ensure compliance with the Division of Payenne Act.
	 Ensure that all national indicator data set related to community health workers are entered into the district health information system and that there is accordance between the metrics in the district health information system and the Division of Revenue Act reporting for community outreach services Each province to establish a COVID-19 vaccine task team responsible for overseeing implementation in the province Procure needles, syringes and waste disposal for COVID - 19 vaccine rollout Develop COVID - 19 vaccine demand plans for the full financial year and continuously update the national department on need for further doses of vaccine. Ensure that the electronic vaccine data system is updated and used Maintain up-to-date stock surveillance system, showing the number of COVID - 19 vaccines available in
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 each facility. In respect of COVID – 19 vaccinations administered in the public sector to medical scheme members, ensure that revenue is collected from medical schemes in line with prescribed tariffs Submission of a draft business plan to national Department of Health by 31 October 2023 Submission of final business plans to the national Department of Health by 25 February 2024 Submission of final business plans to National Treasury by 31 March 2024

Grant schedule Strategic goal To ena policy Grant purpose To hel in heal To end To acc To end To acc Improve service Improve service Improve value procur Outputs Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to Details contained in the business plan Conditions Project procur feasibile With the procur by the The m infrast manage Provint to their In inst provint supply provid Provint supply sup	Health Facility Revitalisation Grant (Vote 18) ule 5, Part A able provinces to plan, manage, and transform health infrastructure in line with national and provincial objectives
Strategic goal Grant purpose Fro hel in head To end To acc To acc To end To acc To acc Improve service Improve mainte Improve Value procur Value procur Numb Numb Numb Numb Numb Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to Details contained in the business plan Conditions Project procur feasibil With the procur feasibil With the procur feasibil The me infrast manag Provin to their In inst provin supply provid Provin to their In inst provin supply provid Provin Appro units r agent, the im New f organi of the Allocation criteria Reasons not incorporated in equitable share Past performance 2020/21 a	able provinces to plan, manage, and transform health infrastructure in line with national and provincial objectives
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Outcome statements Improvention	p accelerate construction, maintenance, upgrading and rehabilitation of new and existing infrastructure lth including, health technology, organisational development systems and quality assurance hance capacity to deliver health infrastructure celerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to Details contained in the business plan Conditions Project procur feasibile With the procur by the their in the improving supply provide the improving supply supp	ved service delivery by provincial departments as a result of an enhanced and better quality of health
that this grant primarily contributes to Details contained in the business plan Conditions Project procur feasibile With the procur by the standard manage in the infirst man	er of primary health care facilities constructed or revitalised er of hospitals constructed or revitalised er of facilities maintained, repaired and/or refurbished
business plan o the o inf inc o and Conditions Project procurt feasibbi With ti procurt by the The m infrast manag Provin to thei In inst provin supply provid Provin Appro units r agent, the im New f organi of the Allocation criteria Reasons not incorporated in equitable share Past performance o the o infrast procur feasibbi ensure	ty 3: Education, skills and health
procur feasibi With the procur by the The management of their to	usiness plan for this grant consists of the following: e user-asset management plan for at least 10 years frastructure programme management plan over the 2022 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF) cluding a list of projects nual implementation plan
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share rehabite ensure Past performance 2020/21 at	ets should be initiated in terms of the control framework of the framework for infrastructure rement and delivery management stage 0 which requires an initiation report. Pre-feasibility and ility reports are required for all projects the exception of funding for costs incurred on stages zero, one and two of framework for infrastructure rement and delivery management, projects (business case, project brief and design) must be approved national transferring officer before funds can be released for such projects anagement and procurement of all projects funded through this grant must follow the prescripts of the tructure delivery management system and framework for infrastructure procurement and delivery gement these may utilise a portion of grant funding for the appointment of public servants on a permanent basis or infrastructure units in line with human resource capacitation circular published by National Treasury tances where the capacity of the provincial departments of public works is deemed insufficient, the initial department of health will be entitled to engage alternative implementing agents, provided that of chain management processes as prescribed in the Treasury Regulations for appointment of service derivers are followed in the provincial departments of health must enter into a service delivery agreement with their implementing agents operately qualified built environment representatives from the provincial departments' infrastructure must assist in the procurement of professional service providers and contractors by its implementing through representation as a member on the specification, evaluation and adjudication committees of implementing agent are fully be funded from the grant if proof of operational budget that includes the approved is actional structure (stuff structure) is submitted prior to the approval of the clinical brief. Endorsement operational budget by the provincial treasury will have to be acquired as part of the approval process.
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share rehabite ensure Past performance 2020/21 at	ations for 2022/23 are project and performance based
I	ng infrastructure through a conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery, litation, maintenance and upgrading of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner and e consistency with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities
R6 bill 2020/21 se	udited financial outcomes e R6.3 billion made available R6.3 billion was transferred to provinces (100 per cent), of which lion (94.2 per cent) was spent by provinces ervice delivery performance facilities completed icilities maintained iilities upgraded and renovated
Projected life • Health	n is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health infrastructure to ensure orms and standards are maintained, the grant will remain in place until at least the end of the 2022
	23: R6.8 billion; 2023/24: R7.1 billion and 2024/25: R7.4 billion
	fers are made on a quarterly basis in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National

Health Facility Revitalisation Grant Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department transferring officer and Coordinate and facilitate site visits receiving officer Attend quarterly provincial infrastructure progress review meetings with National Treasury Provide guidance to provinces on planning, prioritisation and evaluating of user-asset management plan, infrastructure programme management plan, annual implementation plan, project proposals and concept reports that provinces develop and submit · Review if provinces comply with the framework for infrastructure procurement and delivery management Issue guidelines on the capacitation process of infrastructure units, as well as the conditions attached to the utilisation of funds National Department of Health (DoH) and National Treasury must jointly evaluate progress with capacitation of provincial infrastructure units and provide feedback to all provinces DoH must submit quarterly infrastructure reports to National Treasury, according to the template agreed between National Treasury and DoH, within 45 days after the end of each quarter Responsibilities of provincial departments Provincial departments must hold progress review meetings with the relevant implementing agents Annual implementation plans signed-off by the Head of Department, sent to the DoH for approval by 4 March 2022 The 2022 MTEF project list as captured in the annual implementation plan for both current and capital budgets should cover: o maintenance of infrastructure o renovations, upgrading and additions of infrastructure new and replacement of infrastructure health technology provision organisational development and quality assurance interventions linked to infrastructure projects Provinces must submit to DoH quarterly reports for all projects funded in the 2022/23 financial year in this grant to the infrastructure reporting model through the project management information system Provincial departments of health must align infrastructure plans (user-asset management plan and infrastructure programme management plan) with their respective strategic plans and annual performance Provinces will include or transfer to Department of Public Works the list of completed projects to be part of their asset register Provinces should undertake life cycle maintenance as well as the full operation, staffing and management of the projects in facilities completed under this grant The process for approval for the 2023 MTEF will be in line with the performance-based incentive approach Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans guidelines published by National Treasury and DoH Submission of the user-asset management plan for 2023/24 by DoH to National Treasury and DoH by 30 June 2022 Submission of the infrastructure programme management plan for 2023/24 by DoH to National Treasury

Submission of the final 2023/24 project list aligned with the MTEF Allocations and annual implementation

and DoH by 31 August 2022

plan by 3 March 2023

	Human Resources and Training Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To contribute to the implementation of the national human resource plan for health through the clinical training and supervision of health science trainees in designated public health facilities in South Africa
	 Effective implementation of the human resources for health strategy, and health workforce capacity development for sustainable service delivery
Grant purpose	• To appoint statutory positions in the health sector for systematic realisation of the human resources for health
	strategy and the phase-in of National Health Insurance Support provinces to fund service costs associated with clinical training and supervision of health science
	trainees on the public service platform
Outcome statements	Progressive realisation of the national human resource plan for health
	Clinical training and supervision capacity established in designated developmental provinces (Northern Cape, North West, Limpopo, Mpumalanga and Eastern Cape)
	 Enhanced access to healthcare services, by addressing critical skills shortages in underserved communities
Outputs	• Number and percentage of statutory posts funded from this grant (per category and discipline) and other
	funding sources Number and percentage of registrars' posts funded from this grant (per discipline) and other funding sources
	Number and percentage of specialists' posts funded from this grant (per discipline) and other funding sources
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	Non-financial business plan – number of specialists, registrars, medical officers, clinical supervisors/tutors
business plan	per category in nursing, emergency medical services, allied health, pharmacy and grant administration staff
	funded from the grant
Conditions	 Financial business plan – allocation by economic classification to each category of clinical trainer/supervisor Submission of an approved business plan in the prescribed format signed by the provincial Head of
Conditions	Department to the national Department of Health by 25 February 2022 and to the National Treasury by 31 March 2022
	Cost of administration of the grant must not exceed 1 per cent of the total grant allocation
	• This grant has two components
	Statutory Human Resources Component The statutory human resources component must only be utilised for funding of statutory posts
	Training Component
	• The training component must prioritise all registrar posts and the balance of the allocation may be utilised
	for specialist (supervisors) and other approved categories
	 Additional funds have been allocated for the developmental portion and the breakdown per province is as follows:
	Eastern Cape R8 million
	o Limpopo R5 million
	 Mpumalanga R4 million Northern Cape R3 million
	 Northern Cape North West R4 million
	The developmental allocation will be withheld and transferred to other developmental provinces if a province
	fails to spend these funds. Developmental allocations are only applicable to the training and development component
Allocation criteria	Training component is based on historical allocations and spending patterns
	Statutory Human Resources component allocations are based on the following criteria:
	o provinces with greatest needs have been prioritised
	 number of statutory posts future projections of professional production versus need
Reasons not incorporated	Provinces give effect to the national human resource strategy through the clinical training and supervision
in equitable share	of health science trainees on the public health service platform
	National coordination is needed for health science training To assume that the additional between assumes founded the such this assumes to add assume the label and the such this assumes to add assume the label and the such this assumes that the such that the such this assumes that the such that the such this assumes the such that the such that the such this assumes that the such
	• To ensure that the additional human resources funded through this component address unmet health needs as opposed to perpetuating historical allocation patterns
	Allocation of medical interns is a national function
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Statutory Human Resources Component: allocated and transferred R1.2 billion to provinces, of which
	 R1.2 billion (99.2 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year Training Component: allocated and transferred R3.1 billion to provinces, of which R3.1 billion (99 per cent)
	was spent by the end of the national financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 1 534 Statutory posts funded from this grant
	 702 Community Service personnel funded from this grant 1 313 Registrar posts funded from this grant
	 328 Specialist posts funded from this grant
	957 other health professionals (clinical and allied) appointed

	Human Resources and Training Grant
Projected life	• The grant is subject to review at the end of the 2024/25 MTEF. Its projected life will be guided by the need for health science trainees to be trained and supervised on the public health service platform
MTEF allocations	 Total allocation is 2022/23: R5.4 billion; 2023/24: R5.5 billion and 2024/25: R5.4 billion of which Training Component – 2022/23: R2.8 billion; 2023/24: R2.8 billion and 2024/25: R2.9 billion Statutory Human Resources Component – 2022/23: R2.6 billion; 2023/24: R2.7 billion and 2024/25: R2.5 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments as per approved payment schedule
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	Responsibilities of the national department Convene at least one annual meeting of national or provincial and facility programme managers Monitor the number of health science trainers/clinical supervisors that are responsible for health science
	training on the public health service delivery platform Conduct a minimum of one site visits to provinces and site visits to selected facilities on a rotational basis Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to the National Treasury Meet with National Treasury to review the performance of the grant
	 Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces are encouraged to maintain a separate budget for each benefiting facility/cluster Monitor the implementation of the grant and report quarterly to national DoH Provincial health departments must provide DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme and to facilities to implement systems All developmental provinces must ring-fence the developmental allocation and report on the implementation progress To report on the number of clinical supervisors associated with clinical training and supervision of students, funded on the public health service delivery platform: number of specialists number of registrars number of medical officers number of clinical associates number of postgraduates number of clinical supervisors/trainers per category in nursing, emergency medical services and allied health and pharmacy number of grant administration staff
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	

	National Health Insurance Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18) Ghall 15 Park A
Grant schedule Strategic goal	Schedule 5, Part A To achieve universal health access through the phased implementation of National Health Insurance (NHI)
	and to improve access to quality healthcare services
Grant purpose	To expand the healthcare service benefits through the strategic purchasing of services from healthcare providers
Outcome statements	Implementation of strategic purchasing platform for primary healthcare providers
	 Enhance access to healthcare services for cancer patients Strengthen mental healthcare service delivery in primary health care and community-based mental health
	services
	Improved forensic mental health services
Outputs	Number of health professionals contracted (total and by discipline)
	 Percentage increase in the number of clients of all ages seen at ambulatory (non-inpatient) services for mental health conditions
	Percentage reduction in the backlog of forensic mental observations
	Number of patients seen per type of cancer Percentage reduction in oncology treatment including radiation oncology backlog
Priority of government	 Percentage reduction in oncology treatment including radiation oncology backlog Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily contributes to	1 Hority 5. Education, skins and nearth
Details contained in the	Number of health professionals to be contracted, including:
business plan	o process of accreditation of providers
	 performance monitoring requirements processes for the management and reimbursement of health professionals
	 processes for the management and reimbursement of health professionals output indicators, including:
	o target population
	o number of patients to access care
	 reduction of backlogs key milestones with projected dates when these will be achieved
	 key milestones with projected dates when these will be achieved key activities and resource schedule
	o monitoring and evaluation plan
	o risk management plans
Conditions	 cash flow projections Submission of completed and signed business plans by receiving officer to transferring officer on
	25 February 2022 and submission to National Treasury by transferring officer on 31 March 2022
	The funding will be used for the following services:
	o contracting of health practitioner services for primary care units and where services are rendered at
	hospital level, it should be for the benefit of primary health care o with respect to addressing surgical backlogs, provincial health departments to supply verified data on
	backlogs
	o contracting of health professionals for forensic and general mental health services. Psychiatrist, clinical
	psychologists registered counsellors, social workers and occupational therapists are the only categories that are funded for general mental health and forensic mental health services
	Establishment or improvement of oncology services with priority given to developmental provinces
	This grant may not fund the costs of drugs, materials, consumables and laboratory tests
	The management of the contracting of health practitioners by the provinces must be done in-house
	• The following allocations are specifically and exclusively allocated for HP contracting and mental health services:
	HP Contracting Mental Health Services
	o Eastern Cape R43 million R18 million
	 Free State R20 million R8 million Gauteng R51 million R39 million
	o KwaZulu-Natal R52 million R32 million
	o Limpopo R33 million R17 million
	o Mpumalanga R20 million R13 million
	 Northern Cape R20 million R3 million North West R20 million R11 million
	Western Cape R18 million R17 million
	The balance of the allocation is earmarked for oncology services in developmental provinces
	Approval to shift funds between programmes is vested with the transferring officer and any shift should be appropriated with National Transpury.
Allocation criteria	 As identified in the business plan, allocations are based on the following criteria:
A MOCATION CI IUTIA	 As identified in the business plan, affocations are based on the following criteria: prevalence of identified conditions
	o provinces with greatest needs are prioritised
	 number of health professionals contracted defined reduction in specified backlogs

	National Health Insurance Grant
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	The principle of a single fund is articulated in the Cabinet approved White Paper on National Health Insurance. This situation calls for dedicated funding which will allow for institutionalisation over time as a single NHI Fund
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	Of the R246 million made available for the NHI Direct Grant, R232 million (94.2 per cent) was spent
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	Number of health professionals contracted: 233
Projected life	Expected to remain in place until the NHI Fund is created through legislation
MTEF allocations	2022/23: R694 million; 2023/24: R695 million and 2024/25: R717 million
Payment schedule	Payments will be made quarterly (in advance) in line with approved programme implementation plans with the service providers
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of national department
transferring officer and	Support provincial departments to ensure achievement of grant outcomes
receiving officer	Conduct monitoring and evaluation of the grant
	Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to the National Treasury in the prescribed format
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Development of business plans according to the allocated budget
	Facilitate the achievement of grant outputs
	Ensure that the provision and funding of existing programmes and services continues and is not substituted
	by the implementation of this grant
	Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to the national DoH with respect to
	the continuation of provision and funding of existing programmes and services
	Provincial health departments must provide the national DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme and to facilities to implement systems
Process for approval of	Provinces must submit business plans to the transferring officer by 31 January 2023
2023/24 business plans	• Submission of signed business plan by the transferring officer to the National Treasury by 31 March 2023

	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	 To strengthen the public healthcare system in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI), design of NHI through innovative testing of new reforms and to improve quality of services at primary health care facilities To achieve universal health access through the phased implementation of NHI and to improve access to quality healthcare services To ensure appropriate health infrastructure that is in line with national and provincial policy objectives This grant has three components: Non-Personal Services Component Personal Services Component Health Facility Revitalisation Component
Grant purpose	 To create an alternative track to improve spending, performance as well as monitoring and evaluation on infrastructure in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI) To enhance capacity and capability to deliver infrastructure for NHI To accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety Expand the alternative models for the dispensing and distribution of chronic medication Develop and roll-out new health information systems in preparation for NHI Enable the health sector to address the deficiencies in the primary health care facilities systematically to yield fast results through the implementation of the ideal clinic programme To expand the healthcare service benefits through the strategic purchasing of services from healthcare providers
Outcome statements	As specified in the three component frameworks
Outputs Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	As specified in the three component frameworks Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	As specified in the three component frameworks
Conditions	As specified in the three component frameworks
Allocation criteria	As specified in the three component frameworks
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	As specified in the three component frameworks
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcome • As specified in the three component frameworks 2020/21 service delivery performance • As specified in the three component frameworks
Projected life	Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of NHI
MTEF allocations	 2022/23: R2.2 billion; 2023/24: R2.5 billion and 2024/25: R1.8 billion of which the three components are: Non-Personal Services Component: 2022/23: R615 million; 2023/24: R621 million and 2024/25: R653 million Personal Services Component: 2022/23: R85 million; 2023/24: R89 million and 2024/25: R103 million Health Facility Revitalisation Component: 2022/23: R1.5 billion; 2023/24: R1.8 billion and 2024/25: R1.1 billion
Payment schedule	As specified in the three component frameworks
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	Responsibilities of the national department • As specified in the three component frameworks Responsibilities of provincial departments • As specified in the three component frameworks
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	As specified in the three component frameworks As specified in the three component frameworks

Na	ational Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	To ensure appropriate health infrastructure that is in line with national and provincial policy objectives
Grant purpose	• To create an alternative track to improve spending, performance as well as monitoring and evaluation on infrastructure in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI)
	To enhance capacity and capability to deliver infrastructure for NHI
_	To accelerate the fulfilment of the requirements of occupational health and safety
Outcome statements	Appropriate procurement of service providers for infrastructure delivery for NHI
	Improved spending, performance, monitoring and evaluation of infrastructure projects for NHI
	 Improved employment and skills development in the delivery of infrastructure for NHI Value for money and cost-effectively designed facilities in line with the framework for infrastructure
	delivery and procurement management
	Improved patient experience of care
Outputs	Number of primary health care facilities constructed or revitalised
	Number of hospitals constructed or revitalised
	Number of facilities maintained, repaired and/or refurbished
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	• The infrastructure programme management plan for the 2022 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF)
business plan	aligned to the infrastructure delivery management system and framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management will be submitted on 27 May 2022 and will include the following: o costed project lists with annual cash flow projections per project for the full duration of the projects on
	the programme
	 projected milestones per project for framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management control framework stages indicating current stage of the project
Conditions	• The national Department of Health (DoH) must, in consultation with the provinces, have in place an intergovernmental protocol framework covering the 2022 MTEF and outlining how the grant will operate as well as the responsibility and functions of each sphere. Project sheets will form part of the agreement
	• Should there be an amendment to an existing protocol agreement, the amended agreement should be submitted to the National Treasury by 30 June 2022
	Prior to submitting the infrastructure programme management plan, each provincial department must have signed-off a project sheet for all projects funded from the grant which lists scope of work, current stage and anticipated target dates for achieving stages of the control framework, operational budgets (i.e. personnel, equipment, etc.) and maintenance budgets
	With all new projects, DoH must comply with framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management processes
	 For projects with a total project cost exceeding R500 million, DoH must notify National Treasury when framework for infrastructure delivery and procurement management stage 3 is reached The grant component must only be spent on projects included in the business plan and project lists signed
	by provinces. Projects can only be added to the business plan as part of the adjustment budget process, subject to National Treasury approval
	 Appropriately qualified built environment representatives from the national department must assist in the procurement of professional service providers and contractors by its implementing agent
	 DoH may utilise a portion of grant funding for the appointment of public servants on 36 month contracts to
	their infrastructure units. The amount that can be used for this is determined in terms of the conditions set in terms of the 2021 Appropriation Act
	All completed projects must have a close-out report with a documented maintenance plan
	• New facilities will only be funded from the grant if proof of operational budget that includes the approved
	organisational structure (staff structure) is submitted prior to the approval of the clinical brief. Endorsement of the operational budget by the provincial treasury must be acquired as part of the approval
	An amount of R250 million is allocated to Limpopo through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure (BFI) for
	the construction of the Limpopo Academic Hospital. The amounts earmarked for Limpopo Academic
	Hospital may only be used for this project and are subject to the conditions set out in Annexure B of the 2022 MTEF allocation letter of the Department of Health
Allocation criteria	Allocations for 2022/23 are project based
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	• Funding infrastructure through an indirect conditional grant enables the national department to ensure the delivery and maintenance of health infrastructure in a coordinated and efficient manner that is consistent with national norms, standards and guidelines for health facilities
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
•	• Allocated R853 million of which R802 million (94.1 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year 2020/21 service delivery performance
	1 primary health care facilities constructed or revitalised
	3 hospitals constructed or revitalised
	0 facilities maintained, repaired and/or refurbished

Nat	tional Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Health Facility Revitalisation Component
Projected life	NHI is a key government priority and given the need to continually maintain health infrastructure and ensure that norms and standards are maintained, the grant will continue over the 2022 MTEF, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R1.5 billion, 2023/24: R1.8 billion and 2024/25: R1.1 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly payments made according to verified and approved invoices from the services providers
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Build and demonstrate the capacity necessary to manage this grant
receiving officer	 Ensure alignment between the infrastructure programme management plan and the annual performance plan Undertake the infrastructure development cycle to the extent agreed with the provinces in the implementation protocol agreements Convene progress review committees with appropriate reporting and invite National Treasury and Provinces
	DoH must maintain an up-to-date database (project management information system), infrastructure reporting model with all contracts that are fully or partially funded by this grant and provide the infrastructure reporting model report on a monthly basis
	Meet with National Treasury to review grant performance on a quarterly basis
	Collaboration and coordination with provincial departments of health for the full development cycle of infrastructure development in respect of projects funded by this grant
	• In instances where the capacity of the DoH and the provincial department are deemed insufficient, DoH is entitled to engage alternative implementing agents, provided that supply chain management processes as prescribed in the Treasury Regulations for the appointment of service providers are followed. In those cases, service level agreements between DoH and the implementing agent must be in place
	DoH must convene quarterly progress review committee meetings with all project managers, implementing agents and National Treasury for monitoring and oversight of the performance of all funded projects
	Provide provincial departments of health with progress of the projects under this grant for inclusion in provincial annual reports
	DoH must submit quarterly infrastructure reports to National Treasury, according to the agreed template between National Treasury and DoH, within 45 days after the end of each quarter
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Provinces must ensure that the completed projects are included in the asset registers of the provincial departments of public works
	Provinces should undertake life cycle maintenance as well as the full operation, staffing and management of the projects in facilities completed under this grant by the DoH
	All immovable asset management and maintenance responsibilities of the completed projects under this grant as prescribed by the Government Immovable Asset Management Act of 2007 rests with the provinces
	 Provinces should report on progress of the projects under this grant in their annual reports and describe how these facilities have been considered in their future planning and budgeting. The projects must be included in the provincial user-asset management plans
Process for approval of	Submission of a draft infrastructure programme management plan to the National Treasury by 31 August
2023/24 business plans	 2022 Submission of the final infrastructure programme management plan to the National Treasury by 31 March
	2023
	Submission of signed implementation protocol by 23 June 2023

	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Non-Personal Services Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	 To strengthen the public healthcare system in preparation for National Health Insurance (NHI) To strengthen the design of NHI through innovative testing of new reforms To improve the quality of services at primary health care facilities
	To improve the quality of services in health care facilities
Grant purpose	 To expand the alternative models for the dispensing and distribution of chronic medication To develop and roll out new health information systems in preparation for NHI, including human resource for health information systems To enable the health sector to address the deficiencies in primary health care facilities systematically and to yield fast results through the implementation of the ideal clinic programme To implement a quality improvement plan
Outcome statements	 Improved access to and quality of healthcare through: expansion of the alternative dispensing and distribution model for chronic medication improved quality health services in all primary health care facilities through the ideal clinic programme building and implementation of the enterprise architecture design for national health insurance digital information systems development and implementation of systems for medicines stock management and procurement certification of all public health facilities by Office of Health Standards Compliance (OHSC)
Priority of government that this grant primarily	 Alternative chronic medicine dispensing and distribution model implemented Intern community service programme system maintained and improvements effected Number of new and number of total patients registered in the programme, broken down by the following: antiretroviral treatment antiretroviral with co-morbidities non-communicable diseases number of pickup points (state and non-state) Number and percentage of primary healthcare facilities peer reviewed against the ideal clinic standards Number and percentage of primary healthcare facilities achieving an ideal status Number of public health facilities implementing the health patient registration system Number and percentage of the population registered on the health patient registration system National data centre hosting environment for NHI information systems established, managed and maintained The development and publication of the 2022 Normative Standards Framework for Digital Health Interoperability Development and implementation of the master facility list policy Number of primary healthcare facilities implementing an electronic stock monitoring system Number of hospitals implementing an electronic stock management system Number of fixed health establishments reporting medicines availability to the national surveillance centre Number of facilities improving their baseline OHSC scores (or other approved quality metrics) Priority 3: Education, skills and health
contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	 Input, output indicators and outcome indicators Milestones with projected dates when this will be achieved Description of how the project will be managed including the roles and responsibilities of national and provincial departments Key activities and resource schedule Monitoring and evaluation plan Risk management plans and cash flow projections
Conditions	 Completion of a business plan by the national Department of Health (DoH) signed by the transferring officer by 31 March 2022 and submitted to the National Treasury by 31 March 2022 All information systems developed and implemented under this grant component must comply with the interoperability norms and standards as approved by the National Health Council No more than 3 per cent of this grant component may be used for grant administration
Allocation criteria	 The alternative chronic care medication dispensing and distribution model allocations will be based on the volume of patients per province ideal clinic sub-component allocation is based on the number of identified facilities and their needs in each province Information systems sub-component is not allocated per province and will be utilised towards the development and making sure that implementation is standardised across provinces, districts and public health facilities, and towards the establishment of unified health information and management of health commodities for the country
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 The importance of central coordination in the development of models and the establishment of NHI to inform ongoing NHI designs ideal clinic is a key national priority and requires a systematic implementation to achieve quality health care services

	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Non-Personal Services Component
	• In line with the National Health Act sections 74(1) and 74(2), the national department has to develop and coordinate all Health Information Systems in the country. This is a complex programme with many facets that requires an iterative process of testing and implementation in a phased manner. This situation calls for dedicated funding which will allow for institutionalisation over time
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the R685 million made available, R586 million was spent (85.5 per cent) for the 2020/21 financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	Alternative chronic medicine dispensing, and distribution model implemented
	• 4 321 755 new and total patients registered in the programme broken down
	• 1 625 623 antiretroviral treatments
	• 351 005 antiretroviral with co-morbidities
	• 546 873 non-communicable diseases
	• 2 735 pickup points (non-state) and 3 567 health establishments (state) rendering the CCMDD service
	 0 primary health care facilities peer reviewed against ideal clinic standards (replaced by peer review updates 257 facilities of which 90 achieved ideal status)
	• 1 444 and 42 per cent of primary health care facilities achieving an ideal status
	• 3 220 primary health care facilities and 52 hospitals implementing the health patient registration system
	• 40 000 000 individuals from the population registered on the health patient registration system
	• 3 320 primary health care facilities implementing an electronic stock monitoring system
	396 hospitals implementing an electronic stock monitoring system
	National data centre hosting environment for NHI information systems established
D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Fixed health establishments reporting medicine availability to the national surveillance centre
Projected life	Subject to policy developments that will be finalised as part of the implementation of NHI
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R615 million, 2023/24: R621 million and 2024/25: R653 million
Payment schedule	Payments will be made according to verified invoices or advance payments in line with approved programme
	implementation plans from the service providers
D : L : 11:4: £ 4L -	Monthly instalments which may be altered at the discretion of National Treasury based on invoices paid Description of the profile of
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the national department
receiving officer	To establish contracts with service providers for the delivery of goods and services as necessary in the four sub-components outlined above
receiving officer	• Establish the necessary organisational structures and build capacity within the DoH to implement, oversee
	and monitor the execution of all approved projects using the 3 per cent administrative costs provision
	Manage, monitor and support provincial programme planning and implementation
	Meet with the National Treasury to review the performance of the grant on a quarterly basis
	Strengthen the capacity of provinces to realise and maintain ideal clinic status
	Maintain the ideal clinic software
	Evaluate the impact of quality improvement activities and submit preliminary reports on progress to National
	Treasury and the Presidency by 29 July 2022 and 1 December 2022 and a final report by 31 May 2023
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Facilitate the achievement of grant outputs
	Delegate a person responsible for managing the ideal clinic programme, health patient registration system
	programme, medicines information systems and central chronic medicine dispensing and distribution, respectively
	Provinces are responsible for ensuring medicines availability to service providers for the central chronic medicine dispensing and distribution programme aligned to the medicines formulary
	• Ensure compliance with all reporting requirements and adherence to the provisions of service level
	agreements
	Provincial health departments must provide DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data
	related to the programme and to facilities to implement systems (storage space for filing cabinets etc.)
	• Include performance indicators related the four sub-components in the provincial annual performance plans
	• Provinces must develop draft implementation plans to assume responsibility for the centralised chronic
	medicines dispensing and distribution, ideal clinic and information systems
Process for approval of	Submit quarterly performance reports to national DoH Submitted as of the hydrogen day that the strength of the strength
2023/24 business plans	Submission of the business plan signed by the transferring officer on 31 March 2023 to National Treasury

	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Personal Services Component
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part A
Strategic goal	 To achieve universal health access through the phased implementation of National Health Insurance (NHI) and to improve access to quality healthcare services
Grant purpose	 To expand the access to healthcare service benefits through the strategic purchasing of primary health care services from healthcare providers
Outcome statements	Implementation of the strategic purchasing platform for primary healthcare providers
	• Implementation of a risk-adjusted capitation model for the reimbursement of primary healthcare (PHC) services
Outputs	 Number of proof-of-concept contracting units for primary health care (CUPs) established Number of private primary healthcare providers participating in then CUPs and contracted through capitation arrangements
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
Details contained in the business plan	 Number of proof-of-concept contracting units for primary health care (CUPs), including CUP area definition and which health establishments and services in the area are included CUPs management of budget allocations and payments Number of private clinical care practitioners to be contracted and number of public establishments to be contracted, including: content and process of accreditation of providers performance monitoring requirements processes for the management and reimbursement of all providers Output indicators of benefits to be provided by providers in CUPs including:
	 target population number of patients to access care listed vertical programmes integrated into one healthcare delivery system key milestones with projected dates when these will be achieved Key activities and resource schedule Management capacity, reporting arrangements and monitoring and evaluation plan, including relationship with DHMO (DHMO functions and roles) implementation of digital systems (HPRS, SVS, MFL, etc) and data management project steering (Joint Coordinating Committee) and management Risk management plans Cash flow projections
Conditions	 The funding will be used for the development and implementation of a capitation model and establishment of proof of concept contracting units for primary health care (CUPs) Submission of completed and signed-off business plan and implementation framework by the national transferring authority by 31 March 2022 to the National Treasury
Allocation criteria	 As identified in the business plan, allocations will be based on the following criteria: Number of health establishments (public and private) participating (OHSC certified and accrediting) Number of patients seen by all private clinical practitioners Number of vertical programmes integrated into the PHC benefits management Number of patients referred to the district hospital and other levels of care
Reasons not incorporated	Capitation funding through the NHI Fund will be the reimbursement strategy used for PHC services under
in equitable share	NHI. 2020/21 audited financial outcomes
Past performance	• Of the R171 million made available, R138 million (81 per cent) was spent
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 27 health professional contracted (five psychiatrists, seven clinical psychologists and 15 registered
	councillors)
	0 health professionals contracted through capitation arrangements 7.714 patients gargen and treated for montal health problems.
	 2 714 patients screen and treated for mental health problems 19 per cent reduction in the backlog of forensic mental observations
	0 patients receiving radiation oncology
Projected life	Remain in place until the NHI Fund is created through legislation passed by Parliament
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R85 million; 2023/24: R89 million and 2024/25: R103 million
Payment schedule	Payments will be made according to verified invoices or advance payments in line with approved business plans
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the national department • The national Department of Health (DoH) will be responsible for the creation of the interim structures until
receiving officer	the NHI Fund is established
	 A committee comprising of DoH and National Treasury officials has been established, with specific terms of reference to set up the NHI Fund
	Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to the National Treasury
	Responsibilities for the interim structures prior to the establishment of the NHI Fund
	• The interim structures, prior to the establishment of the NHI Fund will be responsible for feasibility testing

National Health Insurance Indirect Grant: Personal Services Component of contracting and strategic purchasing of personal health services from appropriately accredited health care providers on behalf of the covered population at PHC level The interim structure will be responsible for the following functions: develop mechanisms for purchasing of PHC services funded by NHI develop payment strategies for contracted providers at PHC level process utilisation transactions received from contracted service providers collate utilisation data, and implement information management systems develop contracting and payment policies Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports. Responsibilities of provincial departments • Facilitate the achievement of grant outputs Ensure that the provision and funding of existing programmes and services continues and is not substituted by the implementation of this grant Submission of quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports to the DoH with respect to the performance of this grant Provincial health departments must provide the national DoH with full and unrestricted access to all records and data related to the programme and to facilities to implement systems Process for approval of Submission of signed business plan by the transferring officer to the National Treasury by 31 March 2023 2023/24 business plans

	National Tertiary Services Grant
Transferring department	Health (Vote 18)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part A
Strategic goal	• To enable provinces to plan, modernise, rationalise and transform the tertiary hospital service delivery platform
Grant purpose	 Ensure the provision of tertiary health services in South Africa To compensate tertiary facilities for the additional costs associated with the provision of these services
Outcome statements	Modernised and transformed tertiary services that allow for improved access and equity to address the
	burden of disease
	 Accelerated modernisation of tertiary services in developmental provinces (Eastern Cape, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, Northern Cape and North West)
Outputs	Number of inpatient separations
	Number of day patient separations
	 Number of outpatient first attendances Number of outpatient follow-up attendances
	 Number of outpatient follow-up attendances Number of inpatient days
	Average length of stay by facility (tertiary)
	Bed utilisation rate by facility (all levels of care)
Priority of government	Priority 3: Education, skills and health
that this grant primarily	
Contributes to Details contained in the	This grant uses business plans which are signed between the national Department of Health (DoH) and each
business plan	province and contain the following:
1	o provincial and institutional allocations
	o tertiary services specifications (approved YES list) funded by the grant, by facility by province
	 annual targets for inpatient separations, inpatient days, day patient separations, outpatient first visits, outpatient follow up visits per facility per province per year
	outpatient follow up visits per facility per province per year monitoring and reporting responsibilities
	o validation and revision of data
	 deviations or changes to tertiary services
	o referral responsibilities
	 approved business plan approved specialists funded from the grant (approved specialist detail list)
	 approved specialists funded from the grant (approved specialist detail list) national guidelines on definitions of tertiary services that may be funded by the grant
Conditions	 Submission of an approved business plan in the prescribed format signed by the provincial Head of Department to the national DoH by 25 February 2022, and the National Treasury by 31 March 2022 The grant allocation to each central/provincial tertiary facility must not exceed a maximum of 65 per cent of
	the total facility budget
	• To facilitate the acceleration of modernisation of tertiary services in developmental provinces, up to 10 per cent of the provincial grant allocation should be used for the development of tertiary services currently not provided in the province or expansion of critical services where there is currently a backlog of untreated patients, where an existing service requires the appointment of a Health Professionals Council of South Africa registered specialist and in accordance with nationally approved business plans
	Additional funds have been allocated for the developmental portion for four provinces. The breakdown per
	province is as follows:
	 Eastern Cape: R38 million Limpopo: R16 million
	 Limpopo: R16 million Mpumalanga: R5 million
	o North West: R12 million
	• All developmental provinces must ring-fence the developmental allocation and report on their
	implementation progress
	 Cost of administration of the grant must not exceed one per cent of the total grant allocation The following amounts in the allocation to Gauteng are earmarked to fund the operations of the Nelson
	Mandela Children's Hospital:
	o R299 million in 2022/23
	o R315 million in 2023/24
	 R329 million in 2024/25 Total remuneration packages for the staff at the Nelson Mandela Children's Hospital, paid from this grant
	and any other sources, may not exceed Department of Public Service and Administration approved remuneration rates; total remuneration packages must be captured and submitted to both the provincial, and
	the national departments of Health
	• The services offered by the Nelson Mandela Children's Hospital should be integrated into the service delivery platform in collaboration with relevant provinces, particularly Gauteng
	 The grant does not fund the leasing of capital equipment.
Allocation criteria	Based on historical allocations and spending patterns, with additional allocations for four developmental provinces
Reasons not incorporated	There are significant cross-boundary flows associated with tertiary services that are not affected by
in equitable share	provincial boundaries due to their specialised nature

	National Tertiary Services Grant
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Allocated and transferred R14 billion to provinces, of which R13.8 billion (98.3 per cent) was spent by the
	end of the national financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	186 181 Inpatient separations
	• 433 299 day patient separations
	• 1 156 907 Outpatient first attendances
	945 916 Outpatient follow up attendances
	• 1 521 631 Inpatient days – 6.5 average length of stay by facility (tertiary) and 76 days psychiatric average
	length
	100 per cent bed utilisation rate
Projected life	Support for tertiary services will continue because of the need to sustain and modernise tertiary services
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R14.3 billion; 2023/24: R14 billion and 2024/25: R14.7 billion
Payment schedule	 Monthly instalments as per the payment schedule approved by National Treasury except for the Nelson Mandela Children's Hospital where the first payment will be made in April 2022. Additional payments will be made in July and October 2022 based on evidence of satisfactory performance
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Convene at least one annual meeting of national, provincial and facility programme managers
receiving officer	• Monitor expenditure by economic classification, and patient activity and provide on-site support to
	facilities/complexes and provinces
	• Conduct a minimum of two site visits to provinces and a minimum of one site visit to facilities/complexes.
	Provincial visits to include facilities
	• Identify the national need for service delivery and facilitate the development of those services through
	business plan planning processes
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	 Completion of a provincial service level agreement/memorandum of understanding signed by the receiving officer and the benefiting institution by 31 March 2022 and submission to the national DoH by 29 April 2022 (due date for Nelson Mandela Children's Hospital is 26 March 2021)
	 Provinces must provide the allocated amounts for individual funded facilities/clusters to the relevant provincial treasury for gazetting as per the number of agreed-upon business plans per province and facility/cluster by 22 April 2022
	Provinces must maintain a separate budget for each benefiting facility
	 The receiving officer must supply the head of each benefiting facility/complex with a budget letter which includes their equitable share allocation by 29 April 2022
	 Conduct a minimum of two site visits to each budgeted facility/complex per annum and submit reports of these site visits to the national DoH
	• Submission of updated specialist details funded by the equitable share at facility level by 30 November 2022
	• Submission of updated specialist details funded by the grant at facility level by 30 November 2022
	• Submission of service specifications funded at each facility (new YES list) by 30 November 2022
	Submission of quarterly reports in the approved expenditure areas in the prescribed format
	• Provide patient utilisation data (inpatient separations, inpatient days, day case separations, outpatient first
	visits, outpatient follow up visits and patient-day equivalents) average length of stay (tertiary) and bed utilisation rates (all levels of care) as per the prescribed format
	Provide the number of inpatient separations for intensive care units (ICU) and neonatal ICU quarterly
	Provide the number of inpatient days for ICU and neonatal ICU quarterly
	 Provinces intending to develop a new service area need to submit a separate business plan outlining the investment case to the national DoH for approval
	 Provinces may request, in writing to the transferring officer, approval to amend their approved business plan. Requests must be submitted no later than 14 October 2022. This will be the only time that provinces car request amendments to their approved business plan. Revised plans will be approved by 28 October 2022.
Process for approval of	Submission of draft business plans (provincial and facility) by 28 October 2022
2023/24 business plans	Completion of a business plan, in the prescribed format, signed by each receiving officer by 27 January 2023 and by the transferring officer by 31 March 2023

HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANTS

	Human Settlements Development Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	The creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements that enable improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	• To provide funding for the progressive realisation of access to adequate housing through the creation of
Outcome statements	sustainable and integrated human settlements The facilitation and provision of adequate housing opportunities and improved quality living environments
Outcome statements	A functionally equitable and integrated residential property market
	Enhanced institutional capabilities for effective coordination of spatial investment decisions
	Tenure security for all recipients of government- subsidised houses
	Improved quality of life
Outputs	Number of residential units delivered in relevant housing programmes
	 Number of serviced sites delivered in relevant housing programmes Number of informal settlements upgraded in situ and/or relocated
	Number of informal settlements upgraded in situ and/or relocated Number of title deeds registered to beneficiaries
	Hectares of well-located land acquired for development of housing opportunities
	Hectares of well-located land acquired (and zoned)
	Number of socio-economic amenities delivered in human settlements
	Number of integrated residential development projects planned, approved, funded and implemented
	Number of township registers opened in respect of pre and post 1994 Title Deeds Backlog Number of township registers opened in respect of pre and post 1994 Title Deeds Backlog Number of township registers opened in respect of pre and post 1994 Title Deeds Backlog
	 Number of beneficiaries confirmed as legitimate in registered townships in respect of pre and post 1994 Title Deeds Backlog
	Number of ownership disputes logged and resolved in respect of pre and post 1994 Title Deeds Backlog
	Number of implementation programmes for Priority Housing Development Areas
Priority of government	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Medium-term strategic framework targets and budgets
business plan	Project planning and implementation aligned to project readiness matrix
	Annual and quarterly planned targets and budgets per project
	Monthly cash flow projections (payment schedule) Projection (New York Control of the Contr
	 Project information (district municipalities, project description and GIS co-ordinates) Title deeds project addendum in accordance with the compliance and reporting framework
	Planned bulk infrastructure projects, budget and spending per province in prioritised municipality with
	distressed mining communities
	Professional fees and bulk infrastructure projects
	Number of jobs and training opportunities to be created
	Implementation agreement between national, provincial and local government
	• Procurement plan confirming appointment of requisite service providers in accordance with Government Procurement Preferential Plan and Policies as part of the project readiness matrix (to be attached as an
	Annexure to the Business Plan)
	Projects, targets and budgets in Priority Housing Development Areas
Conditions	• Funds for this grant should be utilised for the priorities set out in the 2019-2024 Medium Term Strategic
	Framework for human settlements
	• The transfer of the first tranche of funds is conditional upon the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) approving provincial business plans consistent with the provisions of the Housing Act and in
	compliance with the National Housing Code
	• The transfer of subsequent tranches is conditional on provinces capturing the targets and budget, delivery
	statistics, and expenditure monthly on the Housing Subsidy System and the Basic Accounting System at a
	sub-programme level and project level, and submitting monthly reconciliations within the required time
	frames • Provinces must ensure reconciliation and alignment of financial and non-financial outputs between the
	Housing Subsidy System and Basic Accounting System on a monthly basis
	• All projects in the approved business plan must be aligned with the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and
	the Spatial Development Framework of municipalities. In pilot areas for the District Development Model,
	 business plans must be aligned to the One Plan Draft and final business plans must be aligned to provincial annual performance plans
	When the Business Plan is adjusted, it must still align to approved provincial annual performance plans
	Provincial heads of departments must sign-off and confirm that the procurement processes is concluded of
	the projects captured in their business plans prior to the start of the new financial year and that projects
	captured in their business plans are assessed and approved for implementation in the 2022/23 financial year
	Provinces may utilise up to a maximum of five per cent of the provincial allocation for the operational capital
	 budget programme to support the implementation of the projects contained in the business plan Provinces must indicate budget allocations consistent with provincial and related municipal backlogs for
	adequate housing
	adequate nousing

Human Settlements Development Grant

- Where municipalities have been accredited for the housing function, the provincial business plans must reflect relevant allocations, targets and outputs as agreed and approved with the respective municipalities
- Provinces must gazette planned allocation for three years for the accredited municipalities in terms of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act by no later than 27 May 2022. This should also specify the amount of operational funding to be transferred to accredited municipalities. The purpose of the accreditation funding must be clear and aligned with the delegated function
- Provinces may utilise a portion not exceeding five per cent of their grant allocations for the provision of bulk infrastructure projects for basic services in non-metropolitan municipalities to unlock human settlement projects
- Where additional funding for bulk infrastructure from the grant is required, the National Treasury and the
 DHS will develop the framework that systematically allows provinces to use up to 30 per cent of their
 allocation by 29 July 2022. This framework must include the following minimum requirements:
 - o projects must be contained in the IDP of municipalities
 - the applicable land use regulatory approvals including but not limited to township establishment and environmental approvals
 - provinces must submit project lists that have been verified against projects that are funded through other conditional grants, including but not limited to the Municipal Infrastructure Grant, the Integrated Urban Development Grant, the Urban Settlements Development Grant, the Water Services Infrastructure Grant and the Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
 - o the long-term financial implications of the bulk infrastructure on municipal budgets
 - projects approved by the national transferring officer must be included in the amended business plans of provinces and be submitted to the national department for approval by 14 October 2022
 - projects will be separately earmarked in an amended grant framework and presented as part of the Division of Revenue Amendment Bill
 - the province and relevant municipality have signed a memorandum of understanding with regard to the construction, ownership, operations and maintenance of the infrastructure
- The provision above is not applicable to distressed mining towns
- Provinces may request, in writing to the transferring officer, approval to amend their approved business plan.
 Requests must be submitted between 12 August 2022 and 14 October 2022
- The payment schedules should be derived and be aligned to the cash flows contained in the approved business plan
- Provinces must include the nationally approved human priority projects in their business plans as per the gazetted Priority Human Settlements and Housing Development Areas
- Provinces must allocate a reasonable percentage of their grant allocation to the approved national priority
 projects in line with their project readiness status
- At least two per cent of the Human Settlements Development Grant (HSDG) grant may be allocated to programmes and projects for the implementation of innovative building technologies approved by the South African Bureau of Standards with a detailed cost analysis for the housing sector (subject to the consultation of local authorities and beneficiaries)
- Provinces should ensure that the allocation for land acquisition and related purposes is included in the business plans
- Provinces must agree with municipalities on a plan for the provision of basic services to all households served in new housing developments
- Any malicious use of, or non-compliance to the Housing Subsidy System will result in funds being withheld or stopped in terms of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act including provinces not performing according to the approved business plan
- Provinces are to set aside funds that should fund title deeds for housing projects completed before 31 March 2014 and submit a detailed report on the delivery and expenditure of the previous transfer and should include:
 - o agreed deliverables supported by evidence
 - o actual expenditure against the planned cash flows or the same period
 - o compliance with the housing subsidy
 - o cash flows for the remainder of the financial year
- Provinces must prioritise the implementation of projects that are in the Priority Human Settlements and Housing Development Areas
- Provinces must prepare and submit a separate land assembly programme with clear details of budget allocation for land acquisition, location of land and other related activities by not later than 29 April 2022

Distressed mining towns component

The following ring-fenced funds are earmarked to support the development of integrated human settlements
in municipalities with distressed mining communities as approved in the provincial business plans. The
following funds are ring-fenced within provincial allocations and are earmarked to support the development
of integrated human settlements (prioritising bulk infrastructure provision in terms of the Housing Code) in
identified municipalities with distressed mining communities:

Free State: R52 million
 Gauteng: R80 million
 Limpopo: R80 million
 Mpumalanga: R90 million
 Northern Cape: R95 million
 North West: R151 million

Human Settlements Development Grant	
	 Funds have been earmarked within this grant for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of the infrastructure damaged by natural disasters in Kwazulu-Natal in 2019 which have been assessed and declared in the government gazette by the National Disaster Management Act (NDMC). The amounts are as follows: 2022/23: R398 million 2023/24: R475 million Business plans for allocated disaster funds must be in line with the post disaster verification assessment reports submitted to the NDMC Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans Quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC and DHS
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated through the HSDG allocation formula approved by the Human Settlements MINMEC and Budget Council. The formula is based primarily on the share of inadequate housing in each province but also accounts for population size and the extent of poverty in each province. Further details of the formula are set out in Annexure W1 to the Division of Revenue Bill
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	A conditional grant enables the national department to provide effective oversight and ensure compliance with the National Housing Code
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
-	Of the R15.3 billion made available, R14.9 billion (100 per cent) was transferred, of which R14.8 billion was spent by the end of the financial year 2020/21 service delivery performance 45 101 housing units completed 39 360 serviced sites completed
Projected life	This is a long-term grant as government must assist the poor with the provision of human settlements in terms of the Constitution
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R14.3 billion; 2023/24: R14.9 billion and 2024/25: R15.1 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments as per the payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	 Finalise and ensure the approval of the applicable subsidy quantum per programme and the allocation formula for the delivery of sustainable and integrated human settlements Approve the final national and provincial business plans and issue national compliance certificates
	 Assess and make recommendations on the credibility of provincial business plans and the readiness of projects captured therein Ensure that provinces align financial and non-financial information in terms of reporting in Basic Accounting System, Housing Subsidy System, provincial business plans and provincial quarterly reports Monitor provincial financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems related to the HSDG Ensure provinces comply with the reporting requirements for the Housing Subsidy System in terms of frequency and quality of the input Provide support to provinces and accredited municipalities with regard to human settlements delivery as may be required Undertake structured and other visits to provinces and metropolitan municipalities as necessary Facilitate regular interaction between DHS and provincial departments of human settlements and accredited municipalities Submit an annual evaluation report for 2021/22 on the financial and non-financial performance of the grant to National Treasury by 27 July 2022 Evaluate the audited provincial annual reports for submission to National Treasury by 14 December 2022 Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury within 45 days after the end of each quarter Provide systems including Housing Subsidy System that support the administration of the human settlements delivery process Comply with the responsibilities of the transferring officer outlined in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Ensure provinces only implement programmes that are contained in the approved business plans Provide a detailed list of all bulk infrastructure projects to the National Treasury that provinces are planning to implement in terms of their business plans Provides detailed implementation protocols with the Housing Development Agency for the
	 Provinces must conclude implementation protocols with the Housing Development Agency for the preparation and programme management of national priority projects Submit 2021/22 annual evaluation reports to DHS by 27 May 2022 Submit 2021/22 audited annual reports to the DHS by 30 September 2022 Prioritise funds in order to build houses to meet the quota set for military veterans Support accredited municipalities in carrying out delegated functions as per the accreditation framework Provinces must utilise the Housing Subsidy System for the administration and related performance reporting of all the human settlement delivery programmes and processes Projects to be funded and included in the business plan must be registered on the Housing Subsidy System and the Housing Subsidy System project number and GIS coordinates must be included in the business plan Provinces must ensure alignment of financial and non-financial reporting in terms of reporting in Basic Accounting System, Housing Subsidy System, approved provincial business plans and provincial quarterly reports

Human Settlements Development Grant

- Ensure effective and efficient utilisation of and access to the Housing Subsidy System by municipalities
- Comply with the Housing Act, 2022 Division of Revenue Act, Housing Code and the national delivery
 agreements that have been concluded
- The monthly expenditure report, as contemplated the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and section 40(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, must be submitted by the 15th of every month for the preceding month with work in progress inclusive of expenditure, outputs, monthly Basic Accounting System and Housing Subsidy System reconciliation as stipulated on the Practice Note dated 24 April 2015
- Monthly expenditure and quarterly reports must be signed-off by both the provincial human settlements and provincial treasuries' heads of departments
- There should be an alignment of the business plan with the gazetted allocations to accredited municipalities
- Provinces should ensure that they only implement the programmes in the approved business plans
- Provinces are allowed to implement the Finance Linked Individual Subsidy Programme within the Integrated Residential Reporting Programme
- Provinces should prioritise revitalisation of the distressed mining towns programme within their funding
- Consult with municipalities on the programme and projects submitted for approval in terms of the HSDG business plan including all bulk infrastructure projects
- Ensure all projects to be implemented are aligned to the municipal IDP and Spatial Development Frameworks of municipalities
- Ensure that a memorandum of understanding is signed with all municipalities prior to the commencement of any bulk infrastructure project
- Ensure that the relevant amounts to be applied and transferred to municipalities are gazetted by no later than 27 May 2022
- Provinces to align their business plan with provincial annual performance plans and Infrastructure Reporting Model
- On completion of units for military veterans, provincial departments should forward the claims to Department of Military Veterans for the top-up, as agreed in terms of the memorandum of understanding between national Department of Military Veterans and DHS
- Provinces must report on the percentage of their allocations awarded to companies owned by designated groups on quarterly basis
- Provinces must ensure that there is appropriate screening of beneficiaries that will be prioritised for the Voucher Scheme by not later than 29 April 2022
- Provinces must advertise the call for suitable service providers to be screened and serve as material suppliers by not later than 29 April 2022
- Provinces should prepare a separate five-year plan for socio- economic amenities that will be rolled out from 2022/23

Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans

- Draft consolidated provincial business plans for 2023/24 financial year, project readiness matrix and multiyear housing development plan (aligned with the business plan and project readiness matrix) to be submitted to the national department by 31 August 2022
- Submit final consolidated provincial business plans, project readiness matrix, multi-year housing development plan (including cash flow projections and compliance certificates for 2023/24 financial year) to the DHS by 8 February 2023
- Specific approval from the transferring officer should be sought for rectification (pre- and post-1994), IDP chapters, blocked projects, community residential units (upgraded), project linked consolidation subsidies (blocked projects) and allocations for these must appear in the draft and final business plans
- Programmes that require ministerial approval (in terms of ministerial directives) must be submitted in the first draft of the business plan

	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• The creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements that enable improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	To provide funding to facilitate a programmatic and inclusive approach to upgrading informal settlements
Outcome statements	Adequate housing in improved quality living environment
Outcome statements Outputs	 The grant shall fund the outputs defined in Phases 1 – 3 of the Upgrading of Informal Settlements Programme (IUSP) in the National Housing Code of 2009: Phase 1 Number of pre-feasibility studies conducted Phase 2 Feasibility studies number of environmental impact assessment undertaken number geotechnical studies conducted number of any other relevant studies conducted Land Acquisition hectares of land acquired for in-situ upgrading hectares of land acquired for relocation hectares of land availed in terms of land availability/development agreement Number of settlements supplied with bulk infrastructure Number of settlements benefitting from temporal and interim municipal engineering services and/or any alternative technology Number of settlements provided with rudimentary services Phase 3 Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services Number of serviced sites developed Number of social & economic amenities. The specific types of amenities must only be provided in collaboration with municipality and the community
	 Number of sites transferred to end users Number of households provided with secure tenure Number of engineering designs: water, sewer, roads and storm water drainage concluded
	Number of layout plans approved
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 This grant requires provinces to attain both municipal council and MEC approval on informal settlements to be upgraded in 2022/23 financial year A province must submit a business plan prepared in terms of the requirements of the DHS business planning for informal settlements upgrading Provinces must submit an informal settlement upgrading plan in line with UISP in the National Housing Code for each settlement to be upgraded which includes: project description settlement name and GIS coordinates project institutional arrangements sustainable livelihood implementation plan outputs and targets for services to be delivered cash flow projections (payment schedule) details of the support plan risk management plan prioritisation certificate issued by the MEC in consultation with relevant mayors For those settlements where upgrading plans have not yet been completed, an interim or comprehensive plan with clear deliverables in terms of the UISP Phases contained in the National
Conditions	 Housing Code must be submitted Procurement plan confirming appointment of requisite service providers in accordance with government procurement preferential plans and policies (as Annexure to the business plan) Number of jobs and training opportunities to be created Funds for this grant should be utilised for the priorities as set out in the 2019-2024 Medium Term Strategic Framework for human settlements The transfer of the first tranche of funds is conditional upon the Minister of national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) approving business plan and informal settlements upgrading plans per settlement consistent with the provisions of the Housing Act, and in compliance with the National
	Housing Code • The transfer of subsequent tranches is conditional on provinces capturing the targets and budget, delivery statistics, and expenditure monthly on the Housing Subsidy System (HSS) and the Basic

Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces Accounting System (BAS) at a sub-sub-programme level and project level, and submitting monthly reconciliations within the required time frames Provinces must ensure reconciliation and alignment of financial and non-financial outputs between the HSS and BAS on a monthly basis All projects in the approved informal settlements upgrading plans must be aligned with the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and the Spatial Development Framework of municipalities Provinces should implement projects in the approved business plan and upgrading plans and any deviation from the approved plans should be sought from the DHS Where there are no upgrading plans and spending is approved in terms of an interim plan, funding will only be transferred to a province provided that confirmation is provided to the national department that individual upgrading plans are being developed for these projects and will be completed by the end of 2022/23 The payment schedule submitted by provinces should be derived from the cash flows contained in the approved upgrading plans A maximum of 5 per cent of the of the allocation may be utilised for the Operational Support Capital Programme as per the Operational Support Capital Programme Policy of the DHS • Draft and final informal settlements upgrading plans must be aligned to provincial annual performance plans Provincial Heads of Departments (HoDs) must sign-off and confirm that projects captured in their informal settlements upgrading plans are assessed and approved for implementation in the 2022/23 financial year Quarterly and monthly performance reports must be submitted to the DHS in line with DoRA prescripts HoDs must sign off and confirm that projects captured in their informal settlements upgrading plans are assessed and approved for implementation in the 2022/23 financial year • Provinces must indicate the amounts of their annual allocations for spending on the identified national priority projects Provinces must prioritise the implementation of projects that are in the gazetted Priority Human Settlements and Housing Development Areas Provinces may request, in writing to the transferring officer, approval to amend their approved business plan. Requests must be submitted between 12 August 2022 and 14 October 2022. The provinces can also amend business plans upon the stopping and reallocation of grant funds as per MINMEC resolution. In case of a province having been allocated additional funding, a separate report is to be submitted by such a province Provinces must report monthly and quarterly on projects funded through this grant using the template prescribed by DHS. Reporting must include financial and non-financial detailed performance report per settlement (project level performance) report for phase 1-3 aligned to the business plan Allocation criteria The grant is allocated to all provinces. These funds are also allocated in line with the HSDG allocation formula approved by Human Settlements MINMEC and National Treasury Reasons not incorporated A conditional grant enables the national department to provide effective oversight and ensure in equitable share compliance with the National Housing Code Past performance 2020/21 audited financial outcomes • Grant introduced in 2021/22 2020/21 service delivery performance • Grant introduced in 2021/22 **Projected life** This grant will continue until 2024/25, subject to review MTEF allocations 2022/23: R4.1 billion; 2023/24: R4.3 billion and 2024/25: R4.5 billion Monthly instalments as per the payment schedule approved by National Treasury Payment schedule Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department transferring officer and Receive, assess and approve the informal settlements upgrading plans of provinces receiving officer Assess and make recommendations on the credibility of provincial informal settlements upgrading plans and the readiness of projects captured therein • Maintain the policy and programme, and assist with interpretation • Develop a reporting template for provinces on ISUP outputs and publish it 31 March 2022 Monitor and evaluate provincial financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems including quarterly summary reports on performance related to the ISUPG • Provide implementation assistance support to provinces as may be required • Undertake structured and other visits to projects as is necessary • Facilitate regular interaction between DHS and provinces • Submit a report on the status of informal settlements and their categorisation (in terms of the National Upgrading Support Programme's methodology) to National Treasury by 01 August 2022 • Use the ISUP grant to leverage other forms of funding Responsibilities of provincial departments • Initiate, plan and formulate applications for projects relating to the upgrading of informal settlements, which in the case of municipalities that are not accredited, must be in collaboration with the relevant provincial department Request assistance from the relevant national department on any of the matters concerned if the province lacks the capacity, resources or expertise

Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Provinces Provinces must align their business plan with provincial annual performance plans and Infrastructure Reporting Model (IRM) in terms of section 13(1)(a) of this Act Implement approved projects in accordance with ISUP methodology approved by the national department Work with municipalities to fast track the planning approval processes for informal settlements upgrading projects Agree with municipalities on how settlement areas developed under this programme will be managed, operated and maintained Coordinate with municipalities and facilitate the provision of bulk and connector engineering services Provinces must adhere to section 16 of the Division of Revenue Act if they are planning to appoint any other organ of state to implement human settlements projects on their behalf Provinces must report on a monthly basis the amount transferred and the expenditure including the non-financials thereof to any organ of state in line with section 12 of DoRA Provinces must report on the percentage of their allocations awarded to companies owned by designated groups on monthly and quarterly basis Provinces to use the ISUP grant to leverage other forms of funding Draft ISUPG plan and draft informal settlements upgrading plans for each settlement to be upgraded Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans in 2023/24 must be submitted to the DHS by 31 August 2022. The DHS will provide comments by 30 September 2022 • Final business plans must be submitted by no later than 08 February 2023

	Provincial Emergency Housing Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 7, Part A
Strategic goal	 To ensure improved quality of household life following a disaster (as defined in the Disaster Management Act, 2002)
Grant purpose	 To provide funding to provinces for provision of temporary shelter assistance to households affected by disasters or a housing emergency To provide funding to provinces to repair the damage to housing for low-income households following a disaster or housing emergency if the costs of repairs are less than the cost of relocation and provision of temporary shelter
Outcome statements	Households accommodated in adequate temporary shelter following a disaster Repair damaged houses following a disaster for low-income households
Outputs	 Emergency and short-term assistance to households affected and/or impacted by disasters, through: provision of temporary shelter temporary relocation of households to safer accommodation and/or shelter repairs to damaged houses following a disaster
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 Applications for funding from this grant use the Emergency Housing Grant application form which includes the following: details of the disaster, municipal ward, the impact thereof and number of temporary shelters required as well as the number of households affected total funds required for disaster response implementation plan summary of the projects register of beneficiaries as prescribed in the guidelines consolidated project cash flow for three months, as an annexure to the implementation plan a copy of the province's emergency procurement policy provinces must submit a verified assessment report per affected household in case of reported disasters or required repairs to damaged
Conditions	 Provinces must submit an application to the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) within 14 days of the agreement by the Member of the Executive Council responsible for Human Settlements that a housing emergency exists in terms of section 2.3.1(a)(b) of the Emergency Housing Programme as per the National Housing Code The relevant provincial disaster management centre must be informed of the application in writing by the provincial department for human settlements Provincial heads of departments (HoDs) must sign-off and confirm information in the application Shelter solutions funded from the grant must comply with the National Housing Code and subsidy quantum The approval of funding to repair damages caused by disasters must be subject to a detailed assessment report The emergency response in rural areas will be in accordance with the guidelines issued by the National Department The flow of the first tranche of funds is conditional on recommendation by the DHS and approval by the National Treasury The flow of the second tranche is subject to the province spending at least 80 per cent of the first instalment and submitting detailed non-financial and financial reports indicating progress to date, signed-off by the accounting officer Funds must only be spent on items and activities included in the application recommended for funding by the transferring officer of the national DHS and any deviation must be approved by the transferring officer smust submit a report within 30 days after the end of the quarter in which the funds are spent, outlining expenditure of the funds and documentary proof of services rendered. Thereafter monthly reports shall be submitted to the national DHS until the funds are fully utilised The emergency procurement system as guided by the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) and Treasury Regulations must be invoked to ensure immediate assistance to the aff
Allocation criteria	 The project should/must be completed within three months from the date of transfer of funds This grant funding is intended to address the housing needs of households who, for reasons beyond their control, find themselves in an emergency housing need such as: existing shelter destroyed or damaged by a disaster displaced following a disaster relocation due to prevailing material (i.e. physical) conditions posing an immediate threat to the adequacy and safety of their existing housing as a result of a disaster

Provincial Emergency Housing Grant	
	The grant is allocated to provinces on recommendation by the transferring officer and approval
Pageone not incompared in	by the National Treasury A conditional great problem the national department to regard to disasters as they original
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	A conditional grant enables the national department to respond to disasters as they arise
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• The grant was allocated R300 million and R288 million was transferred to provinces, of which R138 million of transferred funds and rollover funds was spent by provinces
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• For KwaZulu-Natal, 1 592 temporary residential units built and 44 per cent delivered to beneficiaries
	For Limpopo, 69 temporary residential units built and none were reported to have been delivered to beneficiaries
	For Mpumalanga, 636 temporary residential units built, with 108 houses repaired and 59 temporary residential units installed
	• For Northern Cape, 1 100 temporary residential units built with zero delivered to beneficiaries
	• For Western Cape, 1 100 temporary residential units built but the project never started with beneficiaries staying in erected fire kits
Projected life	This grant is expected to continue over the medium term, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R326 million; 2023/24: R340 million and 2024/25: R355 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	DHS will, upon receipt of the application for disaster relief, send acknowledgement of receipt within 1 day of such an application
_	DHS should conduct assessment and physical verification of a disaster incident within 10 days
	after the receipt of the application for disaster relief from the province and within a day after recommend to the Director General approval or non-approval of the application
	• A letter signed by the Director General will be sent to the province within 3 days after the
	conclusion of assessment and verification period of 10 days thereafter informing the province
	 of the outcome of the application Advise and guide provinces about the existence of the Provincial Emergency Housing Grant
	and how it can be accessed
	 Develop and publish the Provincial Emergency Housing Grant application form template, in consultation with National Treasury and the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC)
	Monitor programme implementation including establishing and maintaining a register or database of housing emergencies and human settlements-related disasters Output Description: Output Desc
	• Support provinces to plan for potential disasters and housing emergencies. This includes identifying communities/households that reside in unsafe conditions posing a threat to health and safety as well as households who live in areas prone to flooding and/or other disasters
	 Monitor the planning and priority development for communities/households residing in unhealthy and life-threatening circumstances and provide implementation assistance where required
	Facilitate a coordinated housing assistance intervention response in circumstances where disasters affect more than one province
	• Coordinate assistance with the NDMC to ensure there is no duplication of funding with the provincial and municipal disaster relief grants
	 Request National Treasury's approval for the disbursement of funds to provinces within 10 days of receipt of an application for funding from this grant
	 Notify the relevant provinces and provincial treasury of a transfer at least two days before the transfer of funds. Funds must be transferred no later than five days after notification
	• Transfer funds to the provincial administration with a clear stipulation of the purpose of the funds
	Provide National Treasury with written notification of the transfer within 10 days of a transfer
	 Undertake oversight visits together with the province for verifications of reported performance Submit financial and non-financial reports to National Treasury 20 days after the end of each
	 month Provide a performance report, within 45 days after the end of the quarter in which the funds were spent, to National Treasury using the disaster allocation monitoring template agreed to
	with the National Treasury
	 Together with the provinces, monitor the implementation of funded projects DHS to draft and publish guidelines for register of beneficiaries and emergency response in rural areas
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Provinces are responsible for providing the first response in the immediate aftermath of a
	housing emergency and should notify DHS within 3 days after the disaster has occurred. The assessment and physical verification of the disaster should be undertaken within 2 days
	• Provinces should apply for the Emergency Housing Grant within 14 days of the agreement that
<u> </u>	an emergency exists

Provincial Emergency Housing Grant

- · Provinces to facilitate the release of municipal owned land
- Together with the national DHS and PMDC, conduct initial assessments of disaster impacts to verify the applications for funding within five days following the occurrence of a reported incident that meets the conditions
- Upon approval of the application by national DHS and receipt of funding, implement the intended relief measure (emergency housing solutions) in respect of the affected households and communities
- Manage implementation of emergency interventions including establishing and maintaining a register or database of human settlements disasters and emergencies in the province
- Plan disaster mitigation measures in collaboration with the relevant PDMC, these include public awareness and community outreach initiatives in respect of disaster mitigation
- Plan for potential disaster incidents, this work includes identifying communities/households
 that reside on land posing a threat to health and safety as well as households who live in areas
 prone to flooding and/or other disasters
- Facilitate identified and prioritised communities and/or households that are relocated and properly housed in formalised townships that comply with human settlement development norms and standards
- Ensure that shelter solutions comply with the National Housing Code
- Monitor the planning and priority development for communities/households residing in unhealthy and life-threatening circumstances and provide implementation assistance where required
- Provide financial and non-financial reports to national DHS within 15 days after the end of
 each month (include evidence (invoices and pictures of the projects) as annexures) on a
 reporting template signed by a Head of Department or delegated official in the province
- Ensure contingency plans are in place to facilitate the provision of emergency shelter in the
 immediate aftermath of a housing emergency. These plans should include having standby
 contracts in place that allow for the rapid deployment of emergency shelter and/or identifying
 safe sites for temporary shelter
- Ensure that emergency procurement policies in line with the PFMA and Treasury Regulations are in place
- Conduct assessments of disaster impacts together with the affected municipalities, to verify
 applications for funding, within 35 days of the incident while adhering to the requirements of
 the emergency housing programme
- Provide a performance report which includes evidence on progress with implementation of the projects to the DHS within 30 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent
- Identify communities and/or households for temporary relocation due to an imminent disaster
- Monitor the implementation of funded disaster projects by sectors
- Maintain a register of the beneficiaries

Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans

Not applicable

PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS

Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces
ructure (Vote 13)
bb creation efforts in specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods
departments to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive following identified focus areas, in compliance with the Expanded Public Works lelines: d the maintenance of buildings and rural roads social infrastructure industries d livelihoods
of poor people and increased social stability through engaging the previously productive activities ased levels of employment or sustainable work through experience and learning gained
yed and receiving income through the EPWP per work opportunity created
valents (FTEs) to be created through the grant
sformation and Job creation
emented through provinces using grant agreements that contain project lists and incial departments on the creation of full-time equivalents (FTEs) and work
ply with the project selection criteria determined in the EPWP grant manual, the by Department of Public Works and Infrastructure (DPWI), the Ministerial workers, the EPWP Recruitment Guidelines and the National Minimum Wage Act cable gazettes used report on all projects via DPWI's EPWP reporting system on the EPWP reporting system every month. The system closes 15 days after the deer for progress to be assessed for departmental personnel costs, however a maximum of five per cent of the grant act-based capacity required to manage data capturing and on-site management costs in intensive methods lised for EPWP purposes and for the projects approved in each eligible provincial ect list. Diagnostic provincial department may use 10 per cent of their allocations for the rotective equipment (e.g. temperature scanners, hand washing facilities, hand undard determined by the Department of Health), and provisions for physical me disbursement, eligible provincial departments must: EPWP project list by 29 April 2022 Int with DPWI ements are conditional upon eligible provincial departments: Derformance within the required time frames on EPWP Integrated Grant funded projects approved EPWP projects on the project list, as planned towards the agreed work on EPWP projects on the project list, as planned towards the agreed work of the project department are conditional reports by the timelines stipulated in the clauses of the venue Act integrated Grant expenditure monthly, within the required time frames are sustensure that EPWP branding is included as part of the project cost in line with must maintain participant payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in and make these available to DPWI for data quality assessment tests
VP grant allocation in 2022/23, a provincial department must have reported at least astructure or environment and culture sector in the 2020/21 financial year all departments must have reported at least 13 FTEs in either the infrastructure or sector in the 2020/21 financial year by 15 October 2021 ons are based on EPWP performance reported in the past 18 months, number of rand, and the duration of the work opportunities created rovincial departments with negative audit findings and non-compliance in terms of

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces
Reasons not incorporated	• This grant is intended to fund expansion in specific focus areas as well as incentivise increased EPWP
in equitable share	performance
	• The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for EPWP work in key focus areas
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the total grant allocation of R420 million, 99.6 per cent was transferred to provinces. R404 million (96
	per cent) of the transferred funds was spent by the end of the financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	207 100 work opportunities reported and 67 325 FTEs created
	Average duration of the work opportunities created is 75 days
Projected life	Grant continues until 2022/23, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R433 million,2023/24: R435 million and 2024/25: R454 million
Payment schedule	• Three instalments per annum: 25 per cent, 13 May 2022; 45 per cent, 12 August 2022 and 30 per cent, 11 November 2022
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Determine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible provincial departments
receiving officer	• Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for provincial departments to understand and
	implement the grant, such as a grant manual, EPWP Recruitment Guidelines, the EPWP Ministerial
	Determination for EPWP workers, the EPWP Infrastructure guidelines and the National Minimum Wage
	Act 9 of 2018 including applicable gazettes
	Support provincial departments, in the manner agreed to in the grant agreement, to:
	 identify suitable EPWP projects, develop EPWP project lists in accordance with the EPWP project
	selection criteria,
	o apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design,
	o report using the EPWP reporting system
	 Monitor the performance and spending of provincial departments and assess progress towards their implementation of EPWP project lists
	Disburse the grant to eligible provincial departments that comply with the DoRA requirements
	• Report to National Treasury progress against FTE targets and spending against the grant allocation on a
	quarterly basis
	 Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis to support good governance and identify areas for administrative improvement
	• Manage the EPWP coordinating structures in collaboration with provincial coordinating departments to
	support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions
	Support the sector to collect the required data, align monitoring and reporting frameworks and to report on
	key outputs on the EPWP reporting system
	Conduct site visits to verify existence of the projects and identify where support is needed
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	 Develop and submit an EPWP project list to DPWI by 29 April 2022
	• Sign the standard grant agreement with DPWI by 29 April 2022, agreeing to comply with the conditions of
	the grant before receiving any grant disbursement
	Agree on the areas requiring technical support from DPWI upon signing the grant agreement
	• Register and report all EPWP projects on the EPWP reporting system and update progress monthly in
D 6 1 2	accordance with the reporting requirements and timelines stipulated in the grant agreement
Process for approval of	• Provincial departments must report on performance of EPWP projects for the 2021/22 financial year by
2023/24 business plans	29 April 2022 or report on 2021/22 performance by 28 October 2022 to be eligible for a grant allocation
	Provincial departments must submit draft 2023/24 EPWP project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023 This is a large of the project lists to DPWI by 28 April 2023
	• Eligible provincial departments must sign the standard funding agreement with an approved 2023/24 EPWP
	project list by 28 April 2023

	Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces
Transferring department	Public Works and Infrastructure (Vote 13)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	• To increase job creation through the expansion of the social sector Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP)
Grant purpose	 To incentivise provincial social sector departments, identified in the EPWP social sector plan, to increase work opportunities by focusing on the strengthening and expansion of social sector programmes that have employment potential
Outcome statements	 Improved service delivery to communities by expanding the reach and quality of social services Contribute towards increased levels of employment
	 Strengthened capacity of non-government delivery partners through increased access to funds for wages and administration
Outputs	9 852 full-time equivalents (FTEs) funded through the grant
Outputs	A minimum of 11 329 people employed and receiving income through the EPWP grant
	A minimum average duration of 200 person days for work opportunities created
	A minimum of 150 000 beneficiaries provided with social services
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
C . 122	Key activities
Conditions	• Provincial departments must report EPWP expenditure on the monthly in-year management, monitoring and
	 reporting tool in accordance with section 32 of the Public Finance Management Act Financial and non-financial performance must be reported onto the EPWP reporting system
	Provincial departments must adhere to the audit requirements stipulated in the social sector EPWP incentive
	grant manual
	• The incentive grant allocation must be used to expand work opportunity creation programmes in the social
	sector
	The incentive grant allocation must be used to fund the following priority areas:
	 to provide wages to unpaid volunteers at a minimum of the EPWP rate prescribed by the National Minimum Wage Act 9 of 2018 and its amendments including applicable gazettes depending on which is more favourable according to the prescripts of the Department of Employment and Labour to expand social sector EPWP programmes as identified in the EPWP social sector plan for creation of
	additional work opportunities
	 A minimum of 80 per cent of the total incentive allocation must be used to pay wages The balance of the overall incentive allocation must be used for administration, capacity-building at the implementation level and procurement of protective clothing and personal protective equipment (PPEs) including a COVID-10.
	 including for COVID-19 To receive the first grant disbursement, eligible provincial departments must:
	o submit a signed business plan by 31 March 2022 o sign a grant agreement with the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure (DPWI) by 31 March 2022
	 Subsequent grant disbursements are conditional upon eligible provincial departments: reporting grant funded projects in the EPWP reporting system reporting expenditure of at least 25 per
	cent and 50 per cent (of the transferred amount) for the second and third tranches, respectively
	• Provincial departments must submit quarterly non-financial reports in the prescribed template as per the timelines stipulated in the clauses of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act
	EPWP branding must be included as part of the project cost as per the corporate identity manual
	• Relevant documents in accordance with the Ministerial Determination for EPWP should be retained by public bodies
Allocation criteria	• To receive an incentive allocation in 2022/23, a provincial department must have reported performance in
	2020/21 and the first two quarters of 2021/22 into the EPWP reporting system by 15 October 2021
	• To be eligible for an incentive allocation in 2022/23, a provincial department must have:
	o reported performance of at least 30 FTEs in 2020/21. The previous performance data on social sector
	should show that provincial departments have created at least 30 FTEs per R1 million on average used its own funding in addition to the Social Sector Incentive Grant. Provincial departments that are
	not utilising their own funding will not be considered for eligibility • Allocations are calculated in two parts as follows:
	o 90 per cent of the allocation is based on provincial department's contribution towards the total FTEs
	reported over 18 months o 10 per cent of the allocation is based on compliance to sector standards (for persons with disability,
	women, youth, training days, duration and wages)
	 The following penalties are applied where there was non-compliance to conditions of the grant in 2020/21: one per cent for non-compliance in submission of planning documents
	0.5 per cent for late submission for each quarterly non-financial report
	o 0.5 per cent for each tranche withheld
	o one per cent for less than 100 per cent expenditure reported in the assessment period

	Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces
	 one per cent for non-achievement of FTE target in the assessment period
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 The incentive allocation is based on the performance of programmes in a prior financial years and use of the allocation is specifically earmarked for EPWP programme expansion
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• Of the total grant allocation of R413 million, 99 per cent was transferred to provincial departments of which
	R399 million (97 per cent) of was reported spent by provinces
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	16 037 FTEs were created
	• 20 795 work opportunities created
	Average duration of 177 person days for work opportunities created
	27 326 beneficiaries received social services
	1 845 households received social services
Projected life	Grant continues until 2022/23, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R424 million; 2023/24: R426 million and 2024/25: R446 million
Payment schedule	• Three instalments per annum: 25 per cent, 25 April 2022; 45 per cent, 29 July 2022 and 30 per cent, 28 October 2022
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Determine the eligibility of provincial departments, set work opportunity targets, performance measures and
receiving officer	calculate incentive allocations
	Revise the incentive manual that will provide provincial departments with standard information on the rules
	of the incentive programme, its application, monitoring and evaluation information and audit regulations
	• Develop an incentive agreement outlining the requirements of the incentive grant and ensure that each provincial department signs the agreement by 31 March 2022
	 Reach agreements with national sector departments on their roles in ensuring effective implementation of the incentive grant by 31 March 2022
	Support provincial departments to develop plans to meet work opportunity targets
	• Support sector departments to collect the required data, align monitoring and reporting frameworks and to report on key outputs on the EPWP reporting system
	• Monitor the performance of provincial departments on the use of the incentive grant against the conditions in the framework and report to National Treasury on a monthly and quarterly basis
	• Evaluate the final performance of provincial departments after the end of the financial year
	• Issue guidelines to provincial departments on how to report expenditure, by 31 March 2022
	Analyse reported data and provide feedback to sector stakeholders
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	Compile and sign business plans on how they will achieve the incentive grant targets by 31 March 2022
	• By 31 March 2022, sign the standard incentive agreement with national DPWI agreeing to comply with the
	conditions and obligations of the grant before receiving any incentive payment
	• Report EPWP performance onto the EPWP reporting system and update progress monthly in accordance with the reporting requirements in the incentive agreement
	• Submit financial and non-financial reports on the use of the incentive grant on a monthly and quarterly basis in the format and manner prescribed by National Treasury and DPWI
	• Submit an annual evaluation report on the use of the incentive grant in the format and manner prescribed by National Treasury and DPWI
Process for approval of	• Provincial departments must have reported EPWP performance by 29 April 2022 to be eligible for an
2023/24 business plans	allocation
-	• Provincial departments participate in the planning exercise from December to January each year and submit their business plans and targets to DPWI during this process, in the format prescribed
	DPWI to distribute the incentive agreements for endorsement by provincial heads of departments by the end
	of February every year
	• Provincial heads of departments to sign the incentive agreement with DPWI by 31 March 2023 and agree to
	comply with the conditions and obligations of the incentive grant

SPORT, ARTS AND CULTURE GRANTS

	Community Library Services Grant
Transferring department	Sport, Arts and Culture (Vote 37)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	To enable the South African society to gain access to knowledge and updated information that will
C	improve its socio-economic status
Grant purpose	To transform urban and rural community library infrastructure, facilities and services (primarily targeting previously disadvantaged communities) through a recapitalised programme at provincial level in support of local government and national initiatives
Outcome statements	 Improved coordination and collaboration between national, provincial and local government on library services Equitable access to library and information services delivered to all rural and urban communities Improved library infrastructure and services that meet the specific needs of the communities they serve Improved staff capacity at urban and rural libraries to respond appropriately to community knowledge and information needs
Ontrovets	Improved culture of reading and literacy development
Outputs	 300 000 library materials (books, periodicals, toys etc.) purchased Library information and communication technology infrastructure and systems software installed and maintained in all provinces New services established for the visually impaired at 10 identified community libraries in all provinces
	 25 new library structures completed four new dual-purpose library structures completed 10 upgraded library structures completed 30 maintained library structures completed 2 495 existing contract library staff maintained in all provinces Number of new staff appointed for dual-purpose libraries 68 new staff appointed at public libraries to support the shifting of the function to provinces Capacity building programmes for public librarians Number of units of personal protective equipment procured (by type) Litres of sanitisers procured Community libraries deep cleaned due to COVID 19
Duionity of government	Community libraries deep cleaned due to COVID-19 District (C. Serial selection and a few communities)
Priority of government that this grant primarily	Priority 6: Social cohesion and safe communities
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
Susmess plan	• Inputs
	Key activities
Conditions	 The provincial business plans must be developed in accordance with identified priority areas Provincial departments may only request (in writing, to the transferring officer) to amend the business plan by the end of October 2022 Provinces may not exceed the 20 per cent threshold provided for variation orders on infrastructure projects without the approval of the transferring officer To qualify for allocations in 2023/24 provinces must submit progress reports that detail a phased approach towards the full funding of the function, either by assignment to municipalities, or
	 approach towards the full funding of the function, either by assignment to municipalities, or preparation of provinces to take over the function, or a combination of both. This process must be completed by the end of the 2022 Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) provided funding is available Grant funding must not be used to replace funding for items that provinces have previously allocated to community libraries Provinces may use a maximum of 5 per cent of the total amount allocated to them for capacity building and provincial management of the grant at the provincial department and the details of how these funds will be used must be included in their respective business plans Provinces must include in their business plans, the scope of work for upgrades, including the budget to be committed to the upgrading of existing libraries Provinces must include in their business plans the scope of work and budget for maintenance of projects Funds earmarked to support Schedule 5 function shift in category B municipalities and to establish dual purpose service points may only be used for that purpose. Provinces may use up to 80 per cent of their earmarked allocations in 2022/23 to address the Schedule 5 function shift imperative in category B municipalities. At least 20 per cent of the earmarked allocations must be used to establish and sustain dual purpose service points in collaboration with provincial departments of basic education. The detail of how these funds will be used by provinces must be included in their respective business plans. The total earmarked allocations per province are as follows: Eastern Cape: R71 million

	Community Library Services Grant
	o Free State: R91 million
	o Gauteng: R 98 million
	○ KwaZulu-Natal: R88 million ○ Limpopo: R30 million
	o Limpopo: R30 million o Mpumalanga: R68 million
	Northern Cape: R61 million
	o North West: R75 million
	o Western Cape: R88 million
	• Service level agreements (SLAs) determining reporting protocols must be signed with receiving
	municipalities within two months after the 2022 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) takes effect
	• The SLAs must include financial commitments over the MTEF in addition to the payment schedules to municipalities and reporting protocols which outline measurable performance targets
	for each municipality
	• The allocations from this conditional grant funding must only be used for items that are provided
	for in the conditional grant framework and in line with the approved business plan
	• To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, provinces must submit business plans that include the use
	of grant funds for hand sanitizer for library users, sanitization and deep cleaning of libraries and provision of personal protective equipment for staff
	 Provinces must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in their reports submitted in terms of
	the requirements of section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act
Allocation criteria	• Allocations are based on an evaluation report for 2020/21 conducted by the national Department
	of Sport, Arts and Culture (DSAC) which identified community library needs and priorities for
	2022
Reasons not incorporated	• This funding is intended to address backlogs and disparities in the provision and maintenance of
in equitable share	community library services across provinces, and enable the DSAC to provide strategic guidance and alignment with national priorities
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
Personal	Allocated R1.4 billion and 100 per cent of the allocation was transferred to provinces. R1.1 billion
	was spent by provinces by the end of the financial year, 93.9 per cent of the total after including
	provincial roll-overs
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 11 new libraries built
	• 44 libraries upgraded
	 41 new staff appointed 89 285 library materials procured
Projected life	The projected life will be informed by evaluation reports. Allocations may become part of the
	provincial equitable share in 2023/24 if provinces have completed the function shift and completed
	a process that leads to the full funding of the service
MTEF allocations	2022/22 P1 (1:11: 2022/24 P1 (1:11: 12024/27 P1 (1:11:
	• 2022/23: R1.6 billion; 2023/24: R1.6 billion and 2024/25: R1.6 billion
Payment schedule	• Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023
Responsibilities of the	• Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss
Responsibilities of the	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate SLAs with municipalities
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate SLAs with municipalities Provinces must maintain the number of staff appointed using this conditional grant
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate SLAs with municipalities Provinces must maintain the number of staff appointed using this conditional grant Submit evaluation reports to the DSAC within two months after the end of the financial year
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate SLAs with municipalities Provinces must maintain the number of staff appointed using this conditional grant Submit evaluation reports to the DSAC within two months after the end of the financial year Submit signed monthly financial reports to DSAC within 15 days after the end of every month
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate SLAs with municipalities Provinces must maintain the number of staff appointed using this conditional grant Submit evaluation reports to the DSAC within two months after the end of the financial year Submit quarterly performance reports to the DSAC within 30 days after the end of the quarter
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Four instalments: 14 April 2022; 15 July 2022; 14 October 2022; and 20 January 2023 Responsibilities of the national department Establish an intergovernmental forum with provinces that meets at least twice a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Participate in at least one intergovernmental forum meeting per province between provinces and municipalities per year Identify challenges and risks and prepare mitigation strategies Monitor and evaluate implementation Evaluate annual performance of the grant for the previous financial year, for submission to National Treasury within four months after the end of the financial year Submit monthly financial and quarterly performance reports to the National Treasury Determine outputs and targets for 2023/24 with provincial departments DSAC must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of provincial departments Provinces must establish intergovernmental forums with municipalities within their province that are funded through this grant, that meet at least three times a year to discuss issues related to the provision of community library services Provincial departments must establish capacity to monitor and evaluate SLAs with municipalities Provinces must maintain the number of staff appointed using this conditional grant Submit evaluation reports to the DSAC within two months after the end of the financial year Submit quarterly performance reports to the DSAC within 30 days after the end of the quarter

Community Library Services Grant

Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans

- Provinces must submit function shift progress report to DSAC by 30 November 2022
- Progress reports must detail at least the following:
 - criteria that will be used to evaluate the capacity of municipalities to administer the function on behalf of the province
 - a policy framework for funding municipalities that administer the service with details of this funding for a three-year time period
- Provinces to submit draft business plans to DSAC by 6 September 2022. Business plans must be aligned to their strategies for full funding of the function
- DSAC to evaluate provincial business plans and provide feedback to provinces by 30 September 2022
- Provinces to submit final provincial business plans to DSAC by 31 January 2023
- DSAC approves business plans and submits them to National Treasury by 31 March 2023

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
Transferring department	Sport, Arts and Culture (Vote 37)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part A
Strategic goal	Increasing citizens' access to sport and recreation activities
Grant purpose	To facilitate sport and active recreation participation and empowerment in partnership with relevant stakeholders
Outcome statements	Increased and sustained participation in sport and active recreation
	Improved sector capacity to deliver sport and active recreation
Outputs	School sport learners supported to participate in the National School Sport Championships learners participating in school sport tournaments at a provincial level learners participating in school sport tournaments at a district level schools provided with equipment and/or attire people trained
	 school sport coordinators remunerated school sport structures supported Community sport and active recreation Active recreation (Siyadlala)
	o people actively participating in organised sport and active recreation events o indigenous games clubs supported per code o hubs provided with equipment and/or attire o active recreation coordinators remunerated o number of learners/youth attending the youth camp
	 people trained in Siyadlala Club development local leagues supported people trained (active recreation and sport academies) club coordinators remunerated
	 clubs provided with equipment and or attire Sport academies athletes supported by the sport academies sport academies supported (equipment and personnel)
	 sport focus schools supported Netball World Cup 2023 preparations for Netball World Cup 2023 supported Transversal matters
	 sport and active recreation projects implemented by the provincial sports confederation provincial programmes contributing to "I choose 2B Active" implemented Management staff appointed on a long-term contract administration standards met
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 6: Social cohesion and safe communities
Details contained in the business plan	 Grant purpose Outcome indicators Grant outputs Output indicators Key activities
Conditions	 Provincial compliance Provinces must ensure that: all structures at all levels are aligned to the 16 Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (DSAC) priority codes to contribute to seamless service delivery (football, netball, rugby, cricket, athletics, basketball, volleyball, goalball, swimming, gymnastics, hockey, softball, chess, table tennis, tennis, amateur boxing) 50 per cent of hubs and clubs supported must be from rural and farm areas list of schools, hubs and clubs must be provided with the business plan and the support required performance evidence in prescribed format must be timeously submitted, irrespective of the status of the project, as per the technical indicator descriptors funds from this grant are not used on projects falling outside the scope of the grant unless, following a written request, approval to such effect is granted by the transferring officer The provincial allocation must be utilised as follows: school sport: 40 per cent
	 community sport and active recreation: 39 per cent sport academies: 9 per cent transversal matters: 4 per cent management: 8 per cent Provinces, based on their provincial dynamics, may apply to the transferring officer to change the above suballocations School sport: 40 per cent

Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant

- Provinces must ring-fence R10 million to provide transport, attire and delivery of provincial teams to the various segments of the national school sport championships. The allocation to the host province will consider the funds required for hosting the national championships and will include accommodation, meals and other costs associated with staging of the championships
- The remaining school sport allocation must be allocated as follows:
 - o 10 per cent for training of people to deliver school sport
 - 20 per cent to purchase equipment and or attire for schools below quintile 3 identified through participation in leagues
 - o 40 per cent to deliver district and provincial competitions
 - 15 per cent to remunerate coordinators who coordinate, support, monitor and evaluate school sport at district and local levels
 - 15 per cent to support school sport structures

Community sport and active recreation: 39 per cent

Active recreation: 19 per cent

- Provinces must ring-fence R3 million per province for the National Youth Camp to provide transport, accommodation, meals, attire, security, public liability, medical support, stationery, and the costs associated with plenary meetings
- The remaining active recreation allocation must be allocated as follows:
 - o 40 per cent for people actively participating in organised sport and active recreation events
 - 20 per cent to purchase equipment and attire
 - o 20 per cent for remuneration of community sport coordinators
 - 5 per cent for ministerial outreach programmes
 - o 15 per cent for training

Club development: 20 per cent

- The portion of the grant ring-fenced for club development must be allocated as follows:
 - 65 per cent to support leagues and the clubs that are in the rural sport development programme club development
 - 15 per cent for accredited training in sport administration, team management, coaching and technical officiating
 - o 15 per cent to purchase sport equipment and attire
 - o 5 per cent for remuneration of club development coordinators

Sport academies: 9 per cent

- The allocation must be used for the support and resourcing of district and provincial academies in line with sport academies framework and guidelines of DSAC
 - 40 per cent for resourcing of district and provincial academies (equipment and remuneration of personnel)
 - o 40 per cent for athlete support as documented in the academy framework
 - o 5 per cent for sport focus schools
 - o 15 per cent training
- The allocation must be used to provide support to accredited sport focus schools that meet the specified requirements outlined in the sport academies framework. Provision of support to schools includes:
 - o upgrading sport facilities
 - o resourcing them with a gymnasium
 - o establishing a basic medical facility/room with basic equipment
 - o providing sport code specific equipment

Transversal matters: 4 per cent

Provincial sport confederation: 2 per cent

- Provinces may transfer funds to the provincial sport confederation provided:
 - a transfer plan has been developed and submitted together with a signed business plan approved by DSAC
 - a service level agreement has been entered into between the provincial department and the provincial sport confederation stating clearly what is expected of the provincial sport confederation
 - a monitoring mechanism is in place to monitor expenditure and performance by the sport confederation as per the SLA

Provincial programmes: 1 per cent

• These are specific provincial programmes that contribute to the "I Choose 2B Active" Campaign and Recognition programme

Management: 8 per cent

Appointing staff: 7 per cent

- Provinces are expected to utilise this portion of the allocation for the appointment of staff
- Staff must be appointed on a three-year contract to implement conditional grant programmes. The allocation
 is not for support staff in programmes such as finance, planning, monitoring and evaluation or research

Administration: 1 per cent

Provinces are expected to use this portion of the allocation to ensure that all their submissions are packaged
properly (including business plans project implementation plan monthly, quarterly and annual reports) and
for logistical arrangements relating to the administration of the grant

Allocation criteria

• Each province is allocated a baseline of R20 million, thereafter the equitable share formula proportions are applied to determine the remaining amount

	Mass Participation and Sport Development Grant
	 R30 million from the total conditional grant allocation is ring-fenced towards the preparation and delivery of the 2023 Netball World Cup and is allocated to the Western Cape province. The province will transfer this amount to the Netball World Cup 2023 local organising committee. A service level agreement will be signed between the province and the Netball World Cup 2023 local organising committee The Northern Cape's allocation is increased due to ensure an increase in participation due to the vastness of the province. R2 million and R3 million has been deducted from Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal respectively to fund this
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	The conditional grant is assisting the sport sector in implementing the National Sport and Recreation Plan objectives
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes R620 million was allocated and R620 million (100 per cent) was transferred to provinces. R626.9 million was available for provinces to spend (including provincial roll-over of R6.9 million). R539.8 million (86 per cent) was spent by provinces 2020/21 service delivery performance
	 58 439 people actively participating in organised sport and active recreation events 120 345 learners participating in school sport tournaments at district level 5324 schools, hubs and clubs provided with equipment and/ or attire 2249 athletes supported by the sport academy 55 sport academies supported
Projected life	Grant continues until 2022/23, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R604 million; 2023/24: R604 million; 2024/25: R631 million
Payment schedule	• Four instalments: 26 May 2022; 26 August 2022; 25 November 2022 and 26 January 2023
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	 Responsibilities of the national department Evaluate annual reports for the 2020/21 grants for submission to the National Treasury by 29 July 2022 Agree on outputs and targets with provincial departments in line with grant objective for 2023/24 by 31 August 2022 Provide the guidelines and criteria for the development and approval of business plans Monitor implementation and provide support Submit approved business plan for 2022/23 to the National Treasury by 29 April 2022 Submit quarterly performance reports to National Treasury 45 days after the end of each quarter Ensure that all the conditional grant practice notes issued by National Treasury are adhered to Desktop monitoring: analysis of monthly and quarterly reports received by provinces Physical verification visits to the provinces to verify what has been reported in the monthly and quarterly reports
	 Hold quarterly review sessions with all conditional grant role players from the provinces May implement internal mechanisms to manage the quarterly disbursements of the grant where there is non-compliance with the conditions of the grant. This may include withholding and reallocation of tranche payments Responsibilities of provincial departments Submit the 2021/22 annual evaluation report to DSAC by 27 May 2022 Submit monthly reports as per the requirements contained in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Monitor progress of programmes delivered through the conditional grant Western Cape province must report on progress with preparatory work for the 2023 Netball World Cup so that spending and progress on these activities can be separated from the performance of the rest of the grant
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 Ensure that conditional grant managers attend all national conditional grant meetings Ensure that capacity exists to manage the grant and that there is a grant manager responsible for the grant framework, planning, implementation and reporting Ensure organisational capacity to deliver on the programmes that are implemented through the grant Provinces submit draft business plan to DSAC by 9 December 2022 DSAC evaluates draft business plans by 15 December 2022 Comments sent to provinces by 16 January 2023 Provinces submit revised business plans to DSAC by 10 February 2023 Head of department approves business plan by 31 March 2023

TRANSPORT GRANTS

	Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
Transferring department	Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part A
Strategic goal	To ensure efficient and effective investment in provincial roads to implement the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa in line with the S'hamba Sonke road programme and other related road infrastructure asset management programmes
Grant purpose	To supplement provincial investments for road infrastructure maintenance (routine, periodic and special maintenance)
	To ensure that all roads are classified as per the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa and the technical recommendations for highways, and the Road Classification and Access Management guidelines
	 To implement and maintain road asset management systems To supplement provincial projects for the repair of roads and bridges damaged by unforeseen incidents including natural disasters To improve road safety with a special focus on pedestrian safety in rural areas
Outcome statements	Improve the condition and lifespan of provincial roads and level of service backed by a periodic five-year review of the road network conditions
	Improved rates of employment and community participation through labour-intensive construction methodologies and skills development through the delivery of roads infrastructure projects
Outputs	 Final road asset management plan and tabled project list for the 2022 medium term expenditure framework (MTEF) in a table B5 format finalised by 31 March 2022 Network condition assessment and determination of priority projects list from the road asset management systems The following actual delivery related measures against 2022/23 targets defined in the final road asset management plan and annual performance plan for each province:
	 number of m² of surfaced roads rehabilitated (quarterly) number of m² of surfaced roads resurfaced (overlay or reseal) number of m² of blacktop patching (including pothole repairs) number of kilometres of gravel roads re-gravelled number of kilometres of gravel roads bladed number of kilometres of gravel roads upgraded (funded from provincial equitable share)
	The following performance, based on national job creation indicators: number of jobs created number of full time equivalents created number of youths employed (age 18 – 35) number of women employed number of people living with disabilities employed Number of small, medium micro enterprises contracted on the provinces' contractor development programme Updated road condition data (paved and unpaved) including instrumental/automated road survey data, traffic data, safety audit report and bridge conditions
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses a road asset management plan which contains the following details: network hierarchy performance management framework gap analysis information and systems, and lifecycle planning current and future demand financial plan monitoring, reviewing and continual improvements
Conditions	 This grant funds routine, periodic and special maintenance road infrastructure projects This grant may fund visual condition inspections, and not more than R6500/km and R2500/km may be used for paved and gravel roads respectively Provinces may use a maximum of 25 per cent of the allocation for rehabilitation activities, which includes the surfacing or block paving of gravel roads Any other improvements to roads and new facilities must be funded from the provincial equitable share The framework must be read in conjunction with the practice note issued by the Department of Transport (DoT) as agreed with National Treasury Provinces must show commitment by budgeting from the provincial equitable share to match or exceed grant allocations To ensure efficient usage of grant funds, the DoT, in consultation with National Treasury, can instruct that provinces to utilise national transversal appointments for project implementation The payment of the first instalment is dependent upon submission to the national DoT and the relevant provincial treasury of the following: planning for the infrastructure reporting model for the 2022 MTEF by 22 April 2022 final road asset management plan and tabled project list for the 2021 MTEF in a table B5 format by 31

Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant

- January 2022
- submission to DoT of all the quarterly performance reports that have become due for the 2021/22 financial
 year, in terms of the Division of Revenue Act and the requirements of this framework, prior to date of
 release of payment
- Payment of subsequent instalments is dependent upon the submission of the following:
 - o previous quarter's monthly infrastructure reporting model reports
 - all quarterly performance reports that have become due, in terms of the Division of Revenue Act, prior to date of release of payment
- The signed-off annual grant performance evaluation report and signed off draft road asset management plan and project list in table B5 format will remain a requirement for the second instalment as required by the Division of Revenue Act and the requirements of this framework
- The infrastructure programme management plan and road asset management systems data submission will be a requirement for the third tranche
- The infrastructure programme implementation plan and 2023/24 project list will be a requirement for the fourth tranche
- For the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework class R1, R2 and R3 roads, the data collection requirements
 - visual condition data according to technical methods for highway nine for pavements no older than two years, and technical methods for highway 19 for bridges no older than five years
 - instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture according to technical methods for highway 13 no older than two years
 - instrumental pavement data for deflections according to technical methods for highway 13 no older than five years
 - traffic data according to technical methods for highway three, technical methods for highway eight and technical methods for highway 14 no older than three years
- Provinces must submit to the DoT, updated road condition data, (for paved and unpaved) including instrumental/ automated road survey data, traffic data, safety audit report and bridge conditions by 30 September 2022
- The Provincial Road Maintenance Grant (PRMG) allocation can be allocated to the following projects as identified and prioritised through the provincial road asset management systems:
 - routine maintenance (operating expenditure): includes day-to-day routine activities such as cleaning drains and culverts, vegetation control, line marking, guard rail repair, road sign repair, crack sealing, patching, edge repair, spot regraveling, and blading
 - periodic maintenance (operating expenditure): includes periodically scheduled activities such as fog sprays/diluted emulsions/rejuvenators, surface seals and functional asphalt overlays < 50 mm in thickness. For gravel roads it includes re-gravelling up to 100 mm thick
 - special maintenance (operating expenditure): includes the repair of selected pavement areas up to maximum of 25 per cent of project length followed by application of surface seal or functional asphalt overlay < 50 mm. Also includes reinstatement of slope stability, repairs to existing structures and the repair of damage caused by floods or accidents
 - rehabilitation (capital expenditure): includes increasing the structural capacity of an existing pavement
 through the recycling of existing layers and/or addition of new granular layers or structural asphalt
 overlays > 80mm thick and upgrading or block paving of gravel roads with more than 300 vehicles per
 day. These rehabilitation activities are however limited to a maximum of 25 per cent of the PRMG
 allocation
- The PRMG allocation cannot be allocated to the following projects:
 - o any costs associated with feasibility studies, tendering & programme management support
 - o the hire, purchasing, repairs, maintenance and operational costs of construction plant & equipment
 - o improvements (capital expenditure): this comprises works that aim to improve the quality of service on roads with an unacceptable quality of service. These include measures of improving quality of service on existing roads such as increases the width in selected areas (i.e. addition of climbing/passing lanes), increases in the width over the total length of the project i.e. addition of paved shoulder and localized geometric and intersection improvements. These activities could in some instances include complete rehabilitation of the existing pavement structure
 - the upgrading of gravel roads to surface roads, the construction of new roads and new interchanges do not qualify for funding under this grant
 - o new facilities (capital expenditure): this comprises works that aim to improve network capacity and includes the upgrading of earth (dirt) road to an engineered gravel road, the upgrading of a gravel road to a surfaced road and upgrading of single carriageway road to four-lane or dual carriageway road. The construction of new gravel or surfaced road where previously no road existed (brown/green fields construction). The construction of new bridge to replace existing bridge or new interchange to replace intersection.
- The following amounts per province must be used in 2022/23 for the repair of infrastructure damaged by the natural disaster in KwaZulu-Natal in 2019 and declared in respective provincial gazettes, and as verified by the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC):
 - o 2022/23: R490 million
 - o 2023/24: R293 million
- Should the cost of repairing the disaster affected infrastructure exceed the amounts earmarked above province
 must fund that shortfall from their provincial equitable share

of the allocation Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds may only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans Quarterly performance reports on disaster allocations must be abimitted to the NDMC and DoT Allocation criteria Allocations are based on the PRAG formula, which takes into account the extent of the provincial road network (gravel-prace), the traftic volumes, the visual condition induces on the network and goo-fundate and tupographic factors Reasons not incorporated Reasons not incorporated This continues the state of the provincial road integration of the provincial road integration of the Reason and incorporated or surfaced road resistances underruken. Reasons not incorporated Post performance Post performance Post performance Post performance 2020/21 audited financial outcomes Of the R10.5 billion allocated, R9.8 billion, (97 per cent) was spent by provinces by the end of the national financial year In addition of the R630 million allocated for rural roads, was allocated to provinces 2020/21 service delivery performance Provinces developed and updated the road asset management plan 22.232 billometers of gravel roads visually assessed as per the applicable technical methods for highway manual 4.800 946 of m2 of surfaced roads resultituded (effectively 934 km) 2.05 273 billometers of gravel roads visually assessed as per the applicable technical methods for highway manual 4.800 940 of m2 of surfaced roads resultituded (effectively 934 km) 2.02 141 of m2 of surfaced roads resulting (including probled repairs) (effectively \$250 km) 4.810 billometers of gravel roads bisability of the properties of the applicable technical methods for highway manual 4.800 940 of m3 of surfaced roads resulting (including probled repairs) (effectively \$260 km) 4.810 billometers of properties of the submitted (effectively \$250 km) 4.810 billometers of properties of the properties of the properties of the propert		Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant
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performance incentive allocation		performance incentive allocation

Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant Provincial departments must implement their projects in line with the S'hamba Sonke and the Expanded Public Works Programme guidelines Ensure that approved grant funded projects are published as part of the Estimates of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure through the provincial legislative processes Ensure projects are selected using road asset management system as the primary source of information Design and implement projects in compliance with the S'hamba Sonke principles and Expanded Public Works Programme guidelines Submit updated road condition data (for paved and unpaved roads) including instrumental/ automated road survey data, traffic data, safety audit report and bridge condition data by 30 September 2022 Provinces must submit a draft 2023/24 road asset management plan with a minimum of five years of planned Process for approval of projects selected using road asset management system as the primary source, by 30 June 2022 2023/24 business plans Provinces must submit the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan including 2023 MTEF project list by 31 August 2022 Road asset management plans, including 2023 MTEF prioritised project lists (the Infrastructure Programme Management Plan) must be reviewed by DoT and feedback provided by 30 September 2022 Provinces must submit the Infrastructure Programme Implementation Plan including 2023/24 delivery project list by 30 November 2022 Provinces to submit final 2023/24 road asset management plan and table B5 to DoT, the relevant provincial treasury and National Treasury by 31 January 2023 indicating all the required planned targets

	Public Transport Operations Grant
Transferring department	• Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part A
Strategic goal	Subsidised road based public transport services
Grant purpose	 To provide supplementary funding towards public transport services provided by provincial departments of transport
Outcome statements	• The provision of public transport services in terms of contracts which are kilometre based and affordable to the users of the services
	Improved efficiencies in public transport spending
Outputs	 Number of vehicles subsidised Number of vehicles subsidised (cumulative annual number) Number of scheduled trips
	Number of trips operatedNumber of passengers
	Number of kilometresNumber of employees
	Response to COVID-19 pandemic
	Number of public transport vehicles sanitised
	Number of public transport facilities sanitised
	Number of hand-washing facilities installed
	Litres of sanitiser and disinfectant procured
	• Number of public transport drivers and other frontline public transport workers provided with personal
Priority of government	protective equipment (by type of equipment per category of worker) • Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
that this grant primarily	 Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
contributes to	Thomy 3. Spatial integration, numan settlements and local government
Details contained in the	Not applicable
business plan	
Conditions	• This conditional grant provides supplementary funding to subsidise service contracts entered into between
	the provincial departments of transport and public transport operators for the provision of affordable
	subsidised transport services
	• If the contracting function is devolved to any municipality before the 2022/23 adjustment budget, the
	appropriate portion of the grant will also be devolved to the municipality. The implementation of the devolution should be managed in terms of section 16 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act
	Where contracts are not devolved, provinces must continue performing the contracting function until this
	function is assigned to a municipality in terms of the provisions of the National Land Transport Act (Act 5 of 2009). The municipality and province will have to make transitional arrangements to ensure payments to operators to meet contractual commitments. A service level agreement between the province and the municipality must be signed and funds must flow in line with 2022 Division of Revenue Act requirements. Provinces must take all reasonable measures to assist the transition within a framework to be prescribed by
	 the national Department of Transport (DoT) and National Treasury In cases where a contract, or part thereof, is transferred in terms of any applicable legislation or legal provision as part of the integrated public transport network of the municipality, the funds allocated to such a contract or part thereof must be ring-fenced and transferred to the municipality taking over the contract from
	the province • For the purpose of planning, provinces must share relevant information with municipalities relating to this grant, where services link to integrated public transport networks
	 All new contracts, including designs and operators' business plans detailing subsidised services, must be approved by the public transport integration committee, and be in line with relevant legislation and in compliance with the public transport strategy. Where an intermodal planning committee is established at municipal level, in terms of the National Land Transport Act, the functions of the two committees must be consolidated to ensure integration of planning, services and modes
	 Provinces must ensure that public transport integration committees are established and functional and that no new contracts are paid from the grant if they are not considered by the public transport integration committee
	• In order to ensure efficient usage of grant funds, the DoT in consultation with the National Treasury can instruct that contracting authorities to utilise national transversal appointment for items such as professional services for service design, vehicles and information technology (including automated fare collection), and vehicle tracking
	• Arrangements for the IC52/97 (Moloto Road Bus Contract): Part of Gauteng's allocation is ring-fenced for the introduction of a new contract to replace IC52/97 (Moloto Road Bus Contract) in 2022/23 as determined
	 by National Treasury after consultation with the DoT and the province To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, provinces may use grant funds for the sanitisation of public transport vehicles and other public transport facilities, including the provision of personal protective equipment for
	public transport workers, hand washing facilities and provisions for physical distancing • Provinces must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in their reports submitted in terms of section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on 2009 Division of Revenue Act allocation baseline, weighted for the average shares
	of historical contributions that supplement the grant. Provinces/contracting authorities should determine

Public Transport Operations Grant	
	individual operator's budgets and ensure that the operation stays within the allocation or provide
	supplementary funds from their provincial budget
Reasons not incorporated	Subsidies are earmarked for the provision of public transport services
in equitable share	Substitute and community for the provision of paorie analysis of these
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcome
	• Allocated and transferred R6.7 billion to provinces of which R5.9 billion was spent by the end of the national
	financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• Number of vehicles subsidised: 6170
	Number of kilometres subsidised: 185 327 944
	Subsidy per passenger: R8.21
	Subsidy per kilometre operated: R8.25
	Passengers per vehicle: 2191.6
	Passengers per trip operated: 35.4
	Employees per vehicle: 2.1
Duningted life	
Projected life	As provided for in the National Land Transport Act 5 of 2009 2020/20 PT 1 VIV. 2020/21 PT 1 VIV. 2020/20 PT 1 VIV.
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R7.1 billion; 2023/24: R7.4 billion and 2024/25: R7.7 billion
Payment schedule	Monthly instalments according to a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Disburse allocations to provinces
receiving officer	• Collect and evaluate operational and financial data from provinces and consolidate for submission to National
	Treasury
	Maintain a national database with key performance indicators of public transport services as per data received
	from provinces
	• Submit quarterly and annual reports to National Treasury in line with Division of Revenue Act requirements and time frames
	Advise provinces/contracting authorities regarding the design of contracted services
	• In the event that a service level agreement is signed between Gauteng province and the national department
	for the management of the IC52/97 contract, the service level agreement must include provision for capacity
	and resources needed to administer the contract
	• Implement internal mechanisms to monitor adherence to grant conditions and manage the disbursements of
	the grant where there is non-compliance. Measures to address non-compliance include withholding transfers,
	as provided for the Division of Revenue Act. If matters are still unresolved, this may result in the stopping
	and reallocation of tranche payments in terms of the Division of Revenue Act
	• DoT must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements
	of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act and must share these reports with the National Disaster
	Management Centre
	Responsibilities of provincial departments
	• Any contractual agreement entered into in relation to this grant will be the responsibility of the contracting
	authority
	• Provincial departments remain responsible for funding any shortfall experienced on this grant from their
	provincial equitable share
	Ensure that contracted operators' certified claims are paid within 30 days from the date of receipt
	• Provinces must monitor and verify the correctness of the operators' claims in terms of the kilometres of
	service provided and provide a monthly summary report to the transferring officer
	• Certify and submit monthly performance reports to DoT within 25 days after the end of the month, and
	quarterly performance reports within 30 days after the end of each quarter using the reporting format
	developed by DoT
	• Provinces must inform the transferring officer of any disputes or challenges that may lead to service
	disruptions
	• Provinces must ensure that public transport integration committee are established and functional and that no
	new contracts are paid from the grant if they are not considered by the public transport integration committee
	for approval
	Provincial departments must submit monthly report on COVID-19 expenditure at the end of each month
Process for approval of	Not applicable
2023/24 business plans	

Annexure W3: Frameworks for Conditional Grants to Municipalities

Detailed frameworks on Schedule 4, Part B; Schedule 5, Part B; Schedule 6, Part B; and Schedule 7, Part B grants to municipalities

Introduction

This annexure provides a brief description for each grant in Schedule 4, Part B; Schedule 5, Part B; Schedule 6, Part B; and Schedule 7, Part B of the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill. The following are key areas considered for each grant:

- Strategic goal and purpose of the grant
- Outcome statements and outputs of the grant
- Priority(ties) of government that the grant primarily contributes to
- Conditions of the grant (additional to what is required in the Bill)
- Criteria for allocation between municipalities
- Rationale for funding through a conditional grant
- Past performance
- The projected life of the grant
- 2022 MTEF allocations
- The payment schedule
- Responsibilities of transferring national department and receiving municipalities
- Process for approval of business plans for 2023/24

The attached frameworks are not part of the Division of Revenue Bill, but are published in order to provide more information on each grant to parliament, legislatures, municipal councils, officials in all three spheres of government and the public. Once the Division of Revenue Bill, 2022 is enacted, these frameworks will be gazetted in terms of the Act.

The financial statements and annual reports for 2022/23 will report against the Division of Revenue Act, Division of Revenue Amendment Act and their schedules, and the grant frameworks as gazetted in terms of the Act. Such reports must cover both financial and non-financial performance, focusing on the outputs achieved.

COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE GRANTS

	Integrated Urban Development Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To support spatially aligned public infrastructure investment that will lead to functional and efficient urban spaces and ultimately unlock growth
Grant purpose	 To provide funding for public investment in infrastructure for the poor and to promote increased access to municipal own sources of capital finance in order to increase funding for public investment in economic infrastructure To ensure that public investments are spatially aligned and to promote the sound management of the accepta delivered.
Outcome statements	assets delivered Improved access to municipal infrastructure Improved quality of municipal services through infrastructure that is in better condition Improved spatial integration
Outputs Priority of government	 Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards Number of new sewer connections meeting minimum standards Number of dwellings provided with connections to the main electricity supply by the municipality Percentage of known informal settlements receiving integrated waste handling services during the financial year Additional square meters of parks provided during the financial year Additional square meters of outdoor sports facilities provided during the financial year Additional square meters of public open space provided during the financial year Number of additional community halls provided during the financial year Number of additional libraries provided during the financial year Percentage of unsurfaced roads graded within the financial year Percentage of surfaced municipal road lanes which has been resurfaced and resealed Length of non-motorised transport paths built over the financial year Number of work opportunities and Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) created using the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines for the above outputs Number of specialised vehicles for waste management (as defined in annexures A and B of the norms and standards for specialised waste vehicles) purchased to service the poor Response to the COVID-19 pandemic Amount spent by a municipality on urgent repairs and refurbishment of water and sanitation infrastructure to restore functionality Amount spent by a municipality for sanitisation of public transport facilities and other municipal public facilities that include temperature scanners, hand washing facilities, hand sanitisers (as per the standard determined by the Department of Health), personal protective equipment for municipal and public transport workers and provisions for physical distancing Number of municipal-owned facilitie
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the business plan	 This grant uses a three-year capital programme that is aligned with a 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework The three-year capital programme must demonstrate alignment with the Capital Expenditure Framework The three-year capital programme must provide the following detail for each sub-programme that is partially or fully funded by the Integrated Urban Development Grant (IUDG): classification of sub-programme as informal settlement upgrading, other new infrastructure or renewal anticipated outputs indication of the proportion of outputs that will be delivered in priority areas as identified in the Spatial Development Framework indication of the proportion of outputs that will benefit low-income households, high income households or non-residential customers The three-year capital programme must demonstrate appropriate co-funding for the portion of the programme that does not benefit low-income households This grant uses the Municipal Infrastructure Grant-Management Information System (MIG-MIS) registration requirements for on-going projects that were previously funded from the Municipal Infrastructure Grant
Conditions	IUDG funds may only be spent on: basic residential infrastructure for the poor for water, sanitation, roads, waste management, street lighting, community facilities as well as associated municipal bulk and connector infrastructure new infrastructure, upgrading existing infrastructure or renewing existing infrastructure maintenance of roads infrastructure mainly serving the poor specialised waste management vehicles servicing the poor

Integrated Urban Development Grant

- Before newly participating municipalities can receive their first tranche, their three-year capital programme and 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework must have been approved through processes led by the Department of Cooperative Governance (DCoG)
- The second transfer will only be released to municipalities that have spent at least 50 per cent of their first transfer
- A maximum of 5 per cent of a municipality's IUDG allocations may be used for programme management
 costs related to grant funded projects, only if a business plan for their programme management unit is
 approved by the transferring officer before the start of the municipal financial year. If these funds
 (5 per cent) are not planned or spent for this purpose they must revert back to capital projects in the IUDG
- Local municipalities investing in roads infrastructure must utilise data from the Rural Roads Asset Management System (RRAMS), where available, to identify and prioritise their investment on roads projects; including maintenance
- IUDG funds can be used for road maintenance only if projects are planned and prioritised using RRAMS data
- Ring-fenced sport infrastructure allocation:
 - municipalities that have allocations gazetted as part of the ring-fenced allocation for specific sport infrastructure projects may only spend these allocations on the projects identified by the Department of Sports, Arts and Culture (DSAC)
 - municipalities must make use of framework contracts approved by DSAC when implementing projects funded from this allocation unless an exemption from this requirement is approved by DSAC
 - initial transfers of funds from the ring-fenced funds will be subject to signing of a memorandum of understanding between DSAC and the beneficiary municipalities
 - subsequent transfers funded through the ring-fenced amount will also be subject to approval by DSAC
- Municipalities that are already part of the IUDG but do not continue to meet all of the qualification criteria for the grant must adopt and implement a Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) and meet the qualification criteria within 2 years of the implantation of the PIP if they are to remain part of this grant. By the 31st of March 2022, Polokwane Local Municipality and Sol Plaatjie Local Municipality must have adopted PIPs, which must:
 - be agreed with DCoG
 - set out measurable indicators to improve performance on the gaps in the municipality's performance on IUDG qualification criteria
 - o address how the audit action plan will be implemented
 - o be adopted by the municipal council
- Municipalities implementing a PIP must submit quarterly reports on its progress to DCoG
- Municipalities using IUDG funding to purchase specialised vehicles for waste management must prepare
 a technical assessment report (TAR) which must comply with the norms and standards for specialised
 waste management vehicles. The TAR must demonstrate that IUDG funds will only be used for the
 expansion of waste management services to poor households not previously served. The purchase will
 only be done through the National Treasury's RT57 transversal contract and the TAR must include a
 recommendation from the provincial Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF) and a
 final recommendation from the national DEFF before it is considered. Vehicles may not be purchased
 with IUDG funds for other purposes
- To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic:
 - municipalities must prioritise the provision of water and sanitation to communities that do not currently have access to water services
 - municipalities may spend 10 per cent of their allocations for the urgent repair and refurbishment of water and sanitation infrastructure to restore functionality
 - o municipalities may use up to 10 per cent of their allocations for the sanitisation of public transport facilities and other municipal public facilities including the provision of temperature scanners, hand washing facilities, hand sanitisers (as per the standard determined by the Department of Health), personal protective equipment for municipal and public transport workers and provisions for physical distancing; and to repair municipal-owned infrastructure identified for quarantine sites (limited to repairs to existing facilities, not modifications and operational costs)
 - municipalities must submit a separate business plan through their programme management unit for this spending under the Special Municipal Infrastructure Fund (SMIF) option in the MIG-MIS by 29 July 2022. Municipalities must report on how these funds are spent through the MIG-MIS. DCoG may approve that amounts above the 10 per cent threshold be used for these activities based on the municipality's motivation and its progress on committed projects
- Polokwane Local Municipality should not use the sanitisation provision for the sanitisation of public transport facilities as it is funded for this in the Public Transport Network Grant
- Municipalities must report on the use of funds for the COVID-19 response in line with the requirements of section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act

Allocation criteria

- Allocations are focused on municipalities whose circumstances align with the IUDG's criteria, these include: higher urban population densities and high economic activity
- The IUDG includes a base component, a performance-based component and a once-off planning component

Integrated Urban Development Grant Most of the total IUDG allocation is the base allocation derived from the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) formula explained in part five of annexure W1 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill. The formula incorporates household backlogs in basic services and access to socio-economic services and povertyweighted data A portion of the total IUDG allocation is allocated as a performance incentive. The performance-based component is also weighted according to the allocations in the MIG formula. This allocation is then adjusted based on performance against the following weighted indicators: non-grant capital as a percentage of total capital expenditure (40 per cent) repairs and maintenance expenditure (30 per cent) asset management plan (30 per cent) land use applications in priority areas (0 per cent - this factor is dormant in 2022/23) building plan applications in priority areas (0 per cent - this factor is dormant in 2022/23) An equivalent of 3 per cent of the MIG formula allocation for participating municipalities is allocated to undertake specified planning activities, provided that these conform to the list of eligible activities identified by the transferring officer, including: a detailed three-year capital programme and a 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework property market empirical and diagnostic studies integrated infrastructure and spatial planning for identified integration zones investment pipeline development municipal systems and/or measures to improve ease of doing business such as construction permits and land use applications asset management plan identified priority areas for spatial transformation in line with the Spatial Development Framework and Capital Expenditure Framework development of infrastructure financing strategies and instruments including finance strategy for green infrastructure implementation of an agreed performance improvement plan private sector engagement strategy and programme indicating how the municipality will partner with different stakeholders on the delivery of the Capital Expenditure Framework development of climate change mitigation and adaptation plan or strategy Reasons not incorporated This is a specific purpose grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria different from that of in equitable share the equitable share 2020/21 audited financial performance Past performance 95 per cent of the allocated funds were spent in 2020/21 2020/21 service delivery performance Number of poor households impacted through the construction of new infrastructure and upgrading and renewal of existing infrastructure for: o 5 997 households provided with basic water 5 751 households provided with sanitation services 6 314 households provided with electricity Community infrastructure constructed (new infrastructure and upgrading and renewal of existing infrastructure): o 4 central collection points for refuse, transfer stations, recycling facilities and solid waste disposal sites developed 3 sport and recreation facilities developed 2 public facilities developed o 20 kilometres of municipal roads developed 4 664 FTEs created using the EPWP guidelines for the above outputs Projected life This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review MTEF allocations 2022/23: R1.1 billion; 2023/24: R1.1 billion and 2024/25: R1.2 billion Payment schedule The grant will be paid in three instalments: July 2022, December 2022 and March 2023, in line with the payment schedule approved by National Treasury Responsibilities of the national departments Responsibilities of the DCoG administers the IUDG and co-ordinates its activities with all stakeholders, through appropriate transferring officer and structures. DCoG must: receiving officer o monitor expenditure and non-financial performance in collaboration with provincial departments of cooperative governance o coordinate overall programme implementation share all reports on COVID-19 expenditure with the National Disaster Management Centre and report separately on COVID-19 expenditure in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the Division of Revenue Act • The Municipal Infrastructure Support Agent must support municipalities that have been identified collaboratively by DCoG and its provincial counterparts as needing assistance The Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries must make the final recommendation on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles In addition to the sector-specific support and advice, the Department of Water and Sanitation, Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries, Department of Transport, Department of Mineral Resources and Energy and DSAC will be expected to:

Integrated Urban Development Grant

- provide sector policies and plans to municipalities as informants to the preparation of Capital Expenditure Frameworks
- participate in processes to approve the 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework and three-year capital programme
- fulfil a sectoral monitoring and guidance role on relevant sectoral outputs. National sector departments will be invited to participate in IUDG in-year monitoring meetings in order to facilitate this role

Responsibilities of the provincial departments

- Provincial departments responsible for local government must:
 - o coordinate technical support to municipalities
 - o provide assistance to municipalities in managing municipal infrastructure projects
 - participate in processes to approve the 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework and three-year capital programme
 - o participate in in-year monitoring meetings
 - o verify outputs and outcomes reported by municipalities on a sample of projects annually
- Provincial treasuries must:
 - participate in processes to approve the 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework and three-year capital programme
 - o participate in in-year monitoring meetings
- Provincial departments of environment, forestry and fisheries are responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles to the national Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries

Responsibilities of the municipalities

- Municipalities must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation readiness
 prior to the year of implementation and this must be informed by the Integrated Development Plan, threeyear capital programme and the 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework
- Municipalities must monitor projects during the year and use this monitoring to inform reporting to DCoG
- Municipalities must report monthly, quarterly and at the end of the financial year in the prescribed format(s) and timelines
- Monthly, quarterly and annual reports must be signed-off by the Accounting Officer or the delegated official and submitted directly to provincial coordinators of DCoG

Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans

- Eligibility for the IUDG and minimum conditions for qualification are outlined in Annexure W1 to the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill
- If a Category B municipality wishes to apply for the IUDG for 2023/24 and is not already classified as
 an intermediate city municipality, it must submit an application to be classified as an intermediate city
 municipality by 29 April 2022. The municipality will receive notification of the outcome of its
 application by the 30 June 2022
- Category B municipalities that have been classified as intermediate city municipalities and wish to be considered for qualification for the IUDG must submit an application form indicating compliance with minimum conditions by 29 July 2022
- Municipalities that will be receiving the IUDG for the first time in 2023/24 must submit a first draft of
 the three-year capital programme and 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework to the transferring officer
 by 31 March 2022 and the final versions of the three-year capital programme and 10-year Capital
 Expenditure Framework must be adopted by respective councils by 31 May 2022
- The adopted three-year capital programme and 10-year Capital Expenditure Framework must be submitted to the DCoG with council resolution no later than 10 days after adoption by council
- Municipalities that are already on the IUDG do not need to submit CEFs to DCoG annually unless they
 embarked on a process to review/ amend their CEF and 3-year Capital Programme in the prior year or
 advised by DCoG upon conducting a gap analysis on the existing CEF

	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To restore functionality of municipal infrastructure following a disaster
Grant purpose	To rehabilitate and reconstruct municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster
Outcome statements	Municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster rehabilitated and reconstructed
Outputs	Municipal infrastructure damaged by a disaster reconstructed and rehabilitated
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses the template/framework developed by the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) which must include a project implementation plan, highlighting: list of projects to be implemented in order of priority timeframes within which the projects will be implemented estimated costs of projects disaster risk reduction measures for the proposed reoccurrence of disaster related damage in the future number of households to benefit from the projects and estimated jobs to be created
Conditions	A business plan and project implementation plan signed by the Accounting Officer aligned to the post disaster verification assessment report must be submitted to the NDMC Disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation funds must only be utilised for approved projects as listed in the
	post disaster verification assessment reports and approved business plans • Funds may only be utilised for approved projects within the KwaZulu-Natal province for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of infrastructure damaged by disaster incidents that occurred between October 2019 and January 2020
	 Monthly and quarterly financial and non-financial performance reports on disaster allocations must be submitted to the NDMC through the relevant Provincial Disaster Management Centre (PDMC) Annual performance evaluation report on financial and non-financial performance to be submitted to the NDMC through the relevant PDMC Municipalities must liaise and align the disaster recovery projects with the Municipal Infrastructure Grant projects to ensure proper monitoring and reporting on the progress for implementation of the projects Municipalities must spend at least 60 per cent of their previous transfers and comply with all grant
	conditions before subsequent tranches can be transferred
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated based on approved post-disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation assessment reports
Reason not incorporated in equitable share	This grant caters for recovery after unforeseen disasters
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	Not applicable
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	Not applicable
Projected life	This grant continues until 2023/24, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R26 million and 2023/24: R321 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of National Disaster Management Centre
transferring officer and	Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and its conditions
receiving officer	 Provide municipalities with a final post-disaster verification assessment report that includes a project list and projected costs for all infrastructure to be reconstructed or rehabilitated. This report must be provided through the relevant PDMC Monitor the implementation of projects together with the affected municipalities and provinces
	Make payments to municipalities in accordance with the approved payment schedule
	Transfer funds only when evidence on project performance and expenditure reports are submitted
	Responsibilities of Provincial Disaster Management Centres
	Advise municipalities about the existence of the grant and its conditions
	Assist municipalities with the rapid assessment reports to be submitted to the NDMC
	Provide support to municipalities with regard to the final post-disaster verification report
	• Ensure that the final post-disaster verification report is signed-off by both the accounting officer in the
	municipality and the provincial department
	 Provide a copy of the final post-disaster verification report to municipalities Assist municipalities with business plans incorporating the implementation plan and disaster risk reduction measures for the proposed projects to prevent reoccurrence of disaster related damages in future Conduct on-site visits to monitor and report on the implementation of projects and provide reports of
	progress to the NDMC Provide financial and non-financial reports to the NDMC within 15 days after the end of each month.
	Photographs depicting the projects progress should be included as an annexure
	 Provide expenditure and projects progress should be included as an amexice Provide expenditure and project performance reports including evidence to the NDMC within 35 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent
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Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant Responsibilities of municipalities Develop and submit business plans incorporating implementation plans and disaster risk reduction measures for the proposed projects to prevent reoccurrence of disaster related damages in future Activate municipal project task teams for implementation of approved disaster projects Conduct on-site visits to monitor and evaluate the impact of projects and provide reports which include evidence to the NDMC through the relevant PDMC Utilise the funds in line with the approved post-disaster verification assessment report Submit reports on financial and non-financial information to the PDMC within five days of the end of each month in which funds are spent. Photographs depicting the project progress should be included as an Submit a quarterly non-financial performance report signed-off by the Municipal Manager to the PDMC within 30 days after the end of each quarter in which funds are spent (in line with section 12(2)(c) of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act), together with supporting documentation such as certificate of payment, Evaluate the financial and non-financial performance of the municipality and submit such evaluation signed-off by the Municipal Manager to relevant provincial treasury and the NDMC through the PDMC within two months after the end of the financial year (in line with section 12(5) of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act), together with supporting documentation such as certificate of payment, pictures, invoices, Process for approval of • Not applicable

2023/24 business plans

	Municipal Disaster Response Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Schedule 7, Part B
Strategic goal	To enable timely response to address community needs regarding impending or disastrous events classified by the National Disaster Management Centre
Grant purpose	• To provide for the immediate release of funds for disaster response subject to compliance with section 2 (1)(b) of the Disaster Management Act
Outcome statements	Immediate consequences of disasters are mitigated or alleviated
Outputs	Emergency repair of critical infrastructure
	Emergency provision of critical goods and services
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 Applications for funding from this grant use the National Disaster Management Centre (NDMC) disaster grant guideline which includes the following: copy of the classification of disaster in terms of the Disaster Management Act copy of the applicable contingency plan and emergency procedures in use by the municipality (in terms of section 49(1)(d) of the Disaster Management Act) prevention and mitigation strategies as per the disaster management plan copy of the classification letter in terms of the Disaster Management Act and documentation linked to sections 56 and 57 of the same Act number of people, households, livestock and infrastructure affected and the extent of damages and losses sectors affected total funds required for disaster response and relief measures resources (both financial and in-kind) allocated by the municipality to respond and mitigate the effects of the disaster resources (both financial and in-kind) committed by other role players, including provinces, the private sector, national departments, state owned entities and non-government organisations cost-benefit analysis of the projects to be implemented An implementation plan with the following: details of the projects to be repaired including Global Positioning System (GPS) coordinates costs of the projects cash flow over six-month period as an annexure to the implementation plan An application for funding contribution may be based on the rapid assessment (preliminary versions of the
	 An application for funding contribution may be based on the rapid assessment (preliminary versions of the supporting documentation required above may be accepted for the funding application) Specifics on the rapid response capacity to implement the projects and account for allocated funding
Allocation criteria	 An occurrence should be classified as a disaster by the NDMC in terms of the Disaster Management Act and documentation linked to conditions within sections 56 and 57 of the above mentioned Act submitted to the NDMC This grant may only be used to fund expenditure in the event that the municipality responsible for the provision of the affected basic service is unable to deal with the effects of the disaster utilising own legislation, guidelines and available resources Municipalities must fund a portion of the costs of the disaster response and relief measures from their own budget, if unable to do so, proof must be provided Funds may only be used in line with the approved implementation plan. Any amendments to the implementation plan must be supported and recommended by the PDMC and approved by the NDMC and copies of the approved amendments shared with National Treasury Funds from this grant must be utilised within six calendar months following the date of the transfer of the funds to the municipality A municipality may request through the PDMC, that the NDMC approve that an allocation be utilised more than six calendar months after the date of transfer in terms of section 25(3)(d) of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act. The approved amendments are to be shared with National Treasury The emergency procurement system provided for in Treasury Regulations should be invoked by the affected municipalities to ensure immediate response and relief measures within their areas of jurisdiction A copy of the contingency plan for the relevant hazard is to be submitted with the funding request The grant is allocated for classified disasters, based on reports from assessments conducted by the NDMC
Anocauon Cineria	 The grant is allocated for classified disasters, based on reports from assessments conducted by the NDMC and PDMC and affected sectors for immediate disaster response and relief needs. This should include implementation of Section 56 and 57 of the Disaster Management Act. Additionally, it must be established that there are immediate disaster response and relief needs that cannot be met by the municipality through the contingency arrangements already in place The Accounting Officer for the affected municipality must indicate in their application that the total funds required from the grant for disaster response and relief exceed the available resources and/or resources already allocated for disaster response and relief Funding may be released in tranches, with the first tranche being based on the rapid assessment and verification of the disaster relief needs. The next tranches will be released once proof is submitted that the first tranche has been fully spent or committed and all grant conditions have been met
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This grant provides funding for responding to and providing response and relief measures for unforeseeable and unavoidable disasters where municipalities are unable to cope with the effects of the disaster from own resources

Municipal Disaster Response Grant	
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• R151 million has been allocated to 246 municipalities in the nine provinces for COVID-19 intervention
	measures
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• MDRG funds transferred to municipalities to provide funding for COVID-19 relief, was used for the procurement of: temporary sanitations; waste management decontamination of specific public spaces;
	personal protective equipment (PPE); and hygiene packs for hygiene promotion. This funding was disbursed
	as follows:
	o R43 million to Eastern Cape for 37 municipalities
	R5 million for to Gauteng for 8 municipalities
	 R9 million to Free State for 22 municipalities R47 million to KwaZulu-Natal for 53 municipalities
	 R4/ million to KwaZulu-Natal for 53 municipalities R15 million to Limpopo for 27 municipalities
	R10 million to Mpumalanga for 17 municipalities
	R3 million to Northern Cape for 31 municipalities
	o R11 million to North West for 22 municipalities
	R8 million to Western Cape for 29 municipalities
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R371 million; 2023/24: R373 million and 2024/25: R389 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Output Description: Output Descripti
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the National Disaster Management Centre • Advise and guide municipalities and PDMCs about the existence of the grant and how grant funding can be
receiving officer	applied for and the criteria to qualify for the grant
	• Verify the applications for funding as per the requirements of the Disaster Management Act and submit
	funding request to National Treasury for consideration within 14 days following the receipt of the assessment
	report and written funding request from the municipalities through the PDMCs and when all grant conditions
	have been met
	• Confirm what support the relevant national sector departments are providing and ensure there is no
	 duplication of support Notify the relevant municipality of a transfer at least three days before the transfer is made
	 Notify the relevant PDMC together with the relevant sector departments, National Treasury and the relevant
	provincial treasury of a transfer and reason for transfer within five days of the transfer of funds to
	municipalities
	Provide National Treasury and the relevant provincial treasury with written notification of the transfer within
	14 days of a transfer of this grant
	• Provide expenditure reports to National Treasury in line with the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) within 20 days after the end of each month
	Provide a performance report to National Treasury in the disaster allocation monitoring template agreed to
	with the National Treasury within 45 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent, with invoices
	and certificate of payments as annexures to the report
	Together with the relevant PDMC monitor the implementation of disaster response and relief projects
	Responsibilities of the Provincial Disaster Management Centres
	• Together with the affected municipalities and the relevant sector departments, conduct rapid assessments to
	verify the impact of the disaster within 14 days following the occurrence of the incident and compliance to all grant conditions
	• Verify the applications for funding following the occurrence of the disaster as per the requirements of the
	Disaster Management Act
	• Confirm what support provincial sector departments are providing and ensure there is no duplication of
	support
	• Assist municipalities with requests for disaster funding and sign-off the submitted funding application by the
	municipality, and monitor projects to ensure that the funds are used for intended purposes and provide reports to the NDMC and relevant provincial treasury
	• Coordinate, analyse and submit expenditure reports signed-off by the head of the PDMC on progress
	regarding the implementation of the projects to NDMC within 15 days after the end of each month in which
	funds are spent, with invoices and certificate of payments as annexures to the reports
	• Coordinate, analyse and submit performance reports signed-off by the Head of the PDMC, which include
	evidence, on progress with implementation of the projects to the NDMC within 35 days after the end of the
	quarter in which funds are spent The PDMC should activate a project task team comprising of affected municipalities and sector departments.
	 The PDMC should activate a project task team comprising of affected municipalities and sector departments Monitor the implementation of disaster funds and related projects
	Responsibilities of the municipalities
	Cooperate with the NDMC, relevant PDMC and provincial and national sector departments to conduct
	damage assessment and cost verification
	Submit disaster assessment reports and funding requests signed-off by the Accounting Officer to the PDMC
	within 14 days following the classification of a disaster
	Municipalities must invoke emergency procurement processes provided for within the Treasury Regulations when grounding the finds allocated to ensure immediate excitance to the effected gross and must provide
	when spending the funds allocated, to ensure immediate assistance to the affected areas and must provide proof that measures were put in place to mitigate the occurrence in the form of a contingency plan for the
	specific hazard
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	Municipal Disaster Response Grant	
	Municipalities must implement all projects approved and ensure that the funds allocated are spent for their intended purposes	
	Activate project task teams during the implementation of disaster projects at a municipal level	
	 Submit expenditure reports signed-off by the Accounting Officer which include evidence such as certificate of payment, pictures, invoices, of implementation progress on the projects to the relevant PDMC within 10 days after the end of each month in which funds are spent Submit a performance report signed-off by the Accounting Officer which includes evidence (such as certificate of payment, pictures, invoices) of implementation progress on the projects to the PDMC within 30 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent 	
Process for approval of	Not applicable	
2023/24 business plans		

	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	Subsidise the capital costs of providing basic services to poor households
Cwant numaca	Subside the development of asset management plans for infrastructure servicing poor households The state of the stat
Grant purpose	• To provide specific capital finance for eradicating basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, microenterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities
	• To provide specific funding for the development of asset management plans for infrastructure servicing the poor
Outcome statements	 Improved access to basic services infrastructure for poor communities, through the use of labour-intensive
	construction (LIC) methods where it is technically feasible
Outnuts	 Improved reliability of basic services infrastructure for poor communities Number of poor households impacted through the construction of new infrastructure and the upgrading and
Outputs	renewal of existing infrastructure for:
	o basic water and sanitation services
	o central collection points for refuse, transfer stations, recycling facilities and solid waste disposal sites
	 sport and recreation facilities street and community lighting
	o public facilities
	• Number of poor households impacted through the urgent repairs and refurbishment of water, sanitation and
	solid waste management existing infrastructure
	 Number of kilometres of municipal roads developed, upgraded and maintained servicing the poor Number of specialised vehicles for waste management (as referenced in annexures A and B of the norms and
	standards for specialised waste vehicles) purchased for servicing the poor
	Number of work opportunities and Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) created using the Expanded Public Works
	Programme (EPWP) guidelines for the above outputs
	Number of Infrastructure Asset Management Plans developed COVID 10
	Response to the COVID-19 pandemic • Amount spent by a municipality on urgent repairs and refurbishment of water and sanitation infrastructure
	to restore functionality
	• Amount spent by a municipality for sanitisation of public transport facilities and other municipal public
	facilities that include temperature scanners, hand washing facilities, hand sanitisers (as per the standard
	determined by the Department of Health), personal protective equipment for municipal and public transport workers and provisions for physical distancing
	 Number of municipal-owned facilities identified for quarantine sites that are repaired (limited to repairs to
	existing facilities, not modifications and operational costs)
Priority of government	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	This grant uses the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) registration form for both Schedule 5, Part B and
business plan	6, Part B as agreed with sector departments, which includes:
_	o project title
	o sector
	 timeframes for implementation funder (municipalities in the case of Schedule 5, Part B and the Department of Cooperative Governance
	(DCoG) in the case of Schedule 6, Part B)
	o cost of the project
C P.	LIC component of the project, with targets and processes to be used
Conditions	 Schedule 5, Part B To receive the first tranche, municipalities must have followed the process for approval of 2022/23 projects
	and have confirmed by 29 April 2022 with DCoG, their programme, project planning and implementation
	readiness in the form of a council approved implementation plan that includes cash flow projections
	Municipal allocations must be fully committed to registered projects prior to the year of implementation and
	be informed by the Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and three-year capital plans which are aligned to the relevant One Plan of districts areas developed under the District Development Model
	• MIG priorities set by municipalities (as stated in their MIG implementation plans) can only be changed in-
	year with other MIG registered projects, after municipal council approval and confirmation that the projects will be awarded and implemented in the same year
	 Projects not implemented within three years of approval by the relevant appraisal committee will be
	deregistered by MIG Appraisal Committees
	• Stalled projects where MIG funds have already been spent and not completed should be prioritised for
	implementation before any new projects are considered for registration, provided the municipality is not fully committed for the MTEF period
	 Stalled projects can only be deregistered on confirmation that they are functional and benefiting the intended
	beneficiaries as per the project registration and within approved itemised cost
	• MIG must be allocated and transferred directly to a category B or C municipality that has the powers and
	functions for basic services referred to in section 84 of the Municipal Structures Act, to enable the
	municipality to provide basic municipal infrastructure to the poor, in line with their functions Municipalities must priorities MIG finds for infrastructure that sorries sligible beneficiories such as:
	• Municipalities must prioritise MIG funds for infrastructure that services eligible beneficiaries, such as:

Municipal Infrastructure Grant

- basic residential infrastructure for the poor for water, sanitation, roads and stormwater, waste management, street lighting and community facilities
- new or upgrading of municipal bulk infrastructure to support existing areas, the formalisation of informal settlements and to support economic development
- renewal of eligible infrastructure servicing the poor subject to the confirmation by the relevant sector department of the state of infrastructure and a commitment from the municipality of how on-going operations and maintenance of the renewed infrastructure will be funded and performed
- o maintenance of roads infrastructure mainly servicing the poor
- o specialised waste management vehicles servicing the poor
- Municipalities must spend at least 60 per cent of their previous transfers and comply with reporting provisions before subsequent tranches are transferred
- By 30 December 2022, municipalities must spend:
 - o at least 40 per cent of their total MIG allocation, where allocations are equal or less than R100 million
 - o at least 45 per cent of their total MIG allocation, where allocations are more than R100 million
- Municipalities must comply with sector norms, standards and legislation as confirmed by sectors during the MIG project registration processes
- Local municipalities investing in roads infrastructure must utilise data from the Rural Road Asset Management System (RRAMS) where available, to identify and prioritise their investment on roads projects
- MIG funds can be used for road maintenance only if projects are planned and prioritised using RRAMS data
- Ring-fenced sport infrastructure allocation:
 - municipalities that have allocations gazetted as part of the ring-fenced allocation for specific sport infrastructure projects may only spend these allocations on the projects identified by the Department of Sport, Arts and Culture (DSAC)
 - initial transfers of funds from the ring-fenced sport infrastructure allocation to identified projects will be subject to signing of a memorandum of understanding between DSAC and the beneficiary municipalities
 - subsequent transfers for projects funded through the ring-fenced amount will also be subject to approval by DSAC
- Sport infrastructure as part of the P-component:
 - o municipalities must submit technical reports for spending 33 per cent of their P-component allocation on sport and recreation infrastructure projects
 - all sport infrastructure plans and technical reports must be submitted as part of the normal MIG planning process but will be reviewed and approved by DSAC to ensure they comply with norms and standards before construction can begin
- Municipalities must ensure compliance to EPWP infrastructure guidelines in aligning their projects and reporting the work opportunities created on the EPWP reporting system
- Municipalities must ensure that a minimum of 20 per cent of their budget applies LIC methods and complies
 to EPWP infrastructure guidelines as part of the feasibility phase of the project
- Municipalities using MIG funding to purchase specialised vehicles for waste management must complete a
 technical assessment report (TAR) which must comply with the norms and standards for specialised waste
 management vehicles. The TAR must demonstrate that MIG funds will only be used for the expansion of
 waste management services to poor households not previously serviced. The purchase will only be done
 through the National Treasury's transversal contract RT57 and the TAR must include a recommendation
 from the Provincial Department Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE) and a final
 recommendation from the National DFFE before being appraised for registration. Vehicles may not be
 purchased with MIG funds for other purposes
- A municipality must consider procuring goods and services for water and sanitation projects through nationally set up framework contracts, where available, before utilising municipal procurement processes
- Municipalities must submit monthly and quarterly reports in the prescribed national template and signed-off
 by the municipal manager or delegated official
- Municipalities must utilise the Municipal Infrastructure Grant Management Information System (MIG-MIS) to facilitate programme and project management and reporting
- The cost for the Project Management Unit (PMU) does not exceed 5 per cent of a municipality's MIG allocation and may be used for programme/project management costs related to all Schedule 5, Part B grantfunded projects and only if a business plan for the PMU is approved by 29 April 2022. If these funds are not committed for this purpose or spent for this purpose they must revert back for MIG capital projects
- At least 95 per cent of municipalities' allocation must be used on eligible MIG funded projects, including maintenance on roads mainly servicing the poor
- A maximum of 5 per cent of a municipality's allocation may, subject to submitting a business plan for approval by DCoG, be used to fund activities related to the development of an Infrastructure Asset Management Plan. The business plan must be:
 - $\circ\quad$ recommended by the relevant sector department
 - o accompanied by an Excel copy of the municipality's audited asset register
 - o submitted by 31 March 2022
- To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic:
 - municipalities must prioritise the provision of water and sanitation to communities that do not currently have access to water services
 - municipalities that have non-compliance pre-directives or directives with the Department of Water and Sanitation may spend up to 10 per cent of their allocations for the urgent repair and refurbishment of water and sanitation infrastructure to restore functionality

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DCoG may approve that amounts above the 10 per cent threshold be used for these activities based on the municipality's motivation and its progress on committed projects Rustenburg and George local municipalities should not use the sanitisation provision for the sanitisation of public transport facilities as they are funded for this in the Public Transport Network Grant Municipalities must report on the use of funds for the COVID-19 response in line with the requirements of section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act Schedule 6, Part B • DCoG will assess municipalities on the following criteria by February 2022: Municipalities with the Department of Water and Sanitation and DFFE directives/non-compliance on the poor state of water, sanitation and solid waste management infrastructure actual expenditure reported by municipalities on repairs and maintenance from the previous financial year is lower than 1 per cent of the value of the municipality's Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) extent of non-revenue water as reported in the audited municipal annual financial statements (AFS). Where non-revenue water is in excess of 30 per cent and not decreasing from year-to-year, the municipality shall be determined to be failing to manage its water supply low MIG expenditure performance over the last four municipal financial years (spent on average 70 per cent and less against the originally annually allocated MIG (before adjustments) over the last four years (2017/18 - 2020/21) as well as the expenditure performance of the 2021/22 allocation as at the end of December 2021 – see thresholds for Schedule 5, Part B above) · DCoG will notify relevant municipalities by March 2022 on the analysis results, DCoG and relevant municipalities must enter into a memorandum of understanding and agree on a capacity building plan before any project is implemented DCoG to prepare an implementation plan based on the converted funding specifying the agreed projects to be implemented per municipality by 29 April 2022. The affected municipalities will align their 2022/23 implementation plans in line with their converted 2022/23 MIG allocations to be submitted to DCoG by DCoG may use indirect MIG allocations to fund the urgent repairs and refurbishment of water, sanitation and solid waste management infrastructure DCoG will make payments to contracted implementing agents based on invoices for work done Allocation criteria Part 5 of Annexure W1 to the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill sets out the MIG formula in detail, showing how the formula incorporates backlog and poverty data The funds ring-fenced for sport infrastructure are allocated based on estimated costs of projects that: fill identified gaps and are confirmed with the provincial departments responsible for sport and the municipalities align to the National Sport and Recreation Plan, National Sport Facilities Plan and transformation imperatives align to priority sport codes Reasons not incorporated This is a specific purpose grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria different from that of the in equitable share equitable share 2020/21 audited financial outcomes Past performance • The MIG programme was allocated R14.5 billion in the 2020/21 financial year. The full amount was transferred and 91 per cent of this was reported as spent by municipalities 2020/21 service delivery performance Number of poor households impacted through the construction of new infrastructure and upgrading and renewal of existing infrastructure for: o 53 469 households provided with basic water and 43 979 households provided with sanitation services o 79 671 households provided with street and community lighting Community infrastructure constructed (new infrastructure and upgrading and renewal of existing infrastructure): o 11 central collection points for refuse, transfer stations, recycling facilities and solid waste disposal sites developed 17 sport and recreation facilities developed 44 public facilities developed o 1 474 kilometres of municipal roads developed 152 838 FTEs created using the EPWP guidelines for the above outputs Projected life This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review MTEF allocations 2022/23: R16.8 billion; 2023/24: R17.6 billion and 2024/25: R18.4 billion Payment schedule • Transfers are made in accordance with a payment Schedule approved by National Treasury

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Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer

Responsibilities of the national departments

- DCoG administers the MIG and co-ordinates its activities with all stakeholders, through appropriate structures. DCoG must:
 - o report to sector departments on outputs
 - o monitor expenditure and non-financial performance in collaboration with provincial DCoGs
 - o coordinate overall programme implementation
 - o provide support to municipalities in the utilisation of the MIG-MIS
 - share all reports on COVID-19 expenditure with the National Disaster Management Centre and report separately on COVID-19 expenditure in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
- For Schedule 6, Part B allocations, DCoG must:
 - enter into an MoU with municipalities regarding the construction, ownership, funding arrangements, and operations and maintenance of proposed infrastructure prior to the commencement of construction
 - provide to National Treasury, detailed information on the selection criteria, and evidence of the approved capacity building plan
 - ensure that implementing agents submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports on stipulated dates
 - make payments to contracted Municipal Infrastructure Support Agent (MISA) based on invoices for work done

MISA must:

- provide technical support and advice to municipalities that have been identified collaboratively with DCoG and its provincial counterparts as needing assistance
- on behalf of and in collaboration with national and provincial DCoG's, conduct detailed municipal
 assessments of the municipalities identified for assistance, including investigative lifecycle assessments
 of MIG projects, municipal MIG and sector performance, and municipal project management functions,
 to identify detailed reasons for challenges affecting the implementation of MIG
- report all findings and recommendations for improvement to the identified municipalities, national and provincial DCoGs
- assist the municipal manager of each identified municipality, in collaboration with appropriate structures, including sector departments, to implement recommendations identified by MISA, for improvement, and supply formal progress reports
- recommendations may include improvements to municipal processes for planning, project prioritisation and selection. Recommendations may also include detailed planning, scoping, designing, scheduling, costing and procurement implementation
- provide and facilitate assistance, technical advice and expertise to identified municipalities for the use of alternative technology and good practices for MIG projects, including for feasibility studies, operations and maintenance and integrated infrastructure asset management
- partake in the assessment of the business plans for the asset management planning provision and make recommendations to the transferring officer
- o support DCoG in the identification of projects to be funded from DCoG as a Schedule 6, Part B
- In addition to their sector-specific responsibilities, each national sector department will be expected to:
 - provide information on service delivery priorities per municipality as expressed within sectoral plans and municipal IDPs
 - o fulfil a sectoral monitoring and guidance role on relevant sectoral outputs
 - o evaluate reports and provide final recommendations to the municipality by 30 September 2022
 - o frequently update sector norms and standards and confirm adherence thereto for MIG funded projects through the MIG registration process, which includes participation in the district appraisal processes
 - o confirm the current state of maintenance where municipalities have applied for funding of renewal projects
 - advise which sphere (provincial or national even if different across provinces) should sign-off MIG projects and participate in MIG workflow processes
 - sign-off on project close-out reports, thereby acknowledging the projects have been completed as intended
- Department of Water and Sanitation must:
 - o support and monitor municipalities to prepare and implement water services development plans
 - ensure alignment between the MIG programme, Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant and the Water Services Infrastructure Grant
 - for the MIG funding stream, monitor and oversee progress on water and sanitation projects implemented through the MIG
 - support the process of the development of water and sanitation infrastructure asset management plans and the updating and verification of asset registers
 - o support DCoG in the identification of projects to be funded from DCoG as a Schedule 6, Part B
- Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE):
 - must support municipalities with planning and implementation of solid waste management projects and monitor their performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
 - the provincial DFFEs will be responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the purchasing
 of specialised waste management vehicles and national DFFE will provide final recommendation before
 submitting projects for registration in the MIG appraisal process
 - support the process of the development of waste management infrastructure asset management plans and the updating and verification of asset registers

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- o support DCoG in the identification of projects to be funded from DCoG as a Schedule 6, Part B
- Department of Mineral Resources and Energy must:
 - support municipalities with planning and implementation of public lighting and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
 - support the process of the development of electricity community infrastructure asset management plans and the updating and verification of asset registers
- Department of Transport must support municipalities with planning and implementation of municipal roads
 projects in terms of the RRAMS data and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with
 conditions applicable to this sector
- Department of Sport, Arts and Culture must:
 - identify projects with targeted municipalities to be allocated funds outside of the MIG formula by September 2022
 - support municipalities with planning and implementation of municipal sport and recreation facilities and monitor municipalities' performance and compliance with conditions applicable to this sector
 - review, approve and sign-off all MIG projects before recommendation by the provincial sport departments to the MIG appraisal committee
 - support the process of the development of sport infrastructure asset management plans and the updating and verification of asset registers
- Department of Public Works and Infrastructure must:
 - monitor compliance with the EPWP infrastructure guidelines and advise municipalities on the use of labour-intensive processes, systems, techniques and approaches
 - monitor the number of work opportunities and FTEs created on MIG funded projects that contribute towards EPWP and assist municipalities in meeting their set targets
 - ensure that municipalities register their projects on the EPWP reporting system and monitor compliance with norms and standards applicable to this sector

Responsibilities of provincial departments

- Coordinate technical support to municipalities
- Monitor performance of municipal Programme/Project Management Units and recommend relevant sanctions for under-performance to DCoG
- Provide assistance to municipalities in managing municipal infrastructure projects
- Provide support to municipalities in the utilisation of the MIG-MIS
- Provide support to municipalities with the development of Infrastructure Asset Management Plans
- Monitor and reconcile reported expenditure with proof of payment signed-off by the municipality
- Monitor the accuracy of project registration forms and coordinate monthly, quarterly and annual reports from municipalities and forward them to DCoG
- Coordinate district appraisal and progress committee meetings ensuring that DCoG and relevant sector departments are invited
- Issue registration letters for projects approved by the district appraisal committees to municipalities, copying DCoG
- Monitor project implementation in collaboration with sectors coordinate project spot checks with relevant stakeholders and compile relevant spot check reports
- Monitor the capturing of site visit reports by municipalities on the MIG-MIS
- Monitor compliance with provincial legislation and alignment to provincial growth and development strategies through project registration

Responsibilities of provincial sector departments

- Each provincial sector department must fulfil a sectoral monitoring and guidance role on relevant sectoral outputs
- Provide technical advice as required by a municipality through the feasibility, planning, design, tender and construction phases of a MIG project
- Provide support to municipalities with the development of Infrastructure Asset Management Plans
- Participate in district appraisal and progress committee meetings
- Evaluate and provide recommendations on sector technical reports before projects are appraised
- Provincial departments of environment, forestry and fisheries are responsible for providing recommendations on the TAR for the purchasing of specialised waste management vehicles and the national DFFE must provide final approval before submitting projects for registration in the MIG appraisal process

Responsibilities of municipalities

- Municipalities must ensure appropriate programme and project planning and implementation readiness prior
 to the year of implementation and this must be informed by the IDP and three-year capital programme
- Municipalities must certify compliance to the provision of the 2022 DoRA after the Schedule of transfers
 has been communicated by DCoG and before the first transfer is made to the municipality by DCoG
- Municipalities must have appropriate capacity to implement the MIG, this must be supported by the human resource plan of the municipality
- Municipalities must monitor each project and ensure that MIG funds are spent for the intended purpose as registered on the MIG-MIS
- The municipality must comply with the submission of monthly and quarterly reports through the MIG-MIS
 and the annual reports in the prescribed formats and timelines, reports must be signed-off by the municipal
 manager or the delegated official and submitted to national government via the provincial department
 responsible for local government

Municipal Infrastructure Grant	
	Compulsory use of the MIG-MIS to inform the content of the reports mentioned above
	Municipalities must capture project site visit reports as part of the portfolio of evidence to support claims
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 Compulsory use of the MIG-MIS to inform the content of the reports mentioned above Municipalities must capture project site visit reports as part of the portfolio of evidence to support claims Schedule 5, Part B Municipalities must submit all technical reports to the sector departments responsible for water, sanitation, solid waste, sport and recreation, roads and transport by 29 July 2022 for all projects to be implemented in 2023/24 The responsible sector department must evaluate reports and provide final recommendations to the municipality by 30 September 2022 When projects are registered for 2023/24, the municipality must identify how each MIG infrastructure project is aligned to and/or supports their local economic development strategy The municipality must submit all project registration forms by 30 September 2022, for the projects to be implemented in 2023/24, to the provincial department responsible for local government The provincial departments must provide final recommendations to municipalities by 30 November 2022 Municipalities must submit to DCoG by 30 January 2023, detailed project implementation plans for all the projects to be implemented in the 2023/24 and 2024/25 financial years Such plans should include timelines regarding project designs, initiation of procurement, and environmental impact assessment (EIA) and/or relevant permit/license approvals in the prescribed format Municipalities must submit updated implementation plans (as described above) by 28 April 2023, justifying any changes from the 30 January 2023 submission MISA must sign-off on technical and/or business plan reports [before submission to sector departments or Acquisition Committees], thereby acknowledging the appropriate use of alternative technology and good practices for MIG projects, including for feasibility studies, labour-intensive construction, operations and maint
	 (2018/19 – 2021/22) as well as the expenditure performance of the 2022/23 allocation as at the end of December 2022 – see thresholds for Schedule 5, Part B above) DCoG will notify affected municipalities by March 2023 on the analysis results, DCoG and relevant municipalities and must enter into a memorandum of understanding and/or support plan before any project is implemented
	DCoG to prepare an implementation plan based on the converted funding specifying the agreed projects to be implemented per municipality by April 2023. The affected municipalities will align their 2022/23 implementation plans in line with their converted 2023/24 MIG allocations to be submitted to DCoG by 28 April 2022

	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant
Transferring department	Cooperative Governance (Vote 3)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	An efficient and developmental sphere of government capable of delivering services to local communities
Grant purpose	 To assist municipalities to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the Municipal Systems Act and related local government legislation
Outcome statements	A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government
Outputs	 Support municipalities on governance and institutional matters through the District Development Model (DDM) approach, with District Hubs as central points of integration and coordination of support and capacity building interventions including amongst others, support on the following outputs: development of comprehensive institutional diagnostic analysis/assessments to determine skills, systems, performance, institutional gaps and main constraints impeding effectiveness and sound municipal performance development of institutional improvement plans guiding all capacity building grants and municipal support initiative Support municipalities in the improvement of their records management and Information and Communications Technology (ICT) infrastructure Support municipalities to promote ethical conduct through the development and maintenance of a web-based-case management system to institutionalise measures to expeditiously address incidents of unethical conduct, breach of the Code of Conduct for Municipal Staff, substandard performance and to strengthen enforcement measures Support to municipalities Human Resource and Organisational Development as well as Disciplinary Management Support Support to municipalities through the rollout of prototype staff establishment project Support municipalities in the preparation of an institutional recovery plan and the implementation thereof,
	 where appropriate (including assisting municipalities to review and prepare: organograms, policies and bylaws) Support municipalities to build confidence in their recruitment and selection systems by strengthening assessment mechanisms such as competencies, exams, group exercises Assess and evaluate the readiness in terms of adoption and implementation of the Smart Cities Framework at the selected municipalities and develop a Support Program for Smart City Initiatives as per the Smart Cities Framework Support municipalities on cost of supply studies for water and electricity (municipal tariff data management) and related matters Support municipalities in the improvement of their data management
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 This grant uses a support plan. The support plan has an appendix or annexure which details: roles and responsibilities outcome indicators output indicators key activities inputs details of how the systems and practices developed will be sustained over the long-term
Conditions	The Department of Cooperative Governance and the benefitting municipality must enter into a support plan with an annexure that must include details of the activities and deliverables being funded, responsibilities of each stakeholder, protocols for engagements and feedback, the budget for each activity, and timeframes
	for implementation Funds from this grant may be spent on building the capacity of municipalities with respect to the purpose and outputs listed for this grant ICT infrastructure bought with this grant must be compatible with the minimum standards for the municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA) Technical support to municipalities must include the transfer of skills to municipal officials
Allocation criteria	 Priority is given to the local municipalities in the 21 Water Service Authority (WSA) districts and these districts in 2022/23 Priority is given to municipalities with challenges/shortcomings in processes, procedures and systems to effectively implement the Municipal Systems Act and related local government legislation including municipalities with governance and institutional challenges Municipalities identified for support in 2020/21 on municipal tariff data management and related matters, improvement of their data management, records management and ICT infrastructure and training on staffing regulations and competency frameworks are targeted in 2022/23 Other outputs may be funded through reallocations in-year and over the MTEF period Intermediate cities are targeted for programmes in support of the Integrated Urban Development Framework
	 Unallocated funds in 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/25 will be allocated to projects during 2022, including to some municipalities not reached in 2021/22 Funds may be reallocated if the support plan is not signed by the municipal manager(s)

	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	The grant is aimed at building the capacity of targeted municipalities to implement sound institutional and governance systems required in terms of the Municipal Systems Act and related local government legislation
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• The grant was allocated R120 million, of which R28 million (23 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	R28 million was spent over the year ending March 2021 through the District Development Model (DDM) approach in respect of the costs associated with the eThekwini Metropolitan District Hub, OR Tambo District Hub and Waterberg District Hub
Projected life	• This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R140 million; 2023/24: R147 million and 2024/25: R153 million
Payment schedule	Schedule 6 grant, payments to the service provider made in accordance with the signed service level agreement, implementation plan and project milestones or deliverables
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Agree and sign municipal support plans with participating municipalities
receiving officer	Management, monitoring and reporting of the programme
	• Coordinate with the National Treasury to ensure that the capacity building activities of the two departments
	are complimentary
	Participate in the review of the municipal capacity support system during 2022/23 Responsibilities of municipalities
	Agree and sign a memorandum of understanding with the transferring officer
	Identify municipal officials that will be recipients of skills transfer
	Ensure that municipal officials participate actively in all activities funded through this grant
	Ensure systems and practices developed through this grant are sustained as part of the operations of the municipality
	Municipalities must submit a detailed report upon the completion of the project, in the format prescribed
Process for approval of	Targeted municipalities must sign a municipal support plan in support of this Municipal Systems
2023/24 business plans	Improvement Grant programme

MINERAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY GRANTS

	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant
Transferring department	Mineral Resources and Energy (Vote 34)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To reduce electricity consumption by promoting energy efficient practices
Grant purpose	• To provide subsidies to municipalities to implement energy efficiency and demand-side management (EEDSM) initiatives within municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity consumption and improve energy efficiency
Outcome statements	Reduced demand for electricity
	Increased awareness of energy saving
	Skills development in energy efficiency
	Energy management capability enhanced
Outputs	Amount of electricity saved in kilowatt hours (KWh) Output Outp
	 Number of energy efficient street lights installed Number of energy efficient traffic lights installed
	Number of chergy effective dame rights instance Number of buildings retrofitted
	Number of units of water services infrastructure retrofitted
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	Outcome indicators Output indicators
business pian	Projected energy savings
	Key activities
	• Inputs
Conditions	Funds can only be used to implement electricity-saving projects in municipal infrastructure
	• The focus for implementation of energy efficiency interventions is limited to municipal buildings, streetlights, traffic lights, wastewater treatment works and pump stations
	• Municipalities must determine a detailed and extended electricity consumption baseline in line with South African Standards (SANS 5002 and SANS 50010)
	 Municipalities must respond to the request for proposals issued by the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE) in the format provided
	• Municipalities must commit to energy savings (in KWh) to be achieved through the retrofits to the DMRE
	A performance agreement with specific conditions shall be entered into between the municipality and the DMRE
	 The municipality shall prepare a project work plan and business plan in the templates provided by the DMRE The municipality shall procure the streetlight luminaires as per the standardised technical specifications developed by the transferring officer
	 A municipality may apply to the transferring officer, by no later than 29 July 2022 to utilise a maximum of 15 per cent of the total annual allocation to undertake specified planning activities to embed the Vertically Nationally Appropriated Mitigation Action (V-NAMA) project, provided that these conform to the list of eligible activities identified by the transferring officer, including: investment pipeline development (excluding direct project preparation) development of infrastructure financing strategies and instruments utilisation of a minimum of 50 per cent capital expenditure as co-funding for the Vertically Nationally Appropriated Mitigation Action projects
Allocation criteria	 Appropriated Mitigation Action projects The following criteria are used for selecting municipalities to receive allocations from the grant: municipalities that have responded to the request for proposals as issued by the DMRE
	 municipalities with higher electricity consumption and higher electricity saving potential municipalities with clearly defined objectives on energy efficiency improvements
	o proposals that use proven energy efficient technologies with low pay-back periods
	o municipalities that are participating in the Vertically Nationally Appropriated Mitigation Action Support
	Project (V-NAMA) and SA-EU General Support Programme o municipalities that show readiness and capacity to implement EEDSM projects
	o good past performance if a municipality has previously participated in the programme
	o quality, viability and financial feasibility of proposed projects
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This is a specific conditional transfer in support of the EEDSM programme
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	R221 million was allocated and transferred to participating municipalities
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• A total electricity saving of 17 873 MWh per annum was reported by municipalities against the total
Descionate d life	projected electricity consumption baseline of 19 426 MWh per annum
Projected life	• This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	2022/23: R223 million; 2023/24: R224 million and 2024/25: R243 million Transfer and the state of the property of the state of the National Transfer. The state of the s
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by the National Treasury

	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant	
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department	
transferring officer and receiving officer	 Monitoring and evaluation of the EEDSM programme including measurement and verification of energy savings Make available to municipalities, the lighting technology technical specifications guideline and support them 	
	 through capacity building workshops on best practices and pricing for EEDSM projects Communicate to municipalities the process and requirements for obtaining EEDSM grant funds in 2023/24 Develop a fair and open process to accredit and establish a panel of competent service providers with technical expertise and suppliers of energy efficient technology to support municipalities during the implementation of EEDSM projects 	
	Provide technical support to municipalities participating in the Vertically Nationally Appropriated Mitigation Action Support Project of South Africa	
	Responsibilities of municipalities	
	Submit proposals as per the request for proposals issued by DMRE	
	Ensure that proposals are in the format and template provided by DMRE	
	Implement the EEDSM programme as per the framework and contractual agreement	
	In the implementation of EEDSM projects, use service providers and/or energy efficient technology suppliers accredited by DMRE	
	Submit to the DMRE detailed energy consumption baseline data and a business plan signed by the municipal manager before the start of the 2022/23 municipal financial year	
	Submit to the DMRE the monthly and quarterly reports approved by the municipal manager	
	In a case where a municipality delegates the implementation of the programme to its entity (i.e. Johannesburg City Power, Mangaung CENTLEC, etc.) such an entity shall enter into an implementation contract with the municipality for the purposes of reporting and accountability. A copy of this implementation contract must be shared with DMRE	
Process for approval of	• Proposals must be submitted by 15 September 2022 and shall be evaluated against the criteria set out in this	
2023/24 business plans	framework and the request for proposals issued by DMRE	

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant
Transferring department	Mineral Resources and Energy (Vote 34)
Grant schedule	Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	To reduce electrification backlogs through funding of household connections and bulk infrastructure (substations and medium voltage lines) to ensure constant supply of electricity
Grant purpose	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies to Eskom to address the electrification backlog of all existing and planned residential dwellings (including informal settlements, farm dwellers, new and existing dwellings) and the installation of relevant bulk infrastructure in Eskom licenced areas
Outcome statements	 A reduction in household electrification backlogs Universal access to electricity and improvement in distribution infrastructure reliability
Outputs	 The number of household connections per annum The number of substations completed Kilometres of medium voltage lines completed Implementation of labour-intensive delivery methods, in compliance with the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines on electrification projects and the work opportunities created
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Inputs Output indicators Key activities
Conditions Allocation criteria	 Plans need to have undergone pre-engineering and project feasibility and be approved by the Director-General of the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE) prior to implementation Projects must be prioritised by municipalities in their Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) before being approved for INEP (Eskom) Grant funding To receive the first tranche, Eskom must submit to DMRE letters signed by municipal accounting officers to demonstrate that the municipalities are in agreement with the projects to be undertaken Eskom to comply with the DMRE's requirements to provide approved bulk projects in their business plans Eskom must spend at least 50 per cent of their previous transfers and comply with reporting provisions before subsequent tranches are transferred By 30 December 2022, Eskom must spend at least 60 per cent of their total INEP allocation, where allocations are equal or less than R3.6 billion All assets constructed through this grant must be ring-fenced on Eskom's asset register as government assets. Eskom is responsible for the operations and maintenance of these assets Eskom must adhere to labour-intensive construction methods in terms of the EPWP guidelines for activities such as trenching and planting of poles including the promotion of companies owned by Vulnerable Groups Allocations to Eskom are made on behalf of municipalities based on applications from Eskom to the Department for all municipalities (licensed and non-licensed) according to the following criteria: high backlogs rural bias
Reasons not incorporated	 integration with other programmes such as 44 priority district municipalities, the National Development Plan and other infrastructure programmes like catalytic projects and mining towns the cost of a project is within benchmarked norms and standards the project is aligned with the IDP for a particular municipality
in equitable share	This is a specific conditional capital transfer for electrification of households and bulk infrastructure
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes The grant was allocated R2 billion and the entire amount was transferred to Eskom, of which R1.3 billion (64 per cent) was spent by the end of the financial year 2020/21 service delivery performance 106 669 connections were completed at the end of the financial year (includes connections funded from rollovers)
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	 2022/23: R3.6 billion; 2023/24: R3.8 billion and 2024/25: R4 billion
Payment schedule	Payments are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and receiving officer	Responsibilities of the national department Review and approve Eskom's outputs and targets Continuously monitor implementation
	 Provide central coordination for bulk infrastructure Approve submissions for refurbishment of critical infrastructure

Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	
	Responsibilities of Eskom
	• The maximum size of supply is 2.4 kVA, after diversity maximum demand, 20 Amp per household connection, in line with the Suite of Supply Policy (2018)
	Implement INEP according to the approved implementation guidelines
	• Report to the DMRE and the National Treasury on monthly and quarterly progress on financial and non-
	financial performance of the grant
	Report accurately and timeously on EPWP information
Process for approval of	• Eskom and the DMRE must ensure that all planned projects are in line with municipal IDPs and priority lists
2023/24 business plans	• Eskom and the DMRE must ensure that planned projects are feasible and have gone through the pre-
_	engineering process by 31 October 2022

	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant
Transferring department	Mineral Resources and Energy (Vote 34)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To reduce electrification backlogs through funding of household connections and bulk infrastructure (substations and medium voltage lines) to ensure constant supply of electricity
Grant purpose	To implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of all existing and planned residential dwellings (including informal settlements, farm dwellers, new and existing dwellings) and the installation of relevant bulk infrastructure
Outcome statements	A reduction in household electrification backlogs Universal access to electricity
Outputs	The number of connections to households per annum The number of substations completed Kilometres of medium voltage lines completed Implementation of labour-intensive delivery methods, in compliance with the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) guidelines on electrification projects and the work opportunities created
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Key activities Inputs (resources)
Conditions	 Municipalities must register electrification business plans for bulk infrastructure with INEP and abide by the advice or guidance of the Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE) regarding the central planning and co-ordination for such bulk infrastructure Municipalities must provide the DMRE with a detailed project implementation plan during the first quarter of the municipal financial year (by the end of September 2022) Municipalities must appoint service providers during the first quarter of the municipal financial year (by end of September 2022) before subsequent tranches are transferred Bulk infrastructure can only be funded for infrastructure serving poor households (where infrastructure serves tariff-funded areas and poor households, costs should be shared) No bulk infrastructure project will be funded without submitting the business plan INEP funds may be used for the refurbishment of critical infrastructure, only upon approval of a business plan submitted to the DMRE Municipalities must utilise their own funding if the subsidy is insufficient Projects should be implemented as per the contract agreed between the DMRE and the municipality, any deviations from the contract must be communicated to the DMRE for approval No contracts will be signed unless all the annexures are submitted No reimbursement will be made for projects that have been implemented without the prior approval by the DMRE Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of their previous transfer and comply with reporting provisions before the second and subsequent transfers are made The maximum size of supply is 2.4 kVA after diversity maximum demand, standard installation of 20 Amp per household connection, in line with the Suite of Supply Policy (2018) Municipalities may utilise up to R1.5 million of their total allocation for service fees (pre-engineering) if approved by the DMRE in their business plan
Allocation criteria	 Municipalities creating assets under the Eskom area of supply should enter into a Service Level Agreement with respect to the operations and maintenance of the asset Allocations are based on an assessment of applications from local municipalities based on: high backlogs
	 rural bias number of planned households per project past performance integration with other programmes such as the district development model, the National Development Plan, catalytic projects, and mining towns the financial, technical and staff capabilities to distribute electricity and expand and maintain networks consultation with communities through the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) process ensuring that universal access objectives are fast-tracked connecting informal settlements where service delivery has been prioritised new and upgrading of bulk infrastructure projects that support future electrification needs, and for refurbishment projects, where distribution network reliability adversely impacts economic activity and cannot sustain current electrification
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This is a specific conditional capital transfer for electrification of households

Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	R1.3 billion was allocated and transferred to municipalities
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	60 219 households were connected including connections funded from roll-overs
Projected life	• This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R2.1 billion; 2023/24: R2.2 billion and 2024/25: R2.3 billion
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Agree with municipalities on outputs and targets
receiving officer	Continuously monitor implementation and provide support to municipalities
	Verify reports from municipalities
	Ensure that the payment schedule is aligned to the timelines for projected expenditure on each project
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	Ensure that projects are implemented in line with what is reflected in the IDP of the municipality
	• Report accurately and timeously on the management of this grant and include invoices and EPWP
	information on their monthly reports, when reporting to the DMRE
	• Appoint service providers during the first quarter of the municipality financial year (July-September 2022)
	to implement their projects
	Maintain and operate electricity infrastructure in line with licence conditions
Process for approval of	Application forms are sent to municipalities and the evaluation of all applications and business plan proposals
2023/24 business plans	received from municipalities is completed by 31 October 2022

HUMAN SETTLEMENTS GRANTS

	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	The creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements that enable improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	To provide funding to facilitate a programmatic, inclusive and municipality-wide approach to upgrading informal settlements
Outcome statements	Adequate housing in improved quality living environment
Outputs Outputs	The grant shall fund the outputs defined in Phases 1 – 3 of the Upgrading of Informal Settlements Programme (UISP) in the National Housing Code of 2009: Phase 1 Number of pre-feasibility studies conducted Phase 2 Feasibility studies: number of environmental impact assessments undertaken number of geotechnical studies conducted Land acquisition: hectares of land acquired for in-situ upgrading hectares of land acquired for relocation hectares of land availed in terms of land availability/development agreement Number of settlements supplied with bulk infrastructure Number of settlements benefitting from interim municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services Number of settlements provided with rudimentary services Phase 3 Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services Number of settlements provided with permanent municipal engineering services and/or any other alternative engineering services Number of serviced sites developed Number of serviced sites developed Number of social and economic amenities. The specific types of amenities must only be provided in collaboration with municipality and the community Number of households provided with secure tenure Number of engineering designs: water, sewer, roads and storm water drainage concluded
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	 Number of layout plans approved Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 This grant requires municipalities to use the human settlements chapter of their IDPs to prioritise and attain municipal council approval on informal settlements to be upgraded in the 2022/23 financial year A municipality must submit a business plan prepared in terms of the requirements of the DHS business planning for informal settlements upgrading Municipalities must submit an informal settlement upgrading plan in line with UISP in the National Housing Code for each settlement to be upgraded which includes: project description settlement name and global positioning system coordinates project institutional arrangements sustainable livelihood implementation plan outputs and targets for services to be delivered cash flow projections (payment schedule) details of the support plan risk management plan prioritisation certificate issued by the municipal council in consultation with relevant mayors Procurement plan confirming appointment of requisite service providers in accordance with government procurement preferential plans and policies For those settlements where upgrading plans have not yet been completed, an interim or comprehensive plan with clear deliverables in terms of the UISP phases contained in the National Housing Code must be submitted Number of jobs and training opportunities to be created

	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities
Conditions	Funds should be utilised as per the UISP as defined in the National Housing Code
	 The transfer of the first tranche of funds is conditional upon the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) approving business plan and informal settlement upgrading plans per settlement consistent with the provisions of the Housing Act and in compliance with the National Housing Code The flow of the second tranche will be conditional upon the:
	 submission of the first quarter report, in line with the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) circular 88, signed-off by the accounting officer of the municipality submission of the report with financial and non-financial information aligned to the approved upgrading plans
	 The flow of the third tranche will be conditional upon submission of second quarter (both financial and non-financial) performance information, in line with the requirements of MFMA circular 88 Municipalities should only implement projects in the approved upgrading plans and any deviation from the approved upgrading plans should be sought from the DHS
	• Where there are no upgrading plans and spending is approved in terms of an interim plan, funding will only be transferred to a metro provided that confirmation is provided to DHS that individual upgrading plans are being developed for these projects and will be completed by the end of 2022/23
	Municipalities should ensure alignment between the infrastructure grants (provision of bulk) and the ISUPG
	 Municipal managers must sign off and confirm that projects captured in their informal settlements upgrading plans are assessed and approved for implementation in the 2022/23 financial year Municipalities may request in writing to the transferring officer, approval to amend their business plans. In case of a municipality having been allocated additional funding, a separate report is to be submitted by such municipality. The transferring officer should respond within 3 working days
	The payment schedules submitted by municipalities should be derived from the cash flows contained in the approved upgrading plans
	• A maximum of 5 per cent of the allocation may be utilised for the Operational Support Capital Programme as per the Operational Support Capital Programme Policy of the DHS
	• The transfer of the first tranche of funds is conditional upon approval by the DHS of municipal business plan which is consistent with the provisions of the Housing Act, 2022 Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and in compliance with the National Housing Code
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated to all metropolitan municipalities The grant is allocated to all metropolitan municipalities The grant is allocated to all metropolitan municipalities.
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	 These funds are determined through the USDG allocation formula This is a conditional grant with a specific purpose to provide for the upgrading of informal settlements
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
•	• Grant introduced in 2021/22
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	Grant introduced in 2021/22
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R4.2 billion; 2023/24: R4.4 billion and 2024/25: R4.6 billion
Payment schedule	Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and receiving officer	 Maintain the policy and programme and assist with interpretation Develop a reporting template for municipalities on UISP outputs and publish it by 30 May 2022
receiving officer	Monitor and evaluate municipal financial and non-financial grant performance and control systems
	including quarterly summary reports on performance related to the UISP
	Provide implementation assistance support to municipalities as may be required
	Undertake structured and other visits to municipalities as is necessary
	Facilitate structured intergovernmental forums for regular interaction with municipalities
	• Submit a report on the status of informal settlements and their categorisation (in terms of the National
	Upgrading Support Programme's methodology) to National Treasury by 01 August 2022 • Identify lessons from the preparation and implementation of this window and use these to inform the
	design of the proposed new grant for informal settlement upgrading
	The transferring officer should design and distribute a template to be signed by a Municipal Manager or
	 a delegated officer to be submitted with monthly and quarterly reports by metropolitan municipalities Use the ISUP grant to leverage other forms of funding
	Prioritise the gazetted priority projects
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Initiate, plan and formulate applications for projects relating to the upgrading of informal settlements, which in the case of municipalities that are not accredited, must be in collaboration with the relevant provincial department

Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities Request assistance from the provincial department on any of the matters concerned if the municipality lacks the capacity, resources or expertise Submit informal settlement upgrading plans by 27 May 2022 • Implement approved projects in accordance with UISP plans approved by the national department Fast-track the planning approval processes for informal settlements upgrading projects Assume ownership of the engineering services installed • Manage, operate and maintain settlement areas developed under this programme · Coordinate and facilitate the provision of bulk and connector engineering services (including through funding from the main USDG) Submit a report on the status of informal settlements in their municipal area and their categorisation (in terms of the National Upgrading Support Programme's methodology) to DHS by 27 May 2022 Identify lessons from the implementation of this window and share these with DHS Municipalities should submit a signed letter by a municipal manager or a delegated person, as an attachment to the monthly and quarterly reports Detailed performance report per settlement (i.e., project level performance) report for phase 1-3 aligned to the business plan must be submitted quarterly Municipalities must adhere to section 16 of the 2022 DoRA if they are planning to appoint any other organ of state to implement human settlement projects on their behalf Municipalities must report quarterly on projects funded, in line with the requirements of the MFMA circular 88. Reporting must include financial and non-financial performance on progress against UISP plans, using the template prescribed by the DHS Municipalities must report on the percentage of their allocations awarded to companies owned by designated groups on a monthly and quarterly basis Draft informal settlement upgrading plans for each settlement to be upgraded in 2022/23 must be Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans submitted to DHS by 30 January 2023. The DHS will provide comments by 15 March 2023 Final business plans must be submitted by no later than 17 April 2023

	Municipal Emergency Housing Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 7, Part B
Strategic goal	To ensure improved quality of household life following a disaster (as defined in the Disaster Management Act)
Grant purpose	 To provide funding to municipalities for provision of temporary shelter assistance to households affected by disasters or a housing emergency To provide funding to municipalities to repair the damage to housing for low-income households following a disaster or housing emergency if the costs of repairs are less than the cost of relocation and provision of temporary shelter
Outcome statements	Households accommodated in adequate temporary shelter following a disaster The safety of houses for low-income households, damaged following a disaster restored
Outputs	Emergency and short-term assistance to households affected and/or impacted by disasters, through: provision of temporary shelter temporary relocation of households to safer accommodation and/or shelter repair to damaged houses following a disaster
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	Applications for funding from this grant use the Municipal Emergency Housing Grant (MEHG) application form which must be supported by the following documents: details of the disaster, municipal ward, the impact thereof and number of temporary shelters required as well as the number of households affected specification of the shelter to be provided and total funds required for disaster response implementation plan summary of the projects including GPS coordinates register of beneficiaries as prescribed in the guidelines consolidated project cash flow over a three-month period as an annexure to the implementation plan a copy of the municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy highlighting emergency procurement policy/procedures letter from the Provincial Disaster Management Centre signed by the Head confirming that the disaster incident occurred municipalities must submit a verified assessment report per affected household in case of reported disasters or required repairs to damaged houses copies of the Auditor-Generals most recent audit report on the Municipality
Conditions	 Municipalities must submit an application to the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) within 14 days of the agreement by the mayor that a housing emergency exists in terms of section 2.3.1 (a) and (b) of the Emergency Housing Programme as per the Housing Code The relevant Provincial Disaster Management Centre must be informed of the application in writing by the municipality The municipal manager must sign-off and confirm the information captured in the application Shelter solutions funded from the grant must comply with the National Housing Code and subsidy quantum The approval of funding to repair damage caused by disasters must be subjected to the assessment report by a certified employee The emergency response in rural areas will be in accordance with the guidelines issued by DHS Overall costs per unit should not be in excess of the applicable subsidy quantum The flow of the first tranche of funds is conditional on recommendation by the national DHS and approval by National Treasury The flow of the second tranche is subject to the municipality spending at least 80 per cent of the first instalment and submitting detailed non-financial and financial reports indicating progress to date signed-off by the accounting officer Funds may only be spent on items and activities included in the application recommended for funding by the accounting officer of the national DHS and any deviation must be approved by the transferring officer Municipal officers must submit a report within 30 days after the end of the quarter in which the funds are spent, outlining expenditure of the funds and documentary proof of services rendered. Thereafter monthly reports shall be submitted to the national DHS until the funds are fully utilised The emergency procurement system as guided by Public Finance Management Act, Municipal Finance Management Act and Treasury Regulations must be invoked to ensure immediate assistance
Allocation criteria	 This grant funding is intended to address the housing needs of households who for reasons beyond their control, find themselves in need of emergency housing, such as: existing shelter destroyed or damaged by a disaster displaced following a disaster relocation due to prevailing material (physical) conditions posing an immediate threat to the adequacy and safety of their existing housing as a result of a disaster The grant is allocated to municipalities on recommendation by the accounting officer of the national DHS and approval by National Treasury
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This is a conditional grant with a specific purpose to provide for a rapid response to disasters as they arise

	Municipal Emergency Housing Grant
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• The grant was allocated R259 million and R166 million was transferred to municipalities of which
	R144 million was spent by municipalities
	 2020/21 service delivery performance Number of temporary residential units built:
	uMtubatuba: 649
	Mbashe Local Municipality: 82
	Namakoi Local Municipality: 20
	Greater Kostad Local Municipality: 81
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R175 million; 2023/24: R183 million and 2024/25: R191 million
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Page 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
transferring officer and	 Responsibilities of the national department DHS will, upon receipt of the application for disaster relief, send acknowledgement of receipt within 1 day
receiving officer	of receipt of such an application
Ü	DHS should conduct assessment and physical verification of a disaster incident within 10 days after the
	receipt of the application for disaster relief from the province and within a day after recommending to the
	Director General approval or non-approval of the application
	• A letter signed by the Director General will be sent to the municipality within 3 days after the conclusion of
	assessment and verification period of 10 days thereafter informing the province of the outcome of the assessment
	Advise and guide municipalities about the existence of the MEHG and how it can be accessed
	Develop and publish the MEHG application form template in consultation with National Treasury and the
	National Disaster Management Centre
	Monitor programme implementation including establishing and maintaining a register or database of human
	settlements disasters
	• Support municipalities to plan for potential disasters. This includes identifying communities/households that reside in unsafe conditions posing a threat to health and safety as well as households who live in areas prone
	to flooding and/or other disasters
	Monitor the planning and priority development for communities/households residing in unhealthy and life-
	threatening circumstances and provide implementation assistance where required
	• Facilitate a coordinated housing assistance intervention response in circumstances where disasters affect
	more than one municipality • Coordinate assistance with the National Disaster Management Centre to answer there is no dunlication of
	Coordinate assistance with the National Disaster Management Centre to ensure there is no duplication of funding with the provincial and municipal disaster relief grants and the Provincial Emergency Housing Grant
	• Request National Treasury's approval for the disbursement of funds to municipalities within 10 days of
	receipt of an application for funding from this grant
	Notify the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury of a transfer at least two days before the transfer
	of funds. Funds must be transferred no later than five days after the notification
	 Design a reporting template to be signed a duly authorised and or delegated official in the municipality Transfer funds to the municipalities with a clear stipulation of the purpose of the funds
	 Provide the National Treasury with written notification of the transfer within 10 days after a transfer of the
	funds
	Undertake oversight visits together with the municipality for verifications of reported performance
	Submit financial and non-financial reports to the National Treasury 20 days after the end of each month
	• Provide a performance report within 45 days after the end of the quarter in which the funds were spent, to
	the National Treasury, using the disaster allocation monitoring template agreed with the National Treasury Together with the municipalities monitor the implementation of funded projects.
	 Together with the municipalities monitor the implementation of funded projects Support municipalities in accessing the MEHG
	DHS must publish guidelines for registration of beneficiaries and emergency response in rural areas
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Municipalities are responsible for providing the first response in the immediate aftermath of a housing
	emergency and should notify the DHS within 3 days after the disaster has occurred. The assessment and
	physical verification of the disaster should be undertaken within 2 days
	 Municipalities should apply for the MEHG within 14 days of the agreement that an emergency exists Municipalities must facilitate the release of municipal owned land
	 Prepare and submit a complete application with all supporting documents for the MEHG in the event of
	disaster incidents occurring within their jurisdiction
	Together with the national DHS and PDMC conduct initial assessments of disaster impacts to verify the
	applications for funding within five days following the occurrence of a reported incident that meets the
	conditions
	 Upon approval of the application by the national DHS and receipt of funding, implement the intended relief measure (emergency housing solutions) in respect of the affected households and communities
	 Manage implementation of emergency interventions including establishing and maintaining a register or
	database of human settlements disasters and emergencies in the municipality
	Plan disaster mitigation measures in collaboration with the relevant Local Disaster Management Centre;
	these include public awareness and community outreach initiatives in respect of disaster mitigation
	Facilitate the release of municipal owned land for emergency housing and resettlement purposes

Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Plan for potential disaster incidents. This includes identifying communities/households that reside on inadequate land posing a threat to health and safety as well as households who live in areas prone to flooding and/or other disasters Facilitate that identified and prioritised communities and/or households are relocated and properly housed in formalised townships that comply with human settlement development norms and standards Ensure that the shelter solutions comply with the Housing Code Monitor the planning and priority development for communities/households residing in unhealthy and lifethreatening circumstances and provide implementation assistance where required Provide financial and non-financial reports to national DHS within 15 days after the end of each month on a reporting template signed by a duly authorised and or delegated official in the municipality Ensure contingency plans are in place to facilitate the provision of emergency shelter in the immediate aftermath of a housing emergency. These plans could include having standby contracts in place that allow for the rapid deployment of emergency shelter and/or identifying safe sites for temporary shelter Ensure that emergency procurement policies in line with the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) and Treasury Regulations are in place Provide a performance report which includes evidence on progress with implementation of the projects to the national DHS within 30 days after the end of the quarter in which funds are spent Apply for rollover in terms of section 21 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and furnish the transferring officer with a proof of the submission to National Treasury Identify communities and/or households for temporary relocation due to an imminent disaster event Monitor the implementation of funded disaster projects by sectors Maintain a register of the beneficiaries detailing names, ID numbers and physical location as per the DHS Encourage active involvement of communities/effective communication in planning and executing relocation plans Process for approval of Not applicable 2023/24 business plans

	Urban Settlements Development Grant
Transferring department	Human Settlements (Vote 33)
Grant schedule	Schedule 4, Part B
Strategic goal	• The creation of sustainable and integrated human settlements that enable improved quality of household life
Grant purpose	 To supplement the capital revenues of metropolitan municipalities in order to implement infrastructure projects that promote equitable, integrated, productive, inclusive and sustainable urban development
Outcome statements	The outcomes to be realised in order to promote integrated sustainable urban settlements and improved quality of living environments are as follows: supporting inclusive densification and transit-oriented urban development, integrating existing and new urban developments provision of adequate bulk and link infrastructure for mixed-income and mixed-use urban developments provide opportunities for leveraging of public funding within partnerships that promote integrated mixed-income and mixed-use urban development projects and funding for broader urban development provision of resources for sustainable community development for social and economic infrastructure and meaningful participation
Outputs	The following outputs should be funded by the grant to support the improvement of the overall built environment: increase in municipal bulk and link infrastructure construction/provision of internal engineering services, including backyarders and densification overlay zones increase in the number of serviced sites increase in the provision of individual connections increase in land provision for informal settlement upgrading, subsidised housing, or mixed-use developments in support of approved human settlements and other urban developments
	 increase in access to public and socio-economic amenities increase in the number of interim basic services increase in number of community agreements Response to the COVID-19 pandemic Number of municipal-owned facilities identified for quarantine sites that are repaired (limited to repairs to
	existing facilities, not modifications and operational costs) Number of public facilities (by category) sanitised Number of hand-washing dispensers installed Litres of sanitiser procured Number of temperature scanners procured
	Number of municipal workers provided with personal protective equipment
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	• Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	• This grant uses the USDG plan (containing a project list with project names, project descriptions, infrastructure classification, Geographic Information System (GIS) coordinates and wards in which projects are being developed. The USDG plan is consistent with the Integrated Development Plan (IDP), including the human settlements chapter of the IDP, and the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) of the receiving municipality
Conditions	Municipalities must submit a USDG plan that is aligned to the SDBIP, IDP and the One Plan in pilot areas for the District Development Model to the national Department of Human Settlements (DHS) and National Treasury
	 The annual USDG plan must contain a project list with project names, project descriptions, classification of infrastructure, GIS coordinates and wards in which projects are being developed. The submission should include motivations of how the projects will benefit poor households and information on spatial targeting, co-funding and other associated investments The flow of the first tranche is subject to:
	 submission of the 2021/22 third quarter financial performance signed off by the municipal accounting officer or duly delegated official and non-financial information in line with the requirements set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) circular 88 submission of a USDG plan that is aligned to the municipal IDP, SDBIP and national priorities by 27 May 2022
	 The flow of the second tranche will be conditional upon the submission of the 2021/22 fourth quarter financial performance signed off by the municipal accounting officer and or duly delegated authority and non-financial information as per the requirements set out in the MFMA 88 The flow of the third tranche will be conditional upon submission of second quarter financial performance
	signed off by the municipal accounting officer or duly delegated authority and non-financial information as per the requirements set out in the MFMA circular 88 • A maximum of 3 per cent of the USDG may be used to procure capacity to support the implementation of
	USDG human settlements programme outputs as contained in the Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) and in line with the capacity building guideline issued by DHS

	Urban Settlements Development Grant
	Municipalities must indicate the amounts of their annual allocations for spending on the identified national
	priority projects as approved by the municipal council
	• Metros must prioritise the implementation of projects that are in the gazetted Priority Human Settlements
	and Housing Development Areas
	Response to COVID-19 pandemic
	 Municipalities must submit a USDG plan for approval by DHS, outlining the planned use of USDG funds for the following activities as part of the response to the COVID-19 pandemic:
	o municipalities must prioritise the provision of water and sanitation to communities that do not currently
	have access to water services or require additional water services
	o funds may be used for the costs of providing services at higher frequency and/or standards for informal
	settlements and vulnerable communities but a motivation must be submitted to DHS for approval o grant funds may be used for the repair of municipal-owned infrastructure identified for quarantine sites
	(limited to repairs to existing facilities, not modifications and operational costs
	o funds may be used for the sanitisation of public facilities (except public transport facilities)
	Buffalo City may use up to 15 per cent of its allocation for the sanitisation of public transport facilities,
	including providing for hand washing facilities, hand sanitiser, provisions for physical distancing and
	provision of personal protective equipment for public transport workers
	• Monthly reports on COVID-19 expenditure must include information on actual spending and services
	delivered
Allocation criteria	The grant is allocated to all metropolitan municipalities
	• The base allocation is derived from the Municipal Infrastructure Grant formula explained in part 5 of
	annexure W1 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Bill. The formula incorporates household backlogs in basic
Reasons not incorporated	services and access to socio-economic services and poverty-weighted data
in equitable share	• This is a supplementary capital infrastructure grant with conditions, objectives and distribution criteria (including infrastructure backlogs) different to those of the equitable share
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
The performance	The total available funds including rollovers amounted to R11.6 billion and the expenditure was R11.3 billion
	(97 per cent)
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	Delivery performance is indicated in the performance evaluation reports for 2020/21
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R7.4 billion; 2023/24: R7.7 billion and 2024/25: R8 billion
MTEF allocations Payment schedule	 2022/23: R7.4 billion; 2023/24: R7.7 billion and 2024/25: R8 billion Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Responsibilities of the national department
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Responsibilities of the national department Develop indicators for the outcomes and outputs
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the	 Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Responsibilities of the national department Develop indicators for the outcomes and outputs Convene a structured forum to meet with municipalities on a quarterly basis
Payment schedule Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	 Transfers will be made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury Responsibilities of the national department Develop indicators for the outcomes and outputs Convene a structured forum to meet with municipalities on a quarterly basis Monitor and evaluate the municipal financial and non-financial performance of the grant, including quarterly
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Urban Settlements Development Grant Responsibilities of municipalities Metropolitan municipalities may replace non-performing projects with performing projects providing a similar infrastructure that fulfils the same policy objectives. This replacement should not jeopardise the achievement of the overall MTSF targets committed to by the municipality Changes to the approved project list may only be made once a quarter and the metro must notify the DHS in writing and provide all the relevant details of the new project within 30 days after the end of the quarter Comply with the terms and conditions of the receiving officer outlined in the 2022 DoRA Ensure effective and efficient utilisation of the grant and alignment to the purpose and outputs of the grant Ensure compliance with required intergovernmental forums, reporting, and accountability frameworks for human settlements Ensure that the USDG is used to meet municipality MTSF targets Municipalities should submit a signed letter by a municipal manager or a delegated authorised person as an attachment to the monthly and quarterly reports Municipalities must report on the percentage of their allocations spent on service provided by companies owned by designated groups on a quarterly basis Municipalities must adhere to section 16 of the 2022 DoRA if they are planning to appoint any other organ of state to implement Human Settlements projects on their behalf Municipalities must report quarterly on projects funded, in line with the requirements of the MFMA circular 88. Reporting must include financial and non-financial performance on progress against UISP plans, using the template prescribed by the DHS Process for approval of Municipalities must submit a comprehensive USDG plan (based on circular 88 indicators) with targets 2023/24 business plans aligned to the MTSF, IDP and SDBIP and a draft and/or approved municipal budget Municipalities must submit their first draft of the USDG plan to the transferring officer by 24 March 2023 and the final USDG plan should be submitted by 31 May 2023

NATIONAL TREASURY GRANTS

	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To improve infrastructure delivery management capacity within municipalities by developing a long-term and sustainable pool of registered professionals with built environment and related technical skills in engineering, town and regional planning, quantity surveying, geographic information systems and project management
Grant purpose	To recruit unemployed graduates into municipalities to be trained and professionally registered as per the requirements of the relevant statutory councils within the built environment
Outcome statements	 Developed technical capacity within local government to enhance infrastructure provision, and service delivery, through improved infrastructure planning, implementation, operations and maintenance Registered professionals with built environment qualifications (national diploma and/or degree) as per the statutory councils' requirements Increased number of qualified and registered professionals employed within local government
Outputs	 Number of built environment graduates registered as candidates for training and professional development as per requirements of the relevant statutory councils Number of graduates recognised as registered professionals by the relevant statutory councils Number of graduates employed as registered professionals within the built environment in local government
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 Outcome indicators Output indicators Inputs Key activities
Conditions	 The business plan must demonstrate that the municipality has projects in which the graduates can be trained, and provide the relevant complexity of work and responsibility that can support graduates to meet the registration requirements of the relevant statutory councils and the budget must be clearly outlined Municipality must have a Project Management Unit The business plan must be signed by the municipal manager Graduates must be seconded to an entity (public or private) if no relevant training is available to develop the necessary competence of the graduates Where graduates are placed in another entity (public or private) a memorandum of agreement must be developed and signed between the municipality and the entity, according to Infrastructure Skills Development Grant (ISDG) guidelines. The memorandum of agreement must clearly demonstrate the supervision requirements and the roles and responsibilities of all parties associated with the training of graduates Graduates must have a national diploma or degree in the built environment from higher education institutions i.e. universities or universities of technology recognised by the statutory council Municipalities must provide training as per the road-to-registration requirements of the relevant statutory council Mentoring must be provided by registered professionals in the same field as the graduates in training. The full names and proof of registration of the mentor must be submitted to the National Treasury, and a contract must be entered into with each mentor, in accordance with the ISDG guidelines The ISDG funding is to be utilised exclusively for costs associated with the training and professional development process of graduates (refer to ISDG guidelines) The business plan of a municipality must include an absorption strategy for the graduates within the municipality or any other municipality A project administrator may be appointed per municipality for th
Allocation criteria	Allocations are based on business plans submitted and the ability of municipalities to provide training and professional development to graduates for the duration of the candidacy phase as stipulated by statutory councils
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This conditional grant is meant to develop technical skills within municipalities

	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	R143 million was allocated and transferred to 15 municipalities
	 2020/21 service delivery performance The grant has created employment and training opportunities
	 The grant has created employment and training opportunities Currently 367 graduates are in training
	• Since inception of the grant, 303 graduates have been professionally registered with the relevant statutory
	councils
	• 263 graduates are professionally registered and absorbed by the municipalities
	• In 2020/21 the following municipalities hosted graduates through the grant: Buffalo City (27 graduates);
	Nelson Mandela Bay (30 graduates); eThekwini (48 graduates); City of Johannesburg (18 graduates);
	Polokwane (18 graduates); Govan Mbeki (56 graduates); Gert Sibande (31 graduates); Alfred Nzo (19 graduates); Sol Plaatje (13 graduates); John Taolo Gaetsewe (9 graduates); King Sabata Dalindyebo (10
	graduates); City of Cape Town (28 graduates); George (15 graduates); Alfred Duma (11 graduates);
	Thulamela (10 graduates)
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R159 million; 2023/24: R160 million and 2024/25: R167 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by the National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Issue guidelines and supporting documentation for the implementation of the ISDG
receiving officer	• Rollout the ISDG in municipalities in compliance with the ISDG framework, guidelines and relevant
	prescriptsManage, monitor and report on the programme
	Ensure professional development is aligned to statutory council requirements
	Monitor the registration progress of graduates with the relevant statutory councils by municipalities
	Monitor financial and non-financial performance of the ISDG
	Maintain graduates' database for the ISDG
	• Work with relevant stakeholders on policies, strategies and guidelines to recruit graduates into permanent
	positions in local government after they have registered as professionals
	 Participate in the review of the municipal capacity support system during 2022 Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Comply with the requirements of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act, ISDG guidelines, service level
	agreement and the requirements of the relevant statutory councils
	• Municipalities must prepare a structured training plan, indicating how graduates will be exposed to suitable
	projects, to ensure that graduates achieve competencies in relevant activities and are developed
	professionally to meet the outcome(s) requirements for professional registration
	• Seek and provide secondment opportunities/agreements with professional service providers, appointed by
	the municipality, when there is no more relevant work with adequate responsibility for the candidate to progress
	 Provide the candidate with the requisite workspace, supervisor, tools of profession/trade and logistics to
	perform the recommended activities within their training plans
	• Continuously review and assess the candidates' work and progress on the road-to-registration and make
	recommendations for corrective action
	• Ensure that candidates attend professional development activities in accordance with their training plans,
	 progress and the requirements of their respective statutory councils Attend all meetings and workshops convened by the National Treasury relating to this grant
	Support and supervise graduates on the road-to-registration training
	• Recruit professionally registered mentors who are able to provide the skills training required and ensure that
	they are adequately orientated on the registration process and its requirements
	Manage the programme and provide progress reports on a monthly and quarterly basis in the standard
	reporting templates provided by the National Treasury Money the utilization of ISDC finds and report to the National Treasury
	 Manage the utilisation of ISDG funds and report to the National Treasury The municipality must provide, and update, the list of business tools procured with ISDG funds. The business
	tools must be procured in accordance with ISDG guidelines
	• Municipalities must submit applications for graduates to register as candidates with the relevant statutory
	councils within six months, and where not initially eligible, must complete the additional requirements for
	acceptance as a candidate within 12 months of intake
	Municipalities must submit evidence of the graduates' registration to National Treasury when graduates have registrated as professionals.
Process for approval of	registered as professionals Interested municipalities must submit a three-year business plan by 31 August 2022 for assessment by the
2023/24 business plans	National Treasury
pulling	 Participating municipalities must submit revised business plans to the National Treasury by 31 August 2022

	Local Government Financial Management Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	To secure sound and sustainable management of the fiscal and financial affairs of municipalities To secure sound and sustainable management of the fiscal and financial affairs of municipalities.
Grant purpose	• To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA)
Outcome statements	Strengthen capacity in the financial management of municipalities
Outcome statements	 Improved and sustained skills development, including the appointment of interns supporting the
	implementation of financial management reforms focusing on the gaps identified in the Financial
	Management Grant (FMG) support plans
	• Appropriately skilled financial officers, appointed in municipalities consistent with the minimum
	competency regulations
	Improved financial management maturity and capabilities
	Timely submission of financial statements and improved audit outcomes
	Improvement in municipal financial governance and oversight Pediation in country and important for interest and oversight Pediation in country and important for interest and oversight.
Outnuts	Reduction in unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred by municipalities
Outputs	 Number of municipal officials registered for financial management training Number of interns serving on the internship program, and permanently appointed in municipalities
	 Number of municipalities that have reassessed priority modules in the Financial Management Capability
	Maturity Model (FMCMM)
	Number of municipalities with established internal audit units and audit committees
	• Number of municipalities that submitted their annual financial statements timeously
	Number of municipalities with disclaimers and adverse opinions that developed audit action plans
	Submission of FMG support plans
	Number of municipalities that are municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA) complaint
D 1 111 0	Number of disciplinary boards established
Priorities of government that this grant primarily	Priority 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Priority 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 5: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and developmental state Output District 6: Society 1: A capable, ethical and
contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the	This grant uses an FMG support plan which identifies weaknesses in financial management, which are
business plan	planned to be addressed through the grant allocation
Conditions	FMG funds can be used towards the following:
	o strengthen capacity and up-skilling officials in the budget and treasury office, internal audit and audit
	committees
	o a total of five interns in local municipalities and three interns in metropolitan and district municipalities
	must be appointed over a multi-year period. Municipalities must submit a plan for the retention of skills
	developed through the internship programme o acquisition, upgrade and maintenance of financial management systems to produce multi-year budgets,
	in-year reports, service delivery and budget implementation plans, annual financial statements, annual
	reports and automated financial management practices including the mSCOA
	o support the training of municipal financial management officials working towards attaining the minimum
	competencies, as regulated in Government Gazette 29967 of June 2007 amended through Gazette 41996
	of October 2018 support the preparation of the assets register
	 support the preparation of the assets register technical support to municipalities must include the transfer of skills to municipal officials
	o support the implementation of corrective actions to address the root causes of audit findings in
	municipalities that received adverse and disclaimer opinions
	o support the implementation of the financial misconduct regulations and promote consequence
	management to reduce unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred by
	municipalities
	 support to strengthen financial governance and oversight, as well as functioning of Municipal Public Accounts Committees
	o implementation of financial management reforms and overall compliance with the MFMA to address
	shortcomings identified in the Financial Management Capability Maturity Model assessments for that
	municipality
	o on-going review, revision and submission of FMG support plans to the National Treasury that address
	weaknesses in financial management
	• FMG support plan must be consistent with the conditions of the grant and must be submitted timeously Timely submission of reports with complete information or prescribed in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act.
	 Timely submission of reports with complete information as prescribed in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Expenditure must be maintained at appropriate levels
Allocation criteria	 Expenditure must be maintained at appropriate levels All municipalities benefit from allocations to augment their own resources in support of implementation of
ventivii ei itti ia	the financial management reforms
	Priority is given to municipalities:
	o with challenges/shortcomings in processes, procedures and systems to effectively implement the MFMA,
	as identified in the Financial Management Capability Maturity Model assessment
	o with adverse and disclaimer audit opinions

	Local Government Financial Management Grant
Reasons not incorporated	Grant provides direct support to municipalities to develop financial management and technical capacity for
in equitable share	the implementation of the MFMA, its regulations and associated financial reforms
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	R545 million was allocated to 257 municipalities
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	All 257 municipalities submitted FMG support plans
	• 1 211 graduate finance interns were serving on the internship programme in municipalities as at 30 June 2021
	• 2 985 interns have been permanently appointed since 2004 in municipalities
	The grant supported the following outputs:
	 1 597 officials received a statement of results for attaining minimum competencies
	o 52 municipalities utilised the FMG to develop audit action plans and implement corrective actions to
	address 2019/20 audit findings
	 200 (78 per cent) municipalities have established disciplinary boards as at 30 June 2021
	o 235 (91 per cent) of municipalities submitted AFS by the extended deadline as at 31 October 2020
Projected life	• This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R566 million; 2023/24: R569 million and 2024/25: R594 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Management, monitoring and reporting of the programme
receiving officer	• Transfer funds to municipalities in terms of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act
	Undertake on-going monitoring of the municipalities
	• Participate in the review of the municipal capacity support system during 2022
	• With respect to the preparation of asset registers, coordinate with the Department of Cooperative Governance to ensure that there is no duplication of funding with the Municipal Infrastructure Grant
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	Submit support plans which are consistent with the conditions of the grant
	• Submit reports consistent with the reporting requirements in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	On-going review, revision and submission of the FMG support plans to address weaknesses in financial management
	• The programme is based on the FMG support plans which municipalities must submit to the National
	Treasury before the start of the municipal financial year

	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	 Eradicating spatial inequality towards the creation of liveable, sustainable, resilient, efficient, and integrated towns and cities
Grant purpose	 To plan, catalyse, and invest in targeted locations in order to attract and sustain third party capital investments aimed at spatial transformation, that will improve the quality of life, and access to opportunities for residents in South Africa's targeted locations, under-served neighbourhoods, townships and rural towns
Outcome statements	Spatially integrated cities and towns
	Diversity of public and private capital investments leveraged into targeted locations
	Improved ratio of Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (NDPG) to third-party capital investment
	into strategic locations
	• Improved municipal capacity to support infrastructure investment planning, prioritisation, and ability to drive long-term spatial transformation
	 Improved social cohesion and strengthened social safety net
Outputs	Targeted locations with catalytic projects, defined as either:
	 urban hub precincts with secondary linkages and rural regional service centers
	o catalytic programmes within integration zones
	 built environment upgrade projects in urban townships and rural towns leveraged third-party capital investment into targeted locations
	 The production and dissemination of toolkits, guidance and/or good practice notes and supporting knowledge
	sharing events
	• Enhanced municipal strategic competencies in investment targeting, implementation, and urban management
	• Number of work opportunities and Full-Time Equivalents created through the city-led public employment
D : : : : :	programme (PEP)
Priority of government that this grant primarily	 Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
contributes to	Friority 5. Spatial integration, numan settlements and local government
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	• Inputs
G W	Key activities
Conditions	• Compliance with the aims and objectives outlined in the investment plans between the municipality and the
	transferring officer • Submission of cash flow schedules with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and capital grant
	(project) implementation as requested by the transferring officer
	• Programme execution is dependent on a sequential and formal acceptance/approval by the transferring
	officer of NDPG-related municipal plans or deliverables
	• Municipalities must commit to forging partnerships with businesses, investors, communities, national and
	provincial government and state-owned entities in order to leverage the third-party capital investment required to ensure long-term and sustainable outcomes for each precinct
	Response to the COVID-19 pandemic: City-led Public Employment Programme (PEP)
	• R800 million and R855.6 million has been allocated to the eight metros from the Presidential Employment
	Innitiative for 2022/23 and 2023/24 respectively. The breakdown per municipality is as follows:
	2022/23 2023/24
	o Buffalo City R21 million R21 million o City of Cape Town R156 million R161 million
	o City of Cape Town R156 million R161 million o City of Ekurhuleni R58 million R64 million
	o City of Johannesburg R126 million R126 million
	o City of Tshwane R140 million R146 million
	o eThekwini R263 million R293 million
	o Mangaung R20 million R20 million o Nelson Mandela Bay R16 million R25 million
	• Funds may be used to upscale city-led PEPs that contribute to: upgrading informal settlements, maintenance,
	development and management of public space and assets, greening and cleaning; food safety; innovative
	service delivery; sharing and management of local knowledge and information; community safety;
	environmental services and management; and community tourism
	 Metropolitan municipalities must submit a business plan for approval by National Treasury on the date stipulated by National Treasury, outlining the key activities, inputs, output indicators and outcome indicators
	 90 per cent of the funds may be used for the operating costs of running a public employment programme:
	o the basic minimum wage should be used as a guideline for costing the PEP employment opportunities
	o supervisory, project management and operational-related materials costs should be budgeted for
	• A maximum of 10 per cent of the PEP allocation can be used for the purchasing of capital equipment
	Cities can shift funds between city-led PEP projects
	National Treasury must be notified of such shifts in the monthly reports
	• Metropolitan municipalities must report on the use of these funds in line with the reporting requirements of
	section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act

	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant
Allocation criteria	• The grant funds the following activities in targeted locations that are defined as urban hubs and regional
	service centers:
	 planning and the development of catalytic programmes and projects
	 the development of built environment upgrade projects in townships and rural towns
	Schedule 6, Part B: technical assistance allocations support planning and professional programme
	management costs for programmes and projects in targeted locations in order to attract and sustain third party
	capital investments based on the NDPG's allocation criteria
	• Schedule 5, Part B: capital grant allocations are determined via a pipeline of prioritised projects that have been identified through the planning process, in targeted locations
	• Allocations are focused on municipalities whose circumstances align with the NDPG's criteria, these
	include: higher population densities, diverse nature of economic activity, concentrations of poverty,
	inefficient spatial-historical development, improved connectivity and mobility (in particular through
	improved public transport networks)
	• Rural towns are selected according to population or population growth, location, economic potential and/or
	 growth and governance and financial health The city-led PEP allocations are limited to the 8 metropolitan municipalities and are based on the business
	plans submitted by each municipality
Reasons not incorporated	 This grant has a strong focus on catalytic nodal and linkage investment in targeted township locations that is
in equitable share	not the focus of the equitable share
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	• R479 million allocated in Schedule 5, Part B direct transfers to municipalities and R479 million of this was
	transferred to municipalities
	• R63 million allocated in Schedule 6, Part B indirect transfers to municipalities and R61 million of this was
	spent by the end of the national financial year
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 82 NDPG projects under construction in 2020/21
	• R16 billion in estimated third party investment leveraged (cumulative since 2007/08)
	• 607 catalytic projects approved (cumulative since 2007/08)
Desired dife	• 18 long-term urban regeneration programmes registered (cumulative since 2013/14)
Projected life MTEF allocations	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review Private transfers (Schedule 5, Port P).
WITEF anocations	Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B): • 2022/23: R1.4 billion; 2023/24: R1.5 billion and 2024/25: R647 million
	Allocation-in-kind (Schedule 6, Part B):
	• 2022/23: R101 million; 2023/24: R101 million and 2024/25: R105 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Funds plans and catalytic projects in targeted locations that are defined either as urban hubs, integration
receiving officer	zones, catalytic programmes or as built environment upgrade projects in urban and rural towns, including:
	o notifying all municipalities of their allocation status, both directly and via the Neighbourhood
	Development Partnerships page on the National Treasury website
	o reporting in terms of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act
	 determining grant allocations for the Medium Term Expenditure Framework period governing the acceptance or approval milestones of NDPG-related municipal plans or deliverables
	 governing the acceptance or approval milestones of NDPG-related municipal plans or deliverables monitoring, managing and evaluating financial and non-financial performance
	o overseeing and enforcing the conditions of this grant
	o producing and disseminating toolkits, guidance and good practice notes that strengthen competencies in
	investment targeting, implementation and urban management
	• Coordinate an advisory committee that includes the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform,
	Department of Cooperative Governance as part of the management of NDPG's small town projects
	Participate in the review of the municipal capacity support system during 2022
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	• Compile and submit monthly and quarterly expenditure and progress reports in line with NDPG requirements
	and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation ensuring sound financial
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation ensuring sound financial management and value for money
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation ensuring sound financial management and value for money Maintain accurate and up to date grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation ensuring sound financial management and value for money Maintain accurate and up to date grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management information formats and systems
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation ensuring sound financial management and value for money Maintain accurate and up to date grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management information formats and systems Engage stakeholders so as to develop partnerships that leverage funding into the targeted locations
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation ensuring sound financial management and value for money Maintain accurate and up to date grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management information formats and systems Engage stakeholders so as to develop partnerships that leverage funding into the targeted locations Enter and manage partnerships agreements to ensure that the desired project deliverables and objectives are
	 and as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act Submit a cash flow schedule with budgets and timeframes for technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation as requested by the transferring officer Provide adequate human resources capacity for the successful coordination and implementation of NDPG projects Coordinate the development of NDPG related municipal plans or deliverables and ensure that they are aligned with the grant objectives against which performance will be assessed Manage and monitor technical assistance and/or capital grant implementation ensuring sound financial management and value for money Maintain accurate and up to date grant and performance information as specified in NDPG management information formats and systems Engage stakeholders so as to develop partnerships that leverage funding into the targeted locations

Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	
	Mainstream and reflect the NDPG development strategies and plans across the municipality, i.e. through the municipal: spatial development frameworks and capital investment frameworks (as a chapter in the municipal Spatial Development Framework) Integrated Development Plans
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 Submission of NDPG related municipal plans and/or deliverables within the timeframes defined in each municipality's own work plans Plans and/or deliverables must include an indication of: the ability to attract and report on third-party funding leveraged the quality of performance and progress reporting the level of NDPG alignment across all municipal development strategies and plans including coordination, targeting, and prioritisation with other related capital projects as reflected through municipal spatial development frameworks and capital investment frameworks

	Programme and Project Preparation Support Grant
Transferring department	National Treasury (Vote 8)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	• The development of more inclusive, liveable, productive and sustainable urban built environments in
	metropolitan municipalities
Grant purpose	• To support metropolitan municipalities to develop a pipeline of investment ready capital programmes and
	projects through establishing and institutionalising an effective and efficient system of programme and
	project preparation and the allocation of a growing level of municipal resources to preparation activities
Outcome statements	Strengthened and effective system of programme and project preparation in the metropolitan cities
Outputs	• Effective and transparent system for project approvals (clearly defined authorising environment) in the metropolitan municipalities
	 Increased investment in programme and project preparation by the metropolitan municipalities
	 Credible pipeline of projects developed by metropolitan municipalities
	Number of feasibility studies/strategies completed
	Long-term programmes/projects that will attract private investment and assist metropolitan municipality
	enhance revenue
Priority of government	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
that this grant primarily	
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Output indicators
	InputsKey activities
Conditions	 Key activities Eligibility is restricted to metropolitan municipalities which have:
Contitions	Engiolity is restricted to metropolitan municipalities which have: guidelines
	o committed to co-financing contributions
	• The first transfer of the grant will only be released to a municipality that has, by 31 May 2022, submitted a
	work plan to National Treasury with programme and project preparation activities
	Further transfers will be based on performance in line with the work plan submitted to National Treasury
	• Funds can only be spent on direct operating costs for programme and project preparation activities
	• Metropolitan municipalities must commit to forging partnerships with businesses, investors, communities,
	national and provincial government and state-owned entities in order to leverage the third-party capital
Allocation criteria	 investment required to ensure long-term and sustainable outcomes Allocations will be made to eligible metropolitan municipalities on a population-weighted basis in order to
Anocation criteria	account for the relatively greater planning complexity and investment needs in larger metropolitan
	municipalities
	• Final allocations will be made based on municipal submissions (work plan) and performance, and subject to
	co-financing requirements
Reasons not incorporated	
in equitable share	built environment programmes by supporting programme and project preparation. It reflects commitments
	contained in the National Development Plan to streamline funding for urban public investments to support
Past performance	the restructuring of the urban built environment 2020/21 audited financial outcomes
r ast performance	New grant
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	New grant
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R361 million; 2023/24: R377 million and 2024/25: R394 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	• Review eligibility criteria and assess compliance with grant conditions prior to the transfer of each tranche
receiving officer	of the allocations
	• Provide operational guidelines, facilitate peer learning and provide capacity support through the Cities
	Support Programme and the Neighbourhood Development Programme Responsibilities of municipalities
	 Submit a work plan of activities relating to the establishment and institutionalisation of programme and
	project preparation
	• Compile and submit monthly expenditure reports in line with the requirements as stipulated in the 2022
	Division of Revenue Act
	• Compile and submit quarterly non-financial performance related information, including progress reports in
	line with the requirements as stipulated in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act.
	Implement the work plan and report on progress
Process for approval of	• National Treasury will communicate further details of the requirements for project and programme
2023/24 business plans	preparation funding over the 2023 MTEF period by September 2022
	• Municipalities must submit a work plan of activities relating to the establishment and institutionalisation of
	programme and project preparation by November 2022

PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

T	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities
Transferring department	Public Works and Infrastructure (Vote 13)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	 To provide Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) incentive funding to expand job creation efforts in specific focus areas, where labour intensive delivery methods can be maximised
Grant purpose	To incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour-intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP guidelines: road maintenance and the maintenance of buildings low traffic volume roads and rural roads basic services infrastructure, including water and sanitation reticulation (excluding bulk infrastructure) other economic and social infrastructure tourism and cultural industries waste management parks and beautification sustainable land-based livelihoods social services programmes community safety programmes
Outcome statements	 Contribute towards increased levels of employment Improved opportunities for sustainable work through experience and learning gained
Outputs	Number of Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) to be created through the grant
	Number of people employed and receiving income through the EPWP
	Number of days worked per work opportunity created
Priority of government	Priority 2: Economic transformation and job creation
that this grant primarily contributes to	
Details contained in the	The programme is implemented through municipalities using EPWP integrated agreements and project lists
business plan	that specify the number of FTEs and work opportunities to be created
Conditions	 EPWP projects must comply with the project selection criteria determined in the EPWP grant manual, the EPWP guidelines set by the Department of Public Works and Infrastructure (DPWI), the latest EPWP Ministerial Determination, the EPWP Recruitment Guidelines and the National Minimum Wage Act of 2018 including applicable gazettes Municipalities must report monthly on all EPWP projects via DPWI's EPWP reporting system Reports must be loaded on the EPWP reporting system every month. The system closes 15 days after the end of every quarter in order for progress to be assessed Municipalities must maintain participant and payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP grant cannot be used to fund the costs of permanent municipal personnel however, a maximum of 5 per cent of the grant can be used to fund contract-based capacity required to manage data capturing and on-site management costs related to the use of labour-intensive methods The EPWP grant can only be utilised for EPWP purposes, for the projects approved in each municipality's EPWP project list To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, municipalities may use up to 10 per cent of their allocations for the provision of personal protective equipment (e.g., temperature scanners, hand washing facilities, hand sanitizers as per the standard determined by the Department of Health), and provisions for physical distancing To receive the first tranche of the allocations, eligible municipalities must submit a signed integrated agreement with a project list by 30 June 2022 Subsequent grant disbursements are conditional upon: eligible municipalities reporting EPWP performance within the required timeframes compliant reporting on EPWP Integrated Grant funded projects submitting on a quarterly basis non-financial reports including for the last quarter of the previous financial year
Allocation criteria	 To be eligible for an EPWP grant allocation in 2022/23, a municipality must have reported at least 13 FTEs in either the infrastructure sector, social sector or environment and culture sector in the 2020/21 financial year, by 15 October 2021 Newly reporting municipalities must have reported at least 6.5 FTEs in either the infrastructure sector, social sector or environment and culture sector in the 2021/22 financial year by 15 October 2021 The EPWP grant allocations are based on: past EPWP performance the number of FTE jobs created in the prior 18 months past performance with regard to labour intensity in the creation of EPWP work opportunities service delivery information from 2016 Community Survey used as an adjustment factor Penalties are applied to municipalities with negative audit findings and non-compliant in terms of submission of the non-financial reports

	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities
	Rural municipalities will also be prioritised in terms of technical support for implementation provided by
	DPWI
Reasons not incorporated	• This grant is intended to fund the expansion of labour intensity in specific focus areas as well as to incentivise
in equitable share	increased EPWP performance. The grant is based on performance, the potential to expand and the need for
	EPWP work in key focus areas
Past performance	2020/21audited financial outcomes
	• The grant had an allocation of R748 million, 253 municipalities were eligible for the grant and 100 per cent
	of the allocation was transferred to these municipalities
	 2020/21service delivery performance 181 400 work opportunities were reported by 253 municipalities and validated on the EPWP system
	• 62 729 FTE jobs were reported by 253 municipalities and validated on the EPWP system
	Average duration of the work opportunities created has increased to 79 days
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	 2022/23: R778 million; 2023/24: R781 million and 2024/25: R816 million
Payment schedule	• Three tranches per annum: 25 per cent on 3 August 2022; 45 per cent on 2 November 2022 and 30 per cent
1 ayment senedule	on 1 February 2023
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Determine eligibility and set grant allocations and FTE targets for eligible municipalities
receiving officer	• Publish on the EPWP website all documents relevant for municipalities to understand and implement the
	grant, including a grant manual, the relevant EPWP guidelines, the EPWP Ministerial Determination and the
	National Minimum Wage Act including applicable gazettes
	Support municipalities in the manner agreed to in the grant agreement, to:
	o identify suitable EPWP projects and develop EPWP project lists in accordance with the EPWP project
	selection criteria
	o apply the EPWP project selection criteria and EPWP guidelines to project design
	o report using the EPWP reporting system
	• Monitor the performance and spending of municipalities according to the signed incentive agreement
	Conduct data quality assessments on a continuous basis, to support good governance and identify areas for administrative improvement
	 Manage the EPWP coordinating structures in collaboration with provincial coordinating departments to
	support implementation, identify blockages and facilitate innovative solutions
	 Conduct site visits to verify existence of the projects and identify where support is needed
	Responsibilities of the eligible municipalities
	Develop and submit an EPWP project list to DPWI by 30 June 2022
	• Sign the standard funding agreement with DPWI agreeing to comply with the conditions of the grant before
	receiving any grant disbursement
	Agree on the areas requiring technical support from DPWI upon signing the grant agreement
	• Ensure that reporting is done within the timelines stipulated in the grant agreement and that compliant
	information is captured in the EPWP reporting system
	Municipalities must maintain participant payroll records as specified in the audit requirements in the EPWP
	grant manual, and make these available to DPWI for data quality assessment tests
	• EPWP work opportunity reports must be captured on a monthly basis in order for progress to be assessed
	• Submission of quarterly non-financial reports by the timelines stipulated in the clauses of the Division of Revenue Act
Process for approval of	Municipalities must report performance on EPWP projects for the 2022/23 financial year by 31 October 2022
2023/24 business plans	to be eligible for a grant allocation
	Municipalities must submit a signed EPWP integrated agreement and project list by 30 June 2023

TRANSPORT GRANTS

	Public Transport Network Grant
Transferring department	• Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B
Strategic goal	• To support the National Land Transport Act (Act No. 5 of 2009) and Public Transport Strategy (PTS) and Action Plan in promoting the provision of accessible, reliable, and affordable integrated municipal public transport network services
Grant purpose	To provide funding for accelerated construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport infrastructure that forms part of a municipal integrated public transport network (IPTN) and to support the planning, regulation, control, management and operations of fiscally and financially sustainable municipal public transport network services
Outcome statements	 Improved public transport network infrastructure and services that function optimally and are safe, convenient, affordable, well managed and maintained Public transport systems that are accessible to an increasing percentage of the population of urban municipalities and contribute to more spatially efficient urban areas
Outputs	 Network Operations Component Number of average weekday passenger trips carried on Public Transport Network Grant (PTNG) funded networks Number and percentage of municipal households within a 500m walk to an integrated public transport network (IPTN) station or stop that has a minimum peak period frequency of 15 minutes or better Percentage uptime for network operating systems as a proportion of the network's public operating hours Passengers per network vehicle per average weekday Network Infrastructure Component Public transport network infrastructure including dedicated lanes, routes and stops/shelters, stations, depots, signage and information displays, control centres and related information technology, fare systems and vehicles (if the national Department of Transport (DoT) in consultation with National Treasury approves use of grant funds to purchase vehicles), non-motorised transport (NMT) infrastructure that supports network integration (e.g. sidewalks, cycleways, cycle storage at stations, etc.) Plans and detailed design related to IPTN infrastructure and operations Response to COVID-19 pandemic Number of vehicles sanitised Number of public transport facilities sanitised Number of sanitiser and disinfectant procured Number of public transport drivers provided with personal protective equipment (per equipment type)
Priority of government that this grant primarily	 Number of frontline public transport workers provided with personal protective equipment (per equipment type, per category of workers) Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Contributes to Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses IPTN operational and related plans that include financial modelling
Conditions	 Projects must be based on, and form part of, a strategic, municipal wide, long-term IPTN plan and strategy approved by the municipal council Projects funded by this grant must be based on an operational and business plan, which must include a multi-year financial operational plan approved by the municipal council. This multi-year financial operational plan must cover the full duration of any contracts for each phase funded by the PTNG and include operating and maintenance costs and universal design access plans Projects must support an integrated multi-modal network approach as defined in the National Land Transport Act (NLTA) and the Public Transport Strategy and municipalities must manage operations to progressively achieve the standard of service defined in the Public Transport Strategy within available resources Projects should follow an environmental strategy and consider energy efficiency and environmental aspects, such as emission standards; mandatory specifications regarding average fleet emissions should be considered The first tranche is subject to submission of milestones in terms of the template determined by DoT by 27 May 2022 or within seven working days upon adoption/approval by the municipal council, as part of the annual budget appropriation Subsequent payments will be conditional on the attainment of previously funded milestones as specified in the grant allocation letter to each municipality from the DoT. Milestones are based on the approved IPTN operational plans of cities and are defined after consultation with municipalities All public transport infrastructure and services funded through this grant must ensure that there is provision for the needs of special categories of passengers (including disabled, elderly, and pregnant passengers) in line with the requirements of section 11(c)(xiv) of the NLTA Allocations for this grant are made to fund the development, implementation, and operatio

Public Transport Network Grant

- Allocations for the Network Operations Component will be determined by DoT once municipalities submit an annual operations plan including financial forecasts for 2022/23 by 27 May 2022 or within seven working days, upon adoption/approval by the municipal council, as a part of the annual budget appropriation, funds from either component can be shifted to the other if approved by DoT and National Treasury
- The second tranche is subject to cities submitting, by 29 July 2022, an updated multi-year financial
 operational plan (approved by council) for the duration of the vehicle operating contract/s pertaining to any
 phase on which 2022/23 grant funds will be spent
- All new intelligent transport solutions (ITS) related contracts that will incur grant expenditure must be jointly
 approved by DoT and National Treasury before grant funds may be spent on them
- An amount of R335 million in 2022/23 is allocated to the City of Cape Town, as per the revised cash flow schedule, through the Budget Facility for Infrastructure (BFI) for MyCiti Phase 2A and may only be used for that purpose. Should there be cost variations of more than 10 per cent on the BFI funded project, the municipality is required to inform National Treasury and the transferring officer within 30 days
- To ensure efficient usage of grant funds, the DoT can instruct that municipalities utilise national transversal
 appointments for IPTN related items such as professional services, vehicles and information technology
 including automated fare collection and vehicle tracking, where such contracts exist. For this purpose, up to
 5 per cent of a municipality's allocation shall be ringfenced for payment by the relevant municipality where
 the transferring officer deems it necessary

Network Operations Component

- Operating subsidies from this component can fund security, station management, fare collection services, control centre operations, information and marketing, network management, insurance, compensation for the economic rights of existing operators and maintenance of infrastructure and systems
- From the start of operations, IPTN systems must recover all the direct operating costs of contracted vehicle
 operators from fare revenue, other local funding sources and, if applicable, from any Public Transport
 Operations Grant contributions. These direct operating costs consist of fuel, labour, operator administration
 and vehicle maintenance
- From the start of operations on a route, the grant can fund a portion of the per kilometre rate to subsidise up to 100 per cent of the capital cost (including interest and related fees) of vehicles purchased by the vehicle operating company
- IPTN operational plans and on-going operations management must target improved farebox cost coverage, through minimising costs and maximising fare revenues. Municipalities operating network services are required to supply detailed operating performance and operating cost and revenue reports quarterly in the formats prescribed by the DoT
- Operating subsidies for any new or existing service, line, route, or phase, will only be transferred after a municipality meets the requirements of DoT's Operational Readiness Framework
- Municipalities must enforce rules and by-laws regarding usage of dedicated lanes, fare payment, and operator/supplier compliance with contractual provisions
- Municipalities are required to establish the specialist capacity to manage and monitor public transport system contracts and operations
- Verified data on operator revenue and profitability and draft agreements for the compensation of existing
 economic rights of affected operators must be provided to DoT before concluding agreements on
 compensation for economic rights
- Municipalities must enforce agreements that only legal operators operate on routes subject to compensation agreements

Network Infrastructure Component

- The grant can fund all IPTN-related infrastructure, including non-motorised transport, upgrades of existing public transport infrastructure and new infrastructure
- Municipalities must demonstrate in their IPTN operational plans that they have attempted to give maximum
 priority to public and non-motorised transport while minimising costs through using existing infrastructure,
 road space and public land
- For each phase, final network routing, service design and related financial modelling must be submitted to DoT for review and approval before municipalities proceed with detailed infrastructure design
- IPTN projects must meet the minimum requirements of the South African Bureau of Standards (including Part S of the Building Regulations)
- Contracted operators should finance and own vehicles unless a case for the exceptional use of limited infrastructure funding for vehicle procurement is approved by DoT, in consultation with National Treasury.
 If approval is granted, any vehicles purchased with grant funds must remain the property of the municipality
- To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic, municipalities may request approval from the DoT to use up to 25 per cent of their allocations for the sanitisation of public transport facilities, including the provision of personal protective equipment for public transport workers, hand washing facilities and provisions for physical distancing
- Municipalities must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in their reports submitted in terms of section 12 of the Division of Revenue Act

Allocation criteria

Allocations are only made to municipalities that submit business plans in line with the above conditions, that demonstrate sufficient capacity to implement and operate any proposed projects, and credibly demonstrate the long-term fiscal and financial sustainability of the proposed projects

Public Transport Network Grant

- 75 per cent of available funds are allocated according to the three public transport demand factors. The three equally weighted demand factors are:
 - o size of population
 - o size of economy
 - o number of public transport users
- 20 per cent of available funds are allocated through a base component shared equally between participating municipalities
- 5 per cent of available funds are allocated as a performance incentive to operating municipalities based on the following three indicators (with a minimum threshold that will be revised upwards periodically):
 - coverage of costs from farebox: fare revenue as a percentage of direct operating costs, which indicates a commitment to reducing operational costs, and is a measure of efficiency. The minimum threshold is 35 per cent
 - passenger trips: average weekday passenger trips as a percentage of the population. This indicates
 coverage of the system, in providing the services to residents. The minimum threshold is 1 per cent. The
 city should be operating for at least two months
 - skin in the game: city own funding as a percentage of the city's total property rates used towards funding
 the IPTN construction and operation. This is a measure of the cities' commitment to the system. The
 minimum threshold is 2 per cent
- To be eligible for the incentive, municipalities must have spent at least 80 per cent of their PTNG allocation from the preceding year and exceed the minimum threshold in at least one of the three indicators
- The information used for the incentive comes from cities' multi-year financial plans. If this information
 exceeds the audited numbers by more than 5 per cent, this will be corrected in the subsequent financial year
 by reducing the city's allocation by the amount that is over the amount the city would have received if
 calculations were based on the audited numbers
- Allocations for the Network Operations Component are based on municipalities' Annual Operations Plans (to be submitted to DoT by 27 May 2022) which indicate the amount of the 2022/23 total allocation to be used within the rules of this component
- Approval of these allocations is specified in the DoT allocation letter to municipalities and is based on the following rules:
 - o DoT approval of the annual operations plan
 - the annual operations plan must be costed to meet specific operating targets per network phase to be achieved within the 2022/23 financial year to qualify for eligibility into the 2023/24 formula
 - o the network operations component can be used in each phase and sub-phase of the introduction of services to fund up to 70 per cent of indirect operating costs for two years after the municipal financial year in which operations start. Thereafter the grant can fund up to 50 per cent. Non-PTNG sources must cover the remaining costs
 - compensation for the economic rights of existing operators can be funded up to 100 per cent in each phase

Reasons not incorporated in equitable share

 Infrastructure and operational costs associated with the implementation of the Public Transport Strategy and NLTA were not included in municipal budgets before the introduction of IPTN services

Past performance

2020/21 audited financial outcomes

• R4.4 billion was allocated and transferred to the respective municipalities implementing IPTN programmes. Of this amount R3.9 billion was spent, equivalent to 89 per cent expenditure

2020/21 service delivery performance

- Cape Town: Dunoon construction is ongoing 1.5 kilometres of bi-directional roadway constructed, and 37 kilometres of cycling lane or walkway constructed; average of 40 973 weekday passenger trips; average of 208 weekday passengers per network vehicle
- **Ekurhuleni:** Cumulatively 9 closed stations constructed; 32 other stops constructed; 1 control center and 6 kilometers of cycling lane or walkway constructed; average of 10 343 passenger journeys and average of 81.94 weekday passengers per network vehicle
- eThekwini: 4 stations in Corridor 1 and 7 kilometres constructed; 0.9 kilometres of 14.5 kilometres in Corridor 9 constructed
- George: 6 stops with shelters;1 control centre and 86 kilometres of cycling lane or walkway constructed; average of 11 566 passenger journeys and average of 188 weekday passengers per network vehicle
- Johannesburg: 98 percent completion of 17.2 kilometres new median bus lanes; 93 percent completion of Watt/Alex interchange. Selby Depot phase 2B at 81 percent completion and Selby Depot phase 2C is at 75 percent; 90 percent completion of Alex Depot phase 1; Park Station low floor station at 28 percent completion. Watt Station at 68 percent completion. Con Hill at 60 percent completion; average of 33 032 passenger journeys and average of 120.5 weekday passengers per network vehicle
- Mangaung: 7.5 kilometres of bi-directional roadway constructed and 1 depot constructed and is 87 percent
 complete; construction of the Fort Hare Trunk Route Section 2 is 82 percent complete; construction of the
 Chief Moroka link is 95 percent complete; construction of the Moshoeshoe trunk route part A is 63 percent
 complete; construction of the Moshoeshoe trunk route Part B is 52 percent complete; construction of the
 bus depot phase 1 civil works is 70 percent complete
- Nelson Mandela Bay: Construction of the Stanford Rd/N2 bridge widening and pedestrian crossing is 100
 percent complete; construction of route shelters is 80 percent complete; construction of bus embayment is
 100 complete; upgrade/construction of sidewalks is 100 percent complete; maintenance/resurfacing of

Public Transport Network Grant IPTS trunk and feeder routes is 100 complete; average of 2 115 weekday passenger journeys and average of 70.25 weekday passengers per network vehicle Polokwane: Construction of civil works at the layover facility is complete; continuation of depot civil works is 30 percent complete; trunk at 25 percent completion and station at 30 percent completion; renovation of day-time layover facility buildings is 98 percent complete; development and testing of 5 x 9meter buses is 90 percent complete; upgrading of the public transport facilities is 95 percent complete: AFC and PTMS installations on 21 x 12m buses, one-9-meter bus, layover facility and control centre is completed Rustenburg: 4 kilometres bi-directional roadway constructed; 2 closed stations constructed and 20 kilometres cycling lane or walkway constructed; funding model and the delivery of 10 buses for phase 1A is 100 percent completed; 100 percent of the bus deposit paid; turn-around facility and depot are 35 percent complete; progress on the interim service agreement negotiations is at 65 percent; station construction is 59 percent complete Tshwane: Line 2B: Lynnwood Road design reviews are 98 percent complete; Capital Park bridges are 97 percent complete; Wonderboom civil and bulk earthworks is 100 complete; building works for Wonderboom intermodal facility is 39 percent complete; progress on the Belle Ombre Phase 2 is at 48 percent; average of 23 017 weekday passenger journeys and average of 137.8 weekday passengers per network vehicle **Projected life** This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review MTEF allocations 2022/23: R6 billion; 2023/24: R6.7 billion and 2024/25: R7.7 billion Payment schedule Transfers are made in accordance with an agreed payment schedule approved by the National Treasury Responsibilities of the Responsibilities of the national department transferring officer and Disburse PTNG funds and monitor PTNG expenditure receiving officer Monitor IPTN implementation progress and operating performance in line with the NLTA and the public transport strategy Verify reports from municipalities by conducting at least one site visit per annum Allocate funds based on stated priorities through an allocation mechanism agreed to by the DoT and National Review and comment on draft compensation agreements for economic rights Review and comment on the network model submitted by each municipality Evaluate the performance of the grant annually Maintain the database of operational performance based on the indicators and continue to track, report, and evaluate the performance of the grant based on these measures Finalise the public transport subsidy policy for South Africa Develop cost norms for ITS and include these in the annual PTNG guidelines and requirements circulated to municipalities by DoT Submit copies of allocation letters and milestones to the National Treasury Review the Public Transport Strategy to ensure its requirements enable municipalities to develop fiscally sustainable IPTN systems Implement internal mechanisms to monitor adherence to grant conditions and manage the disbursements of the grant where there is non-compliance. Measures to address non-compliance include withholding transfers, as provided for in section 17 of the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA). If matters are still unresolved, this may result in the stopping and reallocation of tranche payments in terms of sections 18 and 19 of DoRA DoT must report separately on COVID-19 expenditure, in its reports submitted in terms of the requirements of section 10 of the DoRA and must share these reports with the National Disaster Management Centre Responsibilities of municipalities Ensure that projects are implemented in line with approved business plans and are also reflected in the integrated development plan of the municipality. Additional plans that municipalities will need to complete o network operational plans, including universal design access plans business and financial plans (including financial modelling, economic evaluation, and operator transition institutional network management plans engineering and architectural preliminary and detailed designs public transport vehicle and technology plans marketing and communication plans Projects funded by this grant must promote the integration of the public transport networks in a municipality, through: physical integration between different services within a single network fare integration between different services marketing integration with unified branding institutional integration between the services spatial integration, in conjunction with other grants directed at the built environment Provide budget proposals for the PTNG funding that: o are based on sound operational and financial plans that cover direct vehicle company operating costs

from local sources at a minimum

Public Transport Network Grant		
	 indicate the intended allocations between the network operations component and network infrastructure component 	
	 Establish a dedicated project team to plan, manage and monitor infrastructure development and maintenance, as well as operations with an emphasis on optimising vehicle kilometres through full use of procured Intelligent Transport System tools 	
	• Compile and submit data that indicates the efficiency and effectiveness of operational services in the formats and use the indicators defined by the DoT	
Process for approval of 2023/24 business plans	 Municipalities must submit business plans based on a fiscally and financially sustainable IPTN (or an agreed plan to compile this), supported by credible multi-year financial operational plans by 29 July 2022 which include plans for how all municipal owned bus services will be integrated into the 10-year IPTN programme DoT and National Treasury will jointly evaluate these plans – based on pre-determined criteria regarding financial and fiscal sustainability and sufficient capacity – for the municipality's eligibility for an allocation in the 2023/24 financial year 	
	Municipalities that fail to pass the eligibility criteria will be informed by 26 August 2022 and may be asked to resubmit plans	

	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant
Transferring department	• Transport (Vote 40)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B Schedule 5, Part B Sch
Strategic goal	Ensure efficient and effective investment in municipal roads through development of road asset management systems (RAMS), collection and analysis of data
Grant purpose	To assist district municipalities to set up rural RAMS, and collect road, bridges and traffic data on municipal road networks in line with the Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa
Outcome statements	Improved data on municipal roads to guide infrastructure maintenance and investments
Outputs	 Road condition data (paved and unpaved) as per prescribed Technical Methods for Highways (TMH-series) Traffic data Data on condition of structures (including bridges and culverts) as per prescribed Technical Methods for Highways (TMH 19 series) Borrow Pit Management data Safety assessments data Prioritised project list for roads to inform Municipal Infrastructure Grant project selection
Priority of government that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	This grant uses Road Asset Management Business Plans which contain the following details: network hierarchy performance management framework gap analysis information systems lifecycle planning current and future demand financial plan monitoring reviewing plans for continual improvements including sharing data with local municipalities
Conditions	 Transfer of the first tranche is conditional on submission of an approved business plan by 27 May 2022 Transfer of the second tranche is conditional on submission of evidence of engagements and sharing of data with local municipalities and compliance with monthly and quarterly signed report submissions to the national Department of Transport (DoT), and the relevant provincial roads authorities Road authorities must conduct regular condition assessments for paved and unpaved roads, structure, traffic data and any other road inventory data District municipalities must provide local municipalities with validated information from the condition data collected to enable municipalities to identify and prioritise road maintenance requirements within their own budgets, to improve the condition and extend the lifespan of road infrastructure For Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa Class R1, R2 and R3 roads, data collection requirements are: visual condition data not older than two years for pavements and five years for bridges instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than two years traffic data not older than three years For Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa Class R4 and R5 roads, data requirements are: visual condition data not older than three years For Road Infrastructure Strategic Framework for South Africa Class R4 and R5 roads, data requirements are: visual condition data not older than three years for pavements and five years for bridges instrumental pavement data for roughness, rut depth and macro texture not older than four years on paved roads only traffic data not older than five years All
Allocation criteria	 Graduates must attend a Spatial Intelligence Data Science Course Allocations are based on the extent of road network and number of local municipalities within a district municipality
Reasons not incorporated in equitable share	This is a specific purpose grant mainly for the provision of systems to collect data on traffic and conditions of municipal roads and structures

	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	Of the R108 million allocated and transferred to municipalities, 63 per cent was spent
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	35 957 kilometres of paved road network and 53 255 kilometres of unpaved road network were assessed
	13 853 structures identified by the programme in the district municipalities receiving the grant
	159 graduates were recruited into the programme
Projected life	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review
MTEF allocations	• 2022/23: R115 million; 2023/24: R115 million and 2024/25: R121 million
Payment schedule	Transfers are made in accordance with the payment schedule approved by National Treasury
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Monitoring implementation of RAMS together with provincial road authorities
receiving officer	Data integrity will be checked by DoT and provincial road authorities
_	Provide guidance on sustainable RAMS operations and standards
	• Facilitate interaction between local municipalities and district municipalities in using RAMS outputs as
	guidance in municipal road infrastructure management
	Management, monitoring and reporting of the programme
	Agree on RAMP with participating municipalities
	Coordinate with the National Treasury to ensure that the capacity building activities of the two departments
	are complimentary
	Submit reports which are consistent with the reporting requirements in the 2022 Division of Revenue Act
	Ensure that municipal road authorities conduct regular condition assessments for paved and unpaved roads,
	structure, traffic data and any other road inventory data
	• DoT must support municipalities with planning and implementation of municipal roads projects in terms of
	the conditions, standards and specifications applicable to this sector
	Responsibilities of municipalities
	Municipalities must make provision to maintain RAMS after the lifespan of the grant
	Municipalities must submit monthly reports that comply with the DoT and Treasury financial template as well as performance report by the 15th of every month
	Submit completed quarterly performance report templates 30 days after the end of each quarter
	Data for all rural roads to be updated within two years
	Recruit unemployed youth, S3 experiential training students and young graduates
	Ensure human capacity at municipalities for the operation of RAMS is built
	Municipalities investing in roads infrastructure must utilise data from the rural RAMS where available, to identify and prioritise their investment on roads projects, including maintenance
	Identify municipal officials that will be recipients of skills transfer and attend a Spatial Intelligence Data Science Course
	Ensure that municipal officials participate actively in all activities funded through this grant
	• Ensure systems and practices developed through this grant are sustained as part of the operations of the
	municipality
	Submit updated RAMS data in TMH 18 format by 27 May 2022
Process for approval of	District municipalities must submit a signed and approved Road Asset Management Plan (RAMP)/business
2023/24 business plans	plan to DoT by 31 May 2022
	RAMP must contain the following:
	the extent of the road network in the municipality
	 the proportion of municipal roads with updated data captured on its RAMS
	o the condition of the network in the municipality
	o the maintenance and rehabilitation needs of the municipal road network
	o the status of the municipality's RAMS
	o status of institutionalisation of RAMS in the district municipality
	TMH 22 RAMP guideline can be used as template D. T. G. Charles and J. Charl
	• DoT together with provincial roads authorities will evaluate and approve the business plans and progress
	reports by 30 June 2022

WATER AND SANITATION GRANTS

	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Water and Sanitation (Vote 41)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	 Facilitate achievement of targets for access to bulk water and sanitation through successful execution and implementation of bulk projects of regional significance
Grant purpose	 To develop new, refurbish, upgrade and replace ageing bulk water and sanitation infrastructure of regional significance that connects water resources to infrastructure serving extensive areas across municipal boundaries or large regional bulk infrastructure serving numerous communities over a large area within a municipality To implement bulk infrastructure with a potential of addressing water conservation and water demand management (WC/WDM) projects or facilitate and contribute to the implementation of local WC/WDM projects that will directly impact on bulk infrastructure requirements
Outcome statements	Access to water supply enabled through regional bulk infrastructure Proper wastewater management and disposal enabled through regional wastewater infrastructure
Outputs	Number of projects/project phases completed Number of households targeted to benefit from bulk water and sanitation supply Number of job opportunities created through implementation of bulk infrastructure projects Number of households provided with water and sanitation through local source development
Priority of government	
that this grant primarily contributes to	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
Details contained in the business plan	 This grant uses approved implementation readiness studies (IRS) which include the following: inception/scoping report technical feasibility report preliminary designs and cost estimates Schedule 6, Part B projects are implemented through a memorandum of understanding (MoU) which contains such flow implementation milestones and specific finding conditions related to the project.
Conditions	 contains cash flow, implementation milestones and specific funding conditions related to the project The Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG) is intended to fund the social component of regional bulk
	 All identified projects must be referenced to and included in the municipal Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Water Services Development Plans (WSDP) and show linkages to projects under the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) and/or the Water Services Infrastructure Grant (WSIG) Funds may only be used for drought relief interventions based on a business plan approved by DWS To respond to the COVID-19 pandemic: funds may be used to implement source development or bulk linkage projects to replace the need for water trucking municipalities must submit a separate business plan for this spending Schedule 5, Part B allocations Municipalities must submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports to DWS on stipulated dates Municipalities must spend grant funds in line with the IRS and detailed designs approved by DWS Municipalities must submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports to DWS on stipulated dates Municipalities must spend at least 85 per cent of 2021/22 transferred funds to qualify for the first tranche of 2022/23 Municipalities must spend at least 25 per cent of their first transfer by the end of September 2022 and comply with reporting provisions before the second transfer is made Municipalities must spend at least 40 per cent of their total RBIG allocations by 30 December 2022 before the subsequent transfer is made Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of their total RBIG allocations before the final transfer is made Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of their total RBIG allocations before the final transfer is made Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of their total RBIG allocations before the final transfer is made Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of their total RBIG allocations before the final transfer is made Municipalities must spend at least 50 per cent of th
Allocation criteria	 All projects must be implemented and transferred in line with the approved IRS and detailed designs Projects are assessed individually, and allocations are made by DWS on a project basis, taking into account the following factors: demand and availability of water the overall infrastructure needs
	 the strategic nature of the project socio-economic importance of an area

Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant		
	o impact of the project	
	This grant is only allocated to Water Services Authorities (local and district municipalities)	
Reasons not incorporated	Regional bulk projects are closely linked to water resource planning and development, which is a DWS	
in equitable share	competency • Projects may cross municipal boundaries	
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcome	
T ust per for mance	Of the budget allocation (Schedule 5, Part B) of R2 billion, R2 billion (100 per cent) was transferred and	
	R1.2 billion (64.4 per cent) was spent	
	Of the revised budget allocation (Schedule 6, Part B) of R4.1 billion, R1.7 billion (41 per cent) was spent	
	2020/21 service delivery performance	
	• Eleven (11) projects and phases were completed: (1) Sebokeng Waste Water Treatment Works (WWTW) - phase 1 of 2; (2) Empuluzi/ Methula Regional Bulk Water System - phase 8 of 8; (3) Balfour WWTW - phase 2 of 3; (4) Brandvlei Bulk Water Supply (BWS) - Phase 1 of 1; (5) Britstown BWS - phase 1 of 2; (6) Maluti a Phofung - phase 3 of 4; (7) Graaff Reinet emergency Water Supply Scheme - phase 1 of 2 (groundwater); (8) Mafube BWS - phase 1; (9) Mantsopa BWS - phase 2 of 2; (10) Koster WWTW - Phase 1 of 1; and (11) Citrusdal WWTW	
Projected life	88 project phases were under construction This part against 2004/25 publicates against	
Projected life MTEF allocations	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B):	
WITEF anocations	• 2022/23: R2.5 billion; 2023/24: R2.9 billion and 2024/25: R2.8 billion	
	Allocations-in-kind (Schedule 6, Part B):	
	• 2022/23: R3.5 billion; 2023/24: R3.6 billion and 2024/25: R3.8 billion	
Payment schedule	Transfers for Schedule 5, Part B allocations are made in terms of a payment schedule approved by National	
	Treasury	
D	Payments for Schedule 6, Part B allocations are made after verification of work performed	
Responsibilities of the transferring officer and	Responsibilities of the national department • Support the development of Water Services Authorities' (WSAs) water services infrastructure master plans	
receiving officer	 Support the development of water services Authorities (wsAs) water services infrastructure master plans Ensure every municipality benefiting from a specific project or scheme is invited to participate in the 	
Teeer, mg omeer	feasibility study, IRS and construction	
	Enter into an MoU with WSAs regarding the construction, ownership, funding arrangements, and operation and maintenance of proposed infrastructure prior to the commencement of construction	
	If required, ensure the necessary authorisations including environmental impact assessment and water use	
	licences are obtained	
	Ensure that the land assessment is done prior to project implementation	
	Provide detailed information on the selection criteria and conditions for the grant (RBIG Programme)	
	Implementation Framework)	
	Ensure that suitable agreements in terms of operation and maintenance are in place Leave agreed to the company of the co	
	 Issue project funding approval letters to benefiting municipalities Ensure that implementing agents submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports on stipulated 	
	dates	
	Make payments of Schedule 6, Part B allocations to DWS's contracted implementing agents based on invoices for work done	
	Report separately on the use of funds for COVID-19 response, in line with the requirements of section 10 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and share this information with the National Disaster Management Centre	
	Responsibilities of water services authorities	
	Develop and regularly update water services infrastructure master plans Only to the plant of the plant	
	 Submit monthly, quarterly and annual progress reports to DWS Ensure that projects are appropriately linked to the municipality's water services infrastructure master plans, 	
	their IDP and WSDP and projects funded through the MIG and WSIG	
	Once a project is completed, ensure adherence to operations and maintenance plans and/or any other requirements agreed to as part of the funding agreement contained in the MoU, and ensure the sustainability of infrastructure	
	 Ensure integration of planning, funding, timing and implementation of bulk and reticulation projects Ensure provision of reticulation services and/or reticulation infrastructure to connect to the bulk infrastructure funded through this grant 	
Process for approval of	Due to the long-term nature of projects, dates of the various processes are not fixed	
2023/24 business plans	All proposed projects which comply with the RBIG criteria must be registered and listed in DWS's bulk master plans	
	At regional level, a coordination committee of key stakeholders to assist with planning of regional bulk	
	projects and the assessment of the IRS and feasibility studies must be in place	
	Pre-feasibility studies must assess potential for WC/WDM interventions The state of the st	
	IRS and feasibility studies will be evaluated and approved by the transferring officer Paged on the system of the IRS. DWS will nominate the implementing agent for the construction phase of	
	Based on the outcome of the IRS, DWS will nominate the implementing agent for the construction phase of Schedule 6, Part B projects and designate the owner of the infrastructure. National Treasury and benefitting municipalities will be informed of the decisions	
	• Projects requiring co-funding exemptions to be submitted to DWS by 29 July 2022 and DWS to submit the	
	requests to National Treasury by 31 August 2022	

	Water Services Infrastructure Grant
Transferring department	Water and Sanitation (Vote 41)
Grant schedule	Schedule 5, Part B and Schedule 6, Part B
Strategic goal	To provide water and sanitation services and reduce backlogs
Grant purpose	Facilitate the planning and implementation of various water and sanitation projects to accelerate backlog
	reduction and enhance the sustainability of services especially in rural municipalities
	Provide basic and intermittent water and sanitation supply that ensures provision of services to identified and priorities and appropriate including apping protection and group durater development.
	prioritised communities, including spring protection and groundwater development Support municipalities in implementing water conservation and water demand management (WC/WDM)
	projects
	Support the close-out of the existing Bucket Eradication Programme intervention in formal residential areas
	Support drought relief projects in affected municipalities
Outcome statements	An increased number of households with access to reliable, safe drinking water and sanitation services
Outputs	Number of households provided with water and sanitation through:
•	o reticulated water supply
	o on site sanitation
	o bucket systems replaced with appropriate sanitation facilities for households identified by the
	Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS) in the 2015/16 verification process
	o source identification
	o water conservation/water demand management provision
	Number of Water Services Infrastructure Grant (WSIG) projects under construction Number of WSIG projects completed.
	Number of WSIG projects completed Number of bousholds reached by health and bygiene awareness and end user education.
	Number of households reached by health and hygiene awareness and end-user education Number of job opportunities created through implementation of water and sanitation projects
Priority of government	Priority 5: Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
that this grant primarily	- Thom, 5. Spanial integration, numan settlements and focal government
contributes to	
Details contained in the	Outcome indicators
business plan	Project overview
	Project costing
	Project milestones
	Impact declaration
	• Schedule 6, Part B projects are implemented through a memorandum of understanding (MoU) which
Conditions	contains cash flow, implementation milestones and specific funding conditions related to the project • All project scope funded must be aligned to and not duplicate, any existing or planned projects funded by
Conditions	All project scope funded must be aligned to and not duplicate, any existing or planned projects funded by other conditional grants or municipal own funds
	Municipalities must demonstrate in their business plans how they plan to manage, operate and maintain the
	infrastructure over the long term
	• The maximum allocation for WSIG projects is R50 million, any project above this threshold is to be funded
	in the Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant
	Projects should ideally be implemented over a year and the maximum period that a project can be
	implemented is three years
	Projects must be aligned to bulk infrastructure and must be at the scheme level
	Schedule 5, Part B allocations
	Municipalities must submit business plans signed-off by their accounting officer in line with their Water Sorvices Development Plans (WSDPs) and Integrated Development Plans (IDPs)
	Services Development Plans (WSDPs) and Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) • DWS must approve the business plans before projects can be implemented
	If available, business plans must consider the results of the green drop assessments in prioritising projects
	Water Service Authorities (WSAs) may only spend funds in line with approved business plans
	Municipalities must have spent at least 85 per cent of 2021/22 transferred funds to qualify for the first tranche
	of 2022/23
	Municipalities must spend at least 25 per cent of their first transfer and comply with the reporting provisions before the second and subsequent transfers are made.
	before the second and subsequent transfers are made • Municipalities must spend at least 40 per cent of their total WSIG transferred allocation by 30 December
	2022 and comply with the reporting provisions before further transfers are made
	WSAs must submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports to DWS
	Funds must be reflected in the capital budget of the municipality
	Grant funds must not be spent on operations and routine maintenance
	• The Project Management Unit funded through the Municipal Infrastructure Grant should be utilised to
	manage the implementation of projects funded through this grant
	Funds may only be used for drought relief interventions based on a plan approved by DWS
	Schedule 6, Part B allocations
	Municipal accounting officers must sign-off that business plans are in line with their WSDP/IDP BYG BYG Company BYG BYG Company BYG BYG BYG BYG BYG BYG BYG BY
	DWS must approve the business plans before projects can be implemented
	• If available, business plans must consider the results of the green drop assessments in prioritising projects
Allocation criteria	DWS must enter into an MoU with the relevant municipality before any project is implemented Allocations are based on the number of households with voter and societation healthags prioritising the 27.
Anocation Criteria	Allocations are based on the number of households with water and sanitation backlogs, prioritising the 27 priority district municipalities identified by government
	priority district mainterparties identified by government

	Water Services Infrastructure Grant
Reasons not incorporated	The grant is earmarked for specific projects aimed at providing access to basic water and sanitation services
in equitable share	
Past performance	2020/21 audited financial outcomes
	Water Services Infrastructure Grant (Schedule 5, Part B):
	of the the revised busget allocation of R3.4 billion, R3.4 billion (100 per cent) was transferred and R2.5
	billion (75 per cent) was spent
	Water Services Infrastructure Grant (Schedule 6, Part B): One of the services Infrastructure Grant (Schedule 6, Part B): One of the services Infrastructure Grant (Schedule 6, Part B): One of the services Infrastructure Grant (Schedule 6, Part B): One of the services Infrastructure Grant (Schedule 6, Part B): One of the services Infrastructure Grant (Schedule 6, Part B):
	o of the revised budget allocation of R591 million, R453 million (77 per cent) was spent
	2020/21 service delivery performance
	• 106 454 households served
Duningted life	• 347 jobs created
Projected life MTEF allocations	This grant continues until 2024/25, subject to review Direct transfers (Schedule 5, Part B):
MILE allocations	
	• 2022/23: R3.7 billion; 2023/24: R3.9 billion and 2024/25: R4 billion Allocations-in-kind (Schedule 6, Part B):
	2022/23: R771 million; 2023/24: R805 million and 2024/25: R841 million
Payment schedule	For Schedule 5, Part B, transfers are made in accordance with a payment schedule approved by National
- nymene seneunie	Treasury
	For Schedule 6, Part B, payments are made to contracted implementing agents (including water boards and
	private service providers) after verification of work performed
Responsibilities of the	Responsibilities of the national department
transferring officer and	Evaluate and approve the business plans for each project before funds can be transferred
receiving officer	Ensure that the conditions of the grant and approved business plans are adhered to
	• Ensure that, if available, the results of the green drop assessments are considered in the planning and
	prioritisation of projects
	Submit statutory reports (monthly financial, quarterly non-financial and annual performance) to National
	Treasury
	Ensure that implementing agents submit monthly financial and quarterly non-financial reports
	Ensure alignment of WSIG projects with projects approved in the MIG implementation plans
	• In cases where DWS appoints a contractor, the contract between DWS and the appointed contractor must be
	signed before the project can commence
	• All drought-related plans and expenditure must be shared with the National Disaster Management Centre
	Submit a water services capacity building plan for municipalities to National Treasury by 24 June 2022 COVID 10. COVID 10.
	Report separately on the use of funds for COVID-19 response, in line with the requirements of section 10 of the 2022 Division of Revenue Act and share this information with the National Disaster Management Centre
	Responsibilities of water services authorities
	Compile and submit signed-off business plans for each project (for the relevant financial year)
	Sustainably operate and maintain funded water and sanitation projects over their lifetime
	Ensure integrated planning for all projects funded through the different grants and programmes
	Municipalities must submit a technical report for each project to the regional office
	Ensure adequate participation and involvement of the public in each project
	• Ensure that, if available, the results of the green drop assessments are considered in the planning and
	prioritisation of projects
	Manage project implementation in line with the business plan
	Submit monthly, quarterly and annual progress reports in the format prescribed by DWS
	Comply with all the funding conditions agreed to in the business plan and MoU
Process for approval of	Municipalities must submit a technical report for each project to the regional office
2023/24 business plans	Regional offices must assess and approve technical reports
	Municipalities must prepare business plans based on the approved technical reports
	Business plans for Schedule 5, Part B allocations:
	o business plans must be submitted by 30 October 2022
	o business plans must be approved by 31 January 2023
	Business plans for Schedule 6, Part B allocations:
	o business plans must be submitted by 30 October 2022
	o business plans must be approved by 31 January 2023
	Municipalities must submit implementation plans by 27 May 2023

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS

	Infrastructur	Infrastructure Skilk Development Grant		ocal Governmen	Local Government Financial Management Grant	_	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	Works Programn for Municipalitie	ne Integrated	Programme and	Programme and Project Preparation Support Grant	ation Support	SUB-1	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	1TN
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	1.	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2 023/24 (R 000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE															
A BUF Buffalo City A NMA Nelson Mandela Bay	11 750	12 000 12 750	13 500	1 000	1 000	1 000	10 728	1 1	1 1	13 776 20 322	14 383 21 218	15 234 22 472	37 254 43 956	27 383 34 968	29 734 36 972
		,		3 100	3100	3 100	1 624	,	,	,			4 724	3 100	3 100
B EC102 Blue Crane Route B EC104 Makana				3 000	3 100	2 450	1 333						3 752	3 100	2 450
				2 650	2 650	2 650	1 730	•					4 380	2 650	2 650
	•	•	'	3 000	3 100	4 518	1 206	•	•	•	•		4 206	3 100	4 518
B EC108 Kouga B EC109 Kou-Kamma				1 720	1 720	1 720	1175						3 920	1 720	1 720
C DC10 Sarah Baartman District Municipality	'	•		1 000	1 000	1 000	1 073			•			2 073	1 000	1 000
Total: Sarah Baartman Municipalities				19 570	19 770	22 606	10 713	•	•	•			30 283	19 770	22 606
B EC121 Mbhashe	'	'	,	1 720	1 770	1 770	3 498	,	'	,	1	,	5 218	1 770	1 770
	•		•	1850	1 900	1 900	2 015	•					3 865	1 900	1 900
	1	•		2 450	2 450	2 450	1 050	•	•				3 500	2 450	2 450
	•	•		2 200	2 200	2 200	1 568	•	•				3 768	2 200	2 200
B EC126 Ngqushwa B EC129 Ravmend Mhlaba				3 100	2 850	2 850	2 838						5 688	2 850	2 850
	•			1 200	1 250	2 668	4 999						6 199	1 250	2 668
Total: Amathole Municipalities			٠	15 370	15 520	16 938	18 028						33 398	15 520	16 938
B EC131 Inxuba Yethemba				3 100	3 100	3 100	1 778	•					4 878	3 100	3 100
	•	,	1	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 398	•	,	•	•	•	4 498	2 100	2 100
	•	•	•	3 100	3 100	3 100	1 692	•	•	•	•		4 792	3 100	3 100
B EC138 Sakhisizwe				1 700	1 700	3 118	3 712						3 222	1 700	3 118
	•	•	•	3 100	3 100	3 100	3 088	•	•		•		6 188	3 100	3 100
C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality	-	•	•	1 000	1 000	2 418	3 630	•		•	•		4 630	1 000	2 418
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	-			15 800	15 800	18 636	17 820	•	1				33 620	15 800	18 636
B EC141 Elundini		1	'	1 650	1 700	1 700	2 539	'		'	,		4 189	1 700	1 700
B EC142 Sengu		•		1 650	1 700	1 700	1 658	•		•			3 308	1 700	1 700
				1 500	1 500	1 500	1314						2 814	1 500	1 500
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities		•		7 000	7 100	7 100	6 863		•		•		13 863	7 100	7 100
B EC153 Ngquza Hill				1 650	1 700	3 118	1 616	•					3 266	1 700	3 118
	•			2 650	2 650	2 650	1 582	•					4 232	2 650	2 650
	'	•	1	1 650	1 650	1 650	1 859	•	•	•	•	•	3 509	1 650	1 650
B EC156 Millorito B EC157 King Salvata Delindasha	- 005 5	- 005 5	- 000 9	2 300	2 300	2 300	2 300						12 541	2300	2 300
D EC137 Anig Sabata Datinoyebo C DC15 O.R. Tambo District Municipality	0000	000	0000	2 000	2 000	2 000	11 542						13 542	2 000	2 000
Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	2 500	5 500	000 9	13 100	13 150	14 568	23 090						41 690	18 650	20 568
B EC41 Matatiele	'	,	,	1 650	1 700	1 700	4 810	,	,	,	1	,	6 460	1 700	1 700
B EC442 Unzimvubu		•	•	1 720	1 720	1 720	3 352	•	1	•		•	5 072	1 720	1 720
EC443	•			2 100	2 100	2 100	3 687	•					5 787	2 100	2 100
B EC444 Ntabankulu C DC44 Affeed Nzo District Municipality	2 500	5 500	- 0009	2 650	2 650	2 650	2 794						5 444	2 650	2 650
20	5 500	5 500	000 9	10 070	10 120	10 120	23 980						39 550	15 620	16 120
Total: Eastern Cane Municinalities	35 500	15 750	39 000	82 910	83 460	896 16	121 106	1	ľ	34 008	109 35	902.28	273 614	154 811	168 674
TOTAL ENGINEE Cupy or annuaprante		100,00	200 / 2	1 74 / 40	101 AV	24 740	001 181			1 220 10	100.00			NAT DAY	

ANNEXURE W4 SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS

			F				Proposed Dublic	Works Drogram	botomotol on	Decreases and Decipe Decreases	Duoiost Duonas	ofion Cunnout			
	Infrastructu	Infrastructure Skills Development Grant		Local Government Financial Management Grant	t Financial Mana	gement Grant	Expanded 1 upper 90 to 1 togramme megrated Grant for Municipalities	for Municipaliti	ne megrarea es	riogramme ame	Grant	anon Support	SUB-1	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	2NT ¹
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
FREE STATE															
A MAN Mangaung	1	•	•	2 100	2 200	2 200	1 566	•	•	13 673	14 276	15 120	17 339	16 476	17 320
R FS161 Letement		,		3 000	3 000	3 000	1 073	,			,		4 073	3 000	3 000
			,	2 300	2 300	2300	1 204	,	•			,	3 504	2 300	2 300
FS163	'	'	1	3 000	3 000	3 000	1 073	,	,	'		'	4 073	3 000	3 000
C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	-		1	1 720	1 720	1 720	1 120	•		•			2 840	1 720	1 720
Total: Xhariep Municipalities	•	-	1	10 020	10 020	10 020	4 470	1	•			•	14 490	10 020	10 020
B FS181 Masilonyana	'			2 650	2 650	2 650	1 295						3 945	2 650	2 650
FS182	•	•	1	3 000	3 000	3 000	1 073	,	1	,	,	,	4 073	3 000	3 000
	'	•	1	2 100	2 100	2 100	1 141	1	1	•		,	3 241	2 100	2 100
FS184	•		1	3 100	3 100	3 100	5 191	•			•		8 291	3 100	3 100
		•		3 100	3 100	3 100	1 398		•		•		4 498	3 100	3 100
C DC18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality				14950	14 950	14 950	11 363						76 313	14 950	14 950
roda: Legweicpuiswa municipannes				007 41	14 230	007.41	200 11						C1C 07	14 230	067 #1
FS191	•		1	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 188				•		4 388	2 200	2 200
B FS192 Dihlabeng	'		1	2750	2 750	2.750	5 591		•		•		8 341	2 750	2 750
				3 100	3 100	3 100	6 165						9 265	3 100	3 100
	'	'	1	3 100	3 100	3 100	1130	,	,	'		'	4 230	3 100	3 100
FS196	•	•	1	3 100	3 100	3 100	1 337	,	,	•	,	,	4 437	3 100	3 100
C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality		-		2 300	2 300	2 300	5 356	-	-	-		-	7 656	2 300	2 300
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	•	-	1	19 400	19 400	19 400	22 840	1	1	1		1	42 240	19 400	19 400
B FS201 Moqhaka	'	,	'	2 300	2 300	2 300	1 428	,	,	'	'		3 728	2 300	2 300
B FS203 Ngwathe	•			3 100	3 100	3 100	2 240	•	•	•			5 340	3 100	3 100
FS204	•			2 750	2 750	2 750	1 523	•	•				4 273	2 750	2 750
B FS205 Maftibe C PC20 Footb Date Desired Manifolds Inc.				3 100	3 100	3 100	- 222				•		3 100	3 100	3 100
_				12.550	12.550	12.550	6 468						19 018	12.550	12.550
Total: Free State Municipalities	•	•	1	59 020	59 120	59 120	46 707	•	•	13 673	14 276	15 120	119 400	73 396	74 240
GAUTENG															
	'			1 000	1 000	1 000	24 041	•	•	56 064	58 535	966 19	81 105	59 535	62 996
A JHB City of Johannesburg A TSH City of Tshwane	000 9	- 000 9	7 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	7 700			78 225	81 673 53 803	81 145 56 984	92 925 69 228	88 673 56 003	89 145 59 184
B GT421 Emfuleni				2 200	2 200	2 200	1 799						3 999	2 200	2 200
B GT422 Midvaal	•			1 550	1 550	1 550	2 553	•	•	•			4 103	1 550	1 550
B GT423 Lesedi C DC42 Sorlibone District Municipality				1 950	1 950	1 950	1 228						3 178	1 950	1 950
~	•			7 100	7 100	7 100	6 863						13 963	7 100	7 100
				1 650	1 700	1 700	8 123						9 773	1 700	1 700
GT484	•	•	1	2 850	2 850	2 850	1 062	1	1	•	•		3 912	2 850	2 850
B GT485 Rand West City	•			2 300	2 300	2 300	3 878	•	•				6 178	2 300	2 300
DC48 otal: West Rand				8 000	8 050	8 050	14 284						22 284	8 050	8 050
	000	000		000	0 0 0	0.00	70000		Ì			***	a care		200
Total: Gaureng Municipannes	000 9	000 9	/ 000	19 300	19 330	UCC 4.1	99 394	-	-	170 001	194 011	C71 007	cae 6/7	100 617	270 4/5

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS

							Expanded Public Worls Programme Integrated	Works Program	me Integrated	Programme and	Programme and Project Preparation Support	tion Support			
	National an	Intrastructure Status Development Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	ment Grant ancial Year	National an	Local Covernment Financial Management Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	_	Grant National and	Grant for Municipalities National and Municipal Financial Year	ies neial Year	National and	Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year	National an	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL															
A ETH eThekwini	35 500	36 500	35 500	1 000	1 000	1 000	61 257	,	,	61 324	64 027	67.813	189 081	101 527	104313
B KZN212 uMdoni				1950	1 950	1 950	1 772						3 722	1 950	1 950
B KZN213 uMzumbe B KZN214 uMuziwabantu				1850	1 850	1 850	981						2 831	1 850	1850
B KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni C DC21 Um District Municipality				1950	1 950	1 950	3 3 1 9						8 026	1 950	1950
Total: Ugu Municipalities				9 550	9 550	9 550	13 847						23 397	9 550	9 550
B KZN221 uMshwathi				1 920	1 920	1 920	1 820	,	,	,	•	,	3 740	1 920	1 920
B KZN222 uMngeni	•			1 720	1 720	1 720	1 400		•	•	•	•	3 120	1 720	1 720
B KZN224 iMperdle				3 000	3 000	3 000	1 430						3 830	3 000	3 000
B KZN225 Msurduzi	•			1950	1 950	1 950	5 231	•	•	•		•	7 181	1 950	1 950
B KZN226 Mkhambathini B KZN227 Richmond				3 000	3 000	3 000	1 671						3 237	3 000	3 000
C DC22 uMgungundlovu District Municipality Total: uMgungundlovu Municipalities				17140	17 140	17140	2 287						3 487	17 140	17 140
i otal: uvigungundiovu Atunicipatities				1/140	1/ 140	17.140	10 347						79+ CC	1/ 140	1/140
B KZN235 Okhahlamba D VZN027 Minoi Lonoalihala				1 850	1 850	1 850	3 638						5 488	1 850	1850
B KZN238 Alfred Duma	4 500	2 000	5 000	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 993						9 593	7 100	7 100
C DC23 uthukela District Municipality Total: uThukela Municipalities	4500	5 000	5 000	8 350	8 350	9 768	2 881			1			24 405	13 350	2 100
B KZN241 eNdumeni B KZN242 Nouthu				2 100	2 100	2 100	1 577						3 677	2 100	2 100
B KZN244 uMsinga		•		1 850	1 850	1850	4 867	•	,	•	•	,	6 717	1 850	1850
B KZN245 uMvoti C DC24 aMejorootti District Manifoliuslity				2 550	2 550	3.268	2 704						5 254	2 550	3.268
Total: uMzinyathi Municipalities				10 150	10 200	11 618	15 473						25 623	10 200	11 618
about CSCNZV G				1.850	1 850	1.850	3 753						\$ 603	1.850	1850
B KZN253 eMadlangeni				3 000	3 000	3 000	978			•			3 978	3 000	3 000
B KZN254 Dannhauser C DC25 Amoninho Dietrica Municipa lite				1950	1 950	1 950	950						2 900	1 950	1950
Total: Amajuba Municipalities				9 550	9 550	10 968	7 583						17 133	9 550	10 968
R KZN261 «Dumbe			•	3 000	3 000	3 000	1 500						4 500	3 000	3 000
B KZN262 uPhorgolo		•	,	3 000	3 000	3 000	2 978	•	•	•	•	•	5 978	3 000	3 000
B KZN263 AbaQulusi B KZN265 Noncoma				3 000	3 000	3 000	2 773						5 773	3 000	3 000
	•		,	2 100	2 100	2 100	4 711	•	,	•	,	,	6 811	2 100	2 100
C DC26 Zululand District Municipality Total: Zululand Municipalities		1 1		1200	14 300	14 300	23 425	1 1		1 1			37 725	14 300	1 200
B KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana				3 000	3 000	3 000	1 975						3 825	3 000	3 000
B KZN275 Mtubatuba	•			1 920	1 920	1 920	2 077		•		•	•	3 997	1 920	1 920
B NZ.NZ/6 BIG FINE Habisa C DC27 uMKhanyakude District Municipality				2 /50	2 /50	3 618	6 993						9 185	2 200	3 618
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities				11 712	11 720	13 138	17 444						29 156	11 720	13 138
B KZN281 uMfolozi			,	1 850	1 850	1 850	1 847		•	,			3 697	1 850	1 850
B KZN282 uMhlathuze	•	•	•	2 500	2 500	2 500	3 213	•	•	•	•	•	5 713	2 500	2 500
B KZN285 Mthonjaneni				2 850	2 850	2 850	2 536						5 386	2 850	2 850
B KZN286 Nkandla		•	,	2 650	2 650	2 650	3 626	1	•	•	•	•	6 276	2 650	2 650
				12 770	12 770	12 770	20 062						32 832	12 770	12 770
B KZN291 Mandeni				1850	1 850	1 850	2 372						4 222	1 850	1 850
B KZN292 KwaDukuza				1.750	1 750	1 750	1 868	•	•		•		3 618	1 750	1 750
B KZN293 Ndwedwe B KZN294 Maplumulo				3 100	3 100	3 100	2 277						3 931	3 100	3 100
C DC29 iLembe District Municipality				1 000	1 000	1 000	5 439						6 439	1 000	1 000
Total: iLembe Municipalities				9 550	9 550	9 550	14 037						23 587	9 550	9 550
B KZN433 Greater Kokstad		•	•	1750	1 750	1750	4 266	•	•	•	•	•	6 016	1 750	1 750
B KZN435 uMzimkhulu				1 850	1 850	1 850	3 573						5 423	1 850	1850
B KZN436 Dr Nkosrzana Dlamini Zuma	•		•	1950	1 950	1 950	2 476		•	•	•	•	4 426	1 950	1 950
Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities				8 700	8 700	8 700	17.781						26 481	8 700	8 700
Total Vendal Matel Manifolds	900 000	41 500	40.500	113 773	113 630	110 503	210 007			712 13	24007	67.013	433 003	730 357	310.700
1 Oldi: NWAZ-WW-Swan en winsepantees	200 04	44 000		****	200 977	********	**********	-	1	VA 0.81	140.40	210.10	100 AVE	****	WAN UAN

ANNEXURE W4
SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(SCHEDULE 5, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS

			Г				Expanded Public	e Works Program	me Integrated	Programme an	Programme and Project Preparation Support	ration Support			
	Intrastructu National an	Intrastructure Skins Development Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	T	National and	Local Covernment Financial Management Grant National and Municipal Financial Year		Grai National and	Grant for Municipalities National and Municipal Financial Year	ries ncial Year	National an	Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	SUB-	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
LIMPOPO															
B LIM331 Greater Giyani B I M332 Greater Leiba				2 400	2 400	2 400	4 035						6 435	2 400	2 400
				2 000	2 000	2 000	8 065						10 065	2 000	2 000
B LIM334 Ba-Phalaborwa R LIM335 Marulano				3 100	3 100	3 100	1 186						3 096	3100	3100
	,			3 000	3 000	3 000	10 600	,					13 600	3 000	3 000
Total: Mopani Municipalities				14 350	14 350	14 350	172 72						41 621	14350	14350
B LIM341 Musina	'	•	,	3 000	3 000	3 000	1 390	,	•	•	,		4 3 90	3 000	3 000
	5 250	5 500	5 500	1 650	1 700	1 700	4 864	•	•		•		11 764	7 200	7 200
B LIM344 Makhado B LIM345 Collins Chahane				1 950	1 950	1 950	3 259						5 2 0 9	1950	1950
C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality				3 000	3 000	3 000	4754						7754	3 000	3 000
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	5 250	5 500	5 500	12 150	12 200	12 200	16 026						33 426	17 700	17 700
B LIM351 Blouberg		•		2 400	2 400	2 400	1 950	•		•	,		4350	2 400	2 400
	1			2 300	2 300	2 300	1 407	,	•	•	,		3 707	2 300	2 3 0 0
B LIM354 Polokwane B LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi	000 9	000 9	000 9	2 400	2 400	2 400	11 570						3380	8 400 2 000	8 400
	,			1 000	1 000	1 000	3 747	1					4747	1 000	1 000
Lotal: Capricorn Municipalities	000 9	000 9	000 9	10 100	10 100	10 100	20 054						36154	16 100	16 100
B LIM361 Thabazimbi	•			3 100	3 100	3 100	1 256	•	•		,		4356	3 100	3 100
	1			1 650	1 700	1 700	1 292	•	•				2 942	1 700	1 700
B LIM366 Bela-Bela	1			1 650	1 700	1 700	1 502	'	•				3152	1700	1700
				2 650	2 650	2 650	2 041	' '					4 691	2 650	2 650
	,		,	1 000	1 000	1 000	1	,	,				1 000	1 000	1 000
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	-	•		12 150	12 250	13 668	7 252				•		19 402	12 250	13 668
B 11M/71 Enbraim Monals				3 100	3 100	3 100	1 310	,					4410	3100	3100
B LIM472 Elias Motsoaledi				2 850	2 850	2 850	1 796						4 646	2850	2 850
	•		•	1 720	1 720	1 720	1 925	•	•				3 645	1 720	1 720
B LIM476 Fetakgomo Tubatse	•			2 550	2 550	2 550	1 285			•			3 835	2 5 5 0	2 550
C DC4/ Seknukhune District Municipanty Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities				12 620	12 620	12 620	19 326						31946	12 620	12 620
The section of the contract of		000 11	000 11	0.00 17	000 10	00.00	000 000						9	000 000	24 430
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	11 250	11 500	11 500	61 370	61 520	62 938	89 929		1				162 549	73 020	74 438
MPUMALANGA															
B MP301 Chief-Albert Luthuli	,	-		2 000	2 000	2 000	7000						4227	2 000	2,000
				3 000	3 000	4 418	1 766						4766	3 000	4418
	'		,	3 100	3 100	3 100	2 855	,	,		٠	•	5 9 5 5	3 100	3 100
				2 450	2 450	2 450	1 874						4 324	2450	2450
B MP306 Dipaleseng				2 800	2 850	2 850	1 444	' '					4 2 4 4	2 8 50	2 850
B MP307 Govan Mbeki C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality	24 500	24 000	25 500	2 100	2 100	3 518	2 595						29 229	26 100	29 018
1 a	38 050	37 107	39 036	19 300	19 350	22 186	17 245						74 595	56 457	61 222
B MP311 Victor Khanve	,	•		1 850	1 850	1 850	2 284	,		,			4134	1 850	1850
	•		•	3 000	3 000	3 000	6 151	•	•	•	,		151 6	3 000	3 000
B MP31.4 Emathaceni				2 900	2 400	4 318	1 473						6 4 3 7 3	2 900	4 3 18
	•			1 720	1 770	1 770	3 735						5 455	1770	1770
B MP316 Dr.JS Moroka	1			2 450	2 450	2 450	2 432						4 882	2 450	2 450
<u>-55</u>				14 570	14 670	16 088	23 170						37.740	14670	16 088
B MP321 Thaba Chweu				3 000	3 000	3 000	1 932						4 932	3 000	3 000
	'			1 770	1 770	1 770	4 621	•					6 391	1 770	1 770
B MP325 Bushbuckridge B MP326 City of Mbombela				2 650	2 650	2 650	5 2 19 8 5 5 5						7 869	2650	2650
	,			1 000	1 000	1 000	2 457	,			,[,	3 457	1 000	1 000
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities				11 070	11 020	11 070	22 784						33 854	11 020	11 070
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	38 020	37 107	39 036	44 940	45 090	49 344	63 199		•				146 189	82 197	88 380

7200 3100 3000 3100 1000 7400 3100 3100 2100 6500 4800 2 900 2 900 1 700 3 100 1 950 1 850 4 400 3 3 0 8 3 1 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 2 2 3 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 0 1 7 9 0 8

2 850 3 100 3 100 3 100 3 723 8 873 3100 4518 3100 1000 1718

4518 3100 3100 3100 3000 1200 8018

SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE), PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B); CURRENT GRANTS

2 650 3 100 3 100 1 1920 2 650 2 2 900 2 100 8 420

2 900 1 1920 1 1850 2 850 3 100 3 100 3 100 3 100 3 100 3 3 100

ANNEXURE W4
SPECIFIC PURPOSE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES
(SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 7, PART B): CURRENT GRANTS

							Expanded Public Works Programme Infegrated	Works Program	me Integrated	Programme and	Programme and Project Prenaration Sunnort	tion Support			
	Infrastructure Skilb		Development Grant	Local Government Financial Management Grant	ıt Financial Man	agement Grant	Grant	Grant for Municipalities	ies		Grant		SUB	SUB-TOTAL: CURRENT	'TN
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Yean	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE															
A CPT City of Cape Town	11 446	11 000	12 500	1 000	1 000	1 000	42 406	-	1	65 970	68 877	72 950	120 822	80 877	86 450
B WC011 Matzikama				1771	1771	1771	1 569						3 340	1.771	1.77.1
	•		1	2 132	2 132	2 132	1 359	•					3 491	2 132	2 132
WC013	•	•	1	1 550	1 550	1 550	1 662	•	1	•	•	•	3 212	1 550	1 550
B WC014 Saldanha Bay				1550	1 550	1 550	2 907	•					3 423	1 550	1 550
DC1				1 000	1 000	1 000	1 194						2 194	1 000	1 000
Total: West Coast Municipalities			1	9 553	9 553	9 553	10 564		1			1	20 117	9 553	9 553
D W/7000 Witnesshoer		,		1.550	1 550	1 550	2 237			,	,		3 787	1 550	1 550
				1 550	1 550	1 550	4 139						689 5	1 550	1 550
WC024	•			1 550	1.550	1 550	4 928						6 478	1.550	1 550
			,	1 550	1 550	1 550	3 301		,	•	•		4 851	1 550	1 550
WC026	'	1	1	1 550	1 550	1 550	2 647	•					4 197	1 550	1 550
C DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality			•	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 369						2 369	1 000	1 000
Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities		1	1	8 750	8 750	8 750	18 621	•		·	•	•	27 371	8 750	8 750
B WC031 Theewaterskloof				1 650	1 700	1 700	2 077						3 727	1 700	1 700
WC032		•	1	1 550	1 550	1 550	2 593	•	1	•	•	'	4 143	1 550	1 550
	•	•	•	1550	1 550	1 550	1 773	•	•	•	•	•	3 323	1 550	1 550
B WC034 Swellendam C DC3 Overhere District Municipality				1 720	1 770	1 770	1 497						3 217	1 770	1 770
54				7 470	7 570	7 570	9 063						16 533	7 570	7 570
D WC0141 Vennaland		,		2 032	2 032	2 032	1 031	,			,		3 963	2 032	2 032
				1550	1 550	1 550	1164						2 714	1 550	1 550
WC043				1 550	995 1	995 1	1 935						3 485	1 566	1 566
WC044	000 9	000 9	005 9	1721	1771	1771	1 990		,				9 711	1777	8 271
	'	'	1	2 800	2 802	2 802	1 310	,	,	,	,	,	4 110	2 802	2 802
B WC047 Bitou	'	•	1	1721	1771	1 771	1 155	,	1	•	•	•	2 876	1771	1771
	'	•	1	1 721	1771	1771	1 044	'	1	'	•	'	2 765	1771	1771
C DC4 Garden Route District Municipality				1 000	1 000	000 1	2 440						3 440	1 000	1 000
Total: Garden Route Municipalities	000 9	000 9	005 9	14 995	15 163	15 163	12 069		1	•	1		33 064	21 163	21 663
B WC051 Laingsburg				1750	1 800	1 805	1 074						2 824	1 800	1 805
	'	,	'	1 650	1 700	1 700	1 237	,	'	,	,	,	2 887	1 700	1 700
WC053		•	1	2 085	2 185	2 185	1 136	•					3 221	2 185	2 185
C DC3 Central Karoo District Municipality	'		1	1 000	0001	0001	1321	•	1	•	'	'	175 7	0001	0001
Total: Central Naroo Municipalnies				0 493	C00 0	0 0 0 0	4 /00					•	CC7 11	C80 0	0 0 0
Total: Western Cape Municipalities	17 446	17 000	19 000	48 253	48 721	48 726	97 491			65 970	68 877	72 950	229 160	134 598	140 676
Unallocated								781 385	816 477				546 832	1 337 260	1 397 316
									-						

INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 4, PART B AND SCHEDULE 5, PART B)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

	Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Municipal I	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	Grant	Energy Efficien	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side		Integrated National Electrification Programme	ectrification Prog		Rural Roads Asset Manacement Systems Grant	agement System	ns Grant	Regional Bulk	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant		Water Services Infrastructure Grant	rastructure Gran	
	National an	National and Municinal Financial Year	ancial Vear	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	rial Vear	National and Mu	National and Municipal Financial Year	+	(Municipal) Grant National and Municipal Financial Vear	(Municipal) Grant nd Municipal Financial V	1.	National and Municipal Financial Year	inal Financial V		National and M.	National and Municipal Financial Vear	<u> </u>	National and Municipal Financial Year	inal Financial Vo	- Land
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 2/ (R'000) (0	2023/24 20; (R'000) (R		2022/23 202 (R'000) (R'6	2023/24 20; (R'000) (R'	50	202223 202 (R'000) (R'0	2023/24 202 (R'000) (R')	5 -	2022/23 (R000)	2023/24 2/ (R'000) (50	2022/23 2023/24 (R'000) (R'000)	/24 2024/25 00) (R'000)	1,25
EASTERN CAPE																					
A BUF Buffalo City A NMA Nelson Mandela Bay				1 1			0006	- 000 6	10 000												
	01000	20.00	01 700								000	010									000
B EC102 Blue Crane Route	15 755	16 270	16.819					4 000	2 000	620	22 000	5 225							10 000	2000 2	6 125
	27.386	28 459	29 599		•	•		•	•	•	10 000	10 449		•	•	•	•	•			19 800
	30 727	31 960	33.271	•						15 500	10 000	10 449		•							35 675
B EC106 Sundays River Valley B EC108 Kenton	35 891	37.372	38 946					4 000	2 000	10.912	7 000	6 269							20 000	30 000	00602
	24 997	17.572	18 183	•	•	•	•			•	3 000	3 134		1	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
C DC10 Sarah Baartman District Municipality Total: Sarah Baartman Municipalities	186 551	185 432	192 747		1			- 000 8	- 000 01	26.632	- 000 96	100 310	2396	2 405	2 492				142 051	- 123 947	103 400
Control of the Contro																			L		
	68 458	71 496	74 729	•			4 500	5 000		1	18 000	18 808		•							
B EC123 Mnquma	71.478	74 662	78 048							7 320	0000	9 404									
	31 701	32 980	34340								10 000	10 449									
	35 198	26 166	27 196	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10 000	10 449		•	•	•	•	•	•		
	44 503	46 395	48 408	1	•	•	1	1	•	1 828	10 000	10 449	1		1	•	•	1			1
C DC12 Amathole District Municipality	493 661	517 060	541952										3 144	3 156	3 2 7 0						74 041
Total: Amathole Municipalities	767 214	781 321	817 603				4 500	2 000		9 881	000 29	20 008	3 144	3 156	3 2 7 0				000 98	70 900	74 041
EC131	17.813	18 427	19 081		•	•	4 500	2 000	9 000	•	12 000	12 539		•	•	•	•		•		
	48 873	50 975	53 2 10	•	•	•	•	•	•	0866	8 000	8 359	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	,	1
	47.916	39 492	41 169	•	•	•	•	•	•	27 200	7 000	7314	•				•	•	•		
B EC13/ Engodo	20.231	30.962	91738							10 333	000 5	5 335									
	61 673	64 386	67.274	•					•	15 737	000 6	9 404		-			•	•			
C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality	330 451	346 034	362 613	•		•			1		1		3 455	3 468	4 586	216 907	77.716	115 000		80 000	83 600
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	570 644	585 815	612 596		•	•	4 500	2 000	000 9	73 809	26 000	58 514	3 455	3 468	4 586	216 907	77.716	115 000	000 09	000 08	83 600
B EC141 Elundini	44 175	46 051	48 047							14 400	22 000	22 988									
	43 640	45 491	47 460	•	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 000	1.045	1	•	•	•	1	1	1	•	1
B EC145 Walter Signlu	21 008	21.775	22 592	•	•	•	•	•	•	11 740	008 9	7 105	. 0000			. 000 91	- 000 00	- 0000	- 000 00	- 000 04	- 000
	289 069	301 955	315 664							26 140	29 800	31 138	2338	2.347	2 432	15 000	20 000	40 000			019 09
B EC153 Ngquza Hill	62 127	64 862	67.774		,	,				8 064	3 000	3 135							,		1
	38 862	40 484	42 210	•	•	•	•	•	•	17 680	7 000	7.314		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
B ECISS Nyandeni	69 440	72 526	75 810	1	•		1	•	•	- 00000	8 000	8 359		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	98 791	103 282	108 061				4 000	4 000	5.515	3 195	18 000	18 808									
	730 131	764 851	801 786		•								3 143	3 155	3 269	200 000	383 133	347 444	50 000	110 000 11	130 625
Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	1 049 644	1 098 467	1 150 410				4 000	4 000	5515	49 907	51 000	53 290	3 143	3 155	3 269	200 000	383 133	347 444	50 000 1	110 000 11	130 625
EC441	890 98	58 514				•	•		•	46 288	52 492	54 849		•	•	•			•		
	52.786	55 074	57.509	•	•	•	1	•	1		28 000	29 257					1		•		
B EC443 Wmne Madikizela-Mandela B EC444 Merkenkulu	30 576	31 802								7 026	18 000	18 808									
	433 122	453 622	•	•	•	•	2 420	•	•				2 450	2 459	2 548			•	100 000	115 000	109 725
Total: Affred Nzo Municipalities	627 590	656 445	687 145				2 420			69 714 1	126 492	132 171	2 450	2 459	2 548				100 000	115 000 1	109 725
									_							_					_

							Passage Pffeeles	Paramar Pfff of source and Domond Cide	r	International Notional Plants Classican Decommend	Pleasuiffication B	_									
	Municip	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Municipal Di	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	rant	Manag	Management Grant		(Mun	(Municipal) Grant	-	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	Management Sy	stems Grant	Regional Bul	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	frastructure Gr	ınt
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	d Year	National and Municipal Financial Year	unicipal Financi	al Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	1 Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	_	National and Municipal Financial Year	cipal Financial	ear
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'0000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 2 (R0000) (2022/23 20; (R'000) (R'	2023/24 20; (R'000) (R	2024/25 (R'000)
FREESTATE																					
A MAN Mangaung	•	•	,	•			•	•	•	•		,	•	•	,	•	•		•	•	•
B 1751.61 Informement	010.01	10 601	20.406			,	000 9	4 000	000 9	005 81	0008	8 360			,				00000	21 327	23 287
	22 622	23 792	20 400				000	1 000	9005	10 200	4 000	4 180							30 000	21.820	15 000
B FS163 Mohokare	166 61	20 710	21 474	•	•		•	•	•	•	5 500	5 747		•	•	4 407	•	•	22 088	22 900	23 930
C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality		-	-						-			-	2 2 9 9	2 308	2 391	-				-	-
Total: Xhariep Municipalities	61 942	64 193	982 99				2 000	4 000	2 000	18 500	17 500	18 286	2 2 9 9	2 308	2 391	4 407			62 088	66 047	61 217
R FS18 Mediomena	28.257	37.776	28.340				-			050	3 000	3 135							23.334	18 800	22 224
	28 332	18 971	19 621							1	7 000	7313					53 000	100 000	15 720	21 727	27 109
B FS183 Tswelapele	18 256	18 891	19 568	•	•	•	2 000	4 000	2 000	•	3 000	3 135	•	•	1	•	•	•	12 276	11 979	13 956
	136 630	142 933	149 639	•	•	•	•	•	•	4 380	11 000	11.494	•	•	•	•	•	•	25 800	20 000	22 968
	33 439	34 802	36 251	1	•	•	4 000	4 000	4 100	•	4 000	4 180				•	•	•	11 528	11 846	12 379
C DC18 Lejweleputswa District Municipality	244.014						4 000	. 000 0	2 000	- 011.5	. 000 00	- 20.00	2 441	2.451	2.540		- 000	100.001	027 00		. 00 636
totat: Lejweieputswa Municipanties	744 914	C19 767	722 409				000 CT	0 000	14 100	00000	000.97	107.67	7 441	105.7	7 240		non cc	100 000	900 000	700 89	36 020
B FS191 Sersoto	53 700	56 032	58 513	•	,	,	•		•	•	•	•	•	•		150 000	150 000	133 951	15 301	19 173	20 008
	43 828	45 688	47 666	•	•	•				•	0006	9 404		•		•	•	•	13 000	15 022	18 832
B FS193 Nketoana	28 508	29 634	30 833	•	•	•	•	•	•	804	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	20 000	17 689	10 000
	187 049	195 767	205 041	•	•	•	•	•	•	32 000	25 000	26 122	•	•	1	•	•	•	38 896	53.317	49 510
B FS195 Phumelela	23.519	24 406	25 350							1 000 0	2 000	5 225							15 328	13.777	10 896
		-					2 000	4 000		7 000	1		2.573	2 583	2 677					1	10 830
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	368 879	374 630	391387				2 000	4 000		35 304	44 000	45 976	2 573	2 583	2 677	150 000	150 000	133 951	114 245	129 405	128 868
	100.00		202.02								0000								00001	000001	
B FS203 Naturation	45 594	4/55/	49 606							25 000	2 000	5.225				20 000	- 20.896		15 000	14 021	10 000
	50.7%	50 947	55 2 28							35 631	19 580	20.459				00000	0000		22 316	10 617	000001
	25 129	26 094	27 120							10 231	10 000	10 449							20 000	10 000	10 000
					•	•	•	•	•			•	2 341	2 350	2 435			•	•		•
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	169 142	176 283	183 884		•			•		70 862	49 580	51 807	2341	2 350	2 435	20 000	20 896	•	809 29	44 638	50 291
Total: Free State Municipalities	844 877	857 979	895 325				23 000	16 000	19 100	129 996	139 080	145 326	9 654	9 692	10 043	204 407	223 896	233 951	332 599	324 442	339 012
GAUTENG																					
A BKII Cityof Blanchuloni							0000	8 000	10 000										-		
		•	•	•		,	. '	'	'			•			,	,		,	•		
A TSH CityofTshwane				•	•	•	000 6	8 000	000 6	•		•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•
D CUMOI Employed	10.4 20.8	303 368	210 002			,	4 000		0009	38 066	01000	21 943			,						
B GT422 Midvaal	35 909	37 390	38 968	-			1 000	-	1000	28 775	21 000	21.943		-		-			18 864	19 712	20 599
	29 698	30 882	32 141	•				•		25 458	21 000	21 943	•	•	•		•	•	18 874	18 808	19 354
C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality	1												2 606	2 616	2.711					•	
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	259 815	271 540	284 013				4 000		0009	92 299	63 000	62 829	2 606	2 616	2711			1	37 738	38 520	39 953
B GT481 Mogale City				•						4 600	16 000	16 718				•	•		45 160	46 782	48 771
B GT484 Merafong City	85 708	79 094	82 697	•			•	•	•	25 617	19 204	20 066		•	•	•			40 420	40 806	43 342
B GT485 Rand West City	104 417	109 178	114 243				4 000	4 000	4 000	31 089	35 000	36 572	- 277.0	- 201.0	. 0000				73 360	859 89	71 447
	190 125	188 272	196 940				4 000	4 000	4 000	61306	70 204	73 356	2775	2 786	2 887				158 940	156246	163 560
TOTAL TYSE INTER PROPERTY.	-			H		Н										H		H	Ш		
	0,000,	410 000					9000				-			1 400	0000	-			100 / 100	100000	400

ANNEXURE W5

	Municipal	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Pront	Municinal D	Municipal Disaster Recovery Crant	Seant	Energy Efficie	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side		ntegrated Nationa	Integrated National Electrification Programme	-	Bural Roade Asset Management Systems Grant	Management S	stems Grant	Regional Br	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Water Serv	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	re Grant
Z	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	Municipal Financial Year	al Year	Management Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	Management Grant and Municipal Financ	ial Year	(Mu National and	(Municipal) Grant National and Municipal Financial Year	T	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality (R)	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25		2023/24	5.0	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
KWAZILILINATAL	+				+		+				ì							Ì		ì	
A ETH eThekvini					16 442		000 6	8 000	10 000						,	•	,		,		
		10000	000								0000	9 4 9									
B KZN213 uMzumbe	38 552	40 160	41 869	0006	15 772					15 000	8 000	10 449									
B KZN214 uMuziwabantu B KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni	26 163	27.177	28 256		13 562 82 298		2 000		000 9	7 026	7 000	10 449									
micipality	396.730	290 417	304 291	- 000 0	241 407		- 000 2		- 000 9	27 0.45	- 000 02	- 1700	2 848	2 859	2 963				70 000	75 000	80 140
B KZN221 uMshwathi	31 069	32.318	33 646				4 000	4 000	2 000	13 425	9 000	9 404									
Mpolana	13 114	13 503	13 916	•		•				12 590	10 078	8 359	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
B KZN224 iMpendle B KZN235 Memdirzi	227 153	13 125	249 107					2 000	2 000	- 151 00	12 000	8 359							- 000 09	- 068 890	70.405
Mkhambathini	17 781	18 394	19 046	•	•	•				15 000	10 000	10 449	•			•		•			
Nichmond Memoryallow District Municipality	20 511	21 255	22 045								7 000	8 359	2 707	2.718	2.817				- 85 600	- 069 06	90.054
	465 064	485 422	507 078				4 000	0006	10 000	89 024	820 29	63 738	2 707	2 718	2 817				145 600	156 540	160 459
	31 801	33.170	34 550							2.100	00001	8 3 60									
B KZN237 inkosi Langalibakle	42 690	44 495	46 414	•	•	•	5 000	3 000	5 000	22 0.70	0006	9 404	•	•		•	•	•			
N. William	70 409	73 541	76 874							13 752	8 000	8 359	- 2996		- 2769				- 000 00	- 000 50	. 357 10
	356 474	372.586	389 728				5 000	3 000	5 000	42 922	27 000	26 122	2 662	2 672	2 769				80 800	85 800	94 756
B VZN541 akklumomi	282 91	17.346	17.947					2 000	2 000	290 00	13 000	10.449									
	35 231	36 680	38 220	•	•	•	•		'	9 549	14 000	14 629	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
	42 414	44 206	46 112	•	•	•	•	•	•	16 440	20 000	14 629	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
athi District Municipality	216 735	226 873	237 660							04-61	1	11 01	2 439	2 449	2.537				80 000	88 901	93 801
athi Municipalities	344 782	360 097	376 389					2 000	2 000	65 356	000 19	56 424	2 439	2 449	2 537				80 000	88 901	93 801
	129 141	135 086	141 410	•		•					8 000	11 494							48 000	20 000	50 700
in .	10 010	10 250	10 507							16 693	10 000	7.314									
rrict Municipality	46 587	48 578	50 697							'			2361	2 370	2 456				70 000	75 120	80 250
Total: Amajuba Municipalities	210 085	219 188	228 874							21 733	23 000	26 122	2 361	2 370	2 456				118 000	125 120	130 950
	20 055	20 777	21 544				•	•		13 350	14 000	14 629		•	•	•	•			•	
B KZN262 uPhongolo B KZN263 AbaQulusi	31 889	43 859	34 547							8 200	8 000	8 359									
	36 009	37 495	39 075	•	•	•	•	•	•	3 000	3 000	6 269	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
rrict Municipality	44 888 259 530	36319	37 842							10 000	8 000	12 539	2 529	2 539	2 631	15 247	30 000	- 20 000	- 62 000	100 880	100 894
	434 454	443 345	463 440							53 035	43 000	52 245	2 529	2 539	2 631	15 247	30 000	20 000	95 000	100 880	100 894
	39 523	41.177	42 936								8 000	11 494									
	42 381	44 171	46 075	•	•	•	•	•	•	009 9	10 000	10 449	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
B KZN275 Mitubatuba B KZN276 Big Five Habisa	23 874	24 779	25 741							7 000	8 000	10 530									
bistrict Municipality	247 281	258 882	271 224						1	. 07 16	. 000 00	. 60 67	2 808	2 818	2 921			1	000 09	69 320	77 564
annes	300 370	900 904	C/0 +7+							70+ 17	20 000	776 74	900 7	010 7	1767				000 00	03.5.00	11 300
	29 491	30 664	31 913				2 000 5	2 000	2 000	3 000	10 000	14 629 8 359							- 000005	- 25 000	50 475
B KZN284 uMlalazi	45 827	47.781	49 862		•	•	•	•	•	4 175	8 000	8 359	•	•	•	•	•	•			
	25 579	26 565	27 615							000 91	20 000	14 629									
King Cetshwayo District Municipality wayo Municipalities	196 344 327 280	331 278	346 172				5 000	2 000	5 000	31 455	62 000	- 19	2 705	2.715	2814	213 563	340 312	313 065	000 99	70 000	137 750
	40 044	41 722	43 500							7 200	10 000	8 340									
	178 89	61 450	64 195	•	22 027		•	2 000	4 000	15 418	7 000	8 359	•	•	•	•	•		•		
	33 627	35 000	36 458	7 000						30 750	10 000	12 539									
Strict Municipality	221 475	231 840	242 868	10 023	41 039						-		2 430	2 439	2 528				80 000	000 06	85 500
	389 003	395 955	413 993	17 023	990 69			2 000	4 000	63 368	42 000	41 796	2 430	2 439	2 528				80 000	000 06	85 500
B KZN433 Grener Kokstad	19 214	19 896	20 620	•	•		2 000	4 000	2 000	30 000	18 000	12 539	•		•	•	•	•		•	
	30 291	31 503	32 792	•		•		•		166.9	9 500	I76 01	•	•		•	•				
KZN435 uMzimkhulu KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	30 558	31.783	33 086							6 352	8 000	11 494									
ality	360 355	376 417	393 503				2 000	- 4 000	2 000	- 916	46 000	- 45 975	2381	2 391	2 477	1	25 000	50 000	95 000	100 000	100 400
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities 3	3 663 143	3 784 449	3 956 048	26 023	320 915		33 000	39 000	20 000	480 216	439 078	458 790	25 870	25 970	26 913	228 810	395312	413 065	939 400	1 016 561	1 062 214

							٠			To action of	(a rww r to				-						
	Munici	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	. Grant	Municipal	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	Srant	Energy Efficier Manag	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant		Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	tional Electrification P (Municipal) Grant	_	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	an agement Syst	ems Grant	Regional Bull	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	irant	Water Services	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	ant
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	incial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year	I and N	ınicipal Financia		National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year		I and M	nicipal Financia		National and M	Financ		A pue l	icipal Financial	Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 2 (R'000) (2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 2 (R'000) (2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 20 (R'000) (I	2023/24 20 (R'000) (R	2024/25 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																					
B LIM331 Greater Giyani	69 261	72 338	75 612							20 584	21 000	19 853			•					•	
B LIM332 Greater Letaba	65 707	68 614	71.706		•		4 000	5 000	2 000	20 560	10 000	9 404	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
B LIM334 Ba-Phalahorwa	36 186	37 681	39 270				0000 C	4 000	2 500	8 000	8 000	7313									
B LIM335 Maruleng	30 170	31376	32 659										. 1361	2 320	2.456				- 000 08	- 000	- ' ' ' '
Total: Mopani Municipalities	843.788	871 231	912 127				0006	14 000	7 500	63 144	25 000	53 288	2361	2.370	2 456				20 000	000 19	61 360
B LIM341 Musina	32 713	34 040	35 453								10 000	10 449									
B LIM343 Thulamela	113 912	119 127	124 676		•	•		•	•	22 200	21 000	16 718		•		•	•	•	•		1
B LIM344 Makhado	102 597	107 271	112 243				1 1			20 120	000 91	16718							1 1		
D LIMD COURS CARBEING C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality	593 243	621 410	651375							0000	000 71	10 10	2 407	2 416	2 503				000 09	64 790	78 605
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	936 354	979 994	1 026 421							47 320	29 000	60 603	2 407	2 416	2 503				000 09	64 790	28 605
B LIM351 Blouberg	50 408	52.582	54 895							34 138	23 000	24 033							•		
B LIM353 Molemole	39 792	41 458	43 232		•			•			10 000	10 449		•		•	•	•			
B LIM354 Polokwane	- 00717		- 24,000		•	•	2 000	4 000	2 000	33 000	30 733	32 112	•	•		154 584	120 597	126 013	77 160	72 700	76 871
D LIMBOR Leptor-twkimpi C DC35 Capricorn District Municipality	265 547	278 023	291 295							0000	0000	10+6	2 591	2 601	2 696				115 000	103 600	107 812
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	417.375	436 403	456 647				2 000	4 000	2 000	72 138	72 733	75 998	2 591	2 601	2 696	154 584	120 597	126 013	192 160	176300	184 683
B I IM361 Thahazimbi	37 573	20.134	40 794		-					25 000	30 000	41.796		_				_		-	
B LIM362 Lephalate	59 592	51 727	53 999				4 000		2 000	20 000	22 500	10 971								50 832	52 209
B LIMS66 Bela-Bela	29 130	30 286	31516		•		•	•		1 000	000 6	9 404	•	•	•	•	•	•	62 010	55 750	806 95
B LIM367 Mogalakwena R LIM368 Modimula-Monkoonkone	43 725	45 579	47.553				4 000	4 000		40 000	18 500	26 645							4/640	22 555	26 893
C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality							,	,				,	2 281	2 290	2.373	•					
Total: Waterberg Municipalities	349 747	354 819	370 856		•		8 000	4 000	2 000	93 000	95 000	104 490	2 281	2 290	2 373				109 650	161915	166 010
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale	37 821		41 066		•			5 600	•	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	
B LIM472 Elias Motsoaledi	62 606		68 300		•	•		•	•	17 000	11 000	11 494		•		•					1
B LIM475 Makhuduthamaga B LIM476 Fetakzomo Tuhatse	96 588	100 974	105 640							28 000	11 000	11.494									
- 1	547.578		601 197										2 451	2 460	2 549				51 652	54 425	57 324
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities	815 508	853 361	893 633		•			2 600		21 000	22 000	22 988	2 451	2 460	2 5 4 9				51 652	54 425	57 324
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	3 362 772	3 495 808	3 659 684				22 000	27 600	17 500	326 602	303 733	317367	12 091	12 137	12 577	154 584	120 597	126 013	463 462	524 430	547 982
MPUMALANGA																					
:																					
B MP301 Chief Albert Luthuli B MP302 Mendvaliance	99 706	104 242	109 067				4000	- 000 9	- 000 5	10 000	12 000	12 539				165 142	170 000	170 000	62 745	20 000	52 690
	89 622	93 677	97 989		•		,	,		11 420	18 000	18 808		•				,	55 000	30 000	31350
	29 722	30 906	32 166	•	1	•	•	•	•	1 000 E	13 000	13 584	•	•	•	•	•	•	20 000	15 000	31 350
B MP306 Disaleseng	20.943	21 708	22 520				4 000		4 000	18 000	15 000	15 674									
	65 932	68 849	71 954	1	1	•	•	•	•	15 000	22 000	22 988		. 900		•	•	•	•	•	•
C DX30 Gert Sibande District Municipality Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	398 497	415 905	434 427				0008	2 000	0006	61 420	105 000	912 601	2476	2 485	2576	340 142	246 000	270 000	197 745	145 000	168 080
D VICENTI Vicinis Plannes	37.07.0	90,000	30.748							000 9	13 331	13.010							000 00	00000	00000
B MP312 Emalahleni	137 675	144 029	150 787		•	•	2 000	2 000	2 000	49 100	38 000	39.705	•			•	•	•	15 000	15 000	15 000
B MP313 Steve Tshwete					•			4 000	4 000	14 400	15 000	15 674		•		145 000	70 000	45 000	35 000	45 000	37 239
B MP315 Thembisile Hani	141 661	148 204	155 167				4 000	2 000		12 000	000 CI	100/1							25 000	25 000	31 350
	153 660	150 239	157 299										- 233	. 1341	- 404	•	•				
2	481 244	492 554	515 283				0006	14 000	0006	94 500	81 321	84 972	2 3 3 2	2 341	2 427	145 000	70 000	45 000	115 000	130 000	129 714
B MP321 Thaba Chweu	53 907	56 248	58 740							20 000	12 000	12 539				2 000	30 000	80 8 8 9 8	40 000	40 000	20 900
B MP324 Nkomazi	258 939	271 099	284 035		•		' 000		. 000	10 000		•		•		200 000	70 000	•	20 000	49 937	62 626
	384 362	402 526	421 852				4 284	4 000	4 000	54 659	40 000	41 796				10 000	89 793	145 000	30 000	30 000	31 350
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	1 128 059	1 181 115	1 237 561				10 284	4 000	0006	- 88 659	52 000	54335	2516	2.525	2617	212 000	189 793	213 508	175 000	159 937	156 676
7	000 800 4					H		000 80	000000	0000		0.00		100		477.00	400000	000			
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	2 007 800	2 089 574	2 187 271		-	-	27 284	23 000 1	27 000	244 579	238 321	249 023	7324	7.351	7 620	697 142	505 793	528 508	487 745	434 937	454 470

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	Munici	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	Munic	nicipal Disaster Recovery Grant	overy Grant	Energy E	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side Management Grant	mand-Side nt	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	$\overline{}$	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	t Management S	stems Grant	Regional Bulk I	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant		Water Service	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	Grant
	National at	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	Nationa	nal and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	I and N	nicipal Financia	+	l and N	unicipal Financ	al Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 26 (R'000) (A	(R'000) (2024/25 2 (R000) (2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE																					
	7697	7 827		15							1 000	1 045						•	10 000	15 900	16 650
B NC062 Nama Khoi B NC064 Kamissberg	16 070 7 945	16 601	17 165	w ~						2 000	2 000	5 225 2 090							20 000	8 540	8 924
	10 493	10 756		1		1 1		4 000	1 200		2 000	2 090	1 1	1		20 000	67 772		11 000	11 675	12 200
	8 200	8 3 5 3								1 800	4 000	4 180							,	\$ 225	5 460
C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality Total: Namakwa Municipalities	196 19	- 60 358	61 838	1 ~				4 000	1 200	- 0099	16 000	16 720	3 106	3.118	3 231	- 20 000	67 772		- 20 000	41.340	43 234
B NC071 Ubuntu B NC072 IInschommu	21 988	11 010		n (4 500		1 200	2 300	3 000	3.135							9 000	9 4 50	9.875
	22.759	13 656		~	_			2 000	2 000	2 400	4 000	4 180	•	•		•		•	16 000	11 675	12 200
B NC074 Kareeberg	19 506	8 674		m :						7 500	7 000	7.314							- 000 5	- 0000	- 0.405
	10 134	10 380	10 643	0 ~						1 000	7 000	7.314							000 01	11 540	12 059
	10.572	10 840		5.						. 000 4	8 000	8 359		•		•		•			
B NC078 Styancuma C DC7 Piylov Ka Some District Municipality	18 395	19 036		0 '						3 000	7 000	7.314	3 220	3 232	3.350				000 9	13.975	14 603
Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	121 951	94 443	97 096	2			4 500	5 000	3 200	19 400	47 000	49 110	3 2 2 0	3 232	3350				000 19	64 045	66 925
D NICKON IV at 10 and h	25,007									0009	0009	0% 9							0000	13 075	14 603
	11 567			n ~						0.75	2 000	2 090							2 000	9 450	9 875
B NC085 Tsantsabane	17 165			or .						20 000	5 000	5 225		•		85 102	80 000	135 345	000 9	12 975	13 559
B NC086 Kgatelopele B NC087 Dawid Kuiner	8 510	8 678	30 475	ac :-						5 425	3 000	3 135							5 000	12 975	13 559
C DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality									•				3 067	3 079	3 191						
Total: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities	90 522	93 663	97 00							31845	25 000	26 123	3 067	3 079	3 191	85 102	000 08	135 345	37 000	60 125	62 829
				_	_		4 000	4 000		40 000	20 000	20 898			•	•		•	19 948	17.768	18 567
B NC092 Dikgatlong	21763	22 566	23 421							3 000	8 000	8 359							. 000 8		
B NC094 Phokwane	29 538	30 714		2 15						15 000	10 000	10 449							10 000	22 900	23 930
C DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	- 69 913	. (6.734	68 202	1.0			4 000	4 000		- 28 000	40 000	41 796	2 697	2.707	2 806				34 948	40 668	42 497
CONTRACTOR DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE																					
	68 496	71 536	74771						- 000 3	. 030.30	- 17.364	. 000 E	•	•	•	•	1	•	40 000	53.700	56 099
	12 908	13 287					4 000	4 000		18 500	20 000	20 898					20 037	40 000	\$ 000	24 125	25 210
C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	- 142 142	148 230	154708				0006	4 000	. 000 5	43.750	36.354	37 986	2 122	2 130	2 2 0 8		20.037	- 40 000	. 000 55	120.075	125.420
TOTAL BOTH THOSE CHECKER STRING																					
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	492 495	462 428	478 848	20			17 500	17 000	9 400	159 495	164354	171 735	14212	14 266	14 786	135 102	167 809	175 345	266 948	326 253	340 905
NORTH WEST																					
B NW371 Moretele	131 680	137 746		~												•			000 59	75 000	80 000
	324 408	339 702	355 973		_				•	45 500	25 000	26 123	•	•		•		•			
B NW373 Rustemburg B NW374 Kgellengriver	270 530	30 209							2 000	30 000	31.015	32.408 20.898							000 00	90008	82 000
B NW375 Moses Kotane	171 967	179 961		or .			5 000	4 000	5 000	•	•		- 0030	- 063 0	- 1070			•	000 59	70 000	90 015
Total: Bojanala Patinum Municipalities	927 641	970 863	1 016 846	150			2 000	000 6	10 000	75 500	76 015	79 429	2 529	2.539	2 631				200 000	225 000	252 015
	33 155																	•	•	•	
B NW382 Tswaing B NW383 Marikene	33 010			0 0			5 500	4 202	9 2 000		11 000	11 494									
B NW384 Dischoula	41395	43 139	44 993	en :						*			1	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	1
B NW383 Kambotshere motikoa C DC38 Ngaka Modri Molema District Municipality	344 835			4 ~							000.01	10 449	2 7 1 8	2 728	2 828						
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	574 687	Ш	Ш				10 500	4 292	13 000		21 000	21 943	2 718	2 728	2 828						
	18 823	19 486		_					•	6 457	16 500	17.241	•	•	•			•	•	•	
B NW393 Mamusa B NW394 Greater Taune	17342	17 933		m r						9909	10 000	10 449									
	16 300	16 842	17 418						•		10 000	10 449	•	•		•			•	•	
B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo C DC39 Dr Buth Seconosis Mormanti District Municipality	33 926	35 313		۰ م									2615	2.625	2 720	399 581	- 487 038	508 911	- 000 06	100 000	110 000
S	299 482	312 390								12 525	36 500	38 139	2 615	2 625	2 720	399 581	487 038	508 911	000 06	100 000	110 000
B NW403 CityofMatlosana	100 187						2 000	4 000		29 064	25 000	26 123							15 676	28 630	30 000
B NW404 Maquassi Hills	31.782	33 065	34 429	Ф. с						45 936	7 000	7314							30 000	30 000	15 000
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	-									-	1		2 632	2 642	2.738				-	-	-
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities	208 155						2 000	4 000		75 000	44 000	45 976	2 632	2 642	2 738				80 676	83 630	64 966
Total: North West Municipalities	2 009 965	2 090 637	2 187 414				20 500	17 292	23 000	163 025	177.515	185 487	10 494	10 534	10 917	399 581	487 038	508 911	370 676	408 630	426 981
					İ	Ì				İ			Ì	Ì	ĺ	Ì			İ	ı	ı

National Prince Of Year National and Number of Parts National Parts National and Number of Parts National and Numb		Municips	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Municipal Di	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	Frant	Energy Effici	Energy Efficiency and Demand-Side		Integrated Nation	Integrated National Electrification Programme		ural Roads Asse	Rural Roads Asset Management Systems Grant	stems Grant	Regional Bul	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Water Servi	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	e Grant
1,100, 1,100,		National and	Municinal Enan	cial Year	National and N	Innicinal Financia	al Year	National and N	funicinal Financ	vial Vear	National and	Municipal Financ	T	National and	Municipal Finan	vial Vear	National and N	Annicinal Enanc	ial Vear	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
1,100 1,10		2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
Atticipation (1797) (1794) (17	WESTERN CAPE																					
New Hole		•	•	•	•	•	•	0006	000 6	000 6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	•	•
11 11 11 11 12 12 13 13		23.817	24 7 1 9	25 678								7 000	7.314				10 000			9616	2 441	25 654
1861 1864	3 WC012 Cederberg	17 309	17 898	18 527		•	•	•	•	•	24 000	11 000	11 494	•	•	•		•	•		10 000	10 450
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	3 WC013 Bergrivier	16 017	16 545	17 107	•	•		•			•	2 000	5 22 5	•	•	•	•	•	•	3 150	•	
1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	3 WC014 Saklanha Bay	33.810	22 432	23 280		1 1			4 000	2 000	17.600	3 000	3 135									
11.284 148.04 110.104 1.0	DCI West Coast District Municipality	ore ore		010.07							1 000	2000		2 707	2.718	2817						
Hamicphy Hamilton Hamicphy Hamicphy Hamicphy Hamicphy Hamicphy Hamilton Hamilton Hamicphy Hamilton Ham	Fotal: West Coast Municipalities	112 587	106 305	110 262	H				4 000	2 000	41 600	31 000	32 393	2 707	2 718	2 817	10 000			12 346	12 441	36 104
Homicality 14.57 25.516 20.514 20.0 1.0 2.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0		25 091	26 054	27 079	•	•	•	,			•	4 000	4 180		•		19 239	,	•	15 701	14 299	
Hemicyally 24.97 26.54 26.55 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 2		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10 000	19 000	19 853	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Adminishing 15 St. 10 S	3 WC024 Stellenbosch	- 44 007	- 40.614	- 40.346	•			4000	- 000		28 350	0000 92	90 202	•	•	•	•	•	•	- 2019	. 17000	
Makepilly 94 675 94 78 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 WC026 Langeberg	24 597	25 536	26 535				1	1 000		000.01	3 000	3 135							,	8 721	
10 cm 20 Table 2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	94 675	92 204	. 096 56				4 000	4 000	1	53.350	- 20 000	73 143	2.877	2 888	2 992	10 230			20.808	40.020	
11 2 2 2 5 6 6 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	aven cape e meanus remerapantes	200		90000				200	200	İ	0.00				2002	2002	(2)			0000	000	
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 WC031 Theewaterskloof	29 728	30 913	32 174	•		•	•	4 000	2 000	•	0009	6 269	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
1 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	3 WC032 Overstrand	24 628	25 568	26 569	•	•		2 000	4 200	0009	21331	7 000	7.314	•	•	•	•	•	•	27 439		
Inticipality 10.1 18.14 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.14 1	3 WC033 Cape Agulhas	13 006	12 262	12 615							4 348	4 000	4 180							17 000	13 000	
1973 8513 85146 1985 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DC3 Overberg District Municipality	300										1	1 100	2 835	2 846	2 950						
11 083 11374 11683 11874 11683 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Fotal: Overberg Municipalities	79 290	82 132	85 155		-		5 000	8 200	11 000	25 679	21 000	21 943	2 835	2 846	2 950	•			90 876	13 000	•
27 0-66 (2012) (11 083	11.374	11 685	•							3 000	3 135								11 000	21 940
2506 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	3 WC042 Hessoqua	24 982	15 461	15 970	•	•	•	4 000	4 000	000 9	2 893	3 000	3 135	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
13.35 25.24 26.25 25.24 26.25 25.2	3 WC043 Mossel Bay	27 046	28 102	29 226	•	•			•		13 061	12 000	12 539	•		•	. 000	. 000		•	•	
1,50 2,514 2,520 2,514 2,520 2,524	B WC044 George 3 WC045 Outstehorm	33 325	25.251	26.2%				7 200			38 036	6 469	6 759				240.048	210 828	070 117		5009	
11 12 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	3 WC047 Bitou	22 508	23 347	24 240	•	1	•	,	•	•	8 718	11 000	11 494	•	•	•	•	•	•	6 0 0 6	750	
6 870 6 870 6 870 7 105 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	B WC048 Krysna	39 114	29 222	30 400	•	•			. 000	. 000	10 730	000 9	6 269			. 000	•	•	•	•	•	33 437
6 \$70 \$8.00 \$9.00	DC4 Carden Route District Municipality	203 566	180 205	187 269				11 500	8 000	11 000	73 438	53 469	55.870	2.594	2 604	2 699	240 648	510 838	274 626	6 0 0 6	17.778	58.377
1,525 1,545 1,575 1,545 1,575 1,545 1,575 1,545 1,57																						
Ass. Designation of the complex control of th	B WC051 Laingsburg	687	0969	7 065								4 000	4 180							17 360	10.359	9114
3. Contact Nanicipalities 3.9179 3.947 3.1679 3.057 3.1879 3.947 3.1879 3.1979	3 WCO53 Beaufort West	15 353	15 849	16.377							11 000	7 000	7.335							28 439		
In Extra Numbrighalities 5.0179 3.0479 3.1679 3.0479 3.179 3.0479 3.179 3.0479 3.179 3.0479	C DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality						•		•	1	•		-	2 055	2 063	2 137	•					
TransCaperMunicipalities 520.227 491753 510.327 - 29.540 53.00 36.000 266.007 199.044 13.008 13.109 13.0087 13	Total: Central Karoo Municipalities	30 179	30 907	31 691	-			-		•	11 000	15 000	15 695	2 055	2 063	2 137	-	•	•	52.351	13 035	9114
252 858	Total: Western Cape Municipalities	520 297	491 753	510 337				29 500	33 200	36 000	205 067	190 469	199 044	13 068	13 119	13 595	269 887	510 838	274 626	145 460	96 271	100 595
4	Unallocated		252 858	252 858																		
_	National Total	16 842 001	17 594 733	18 384 903	26 023	320 915		223 204	224 092	242 515	2 118 668	2 212 046	2 311 388	115 020	115 461	120 646	2 521 420	2 892 132	2 762 863	3 701 019	3 864 137	4 037 673

	Integrate	Integrated Urban Development Grant	ment Grant	(Capital)	(Capital)	Grant: Municipalities	Gran	Grant: Municipalities		min or manufacture or terral or the community of the comm		_		-				
	Nationals	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Yea	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																		
A BUF Buffalo City A NMA Nelson Mandela Bay				40 581 25 581	40 581	30 000	282 122 334 876	294 556 349 635	307 785	496 166 588 945	518 034 614 902	541 299 642 517	318 543	332 128	344 814	818 869	853 171 1 345 665	879 084 1 377 668
B ECIDI De Basses Namels		·									,				,	070 51	98 874	691 103
	_	_	-													26 375	30 270	33 169
	_	_			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	43 498	57 406	59 848
					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	131 227	09616	79 395
	_			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	'	59 297	65 925	58 306
B EC108 Kouga	_							•		•	•		•	•		35 891	48 372	51 260
DC10 Sarah Baarman District Municipality																2 396	2.405	2 492
= =					П	Ħ					H	Ħ	H	H	·	357 630	415 784	408 949
																0		
	_						•	•		•	•	•	•	•		72 958	94 496	93 537
B EC122 Mnquma																72 948	21 562	22 334
	_	_	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	31 701	42 980	44 789
		'	•	,	•	•	•	,	•	•	'	•	,	•	,	35 198	36 166	37 645
	_		•	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		46 331	56 395	58 857
C DC12 Amathole District Municipality Total: Amathole Municipalities																582 805	937 377	064 00
Alliatione																60.00	11017	704 70
	_	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	22 313	35 427	37 620
	_						•	•		•	•	•	•	•		58 853	58 975	61 569
B EC136 Ematantem	_															54 247	764 94	63 184
	_	_	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	30 563	25 962	26 963
		'	•	,	,	,	,	,	,	•	,	•	,	,	'	77 410	73 386	76 678
C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality																610 813	507 218	565 799
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities								,			•		•			929 315	807 999	880 296
B FC141 Elmylini		_									•					58 575	18089	71 03
B EC142 Sengu	_	_	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	43 640	46 491	48 505
	'	'	•	'	•	•	•	,	•	•	'	•	,	•	,	32 748	28 575	29 697
C DC14 Joe Gqabi District Municipality																257 584	248 985	300 607
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities						1	1		1			1		1	•	392 547	392 102	449 844
B EC153 Ngquza Hill			•		•		•	•	•	•	•			•		70 191	67 862	70 909
B EC154 Port St Johns	_	_	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	56 542	47 484	49 524
	_			•	•	2 000	,	•	,	,	'	,	'	'	'	69 440	80 526	89 169
B ECLS6 Millorito R ECLS6 Millorito	_															102 17	125 282	132 384
	_	_	-													983 274	1 261 139	1 283 124
Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities						2 000	•									1 356 694	1 649 755	1 695 553
B ECA41 Materials					•					•	•					102 356	111 006	115 965
B EC442 Unzimvubu	_		-													52 786	83 074	86 766
	_	'	,	,	1	•	1	,	•	,	•	,	•	,	•	71 438	85 433	89 241
B EC444 Ntabankulu	_				•		•	•		•	•		•	•		37 602	49 802	51913
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities							.									802 174	900 396	931 589
TOTAL VILLA LAS LIBRARS														İ				00.100
											-							

	Integrated	Integrated Urban Development Grant	nent Grant	Neighbourhood	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital)	tnership Grant	Informal Settler Gra	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities	Partnership	Urban Settler	Urban Settlements Development Grant	nt Grant	Public Tra	Public Transport Network Grant	Grant	SUB-TOTA	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	TURE
	Nationalar	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
FREE STATE																		
A MAN Mangaung		•	•	20 738	24 738	5 000	279 617	291 940	305 051	491 760	513 434	536 492	249 894	260 551	270 503	1 042 009	1 090 663	1117046
B FS161 Letsement			,	٠	,	,	,	,		,				,	,	62 519	53 018	56 052
		•			•			•		•	•		•		•	42 932	49 612	43 886
B FS163 Mohokare																2 200	9 110	51 151
≥				'												154 236	154 048	153 480
n FRIOI M.31																173 03	70 02	016.63
B FS182 Tokologo																44 052	100 698	154 073
			<u>'</u>				•	•		•	•		•	•		35 532	37.870	41 659
B FS184 Matjhabeng																166 810	173 933	184 101
																6 441	2.451	7 540
ΙΞ			•													354 343	418 676	498 001
	•	•	,	•		•	•			,	,	•	,	,	,	219 001	225 205	212 472
	•	•		'	'	•	,	,	•	,		1	•	•		56 828	012 69	75 902
B FS193 Nketoana B FS194 Maluti-a-Phofung																49 012	47 323 274 084	40.833
	,			'	,		•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	38 847	43 183	50 197
B FS196 Mantsopa		•			•	•		•		•	•		•	•		46 795	38 530	40 105
C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality Total: Thoba Mefutsanyana Municipalities										1						15/3	704618	702 850
I otal: I nabo Mofutsanyana Municipanties												1				100.070	/04 010	600 70/
B FS201 Moqhaka																55.886	62.537	208 802
																108 703	83 144	92 057
	•	•	'	'	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	55 360	46 094	47 569
C DC20 Fezile Dabi District Municipality					•			1	1		1		•		1	2 341	2 350	2 435
Total: Fezile Dabi Municipalities				•		1			•		1	1				359 953	293 747	288 417
Total: Free State Municipalities			ľ	20 738	24 738	5 000	279 617	291 940	305 051	491 760	513 434	536 492	249 894	260 551	270 503	2 586 542	2 661 752	2 759 803
GAUTENG																		
				118 470	113 651	30 000	729 065	761 197	795 382	1 282 202	1 338 713	1 398 834	702 334	732 288	760 257	2 841 071	2 953 849	2 994 473
A JHB City of Johannesburg A TSH City of Tehwane				156348	151348	30 000	684 888	715 075	747 187	1 204 509	1 257 596	1 314 074	753 681	1 158 203	1 202 440	3 226 904	3 282 222	3 293 701
				000 01	20 000	20 000		•		•	•		•	•		246 274	244 268	260 850
B G7423 Legdi				000 01	000 01	000 CI										74 030	70 690	73 438
		·			·	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2 606	2 616	2 711
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities				20 000	30 000	35 000	1	•		1	1				1	416 458	405 676	433 506
	156 361	140 185	146 433	40 000	40 000	40 000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		246 121	242 967	251 922
B GT484 Memfong City B GT488 Rand West City																212 866	139 104	146 105
		•			39 213	40 000		•		•	•			•		45 775	41 999	42 887
Total: West Rand Municipalities	156 361	140 185	146 433	83 000	79 213	80 000										656 507	906 049	921 129
Total: Cantona Municipalities	156.361	140 185	146 433	528 033	530 427	185 000	2 007 638	2 096 123	2 190 258	3 530 822	3 686 438	3 851 994	2 637 174	2 676 315	2 778 536	9 691 632	9 942 672	10 010 470

									· -	(-								
	Integrated	Integrated Urban Development Grant	ment Grant	Neighbourhood	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital)	tnership Grant	Informal Settler. Gran	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities	Partnership	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant	ntGrant	Public Tra	Public Transport Network Grant	Grant	SUB-TOT/	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CTURE
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National as	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'0009)	2024/25 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL																		
A ETH eThekwini				315 368	338 368	40 000	727 265	759 318	793 419	1 279 036	1 335 408	1 395 380	863 393	900 216	934 599	3 194 062	3 357 752	3 173 398
B VZN313 uMdoni					,	,						,		,		44.631	44.061	48 000
B KZN213 uMzumbe																62.552	63 932	52.318
B KZN214 uMuziwabantu B KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni	81360	73 200	76348		40 000	40 000										42 082	47 739 202 498	38 705
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality								7								350 222	498 051	387 394
Total: Ugu Municipalities	81 360	73 200	76 348	46 000	40 000	40 000				1			•			638 873	856 271	659 223
B KZN221 uMshwathi	1			-			•	•			•	•	•	•	•	44 494	41 318	43 050
B KZN222 uMngemi	1								•	•	•			•		48 671	45 813	42.279
B KZN223 Mpofana B KZN224 iMnendle																12 753	17 125	22 275 21879
B KZN225 Msunduzi				34 500	35 000	35 000										350 807	355 680	368 916
B KZN226 Mkhambathini	1		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	32.781	28 394	29 495
C DC22 uM.gangandkovu District Municipality																205 174	215 592	220 794
Total: uMgungundlovu Municipalities				34500	35 000	35 000										740 895	755 758	779 092
B KZN235 Okhalilamba		_		_												38 991	43 179	42 909
B KZN237 iNkosi Langalibak k										•						09 160	56 495	60 818
B KZN238 Alfred Duma	1				•	4 213	•	•		•			•			204 046	81 541	89 446
						4 213										487 858	491 058	522 588
d thinks in the second of the																37.740	36.346	33 306
B KZN242 Nouthu		_		_												44 780	50 680	52.849
B KZN244 uMsings							•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		58 854	64 206	60 741
B KZN245 uMvoti																2020 20	318 273	53 167
												1				492.577	517 447	534 151
B KZN252 Newcastle B KZN253 eMaddaneeni				20 000	20 000	15 000										26 703	20 250	17 821
B KZN254 Dannhauser	•			•			•		•		•			•	•	29 387	30 274	33 574
C DC25 Amajuba District Municipatry Total: Amajuba Municipatities				20 000	20 000	15 000										372 179	389 678	403 402
B KZN261 eDumbe B KZN262 uPhoneolo																33 405	34 777	36 173
B KZN263 AbaQulusi	•			•			•		•	•	•	•		•		895 09	53 859	56 197
B KZN265 Nongoma B KZN266 Hlundi																39 009	40 495	45 344
C DC26 Zutuland District Municipality							•		•		·			•		372 306	405 137	438 209
Total: Zululand Municipalities																600 265	619 764	669 210
B KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana	1						•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	39 523	49 177	54 430
B KZN272 Jozini							•	•	•	•	•		•			48 981	54 171	56 524
B KZN275 Mitubatuba B KZN276 Big Five Habisa																30 874	32 779	36 271
C DC27 uMkhanyakude District Municipality			•	-	•	•			•	•		•	•	•	•	310 089	331 020	351 709
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities								•							1	473 196	516 494	548 302
B KZN281 uMfolozi	1				•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	32 491	40 664	46 542
B KZN282 uMhlathuze B KZN284 uMhlatzi	147 172	127.810	133 484													202 172	55 781	206 318
B KZN285 Mthonjaneni	•								•		•	•		•	•	38319	34.761	37 201
B KZN286 Nkandla C DC38 Kinn Conhusing District Municipality																41.579	46 565	42 244
Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities	147 172	127 810	133 484	-												842 175	994 115	999 935
The state of the s																47.744	13	07013
B KZN291 Mandem B KZN292 KwaDukuza				70 000	30 000	30 000										154 289	125 477	51 868 106 554
B KZN293 Ndwedwe							•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	43 627	45 000	48 997
B KZN294 Maphumulo C DC29 iLembe District Municipality																313 928	365 318	330 896
Total: iLembe Municipalities				20 000	30 000	30 000								*		621824	628 460	577 817
B KZN433 Greater Kolstad				_												54214	41 896	38 159
B KZN434 uBuhlebezwe	1		'			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	•	37 285	41 003	43 763
B KZN435 uMzmnkhulu B KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma																36 910	39.783	64 629 44 580
C DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality Total: Harry Coolla Municipalities																328 392	369 224	406 224
Total Hally Oraca Humbana												T				900.000	000 000	000
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	228 532	201 010	209 832	485 868	463 368	164 213	727 265	759 318	793 419	1 279 036	1 335 408	1 395 380	863 393	900 216	934 599	8 980 556	9 680 605	9 464 473

ANNEXURE W5

	Integrated	Integrated Urban Development Grant		Neighbourhood L	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital)	nership Grant	Informal Settler Gran	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities	Partnership s	Urban Settle	Urban Settlements Development Grant	ent Grant	Public Tr	Public Transport Network Grant	k Grant	SUB-TOLA	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	TURE
	National and N	d Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	reial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	sial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																		
B LIM331 Greater Giyani		-														89 845	93 338	95 465
B LIM332 Greater Leaba				•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		90 267	83 614	86 110
B LIM555 Greater Trancen B LIM534 Ba-Phalaborwa																44 186	49 681	49 083
B LIM335 Maruleng	•															30 170	31376	32 659
12		-														968 293	1 000 601	1 (36 731
B I.M341 Misina		-							•	,					,	32 713	44 040	45 902
B LIM343 Thulamela			•	7 000	2 000	2 000	•	•		•	•		•	•		143 112	145 127	146 394
B LIM344 Makhado B LIM345 Collins Chalvane																122 717	123 271	128 961
C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality	•	-					•		•						1	655 650	688 616	732 483
Total: Whembe Municipalities				7 000	2 000	2 000							1			1 053 081	1111200	1 173 132
B LIM351 Blouberg	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	84 546	75 582	78 928
B LIM353 Molemole B I IM354 Polabronne	- 426.044	406.823	- 425.414	40 000	40 000	45 000							199 496	208 005	215 949	39 792	51 458	53 681
B LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi	'	,		,	,	1								1		66 628	73 340	76 629
C DC35 Capricom District Municipality Total: Capricorn Municipalities	426 044	406 823	425 414	40 000	40 000	45 000							199 496	208 005	215 949	383 138	384 224	401 803
B LIM361 Thatbazimbi B LIM362 Leopalale																83 592	69 134	82 590
B LIM366 Bela-Bela	1	-			•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	92 140	95 036	97 828
B LIM367 Mogalakwena	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	234 367	258 426	269 561
B LIMISOS MODIMORE-MOOKREPOND C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality																2 281	2 290	2 373
Total: Waterberg Municipalities							H									562 678	618 024	648 729
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale		-		•						•						37 821	44 994	41 066
B LIM472 Elias Motsoaledi	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	1	39 606	76364	79 794
B LIM473 Makhuduthamaga B LIM476 Fetakgomo Tubatse																76 915 124 588	111974	117 134
																189 109	630 442	040 070
Total: Sekhukhune Municipalities		ſ														920 611	937 846	976 494
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	456 044	406 823	425 414	47 000	45 000	20 000					·		199 496	208 005	215 949	5 014 051	5 144 133	5 372 486
MPUMALANGA																		
D MD 201 Chine Albon Lubrali		-										,				337 603	336.242	344 396
B MP302 Msukaligwa																299 055	203 691	233 635
					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	156 045	141 677	148 147
B MP304 Dr Pixky ka Isaka Seme																8 512	58 906	50 909
B MP306 Dipaleseng	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	42 943	36 708	42 194
B MP307 Govan Mbeki	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	80 932	90 849	94 942
1 21									+							1 008 280	919 390	993 799
		-														52 976	62 399	64 167
B MP312 Emalableni B Mp313 Second Telemone	- 76 305	- 66.035	- 1410	1 000	10 000	10 000										207 775	212 029	220 492
	1	14000	1													54 272	61 004	63 581
B MP315 Thembisile Hani	•		•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•		•	182 661	178 204	186 517
B MF316 DF3S MOTORA C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality																2 332	2 3 4 1	2 427
ŝ	76 305	58 924	61410	1 000	10 000	10 000		H			Ħ	Ħ				924 381	859 140	857 806
B MP321 Theba Chweu							•			1	•					115 907	138 248	160 687
					2 000	\$ 000										495 851	496 242	524 734
B MP326 City of Monthela				1 000	10 000	10 000										484 305	576319	663 998
	•			1 000	15 000	15 000							1			1 617 518	1 604 370	1 688 697
Total Manmalanca Maniginalities	308 92	48 074	61410	2 000	25,000	35 000			1		1	1	1	1		3 540 170	3 382 900	3 540 302
тови: мританавуя этипеараниез	race.	20.744	01740	* Ww	AU 04	AND USA			-			1		1	1	0.000 112	2 200 700 1	3 390 304

ANNEXURE W5

	١						ļ											
	Integrated Urb		nent Grant	Neighbourhoo	i Development F (Capital)	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Capital)		ttlements Upgra Grant: Municip	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant: Municipalities	Urban Se.	Urban Settlements Development Grant	oment Grant	Public	Public Transport Network Grant	rk Grant	SUB-TOT	SUB-TOTAL: INFRASTRUCTURE	CTURE
	National and M		unicipal Financial Year	Nationala	National and Municipal Financial Year	inancial Year	National	National and Municipal Financial Year	Financial Year	National	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National a	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	scial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE																		
B NC061 Richtersweld																17 697	24 727	25 660
B NC062 Nama Khoi B NC064 Kaminshara																41 070	21 601	22 390
											_	_				71 493	96 203	26 527
B NC066 Karoo Hoogland B NC067 Klishima	' '															30 562	10 734	11 006
		•														3 106	3118	3 231
Total: Namakwa Municipalities									1							186 573	192 588	126 223
B NC071 Ubuntu								_			_			_		29 735	27 460	29 692
B NC072 Umsobomvu							_									36 988	24 253	25 148
B NC074 Kareeberg				_		_								_		27 006	15 674	16 167
				•		_		_				_			•	12 862	20 999	21 731
B NC076 Thembelink B NC077 Siyathemba																10 572	18 840	30 016
90						_		_							•	27 395	40 011	41 637
C DC7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities]	1			1	1					3 220	3 232	3 350
country are come transcriptions																		
B NC082 IKai IGarib																40 517	46 035	74 183
						_										128 267	115 723	172 497
B NC085 Kgatelopele				15,000	000 01	15 000										20 510	24 653	25 552
C DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality																3 067	3 079	3 191
Total: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities				15 000	10 000	15 000										262 536	271 867	339 492
	70 390	59 018	61 508		20 000	30 000				,					,	134 338	120 786	130 973
B NC092 Dikgatlong																23 612	30 566	31 780
B NC094 Phokwane			·													54 538	63 614	66 344
C DC9 Frances Baard District Municipality Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	70 390	59 018	- 61 508		20 000	30 000										239 948	232 127	2 806
B NC451 Joe Morolong B NC452 Ga-Segonyama				10 574	25 000	32 809										108 496	125 236	130 870
B NC453 Gamagara		•				_	_						•		•	40 408	81 449	99 798
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities				10 574	25 000	32 809										282 588	355 826	398 131
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	70 390	59 018	61 508	25 574	25 000	77 809				ľ	ľ	ľ				1 181 716	1 266 128	1 330 336
NORTH WEST																		
B NW371 Moretele B NW372 Madibeng																369 908	364 702	382 096
					10 000	2 000		_					238 721		258 409	611 251	658 162	679 588
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier B NW375 Moses Kotane				' '									' '	' '		241 967	253 961	283 483
				ľ												2 529	2 539	2 631
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities				2 000		•			1				238 721	248 902	258 409	1 451 391	1 542 319	1 624 330
B NW381 Radou B NW32 Tsvanio																33 155	34 504	35 939
B NW383 Marikeng		•													•	85 187	77 286	83 300
																42 105	53 882	56 221
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities																347 553	363 835	581 246
B NW392 Nalodi		·				Í					ľ					25 280	35 986	37 432
B NW393 Mamusa							_	_				_				23 410	27 933	29 012
B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane						_										16 300	26 842	27 867
B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo																33 926	35 313	36 786
Š																804 203	938 553	985 889
B NW403 City of Mathosana				30 000	40 000	20 000										179 927	202 376	185 719
B NW404 Maquessi Hils B NW405 IB Marks					. '	2 000										61 782	70 065	56 743
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality																2 632	2 642	2.738
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities				30 000	40 000	25 000										401 463	391 678	365 927
Total: North West Municipalities				32 000	20 000	30 000							238 721	248 902	258 409	3 244 962	3 490 548	3 631 119

	Internated	Information Davids among Cases		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant	evelopment Part.	\vdash	Informal Settlen	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership	Partnership	Tuhon Cottler	Halton Conflormente Donolomone	and Current	Dublic Too	Dablic Tuesmood Network Coons	Cuone	TOT GITS	aditabildray dani Travar dila	Grine
	Same Same	mdon nor man			(Capital)		Gra.	Grant: Municipalities			mdarara suan	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	TI MINITE	anahar racanar v			The state of the s	and to
	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	Nationalan	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
WESTERN CAPE																		
A CPT City of Cape Town				175 699	185 699	30 000	549 012	573 210	598 952	965 544	1 008 100	1 053 373	1 31 4 261	1 623 755	2 461 403	3 013 516	3 399 764	4 152 728
B WC011 Matrikama			,													43 013	34 160	58 646
B WC012 Cederberg																41 309	38 898	40 471
B WC013 Bergrivier	'	,	,	,	,	,	,	•	,	,	,	,	,	•	,	19 161	21 545	22 332
B WC014 Saldanha Bay	'		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	21 634	29 432	31415
B WC015 Swartland C DC1 Man Come District Menicipality																51 410	29 711	30 895
8																179 240	156 464	186 576
D WOOD Witnesshope																120 03	44.353	31 250
	61 080	41 344	43.017													71 080	60 344	078 69
	65 747	42 114	43 821													24 097	48 114	50 090
B WC025 Breede Valley				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		69 094	99 614	82 052
	'		•	2 000	10 000	15 000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	29 597	47 257	44 670
C DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality																1/8 7	7 888	7667
Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities	127 736	83 428	86 838	2 000	10 000	15 000										327 685	302 570	273 933
B WC031 Theewaterskloof	'	•	,	,	•	1	•	•	,	•	,	,	•	•	,	29 728	40 913	43 443
B WC032 Overstrand				•	•		•	•	•	•	•			•		78 398	36 768	39 883
B WC033 Cape Agulhas	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		33 277	29 262	16 795
B WC034 Swellendam C DC3 Onesdeam District Municipality																19 442	2 846	7.67.1
9							1									163 680	127 178	121 048
Total Overegations parties																200 11	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	03636
																31 675	23.374	36 700
B WOM3 Money Box																51 6/3	40 102	41 765
B WC044 George						2 000							191 410	143 171	148 640	518 102	713 457	490317
B WC045 Oudtshorm	•	•	,	•	•		•	•	,	•	•	•				33 325	37 745	32 995
B WC047 Bitou	'	•	,	,	,	1	,	,	,	,	,	,	1	,	,	40 305	35 097	35 734
B WC048 Knysna C DC4 Gorden Date in Municipality				2 000	2 000	10 000										% %4 844	40 222	90108
≥				5 000	5 000	15 000							191 410	143 171	148 640	737 235	921 062	750 481
D W/7051 I nivodeum	,	,	,	,	,		,	,		,	,			,		027 730	21 310	20.350
B WCOS2 Prince Albert																14 508	14 774	12 429
B WC053 Beaufort West	•	•		•	•	,	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		54 792	22 849	23 712
C DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality	•	•	•			•		•	•		•	-		•	1	2 055	2 063	2 137
Total: Central Karoo Municipalities	1		1	1		1		1	•				1	1		95 585	61 005	58 637
Total: Western Cone Municipalities	27.736	83 458	818 98	185 699	200 699	000 09	240 012	573.210	598 952	PF 596	1 008 100	1 053 373	1 50 5 671	1 766 926	2 610 043	4 516 941	4 968 043	5 543 403
commission color management																		
Unallocated		173 346	181 752										•	296 002	307 309		722 206	741 919
			1			1	1		1		1	1	1	1	Ī			

ALLOCATIONS-IN-KIND TO MUNICIPALITIES (SCHEDULE 6, PART B)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

	Municipal	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ement Grant	Integrated Nati	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Neigh bourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	Development Part	nership Grant	Regional Bu	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Water Serv	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	l-aus	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	E
	National ar	National and Municipal Financial Year	nancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	Ι.	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
STERNCAPE																		
BUF Buffilo City	- 202	- 050	250	73 625	50 110	79 738	1500	1 500	1500						, ,	75 125	51 610	81 238
	667	0.00	001				00001	000 4	000					•		1 (32	8	000
		'		585	2 760	4 945		•		47 000	18 000		•			47 585	20 760	4 945
EC102 Blue Crane Route EC104 Makana				9 7 65	6 037	10 482				30 000	36 743	26 743				39 765	42 780	37 225
				115	2 322	3 864				26 246	10 000		30 000			56361	12 322	3 864
				5 499	5 982	10 885				4 500	•					6666	5 982	10 885
EC108 Konga				3 8 78	13 324	10 396				, 000 01	, 0001					9 9 4 6	13 324	10 396
- 1	1 475	1 260	1 260	0.00						000 01	0001					1 475	1260	1 260
al: Sarah Baartman Municipalities	1475	1 260	1260	29 788	33 044	48 001				117 746	65 743	26 743	30 000		•	179 009	100 047	76 004
EC121 Mbhashe				111 987	116 933	101 924					,					111 987	116 933	101 924
	'		'	24 794	27 462	43 793				•	•					24 794	27 462	43 793
				13 414	10 708	16 790					•					13414	10 708	16 790
EC124 Amahlathi EC126 Nooneleve				7337	29 935	46 7 19										13.708	29 935	46 719
				35 995	39 353	28 923										35 995	39 353	28 923
DC12 Amathole District Municipality	4 895	4 180		-						222 935	244 237	283 098				227 830	248 417	287 278
al: Amathole Municipalities	4 895	4 180	4 180	207 235	231 649	250 051	1	1	'	222 935	244 237	283 098		1	1	435 065	480 066	537 329
EC131 Inxuba Yethemba				,			•			•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•
	•	'		18 400	14 269	20 082					•					18 400	14 2 69	20 082
EC136 Emalahleni	' '			11 755	12 650	74 006										11 755	12 650	24 006
				10.822	10 500	11 678										10 822	10 500	11 678
		•		15 908	17 175	19 234	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	15 908	17 175	19 234
DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality of Chris Hani Municipalities	2 857	2 440	2 440	71818	- 982 02	89 915										2 857	2 440	2 440
ar Ciris namedyanucs				000		27.70												200
EC141 Elundini				54 442	43 676	50 169		•			•					54 442	43 676	691 09
EC142 Sengu		•		10 728	16 330	18 630										10 728	16 330	18 630
	4 262	3 640	3 640													4 2 6 2	3 640	3 640
al: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	4 2 6 2	3 640	3 640	65 170	900 09	68 199										69 432	63 646	72 439
HCL53 Neouza Hill				27 442	30 492	42 987	,			,	,		,			27 442	30 492	42 987
				16 020	18 412	29 014										16 020	18 412	29 014
	'	'		21 908	23 575	25 473	1 000	100	100	•	•	•	•	•	•	22 908	23 675	25 573
EC156 Mhlorito				15 149	788	15 899	, 000 ¢	' 8								15 149	70 305	15 899
	2 857	2 440			-		,									2857	2 440	2 440
al: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	2 857	2 440	2 440	165 303	163 472	190 187	3 000	200	100						•	171 160	166 112	192 727
EC441 Matatiele	'	,	'	30418	42 014	42 273	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	30 418	42 014	42 273
			'	158 289	120 895	53 257	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	158 289	120 895	53 257
EC443 Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	'			27.555	45 457	46 235	100	100	100							27 655	45.557	46 335
EC444 Ntabankulu DC44 Alfred Nzo District Municipality	2 787	2 380	2380	2//8	- 12	coc II				15 000	43 969	000 09				17.787	46 349	62 380
1 8	2 787	2 380	2 380	225 033	221 085	153 270	100	100	100	15 000	43 969	000 09				242 920	267 534	215 750
							4											
al: Eastern Cape Municipalities	19 427	16 590	16 590	837 972	830 152	196 628	0019	4 300	3 2 0 0	355 681	353 949	369 841	30 000	•		1 249 180	1 204 991	1 269 592

	Municipal Syst	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant		integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	od Development Partn (Technical Assistance)	ership Grant	Regional Bu	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	Water Serv	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	SUB-1	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	تا تا
	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	onal and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and 7	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
FREE STATE A MAN Managing	869	1 450	1450	20.812	11 682	397	901	00	001	,			,	,		22 610	13.232	1 947
- 1				!	:													
	•	,	•	35	92	92	•	•	•		•	•	•	•		92	92	92
				\$ £	2 245	\$ F				1 000						1 046	2 2 4 5	46
B FS165 Mohokare C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	1 405	1 200	1 200	7/	c '	7/										1 405	1 200	1 200
Σ	1 405	1 200	1 200	210	2 410	210				1 000					1	2 615	3 610	1 410
R FVI81 Masilonvana	,		,	46	1 081	94				000 09	223 000	95 000				60 046	224 081	95 046
	•	•	,	46	906	46	,	,	•	78 236	80 900	30 000	•	,	,	78 282	81 406	30 046
	•			411	5 218	7.010	•	•		13 329	10 000	50 447			•	13 740	15 218	57 457
	•		•	17 466	11 738	24 034	100	100	100	15 000	20 666 05	100 000		•	•	32 566	62 837	124 134
B FS185 Nala	4216	3,600	3,600	109	1 250	14 245										4 216	1250	14 245
=	4216	3 600	3 600	18 0 78	19 793	45 381	100	100	100	166 565	364 899	275 447	1.	1.	-	656 881	388 392	324 528
										0.00			000				T C	
B FSI92 Diblabeng				792	12 645	31 242				50 000	139 000	000 09	950 00			50 792	151 645	91 242
	•	•		13 301	20 156	92	,	•	•	236 473	120 000	130 000			,	249 774	140 156	130 092
	,	•	•	29 803	329	5 500	1 500	100	100	000 29	71 000	192 000	•	•	•	98 303	71 429	197 600
	•			141	1 464	141	•	•		. 000	' 00				•	141	1 464	141
B FSI96 Mantsopa	4216	3 600	3 600	5.720	380	1 004				15 000	10 000					20 720	3 600	3 600
15	4216	3 600	3 600	61903	42 071	50 750	1 500	1001	100	673 252	340 000	382 000	869 09			801 509	385 771	436 450
B FS201 Modules	,		,	72	23 555	10 034				,						72	23 555	10 034
	•		•	53	102	53	,	•		,		100 000		•	•	53	102	100 053
	•		•	173	1 114		100	100	100	20 000	2 000			•	,	50 273	6.214	100
	, 610	, 006 6	, 000	83	102	53			•	22 000	15 000					55 053	15 102	53
Total: Excile Dabi Municipalities	2810	2 400	2 400	351	24 873	10 140	001	001	1001	105 000	20 000	100 000	. .			108 261	47.373	112 640
Total Pears Dabi Stunicipanies						0.	20		8	000 700		000						
Total: Free State Municipalities	14345	12 250	12 250	101354	100 829	106 878	1 800	400	400	945 817	724 899	757 447	869 09			1 123 954	838 378	876 975
GAUTENG																		
A EKU City of Ekurhuleni	•		•	76 874	15 755	19 936	200	200	200	•	•	•	•	•		77 374	16 255	20 436
	•	•	•	25 082	20 347	80 544	200	200	' 6	•	•	•	•	•		25 582	20 847	80 544
A 15H Cily of 1shwane				070 /	616.07	42.200	0000	000	0000							0710	6/4/7	CO/ 7%
B GT421 Emfuleni	•	•	•	3 2 2 4	4 936	17 433	2 000	2 000	1 000	519 410	753 023	819 665	45 414	65 225	68 154	570 048	828 184	906 252
	•	•			1 254		100	100	100	000 09	30 000				,	001 09	31354	100
B GT423 Lesedi	1 405	- 1 200	1 200	\$ '	10 350		100	100	100							284	10450	1 200
15	1 405	1 200	1 200	3 408	16 540	17 433	2 2 0 0	5 200	1 200	579 410	783 023	819 665	45 414	65 225	68 154	631837	871 188	907 652
B GT481 Mozale City				2 913	30 514	098 99	10 000	26 002	40 961	,	,	,	,	,		12 913	56 516	107 811
	•		•	22 860	25 687		,	•		,				•	,	22 860	25 687	
	•	•	•	296 99	99 447	16 058	100	100	100	000 06	183 256	190 000	•	•		157 067	282 803	206 158
C DC48 West Rand District Municipality			1	. 02.7.40	- 125 640	000 00	2 000	48 000	0001	' 000 00	103.056	, 000.001				0007	48 000	314 969
Total: West Kand Municipanties				04/76	133 049	90.6.79	00171	701 4/	47.001	000 06	007 001	190 000				194 640	413 000	314 909
Total: Gauteng Municipalities	1 405	1 200	1 200	205 730	229 269	243 026	15 800	80 802	44 261	669 410	966 279	1 009 665	45 414	65 225	68 154	937 759	1 342 775	1366306
		l	1		1	1	1	1				1						

	Municipal S	Systems Improvement Grant	nent Grant	Integrated Nation	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	_	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	lopment Partnersl	ip Grant	Regional Bull	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Srant	Water Servi	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	rr-ans	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	F
	α.	nd Municipal Financial Yea	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and Mt.	Financ	Н	National and N	Financ	al Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 2/ (R'000) (2023/24 20 (R'000) (R	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL.																		
A ETH eThekwini	,	,	,	47.554	1	2 328	900	200	500					,	•	48 054	900	2 828
		,		79 161	111 360	180 160								•		79 161	111 360	180 160
				20 544	20 23 2	26 544										20 544	20 232	26 S44 6 S04
B KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni	. 250	, ott	- 0220	11 624	12 544	35 256	2 000	2 000	2 000	•	•	•	•	•	•	13 624	14 544	37 256
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality Total: Ugu Municipalities	3 244	2.770	2770	128 508	144136	248 464	2 000	2 000	2 000							133 752	148 906	253 234
B KZN221 uMshwathi		1		•	,	6 720	•	•		,	•	,		,		,		6 720
																•		
B KZNZ25 Mkunduzi B KZNZ26 Mkhambathini				19 118	147.912	43 498	1 000	100	100							76119	148 012	43 598
KZN27 Richmon	. 000	. 000				2 880	•		,	•	•	,	•	•	•	, 000	, 000	2 880
C DX 22 uMgungundlovu District Municipality Total: uMgungundlovu Municipalities	000 9	5 380	5 380	94 237	147 912	53 098	1 000	100	100							6 300	5.380	58 578
l				001	0000	0113										001	0 040	011.9
B KZN237 iNkosi Langalibalele				65 540	0406											65 540	040 6	, ,
	4 192	3 580	3 580	6 957	1 000	32 424	2 000	00 '	100							8 957	3 580	3 524
C DC25 u nukea District nunicipanty Total: uThukela Municipalities	4 192	3 580	3 580	73 197	10 840	37 536	2 000	100	100							79 389	14 520	41 216
				3371	15 912	5 976										3.371	15 912	5 976
B KZN242 Nquthu	•	•			29 000	124 156	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		29 000	124 156
				12 155		28 896										12.135		28 896
- 13	2 787	2 380	2 380			- 050.031	1	+	1			1	1		,	2.787	2 380	2 380
John unzhami munepanues	101.7	7 200	7 200	02001	777.64	070.60	+	+	t		t		T	T		01001	767 14	101 400
B KZN252 Neweastle				30.553	26 400	10 824	100	100	100							30 653	26 500	10 924
KZN254 Di				1 050	13 032	2 352										1 050	13 032	2 352
C DC25 Amgjuba District Mumcipality Total: Amajuba Municipalities	2.787	2 380	2 380	36 889	39 432	15 024	100	100	100			+				39 776	2 380	2 380
'						00.00												045.00
B KZN262 uPhongolo				3 444	12 792	8 616										3 444	12 792	8 616
	•	•		13 407	009 6	3 096	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	13 407	009 6	3 096
				21 754	18 500	76 462										21 754	18 500	76 462
C DC26 Zululand District Municipality Total: Zululand Municipalities	2 787	2 380	2 380	39.555	- 46 892	145 198	1	1	1	1		+	1	1		2 787	2 380	2 380
į									l									
B KZN272 Josini B KZN272 Josini				108 943	49 384	26 016										108 943	49 384 31 234	26 016
				15 107	8 400	34816			•	•	•					15 107	8 400	34 816
B KZN2/6 Big Five Habisa C DC27 uMkhanyakude District Municipality	4 192	3 580	3 580	2000	10 800	90/01										4 192	3 580	3 580
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities	4 192	3 580	3 580	207 485	818 66	009 92			+		-			-		211 677	103 398	80 180
				2 100	39 264		,	•		,	•			•	1	2 100	39 264	
				20 253	153 400	22 824										20 253	0 024	22 824
B KZN285 Mthorjaneni B KZN286 Nkandla				1260	2712	1728										7260	2 712 6 724	1 728
C DC28 King Cetshwayo District Municipality	2 927	2 500	2 500										-			2 927	2 500	2 500
Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities	2 927	2 300	2 500	61871	208 124	65 568			+		+					64 798	210 624	890 89
B KZN291 Mandeni B KZN392 Koodbaloosa				8 282		15 912	909 08	- 0001	- 48 972							39.626	- 000	15 912
				6 4 5 9	2 400	6 480	1 000	,	-							6 4 5 9	2 400	6 480
	2 857	- 2 440	2 440	1 200	120 546	12 408										1 200	2 440	12 408
Munic	2 857	2 440	2 440	15 941	122 946	34 800	39 626	1 000	48 972	H		H		1		58 424	126 386	86 212
	1	,	,	6 564	10 464	1 200	•	•	,	•	•	•	,	,		6 564	10 464	1 200
B KZN434 uBuhlebzwe	•			1500	10 104	6 288			•	•		•	•	•		1 500	10 104	6 288
2 2				1 200	16 944	22 656										1 200	16 944	22 656
C DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities	2 963	2 530	2 530	20 668	37.512	- 61 368										2 963	2 530	2 530
The state of the s	700 30	000 00	00000	741 431	7000	800.013	7tt 37	3 000	11 111			H				601 (00	771 200	FUL 1000
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Mumcipalities	33 000	076 67	076.67	/41 431	902 224	210 668	077 54	2 800	7//16				-	-		821 093	930 244	980 /04

						-			-									
	Municipal 3	Municipal Systems Improve	ement Grant	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Neighbourhood Da (Tech	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	ership Grant	Regional Bul	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Grant	Water Servic	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	SUB-T	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	т
	National an	120	inancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Yea	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2 023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																		
LIM331	•			17 795	111 51	12888	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	17 795	151111	12888
B LIM332 Greater Letaba B LIM333 Greater Tzaneen				7 474 28 359	7 730	17334										7 474 28 359	7730 15230	17334
B LIM334 Ba-Phalaborwa	•			16 597	21 607	42990	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	16 597	21607	42,990
B LIM335 Maruleng C DC33 Mopani District Municipality	4 192	3 580	3 580	3 224	8 012	4180				587856		- 669 383	44 362		93 310	3 224 636 410	8 012	4186
Total: Mopani Municipalities	4 192	3 580	3 580	73 449	069 29	86392		1	+	287856	581 595	669 383	44 362	78 862	93 310	709 859	731 727	852665
B LIM341 Musina	•			8 232	14 339	9 03 4	•			•				•		8 232	14 33 9	9 0 3 4
B LIM343 Thulamela B I M344 Mat-bodo				35 704	59 564	25154	3 000	00 '	00 '							38 704	59 664	25 1 54
LIM345	' '	,		20 961	33 482	24970	100	100	100	' '	' ;	' ;	•	•	•	21 061	33.582	25 0 7 0
C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality Total: Vhembe Municipalities	0 300	5380	5 380	77 425	118 263	126807	3 100	200	200	20 000	20 000	20 000				136 825	173843	182387
B LIM351 Blouberg				16 359	5 377	14562										15 069	5377	14562
LIM354				49 979	107 558	103849	200	200	200							50 179	107.758	104 049
B LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi		. 0000	, 000	15 832	12 019	55064	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	15 832	12019	55064
C DC35 Capricom District Municipality Total: Capricom Municipalities	2.787	2380	2 380	94 239	135 057	175107	200	200	200							2 787	137637	177687
B LIM361 Thabazimbi	•			254	2 423	212	•	•	•	•	•	•	54 320	98 490	102 954	54 574	100913	103 166
B LIM366 Bela-Bela				13.231	7 656	237							001.70	077 1/	- 00 001	11 703	7626	237
B LIM367 Mogalakwena				12 239	89 865	35141	•			40 000	20 000	•	•		•	52 239	139 865	35 141
B LIM368 Modimolle-Mookgophong	- 203	5.400	5 400	466	1 955	13178							54 320	98 490	102 954	54 786	100445	116132
5	6 323	5400	5 400	37 913	117 665	58667		+	+	40 000	20 000		175 800	268 206	269 439	260 036	441 271	333 506
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogak B I M477 Elise Morecoalodi				9 999	8 980	13494										9 999	10491	13494
				19 300	14 913	42387	•		•	•	•		•	•		19 300	14913	42387
B LIM476 Fetakgamo Tubatse C DCA7 Solvuchumo Dietrica Municipality	4.192	3 580	3 580	92 093	30 394	16299	100	100	100	130000	- 000 091	- 000 091	- 21 652	- 64 425	- 67 724	92 193	30494	230804
Total: Sekhukhune Munkipalities	4 192	3580	3 580	142 714	64 778	86687	100	100	100	130 000	160 000	160 000	51 652	64 425	67 224	328 658	292883	317591
	100 00	00000	000.00	000	100	077.002	007	002	002	740 400	204 200	101.040	7 10 120	107 117	140 000	100 000 1	1 70 2 20 1	10000
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	23 794	20320	20 320	425 740	503 453	233 660	3 400	300	200	807.856	841 393	879 383	2/1 814	411 493	429 973	1 532 604	1777.361	1863836
MPUMALANGA																		
B MP301 Chief Albert Luthuli				11 706	15 773	9 2 0 3	•		,							11 706	15 773	9 2 0 3
MP302	•			8 290	49 032	10376	•		•	•	•	•	•	•		8 290	49 03 2	10376
B MP303 Mkhondo D MD304 Dr Biylan be leaber Same				7 417	23 155	32863				40 000	70 000	000 06				88 042	93155	122863
				536	1 021	1425	•			40 000	20 000	70 000	000 06	100 000	104 489	130 536	151 021	175914
B MP306 Dipaleseng B MP307 Govan Mbeki				3 642	3 908	1015				50 000	50 000 40 000	70 000				53 642 25 407	53 908	1015
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality	4 918	4200	4 200			. 01404		•		. 000001	- 000 010	. 000 000	, 000 000	. 000 000	- 104 400	4 918	4200	4200
Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	4 918	4 200	4 200	90 039	767 101	28340				140 000	710 000	730 000	000 06	000 001	104 489	324 953	415492	39/229
B MP311 VictorKhanye R MP312 Ewelahleni				3 392	17 098	2302	' 90	' 00	- 000 1				50 000	20 000	20 900	53 392	37098	23 2 02
	•			4 677	7 124	1581	-			•	•	•	•	•	•	4 677	7124	1581
B MP314 Emakhazeni B MP315 Thembisile Hani				5 107	731	745				140 000	150 000	150 000				5 107	731	745
DrJS			, 60		14 356	57259	•	•	•	2 0 0 0	13 721	31 399	•	•	•	20 461	28077	88 658
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality Total: Nkangala Municipalities	2 810	2 400	2 400	101 278	100 152	90583	100	100	1 000	145 000	163 721	181 399	20 000	20 000	20 900	299 188	286373	296282
. :																		
B MP324 Thatva Chweu B MP324 Nkomazi				2 382 25 021	4 105 23 028	46198	. 001	001	1001	- 9696	20 000					2 382	4 105	46298
B MP325 Bushbuckridge B MP326 City.of Mhoorehole				74 306	21 539	20056	2 600	2 000	100							76 906	21 639	20.156
C DC32 Ehlanzeni District Municipality	4 216	3 600	3 600													4 216	3 600	3 600
Total: Ehlanzeni Municipalities	4 216		3 600	163 061	103 143	173739	4 700	2 200	400	29 696	20 000	1				251 673	128 943	177739
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	11 944	10200	10 200	354 374	304 587	322862	4 800	2 300	1 400	364696	393 721	411 399	140 000	120 000	125 389	875 814	830808	871250
									Ì									l

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	Municipal 5	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	ment Grant	Integrated Natio	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant		Neighbourhood D (Tech	Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	ership Grant	Regional Bu	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	g Grant	Water Servi	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	re Grant	I-BINS	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	E
•	National an	and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Finar	l c	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	Municipal Financial Year	cial Year			Financial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
NORTHERN CAPE																		
B NC061 Richtersveld			-					•								•		
B NC062 Nama Khoi B NC064 Kamiseborn					18 687	57 500											18 687	57 500
B NC065 Hantam		-						•								•		
B NC066 Karoo Hoogland B NC067 Khii-Ma				230												230		
C DC6 Namakwa District Municipality Total: Namakwa Municipalities	2810	2 400	2 400	230	18 687	57 500										3 040	21 087	2 400
B NC071 Ubanta B NC072 Unsobonva																		
B NC073 Emthanjeni		-		•	•		•	•			•	•	•	•		•	•	•
B NC075 Renesterberg		-		173	3 542											173	3 542	
B NC076 Thembelithe B NC077 Sivathembi				2 300			00 '	100	100							727	100	100
	. 406	. 0001		414	•	•	•	•	•	1 814	•	•	37.337	•	•	39 565	' 00	- 0001
C DK7 Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities	1 405	1 200	1 200	3514	3 542		100	100	100	1 814			37.337			44 170	4 842	1 300
B NOB2 Kei Kerih				121	345	6 687	001	001	100							221	445	6 787
B NC084 iKheis	•	•		' '	345	8 338	'	'	'	•	1	•		•	•	1	345	8 338
B NC085 Tsantsabane B NC086 Kantelonek				1781	41 860								10 599			12 380	41 860	
B NC087 Dawid Kniper		. 000		32 342	27.791	11 040	3 500	1 500	1 500	54 643	54 542	56 991	•	•	•	90 485	83 833	69 531
C DC8 Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality Total: Z.F. Mgcawu Municipalities	1405	1 200	1 200	34244	70 341	26 065	3 600	1 600	1 600	54 643	54 542	56 991	10 599			104 491	127 683	85 856
																0000		007
B NC091 Sol Plantje B NC092 Dikgatlong				- 460	10 902		2 000	000 -	90 '				1 600			40 460	10 902	100
B NC093 Magareng B NC004 Bholycome																		
D DC994 Frances Baard District Municipality	2 810	2 400	2 400													2.810	2 400	2 400
Total: Frances Baard Municipalities	2 810	2 400		460	10 902		2 000	1 000	100				41 600			49 870	14 302	2 500
B NC451 Joe Morolong				37.456	26 312	109 250	' ;		' ;	•		•	•		•	37.456	26 312	109 250
B NC452 Ga-Segonyana B NC453 Gamagara				141 692	99 485	50211	2 600	00 '	00 '							144 292	98 982	50311
C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	3513	3 000	3 000	179 148	125 797	159 461	2 600	100	100			1				3.513	3 000	3 000
							H	H					Ħ					
Total: Northern Cape Municipalities	11 944	10 200	10 200	217 596	229 269	243 026	11 300	2 800	1 900	26 457	54 542	56 991	89 536	1		386 833	296 811	312 117
NORTH WEST																		
B NW371 Morotele		-	-	23 321	4 951	18 897	1 500	100	100	30 000	30 338	23 737		•		54 821	35 389	42 734
B NW372 Madibeng B NW373 Ristenburg				61 411	41 890	59 171	1 001	100	100	105 608	134 887	145 000	47 400	69 705	72 835	214419	246 482	277 006
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier		-		3 669	22 991	2 826				•	•		31 746	63 774	66 640	35 415	86 765	69 466
B NW375 Moses Kotane C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality	6323	5 400	5 400	53 126	19 441	69 818										53 126	5 400	5 400
Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities	6323	5 400	5 400	185 198	116 559	261 168	1 600	200	200	135 608	165 225	168 737	79 146	133 479	139 475	407 875	420 863	574 980
B NW381 Ratlou		-		5 218	6 557	1 690		•								5 218	6 557	1 690
B NW382 Iswang B NW383 Mafikeng		-		24519	39 609	81 058	100	100	100							24619	39 709	81 158
B NW384 Disoboda B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa				6 130	6 353	36346										6 130	6 353	36346
C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	7 002	5 980	5 980	. 07.313			, 001	. 001	, 001	64 328	000 09	000 09	54 788	75 135	78 508	126118	141 115	310.705
I otal: Ngaka Modiri Motema Munkipalities	7007	0.866	0.860		60 IO	100 117	001	001	100	976 90	000 000	000 000	34 /88	661 6/	80c 8/	066 627	697 707	310 /05
B NW392 Naledi B NW393 Mamuss				9 486	47 752	3 079										9 486	47 752	3 079
B NW394 Greater Taung		-			177 416	10 336		•			1 1			1 1		127867	177 416	10 336
B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo					16 132	30 550										12 792	16 132	30 550
C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	7 705	0829		178 622	343 116	- 88 019										7 705	6 580	6 580
B NW408 City of Matlosana		,		2 096	1 618	3.719	200	200	200	,		,			,	2 2 96	1 818	3919
B NW404 Maquasi Hills B NW405 IR Marks				39 207	7 414	42 539	- 009	- 001	- 001	- 40 000	31964	- 40 000				39 207	7 414	42 539
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality																		
Total: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities				43 500	9 286	46 512	200	300	300	40 000	31 964	40 000				84 200	41 550	86 812
Total: North West Municipalities	21 031	17 960	17 960	504 632	530 015	561816	2 400	009	009	239 936	257 189	268 737	133 934	208 614	217 983	901 933	1 014 378	1 067 096
														ı				

	Municipal	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	nent Grant	Integrated Natio	onal Electrificatio (Eskom) Grant	n Programme	Veighbourhood D (Tech	Integrated National Electrification Programme Neighbourhood Development Partnership Grant (Technical Assistance)	ership Grant	Regional Bul	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	Srant	Water Servic	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	e Grant	SUB	SUB-TOTAL: INDIRECT	t.
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	rial Year	National and N	National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	icial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
ESTERN CAPE																		
CPT City of Cape Town		,	,	133 461	150 119	188 304	2 000	2 000	1 000							138 461	155 119	189 304
WC011 Marzikama	,	,	,	4 493	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	4 493	,	•
WC012 Cederberg				9 072	9 072		•	•	•	15 197	15 153	15 867	•	•	•	24 269	24 225	15 867
WC013 Bergrivier							•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•
WC014 Saldanha Bay	•			7476	- 000	1 100	•	•								7476	- 0007	1 2
WC015 Swartland DC1 West Coast District Municipality				1 / 040	4 969	3014										1 / 040	4 969	5 014
æ	-			38 687	14 041	3 0 1 4				15 197	15 153	15 867				53 884	29 194	18 881
WOOD Witnesshows		,		,		,				,	,	,	,	,			,	
WC023 Drakenstein							100	100	100							100	001	100
WC024 Stellenbosch	,			255	3 366	253		'			•					255	3366	253
WC025 Breede Valley	'			14 901	7 759	920		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		14 901	7.759	920
							100	100	100	•	•	•	•	•		100	100	100
DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality tal: Cape Winelands Municipalities				95151	11 125	1173	200	- 200	200							15.356	11 325	1 373
rate Cape whiteans runnishanes																		
WC031 Theewaterskloof	•	'		6 6 7 4	11 223	5 290	'	•	,							6674	11 223	230
WC032 Overstrand																		
WC034 Swellendam							•		•									•
DC3 Overherg District Municipality		,		,		,	,	,	,							,	,	,
otal: Overberg Municipalities	1	•		6 674	11 223	5 2 9 0		1						•	•	6 674	11 223	5 290
WC041 Kannaland		•	,	•	,	•	,	•	,	•	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•
WC042 Hessequa	•	•	,	•	•	•	•	,	,	•	•		•	,	•	•	•	•
WC043 Mossel Bay	•	'	'	,	,	•	,	•	,	•	,	•	,	•	,	•	•	•
WC044 George	•	•	•	5355	4 550	4 740	2 500	100	100	•	•	•	•	•		7 855	4 650	4 840
WC045 Oudtshoom	•	•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
WC04/ Bitou							2 000	' 001	' 001							2 000	' 8	100
DC4 Garden Route District Municipality	1 405	1 200	1 200	,				'		•	•	•	•			1 405	1 200	1 200
otal: Garden Route Municipalities	1 405	1 200	1 200	5355	4 550	4 7 4 0	4 500	200	200							11 260	5 950	6 140
WC051 Lainesbure	'	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	•	,	,	,	•	,	•
WC052 Prince Albert		•		•			•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•			•	•
WC053 Beaufort West	•	•		•	•		•	•	•	•	•		,	•	•		•	•
DC5 Central Karoo District Municipality							,											,
otal: Central Karoo Municipalities																		•
otal: Western Cape Municipalities	1 405	1 200	1 200	199 333	191 058	202 521	9 700	5 400	1 400	15 197	15 153	15 867				225 635	212 811	220 988
nallocated		26 676	33 256														26 676	33 256
ational Total	140 331	146 516	153 096	3 588 162	3 821 156	3 992 762	100 526	100 902	105 433	3 455 050	3 607 327	3 769 330	771 336	805332	841 499	8 055 405	8 481 233	8 862 120

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

			EQ	UITABLE SHAI	RE ¹	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES		
			National an	d Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year		
Ca	ntegory	Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE								
A	BUF	Buffalo City	1 045 448	1 118 513	1 196 538	1 976 696	2 050 677	2 186 594
A	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	1 288 228	1 389 940	1 499 327	2 610 922	2 773 323	2 915 717
B	EC101	Dr Beyers Naude	107 059	113 403	120 189	193 317	236 137	231 396
В	EC102	Blue Crane Route	63 385	66 766	70 361	93 512	99 486	105 980
В	EC104	Makana	113 634	120 916	128 742	201 230	224 202	230 333
В	EC105	Ndlambe	119 231	127 404	136 203	311 199	234 336	222 112
В	EC106	Sundays River Valley	101 270	109 324	118 080	174 772	184 331	191 789
В	EC108	Kouga	163 292	178 068	194 266	212 024	241 484	257 642
В	EC109	Kou-Kamma	60 474	64 297	68 401	103 269	91 138	99 797
С	DC10	Sarah Baartman District Municipality	104 576	108 076	111 800	110 520	112 741	116 552
Total:	Sarah Ba	artman Municipalities	832 921	888 254	948 042	1 399 843	1 423 855	1 455 601
В	EC121	Mbhashe	294 923	309 715	325 749	485 086	522 914	522 980
В	EC122	Mnquma	307 329	322 690	339 332	414 786	436 714	473 522
В	EC123	Great Kei	50 186	52 669	55 371	90 048	87 389	96 945
В	EC124	Amahlathi	124 987	131 233	138 013	174 164	206 348	231 721
В	EC126	Ngqushwa	97 609	102 491	107 791	145 304	149 015	160 438
В	EC129	Raymond Mhlaba	204 622	214 843	225 922	292 636	313 441	316 552
С	DC12	Amathole District Municipality	1 025 616	1 089 808	1 157 054	1 842 450	1 930 591	2 066 263
Total:	Amatholo	Municipalities	2 105 272	2 223 449	2 349 232	3 444 474	3 646 412	3 868 421
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	50 744	53 513	56 553	77 935	92 040	97 273
B	EC135	Intsika Yethu	187 928	197 362	207 594	269 679	272 706	291 345
В	EC136	Emalahleni	146 186	153 517	161 472	237 849	215 759	227 970
В	EC137	Engcobo	175 143	183 919	193 442	249 735	262 350	282 332
В	EC138	Sakhisizwe	80 323	84 300	88 614	124 930	122 462	130 373
В	EC139	Enoch Mgijima	215 409	227 256	240 103	314 915	320 917	339 115
С	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	654 460	694 535	736 185	1 272 760	1 205 193	1 306 842
Total:	Chris Ha	ni Municipalities	1 510 193	1 594 402	1 683 963	2 547 803	2 491 427	2 675 250
D.	EC141	Florida:	180 384	189 543	199 503	297 590	302 970	322 407
В	EC141 EC142	Elundini	177 125	185 969	195 549	234 801	250 490	264 384
B	EC142	Senqu Walter Sisulu	70 586	75 058	79 983	106 886	105 833	111 880
C	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	334 540	355 541	377 446	599 200	609 666	683 193
Total:		i Municipalities	762 635	806 111	852 481	1 238 477	1 268 959	1 381 864
		•						
В	EC153	Ngquza Hill	310 567	328 047	347 096	411 466	428 101	464 110
В	EC154	Port St Johns	182 985	192 993	203 901	259 779	261 539	285 089
В	EC155	Nyandeni	313 293	329 933	348 046	409 150	435 784	464 438
В		Mhlontlo	217 727	228 667	240 534	308 737	310 217	329 176
В		King Sabata Dalindyebo	404 115	429 505	457 148	609 426	642 442	675 196
C Total	DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	1 051 671 2 480 358	1 121 633	1 194 795	2 051 344	2 387 212	2 482 359
1 otal:	O.K. Tan	bo Municipalities	2 480 358	2 630 778	2 791 520	4 049 902	4 465 295	4 700 368
В	EC441	Matatiele	286 308	302 542	320 232	425 542	457 262	480 170
В	EC442	Umzimvubu	260 936	274 427	289 104	477 083	480 116	430 847
В	EC443	Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	320 095	339 797	361 325	424 975	472 887	499 001
В	EC444	Ntabankulu	149 587	157 110	165 284	201 404	222 281	231 352
С	DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	686 652	732 425	780 318	1 259 218	1 357 305	1 438 352
Total:	Alfred Na	o Municipalities	1 703 578	1 806 301	1 916 263	2 788 222	2 989 851	3 079 722
Total	Foot	'ana Municipalities	11 720 622	12 457 749	13 227 266	20.056.240	21 109 799	22 262 527
1 otal:	Eastern (Cape Municipalities	11 728 633	12 457 748	13 237 366	20 056 340	21 109 799	22 263 537

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

		EQ	EQUITABLE SHARE ¹			TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES		
		National ar	nd Municipal Fin	ancial Year	National and Municipal Financial Year			
Category	Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	
FREE STATE								
A MAN	Mangaung	938 383	1 016 375	1 101 022	2 020 341	2 136 746	2 237 335	
B FS161	Letsemeng	79 028	84 111	89 598	145 712	140 221	148 742	
B FS162	Kopanong	103 546	109 568	116 036	151 028	163 725	162 268	
B FS163	Mohokare	86 952	93 048	99 665	137 583	145 231	153 888	
C DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	49 161	51 012	53 026	55 705	56 240	58 337	
Total: Xhariep	Municipalities	318 687	337 739	358 325	490 028	505 417	523 235	
B FS181	Masilonyana	147 095	157 474	168 728	263 627	433 281	320 142	
B FS182	Tokologo	70 432	74 632	79 161	196 839	259 736	266 280	
B FS183	Tswelopele	91 219	96 652	102 508	143 732	151 840	203 724	
B FS184	Matjhabeng	628 523	674 469	723 986	836 190	914 339	1 035 321	
B FS185	Nala	144 920	152 771	161 094	198 494	211 769	235 349	
C DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	144 044	148 826	153 916	156 966	155 877	166 056	
Total: Lejwelep	outswa Municipalities	1 226 233	1 304 824	1 389 393	1 795 848	2 126 842	2 226 872	
D FC101	Catalan	234 466	249 436	265 561	835 418	483 938	493 004	
B FS191 B FS192	Setsoto Dihlabeng	210 193	249 430	245 781	326 154	451 354	415 675	
B FS192	Nketoana	120 870	129 547	138 964	423 579	319 876	312 739	
B FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	744 441	795 361	850 194	1 109 954	1 143 974	1 331 567	
B FS195	Phumelela	93 052	99 116	105 672	136 270	146 863	159 110	
B FS196	Mantsopa	102 426	109 296	116 731	174 378	161 306	160 940	
C DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	130 459	135 676	141 290	149 904	148 159	149 867	
Total: Thabo M	Iofutsanyana Municipalities	1 635 907	1 745 681	1 864 193	3 155 657	2 855 470	3 022 902	
B FS201	Moqhaka	257 433	276 512	297 125	317 119	364 904	378 261	
B FS203	Ngwathe	241 451	258 780	277 488	384 507	361 604	458 195	
B FS204	Metsimaholo	246 748	271 646	299 154	409 997	363 754	394 061	
B FS205	Mafube	118 903	127 257	136 313	232 416	191 553	187 035	
C DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	168 576	172 779	177 162	176 304	178 829	183 297	
Total: Fezile Da	abi Municipalities	1 033 111	1 106 974	1 187 242	1 520 343	1 460 644	1 600 849	
Total, Euro Sto	te Municipalities	5 152 321	5 511 593	5 900 175	8 982 217	9 085 119	9 611 193	
	te Municipanues	5 152 521	3 311 393	3 900 173	8 982 217	9 083 119	9 011 193	
GAUTENG								
A EKU	City of Ekurhuleni	4 606 943	5 049 907	5 539 300	7 606 493	8 079 546	8 617 205	
A JHB	City of Johannesburg	6 279 400	6 908 453	7 605 792	9 624 811	10 300 195	11 069 182	
A TSH	City of Tshwane	3 551 250	3 911 639	4 311 587	6 179 296	6 649 140	7 035 090	
B GT421	Emfuleni	971 061	1 045 887	1 127 310	1 791 382	2 120 539	2 296 612	
B GT422		143 164	157 585	173 669	300 915	278 591	271 826	
B GT423		181 382	200 326	221 527	258 874	283 416	297 015	
C DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	293 991	301 590	309 550	300 685	306 806	314 861	
	Municipalities	1 589 598	1 705 388	1 832 056	2 651 856	2 989 352	3 180 314	
D CT401	Magala City	539 525	591 056	647 957	808 332	892 239	1 009 390	
B GT481 B GT484	Mogale City Merafong City	259 031	279 761	302 376	437 548	447 402	451 331	
B GT485		393 139	427 340	464 870	769 250	929 279	899 590	
C DC48	West Rand District Municipality	230 252	237 384	244 940	280 448	328 583	290 027	
	nd Municipalities	1 421 947	1 535 541	1 660 143	2 295 578	2 597 503	2 650 338	
Total: Gauteng Municipalities		17 449 138	19 110 928	20 948 878	28 358 034	30 615 736	32 552 129	

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

		EQUITABLE SHARE ¹ TOTAL ALLOCATI MUNICIPALIT			L ALLOCATION		
		National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Yea			
C	ategory Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
KWA	ZULU-NATAL						
A	ETH eThekwini	4 057 189	4 405 068	4 784 326	7 458 386	7 864 847	8 064 865
В	KZN212 uMdoni	162 218	172 764	184 404	289 732	330 125	414 523
В	KZN213 uMzumbe	154 862	162 624	171 055	241 507	248 638	251 767
В	KZN214 uMuziwabantu	110 541	116 678	123 412	172 633	166 267	170 471
В	KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni	260 646	280 634	302 772	421 682	499 626	474 775
C Total:	DC21 Ugu District Municipality Ugu Municipalities	585 146 1 273 413	629 020 1 361 720	675 761 1 457 404	943 881 2 069 435	1 131 791 2 376 447	1 067 875 2 379 411
В	KZN221 uMshwathi	123 847	131 483	139 905	172 081	174 721	191 595
B B	KZN222 uMngeni KZN223 Mpofana	88 389 43 460	96 528 45 944	105 719 48 681	140 180 73 380	144 061 72 525	149 718 73 956
В	KZN224 iMpendle	45 621	47 867	50 309	62 204	67 392	74 588
В	KZN225 Msunduzi	696 056	753 259	815 484	1 130 163	1 258 901	1 229 948
В	KZN226 Mkhambathini	77 519	82 718	88 459	134 089	114 112	120 954
В	KZN227 Richmond	86 421 669 855	92 298 719 625	98 789	110 169 884 816	122 503 941 797	134 023 1 000 436
Total	DC22 uMgungundlovu District Municipality uMgungundlovu Municipalities	1 831 168	1 969 722	773 062 2 120 408	2 707 082	2 896 012	2 975 218
В	KZN235 Okhahlamba	149 733	158 035	167 146	194 912	212 904	217 017
B B	KZN237 iNkosi Langalibalele KZN238 Alfred Duma	218 092 285 377	232 136 303 422	247 623 323 230	357 735 388 088	290 931 393 163	312 159 452 300
С	DC23 uThukela District Municipality	539 912	578 248	618 980	844 031	893 771	954 075
Total	uThukela Municipalities	1 193 114	1 271 841	1 356 979	1 784 766	1 790 769	1 935 551
B B	KZN241 eNdumeni	60 247 169 636	65 357 179 103	71 086 189 496	105 044 217 812	118 715 260 633	112 558 368 351
В	KZN242 Nquthu KZN244 uMsinga	206 533	219 494	233 769	284 259	285 550	296 360
В	KZN245 uMvoti	162 289	174 754	188 605	219 563	226 296	273 218
С	DC24 uMzinyathi District Municipality	453 007	488 712	526 952	761 547	811 165	866 598
Total	uMzinyathi Municipalities	1 051 712	1 127 420	1 209 908	1 588 225	1 702 359	1 917 085
В	KZN252 Newcastle	466 902	500 929	537 742	700 299	742 365	769 120
В	KZN253 eMadlangeni	36 076	37 972	40 060	72 043	61 222	62 729
В	KZN254 Dannhauser	108 935	114 623	120 861	142 272	159 879	158 737
C	DC25 Amajuba District Municipality Amajuba Municipalities	201 814 813 727	214 724 868 248	228 494 927 157	328 201 1 242 815	345 922 1 309 388	368 445 1 359 031
Total	: Amajuba Municipanties	613 /2/	000 240	92/13/	1 242 013	1 309 300	1 339 031
В	KZN261 eDumbe	93 423	98 746	104 590	131 328	136 523	183 483
В	KZN262 uPhongolo	169 597	181 265	194 154	219 108	238 234	248 676
B B	KZN263 AbaQulusi	187 494 189 932	201 285 200 809	216 516 212 753	267 242 234 837	267 744 249 304	278 809 277 401
В	KZN265 Nongoma KZN266 Ulundi	196 348	207 441	219 619	279 801	272 360	348 562
С	DC26 Zululand District Municipality	586 391	630 327	677 132	971 201	1 039 044	1 118 921
Total	Zululand Municipalities	1 423 185	1 519 873	1 624 764	2 103 517	2 203 209	2 455 852
В	KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana	213 526	228 948	246 023	365 817	329 359	328 319
В	KZN271 diviniaodyaniigana KZN272 Jozini	230 520	245 556	262 128	369 731	333 961	321 652
В	KZN275 Mtubatuba	215 419	232 085	250 611	278 252	291 752	336 715
В	KZN276 Big Five Hlabisa	137 249	146 925	157 631	173 477	193 254	212 420
C	DC27 uMkhanyakude District Municipality uMkhanyakude Municipalities	537 398 1 334 112	582 711 1 436 225	631 473 1 547 866	860 864 2 048 141	919 511 2 067 837	990 380 2 189 486
Total	u.viknanyakude .viunicipanties	1 334 112	1 430 223	1 347 800	2 040 141	2 007 037	2 107 400
В	KZN281 uMfolozi	165 314	176 706	189 299	203 602	258 484	237 691
В	KZN282 uMhlathuze	471 939	513 500	559 016	701 325	719 834	782 042
B B	KZN284 uMlalazi KZN285 Mthonjaneni	226 733 93 695	240 511 98 363	255 679 103 439	302 806 144 660	451 412 138 686	338 444 145 218
В	KZN286 Nkandla	114 409	120 091	126 256	173 021	176 030	197 958
C	DC28 King Cetshwayo District Municipality	647 196	692 113	739 935	1 133 677	1 314 347	1 353 044
Total	King Cetshwayo Municipalities	1 719 286	1 841 284	1 973 624	2 659 091	3 058 793	3 054 397
В	KZN291 Mandeni	212 818	229 175	247 341	272 566	282 747	316 971
В	KZN291 Mandeni KZN292 KwaDukuza	212 818	251 988	279 137	425 545	380 215	436 413
В	KZN293 Ndwedwe	181 613	193 331	206 251	237 076	243 831	264 828
В	KZN294 Maphumulo	108 314	113 706	119 552	176 181	277 045	173 312
C Tc4.	DC29 iLembe District Municipality	680 949	742 133	808 493	1 004 173	1 110 891	1 142 829
1 otal:	: iLembe Municipalities	1 411 706	1 530 333	1 660 774	2 115 541	2 294 729	2 334 353
В	KZN433 Greater Kokstad	75 091	79 911	85 246	141 885	134 021	126 355
В	KZN434 uBuhlebezwe	131 712	138 861	146 705	174 692	191 918	198 706
В	KZN435 uMzimkhulu	230 678	244 897	260 542	307 356	308 649	358 245
В	KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality	152 466 432 161	161 516 462 712	171 465 495 104	195 002 769 937	220 193 835 666	240 651 905 058
Total	DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality Harry Gwala Municipalities	1 022 108	1 087 897	1 159 062	1 588 872	1 690 447	1 829 015
	v						
Total:	: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	17 130 720	18 419 631	19 822 272	27 365 871	29 254 837	30 494 264

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

	EQ	UITABLE SHAI	RE ¹	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
		National and Municipal Financial Year			National and Municipal Financial Year		
		2022/23 2023/24 2024/25		2022/23 2023/24 2024/25			
Category	Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
LIMPOPO							
B LIM331	Greater Giyani	352 203	374 568	399 166	466 278	485 417	509 919
	Greater Cityani Greater Letaba	341 960	363 981	388 217	443 840	457 325	493 661
	Greater Tzaneen	481 161	515 385	553 067	657 589	666 552	698 963
B LIM334	Ba-Phalaborwa	189 853	203 780	219 209	254 922	278 168	314 382
	Maruleng	153 904	164 158	175 461	190 394	205 396	214 156
C DC33 Total: Mopani M	Mopani District Municipality Municipalities	1 170 419 2 689 500	1 262 191 2 884 063	1 360 105 3 095 225	2 396 250 4 409 273	2 546 883 4 639 741	2 767 890 4 998 971
·	•						
B LIM341		193 793	213 536	235 863	239 128	274 915	293 799
	Thulamela	547 969	584 829	625 454	741 549	796 820	846 797
	Makhado Collins Chabane	445 889 454 043	476 726 483 226	510 634 515 331	586 343 578 302	612 825 629 504	666 699 662 343
C DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	1 276 805	1 381 588	1 493 927	1 996 509	2 128 584	2 284 790
Total: Vhembe	1 7	2 918 499	3 139 905	3 381 209	4 141 831	4 442 648	4 754 428
	•				2		
	Blouberg	221 256	232 831	245 509 186 814	326 511	316 190	341 399
	Molemole Polokwane	168 761 1 196 549	177 379 1 300 435	186 814	224 329 2 201 982	241 240 2 299 451	244 427 2 452 784
	Lepele-Nkumpi	301 329	318 557	337 450	387 169	405 916	471 143
C DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	730 232	777 919	828 511	1 120 904	1 165 523	1 233 694
Total: Capricor	n Municipalities	2 618 127	2 807 121	3 012 260	4 260 895	4 428 320	4 743 447
B LIM361	Thabazimbi	122 061	133 346	145 780	243 564	306 493	334 636
	Lephalale	202 071	223 270	246 827	369 016	437 021	444 136
	Bela-Bela	117 909	128 236	139 598	224 904	232 628	239 363
	Mogalakwena	535 476	570 087	607 300	825 343	970 478	915 520
B LIM368	Modimolle-Mookgophong	134 343	143 095	152 490	281 545	314 269	345 470
C DC36	Waterberg District Municipality	145 500	150 601	156 119	155 104	159 291	164 892
Total: Waterber	rg Municipalities	1 257 360	1 348 635	1 448 114	2 099 476	2 420 180	2 444 017
B LIM471	Ephraim Mogale	178 826	190 583	203 533	231 056	249 168	261 193
	Elias Motsoaledi	334 260	357 024	382 127	439 834	445 218	479 278
B LIM473	Makhuduthamaga	324 200	343 247	364 150	424 060	433 952	485 687
	Fetakgomo Tubatse	537 000	580 487	628 645	757 616	725 505	764 728
C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality une Municipalities	989 172 2 363 458	1 070 187 2 541 528	1 157 043 2 735 498	1 792 107 3 644 673	1 931 034 3 784 877	2 051 317 4 042 203
Total. Schlickii	inc Municipantes	2 303 430	2 341 326	2 733 476	3 044 073	3 704 077	4 042 203
Total: Limpopo	Municipalities	11 846 944	12 721 252	13 672 306	18 556 148	19 715 766	20 983 066
MPUMALANG	A						
B MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli	388 235	415 844	445 905	741 761	769 859	801 404
B MP302	Msukaligwa	227 520	248 969	272 622	539 631	504 692	521 051
B MP303	Mkhondo	303 974	329 733	358 075	554 016	567 665	632 185
B MP304	Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme	146 850	156 643	167 275	203 308	222 676	248 654
	Lekwa	152 423	165 184	179 130	327 178	367 887	408 803
B MP306 B MP307	Dipaleseng Govan Mbeki	91 860 380 023	99 221 417 947	107 305 459 878	192 689 515 591	192 687 578 622	153 364 655 667
C DC30	Gert Sibande District Municipality	317 655	325 322	333 299	342 194	346 114	354 611
	nde Municipalities	2 008 540	2 158 863	2 323 489	3 416 368	3 550 202	3 775 739
	Victor Khanye	127 094	138 966	152 118	237 596	240 313	241 337
B MP312 B MP313	Emalahleni Steve Tshwete	493 518 284 669	547 463 319 506	607 598 358 779	710 786 566 481	763 209 521 254	832 090 525 383
B MP313	Emakhazeni	80 242	86 552	93 475	143 994	151 187	162 119
B MP315	Thembisile Hani	513 707	553 358	596 570	914 222	943 558	963 553
	Dr JS Moroka	461 561	489 995	520 754	640 564	670 761	769 161
C DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	388 810	398 773	409 204	397 267	404 514	415 031
Total: Nkangala	Municipalities	2 349 601	2 534 613	2 738 498	3 610 910	3 694 796	3 908 674
B MP321	Thaba Chweu	187 934	205 246	224 390	311 155	350 599	389 092
B MP324	Nkomazi	725 681	782 264	843 958	1 355 828	1 218 198	1 238 687
B MP325	Bushbuckridge	979 294	1 046 647	1 119 555	1 559 920	1 567 178	1 667 095
B MP326	City of Mbombela	948 458	1 033 679	1 127 308	1 507 320	1 669 119	1 890 626
C DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	284 129	294 616	305 881	294 318	301 741 5 106 935	313 098
1 otai: Ehlanzen	i Municipalities	3 125 496	3 362 452	3 621 092	5 028 541	5 106 835	5 498 598
Total: Mpumala	nga Municipalities	7 483 637	8 055 928	8 683 079	12 055 819	12 351 833	13 183 011

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

Notes Note		TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
SOUTH SOUT	National and Municipal Financial Year National and Municipal	Financial Year			
B NCDS Reinerweld 23 414 25 089 26 975 A 4 711 35 466 B NCDS Name Khol 58 610 26 200 66 978 10 1992 10 10 618 B NCDS Name Khol 58 610 26 200 66 978 10 10 992 10 10 618 B NCDS Reinerberg 31 506 31 2595 32 513 34 10 31 506 32 257 32 213 34 10		2024/25 (R'000)			
B NXCOZ Numa Xiol					
B NCK Kamischerg	23 414 25 089 26 935 44 711	55 245			
S NC Start 13 150 33 272 33 500 10 534 13 852 85 NC 10 544 479 549 5					
B NORG Karno Inogland 30-679 33-611 35-077 64-774 45-975 B NORG Karno Municipality 35-80 37-441 39-151 64-935 65-957 65-9					
B NCOF Rain-Ma					
C DC Namakwa Damici-palities 25 189 279 391 279 277					
Teath Name 1998 1999					
B NC72 Componence 64 182 69 157 74 75 8 10 10 39 208 B NC97 Componence 52 183 590 64 255 54 192 B NC97 Componence 33 49 35 688 38 699 64 255 54 192 B NC97 Componence 33 49 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	256 150 270 968 287 113 471 005 5	63 491 656			
B NC73 Emchangem					
S NOT6 Karcherg					
B NCV95 Remote/berg 31 902 34 056 35 311 49 200 61 697 B NCV97 Syntheemba 33 904 36-022 38 30.0 59 987 68 152 B NCV97 Syntheemba 58 22 61 978 65 33.0 59 987 67 189 B NCV97 Syntheemba 58 22 61 978 65 33.0 129 961 105 089 C DC Picky Ks Seme District Municipality 45 987 45 249 44 400 67 106 68 114 B NCW8 Standard Municipalities 45 984 451 77 481 440 71 107 06 68 114 B NCW8 Kall Standard Municipalities 45 984 451 77 481 440 71 137 120 71 137 120 B NCW8 Kall Standard Municipality 53 197 54 38 7 61 702 B NCW8 Kall Standard Municipality 53 197 54 38 7 61 702 B NCW8 Kall Standard Municipality 78 618 31 103 38 562 50 973 60 687 B NCW8 Kall Standard Municipality 78 618 81 163 38 906 83 30 86 420 C DC ZF, Mgawan District Municipality 78 618 81 163 83 906 83 30 86 420 C DC SE, Mgawan District Municipality 78 618 81 163 83 906 83 30 86 420 C DC SE, Mgawan District Municipality 78 618 81 163 83 906 83 30 86 420 C DC Singalong 29 118 681 123 996 77 425 78 848 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 440 65 085 85 67 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 440 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 440 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 400 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 400 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 400 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 400 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 400 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 400 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 40 65 085 85 67 88 44 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 40 65 085 88 57 61 60 20 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 40 65 085 88 57 61 60 20 B NCW9 Singalong 57 991 61 40 65 085 88 57 61 60 20 B NCW9 S					
B NO76 Thembelishe 33 349 36 032 38 303 59 987 68 152 B NO77 Systemens 4278 4529 48 493 59 323 67 189 B NO77 Systemens 55 828 61 978 65 330 129 961 105 089 C DCT Packy Ka Seme District Municipality 59758 61 982 64 400 67 106 68 114 Total: Pistey Ka Seme Municipalities 425 894 452 977 481 403 713 120 694 659 B NO782 Kal Kurib 108 332 117 494 127 514 151 319 167 074 B NO782 Kal Kurib 33 197 34 924 36 797 53 837 61 702 B NO785 Tasteshane 50 271 54 625 59 424 194 988 215 308 B NO786 Kagachepte 30 400 32 944 35 62 9 5 50 73 60 687 B NO787 Drond Kruiper 106 741 114 912 123 826 55 073 60 687 C DCS ZF, Magawa District Municipality 78 18 81 18 3 83 96 B NO786 Ragachepte 407 649 436 982 467 116 797 358 885 202 Total: ZF, Magawa District Municipality 100 741 114 912 123 826 83 363 86 642 Total: ZF, Magawa District Municipality 100 741 114 912 123 826 83 363 86 642 Total: ZF, Magawa District Municipality 120 18 8 NO793 Magazeng 100 809 135 14 14 87 177 425 187 132 B NO793 Magazeng 150 90 135 131 14 4487 187 137 187 14 14 90 177 425 180 240 B NO793 Magazeng 150 90 135 131 14 4487 183 737 80 824 B NO794 Drakeme 150 90 135 131 14 4487 183 737 80 824 B NO795 Magazeng 100 90 122 90 90 120 90 177 425 100 90 177 425 100 90 B NO545 Gardening 100 90 100 90 100 907 177 42 90 80 B NO545 Gardening 100 90 100 90 100 90 100 90 100 90 100 90 B NO545 Gardening 100 90 100 90 100 90 115 445 100 90					
B N.C077 Symbemba 42.278 43.249 48.493 59.233 67.180 B N.C078 Symber 58.878 61.978 65.310 12.996 105.080 C D.C7 Pakey Ka Seme Datrict Municipality 59.758 61.982 64.400 67.106 68.111 D Total: Patley Ka Seme Datrict Municipality 445.894 452.477 481.403 731.210 694.659 D N.C085 Island Gardh 108.332 117.494 127.534 153.190 167.074 D N.C085 Island Gardh 108.332 117.494 127.534 153.190 167.074 D N.C085 Island Gardh 108.332 117.494 127.534 153.190 167.074 D N.C085 Island Gardh 108.332 117.494 127.534 153.190 167.074 D N.C085 Island Gardh 108.332 117.494 139.094 139					
C DCT Polay Ka Seme Detrict Municipality 99.78 61.982 64.400 77.106 68.112 Total: Fixtry Ka Seme Municipalities 425.894 452.477 481.403 71.120 694.659 B NC082 Klaci Grain 110.8332 117.494 127.514 127.514 117.494 127.514 117.514 127.514 117.494 127.514 117.494 127.514 117.494 127.514 117.494 127.514 117.494 127.514 117.494 127.514 117.494 127.514 127.					
Total: Pickey Ku Seme Municipalities	58 828 61 978 65 330 129 961 1	110 067			
B NC082 (Kai Garab B NC084 (Sheis B NC084 (Sheis B NC086 Kgatelopele B NC086 (Spatelopele B NC087 (Spatelopele B NC087 (Spatelopele B NC087 (Spatelopele B NC087 (Spatelopele B NC087 (Spatelopele B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC088 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC087 (Spatelopele) B NC843 (Spatelopele) B NC843 (Spatelopele) B NC843 (Spatelopele) B NC843 (Spatelopele) B NC843 (Spatelopele) B NC845 (Spatelope		_			
B N.0034 Rheis 33 197 34 924 36 797 53 837 61 702	425 894 452 477 481 403 713 120 6	726 004			
B NC085 Tautachame					
3 N.058 Egatelopele 3 0.400 32.934 35.629 55.073 60.687 3 N.0087 David Kruiper 106.741 114.912 131.826 25.407 26.0780 C DCW Z.F. Mgeawa Municipalities 78.618 81.163 83.906 85.363 86.642 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipalities 407.640 436.682 467.116 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipalities 239.158 258.166 278.751 39.1255 852.202 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipalities 239.158 258.166 278.751 39.1255 852.202 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipalities 239.158 258.166 278.751 39.1255 38.7152 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipalities 239.158 258.166 278.751 39.1255 38.7152 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.158 258.166 278.751 39.1255 38.7152 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.158 258.166 278.751 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.158 258.166 278.751 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.158 258.166 278.751 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.158 258.166 278.751 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.158 258.166 278.751 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.158 259.258 259.254 249.258 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.258 259.258 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.258 259.259 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.258 259.259 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.258 259.259 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 239.258 259.259 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality 249.258 259.259 Cotal: Z.F. Mgeawa Municipality					
B NC097 David Kruiper 106 741 114 912 123 826 224 907 80 22 10 12 12 12 12 12 1					
Total: Z.F. Mgeawu District Municipality					
B NCO91 Sol Plastjie					
B NC092 Dikgatlong 108 029 115 681 123 996 177 425 160 249	407 649 436 052 467 116 797 358 8	910 482			
B NC092 Dikgatnong 115 681 123 996 177 425 160 240	239 158 258 166 278 751 391 255 3	52 417 024			
B NC094 Phokwane 126 099 133 513 141 487 183 737 200 227 1					
C DC9	57 991 61 400 65 085 85 676	82 991			
B NC452 Ga-Segonyuna					
B NC452 Ga-Segonyuna					
B NC453 Gamagara C DC45 John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality 102 257 105 917 109 899 115 405 117 547 Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities 537 281 576 199 102 473 115 405 117 547 Total: Northern Cape Municipalities 2 290 422 2 439 889 2 602 792 NORTH WEST B NW371 Moretele 4 15 351 441 379 469 519 B NW372 Madibeng 9 41 456 1 037 558 1 144 194 1 529 777 1 651 642 B NW373 Rustenburg 9 41 352 1 105 0064 1 117 812 1 600 927 1 173 312 1 105 0064 1 117 812 1 600 927 1 173 312 1 105 0064 1 117 812 1 600 927 1 173 312 1 105 0064 1 117 812 1 600 927 1 173 312 1 105 0064 1 117 812 1 600 927 1 173 312 1 105 0064 1 110 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 1					
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality					
Total: John Taolo Gaetsewe Municipalities					
NORTH WEST		_			
B NW371 Moretele B NW372 Madibeng B NW373 Rustenburg B NW373 Rustenburg B NW374 Kgetlengrivier B NW375 Rustenburg B NW375 Moses Kotane C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality B NW381 Ratlou B NW381 Ratlou B NW382 Tswaing B NW381 Ratlou B NW383 Mafikeng B NW383 Mafikeng B NW384 Disbobula B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality B NW380 Mamusa B NW381 Ratlou B NW381 Ratlou B NW381 Ratlou B NW381 Ratlou B NW381 Ratlou B NW383 Mafikeng B NW384 Disbobula B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality B NW384 Disbobula B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities D 1967 773	2 290 422 2 439 889 2 602 792 3 984 062 4 0	668 4 337 503			
B NW372 Madibeng 941 456 1 037 558 1 144 194 1 529 777 1 651 642 B NW373 Rustenburg 941 352 1 050 064 1 171 812 1 600 927 1 737 312 B NW374 Kgetlengrivier 117 740 128 323 140 000 186 311 268 397 B NW375 Moses Kotane 528 602 563 247 600 772 827 297 838 599 C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality 381 952 395 846 410 921 394 200 405 635 Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities 3 326 453 3 616 417 3 937 218 5 210 262 5 593 999 B NW381 Ratlou 150 626 159 416 169 085 192 120 202 367 B NW382 Tswaing 140 780 149 989 160 171 201 385 200 639 B NW383 Maffkeng 327 788 352 887 380 697 442 932 472 982 B NW384 Ditsobotla 159 232 171 105 184 258 210 938 223 697 B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa 215 223 229 949 246 232 305 146 292 468 C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality 974 124 1 050 306 1131 892 1452 835 1558 256 Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities 1 967 773 2 113 652 2 272 335 2 805 356 2 950 409 B NW392 Naledi 63 233 67 496 72 233 102 063 154 084 B NW393 Mamusa 66 849 71 251 76 127 110 282 102 453 B NW394 Greater Taung 231 374 243 432 256 672 418 759 480 465 B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane 60 204 64 394 69 047 93 877 195 983 B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 445 1243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 445 1243 443 1243 443 1243 443 1243 443 1244 443 1244 443 1244 443 1244 443 1244 444 1244					
B NW373 Rustenburg 941 352 1 050 064 1 171 812 1 600 927 1 737 312 B NW374 Kgetlengrivier 117 740 128 323 140 000 186 311 268 397 B NW375 Moses Kotane 528 602 563 247 600 772 827 297 838 599 C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality 381 952 395 846 410 921 394 200 405 635 Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities 3 326 453 3 616 417 3 937 218 B NW381 Ratlou 150 626 159 416 169 085 192 120 202 367 B NW382 Tswaing 140 780 149 989 160 171 201 385 200 639 B NW383 Maffikeng 327 788 352 887 380 697 442 932 472 982 B NW384 Ditsobotla 159 232 171 105 184 258 210 938 223 697 B NW385 Ramotishere Moiloa 215 223 229 949 246 232 305 146 292 468 C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality 974 124 1050 306 1131 892 1452 835 1558 256 Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities 1 967 773 2 113 652 2 272 335 B NW393 Mamusa 66 849 71 251 76 127 110 226 102 453 B NW394 Greater Taung 231 374 243 432 256 672 418 759 480 465 B NW395 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 B NW390 Clekwa-Teemane 60 204 64 394 69 047 93 877 195 983 B NW395 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 485 1243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 485 1243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 485 1243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 511 048 512 045 B NW404 Maquassi Hills 159 404 170 622 182 817 656 037 251 201 B NW405 1B Marks 343 343 6 377 012 414 080 548 594 529 025 520	415 351 441 379 469 519 671 750 6	739 352			
B NW374 Kgetlengrivier 117 740 128 323 140 000 186 311 268 397 B NW375 Moses Kotane 528 602 563 247 600 772 827 297 838 599 C DC37 Bojanala Platinum District Municipality 381 952 395 846 410 921 394 200 405 635 Total: Bojanala Platinum Municipalities 3 326 453 3 616 417 3 937 218 5 210 262 5 593 999 B NW381 Ratlou 150 626 159 416 169 085 192 120 202 367 B NW382 Tswaing 140 780 149 989 160 171 201 385 200 639 B NW383 Marikeng 327 788 352 887 380 697 442 932 472 982 B NW384 Ditsobotla 159 232 171 105 184 258 210 938 223 697 B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa 215 223 229 949 246 232 305 146 292 468 C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality 974 124 1 050 306 1 131 892 1 452 835 1 558 256 Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities 1 967 773 2 113 652 2 272 335 2 805 356 2 950 409 B NW392 Naledi 63 233 67 496 72 233 102 063 154 084 B NW393 Mamusa 66 849 71 251 76 127 110 282 102 453 B NW394 Greater Taung 231 374 243 432 256 672 418 759 480 465 B NW395 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 1 110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 1 110 485 1 243 443 1 243 443 1 10 480 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642 1 140 642	941 456 1 037 558 1 144 194 1 529 777 1 6	1 806 196			
B NW375 Moses Kotane 528 602 563 247 600 772 394 200 405 635					
Total: Bojanala Platinum District Municipality 381 952 395 846 410 921 394 200 405 635					
Social					
140 780					
NW382 Tswaing	150 626 159 416 169 085 192 120 2	67 210 022			
Section Sect					
B NW384 Ditsobotla 159 232 171 105 184 258 210 938 223 697 B NW385 Ramotshere Moiloa 215 223 229 949 246 232 305 146 292 468 C DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality 974 124 1 050 306 1 131 892 1 452 835 1 558 256 1 153 8 1 153 8 250 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
DC38 Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality 974 124 1 050 306 1 131 892 1 452 835 1 558 256					
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities 1 967 773 2 113 652 2 272 335 2 805 356 2 950 409 B NW392 Naledi 63 233 67 496 72 233 102 063 154 084 B NW393 Mamusa 66 849 71 251 76 127 110 282 102 453 B NW394 Greater Taung 231 374 243 432 256 672 418 759 480 465 B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane 66 204 64 394 69 047 93 877 195 983 B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipalities 1 014 538 1 077 664 1 146 042 2 032 246 2 383 363 B NW403 City of Matlosana 545 300 588 793 636 078 732 804 796 087 B NW404 Maquassi Hills 159 404 170 622 182 817 265 037 251 201 B NW405 JB Marks 343 436 377 012 414 080 548 594 529 025 C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality 206 714 212 491 218 574 2	215 223 229 949 246 232 305 146 2	350 508			
B NW392 Naledi 63 233 67 496 72 233 102 063 154 084 154 084 155 085 102 063 155 084 155 085 165 087 1627 110 282 102 453 165 085 165 0		_			
B NW393 Mamusa 66 849 71 251 76 127 110 282 102 453 B NW394 Greater Taung 231 374 243 432 256 672 418 759 480 465 B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane 60 204 64 394 69 047 93 877 195 983 B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 1110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities 1014 538 1077 664 1146 042 2032 246 2 383 363	1 967 773 2 113 652 2 272 335 2 805 356 2 9	3 255 921			
B NW394 Greater Taung 231 374 243 432 256 672 418 759 480 465 B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane 60 204 64 394 69 047 93 877 195 983 B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 1110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities 1014 538 1077 664 1146 042 2032 246 2383 363 B NW403 City of Matlosana 545 300 588 793 636 078 732 804 796 087 B NW404 Maquassi Hills 159 404 170 622 182 817 265 037 251 201 B NW405 JB Marks 343 436 377 012 414 080 548 594 529 025 C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality 206 714 212 491 218 574 212 725 216 133					
B NW396 Lekwa-Teemane 60 204 64 394 69 047 93 877 195 983 87 NW397 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 1110 485 1 243 443 1 1048 1 104					
B NW397 Kagisano-Molopo 144 818 152 490 160 915 196 780 206 935 C DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 1110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities 1 014 538 1 077 664 1 146 042 2 032 246 2 383 363 B NW403 City of Matlosana 545 300 588 793 636 078 732 804 796 087 B NW404 Maquassi Hills 159 404 170 622 182 817 265 037 251 201 B NW405 JB Marks 343 436 377 012 414 080 548 594 529 025 C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality 206 714 212 491 218 574 212 725 216 133					
DC39 Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality 448 060 478 601 511 048 1 110 485 1 243 443 Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities 1 014 538 1 077 664 1 146 042 2 032 246 2 383 363 B					
Fotal: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities 1 014 538 1 077 664 1 146 042 2 032 246 2 383 363 3 NW403 City of Matlosana 545 300 588 793 636 078 732 804 796 087 3 NW404 Maquassi Hills 159 404 170 622 182 817 265 037 251 201 3 NW405 JB Marks 343 436 377 012 414 080 548 594 529 025 C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality 206 714 212 491 218 574 212 725 216 133					
B NW404 Maquassi Hills 159 404 170 622 182 817 265 037 251 201 B NW405 JB Marks 343 436 377 012 414 080 548 594 529 025 C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality 206 714 212 491 218 574 212 725 216 133					
B NW404 Maquassi Hills 159 404 170 622 182 817 265 037 251 201 B NW405 JB Marks 343 436 377 012 414 080 548 594 529 025 C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality 206 714 212 491 218 574 212 725 216 133	545 300 588 793 636 078 732 804 7	828 816			
C DC40 Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality 206 714 212 491 218 574 212 725 216 133	159 404 170 622 182 817 265 037 2	286 617			
1 207 007 1 070 1 701 077 1 707 1 1 70					
Total: North West Municipalities 7 563 618 8 156 651 8 807 144 11 807 025 12 720 217	75(2619 915(651 9997144 11997997 127	17 13 568 258			

EQUITABLE SHARE AND TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICPALITIES

		EQI	EQUITABLE SHARE ¹			TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES			
		National and Municipal Financial Year			National an	National and Municipal Financial Year			
Category	Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)		
WESTERN CA	PE								
A CPT	City of Cape Town	3 656 394	3 983 337	4 341 849	6 929 193	7 619 097	8 770 331		
B WC011	Matzikama	69 892	74 958	80 473	120 738	110 889	140 890		
B WC012	Cederberg	61 451	66 062	71 096	130 520	131 317	129 566		
B WC013	Bergrivier	57 506	62 388	67 754	79 885	85 483	91 636		
B WC014	Saldanha Bay	115 943	126 971	139 203	149 510	157 953	172 168		
B WC015	Swartland	126 228	140 297	156 017	198 707	176 527	191 476		
C DC1	West Coast District Municipality	103 374	106 615	110 061	108 275	110 333	113 878		
Total: West Co	ast Municipalities	534 394	577 291	624 604	787 635	772 502	839 614		
B WC022	Witzenberg	121 668	132 945	145 345	185 486	178 848	178 154		
	Drakenstein	194 355	211 292	229 829	272 133	273 286	294 349		
B WC023		179 634	196 720	215 547	280 464	249 750	267 440		
	Breede Valley	147 822	159 120	171 374	236 668	268 043	255 896		
	Langeberg	97 528	104 474	112 031	131 422	153 381	158 351		
C DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	251 295	256 921	262 730	256 541	260 809	266 722		
	inelands Municipalities	992 302	1 061 472	1 136 856	1 362 714	1 384 117	1 420 912		
Totali Cape 11	metalius Francepalities	7,2002	10011/2	1100 000	1002711	1001117	1 120 / 12		
B WC031	Theewaterskloof	120 101	129 283	139 255	160 230	183 119	189 688		
B WC032	Overstrand	141 896	155 547	170 708	224 437	193 865	212 141		
B WC033	Cape Agulhas	37 037	39 750	42 717	73 637	70 562	61 062		
B WC034	Swellendam	39 675	42 788	46 206	62 334	61 947	65 953		
C DC3	Overberg District Municipality	81 486	84 267	87 234	86 444	88 113	91 184		
Total: Overber	g Municipalities	420 195	451 635	486 120	607 082	597 606	620 028		
B WC041	Kannaland	33 259	35 040	36 934	48 305	63 346	76 626		
		54 287	58 185	62 442	88 876	82 196	89 097		
	Hessequa Mossel Bay	119 020	128 669	139 262	162 612	170 337	182 593		
	George	193 460	210 287	228 699	729 128	936 165	732 127		
B WC045	-	89 431	95 294	101 666	126 866	135 841	137 463		
B WC047		129 019	143 106	158 928	172 200	179 974	196 433		
B WC048		111 170	120 722	131 247	170 779	162 815	213 224		
C DC4	Garden Route District Municipality	172 721	177 411	182 329	185 160	186 215	192 228		
	Route Municipalities	902 367	968 714	1 041 507	1 683 926	1 916 889	1 819 791		
B WC051	Laingsburg	20 139	21 423	22 856	47 193	44 542	45 020		
	Prince Albert	26 548	28 467	30 575	43 943	44 941	44 704		
B WC053		77 265	82 700	88 606	135 278	107 734	114 503		
C DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	36 456	37 890	39 485	40 832	40 953	42 622		
Total: Central	Karoo Municipalities	160 408	170 480	181 522	267 246	238 170	246 849		
Total: Western	Cape Municipalities	6 666 060	7 212 929	7 812 458	11 637 796	12 528 381	13 717 525		
Unallocated		-	-	-	546 832	2 086 142	2 172 491		
National Total		87 311 493	94 086 549	101 486 470	143 350 144	153 561 498	162 882 977		
	table share formula allocations RSC levies replaceme				t excludes the shar				

^{1.} Includes equitable share formula allocations, RSC levies replacement and special contribution towards councillor remuneration, but excludes the sharing of the general fuel levy with metropolitan municipalities. (See Appendix W1)

APPENDIX W1

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

APPENDIX WI

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE PORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SERVICE FOR

	Equits	Equitable Share Formula	nd a	RSC Lea	RSC Levies Replacement	S.	Special Support for Councillor Remuneration and Ward Committees	oort for Councillor Rem	nuner at ion	BRE	AKDOWN OF EQ	UITABLESHA	RE FOR DIST	RICT M UNICIPALI	TIES AUTHO	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNCIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	ŒS	TOTA	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES	TO
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	rcial Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	d Year	National and M	National and Municipal Financial Year	al Year	National and Mun	National and Municipal Financial Year		ational and Mu	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	d Financial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 2 (R'000) (2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	Water Sani 2022/2	Sanitation Refuse 2022/23 R'(000)		Water Sa 2023/	Sanitation Refuse 2023/24 R(000)		Water Sanitation 2024/25 R (000)	on Refuse	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE																				
A BUF Buffalo City	1 045 448	1 118 513	1 196 538	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		1 045 448	1118 513	1 196 538
A NMA Nelson Mandela Bay	1 288 228	1389940	1 499 327																1 389 940	1 499 327
B EC101 Dr Bevers Naude	101 727	107 909	114 481				5 332	5 494	5 708	-	-							107 059	113 403	120 189
	60 763	64 065	67 554	•	•	•	2 622	2 701	2 807		•	•	•	•				63 385	992 99	70 361
	107 605	114 706	122 290	•	•	•	6 0 2 9	6 2 1 0	6 452	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		113 634	120 916	128 742
	114 788	122 826	131 446	•	•	•	4 443	4 5 7 8	4 757	•	•		•	•		•		119 231	127 404	136 203
B EC106 Sundays River Valley B EC108 Kenes	97.715	105 662	187 130				3 555	3 662	3 806									163 292	178 068	194 266
	57 646	61 383	68 372	•	•	•	2 828	2 9 1 4	3 029	•	•	•		•				60 474	64 297	68 401
C DC10 Sarah Baartman District Municipality	33 246	35 183	37 295	71330	72 893	74 505	•			-	-	•	-	•	-	-		104 576	108 076	111 800
Total: Sarah Baartman Municipalities	730 117	782 935	839 842	71 330	72 893	74 505	31 474	32 426	33 695		1	•	+	1	+	1		832 921	888 254	948 042
B FC121 Mbhacke	280 896	295 264	310 734		_		14 027	14 451	15 015	93 157	64 212	_	99 823	66 974			- 286 69	294 923	309 715	325 749
	293 302	308 239	324 317				14 027	14 451	15 015	97.136	66 955		104 086	69 834		110 992	72 976	307 329	322 690	339 332
	47 093	49 482	52 059	•	•	•	3 093	3 187	3 312	12 701	8 755	•	13 610	9 131	•		9 542	50 186	52 669	55.371
	118 322	124 366	130 877	•	•	•	6 665	6 867	7 136	36.485	25 148		39 095	26 230			27 410	124 987	131 233	138 013
	92 469	97 196	102 290				5 140	5 295	5 301	27.520	18 969		29 489	19 785			20 675	609 26	102 491	107 791
B EC129 Raymond Miliaba C DC12 Amythole District Municipality	194 594	204 512	215 189	470.031	500 943	534 165	10 028	10 331	10 733	61887	42 658		66 316	44 493		70716 46	46 495	204 622	214 843	225 922
1 0	1 582 261	1 667 924	1 758 355	470 031	500 943	534 165	52 980	54 582	56 712	328 887	226 698		352 419	236 446	ľ	375 803 247 086	980	2 105 272	2 223 449	2 349 232
B EC131 Inxuba Yethemba	46 745	49 393	52 272			•	3 999	4 120	4 281	22 438	15 466		24 142	16 197	•	25 856 170	17 000	50 744	53.513	56.553
B EC135 Insuka Yehu R HC136 Emalahoni	138 632	145 734	153 385				7 554	7 783	8 087	97.588	29 193		46 198	30 995			32 340	146 186	153 517	161 472
	165 923	174418	183 567			•	9 220	9 501	9 875	53 130	36 622		56 932	38 197			39 916	175 143	183 919	193 442
	76 516	80 379	84 541	•	•	•	3 807	3 921	4 073	22 305	15 375		23 901	16 036			16 757	80 323	84300	88 614
	215 409	227 256	240 103	' !	1		•	1	ı	90 325	62 260	•	97 085	65 137	•	103 870 68.3	68 293	215 409	227 256	240 103
C DC13 Chris Hani District Municipality	545 830	578 761	612.733	108 630	115 774	123 452		- 04000	- 200 200			1			1			654 460	694 535	736 185
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	1 367 652	1 443 689	1 524 205	108 630	115 774	123 452	33 911	34 939	36 306	288 900	199 136	•	309 967	207 964	+	330 988 217 621		1510193	1 594 402	1 683 963
B EC141 Elundini	172 830	181 760	191 416	•	•		7 554	7 783	8 087	58 857	40 570		63 131	42 356			44317	180 384	189 543	199 503
B EC142 Senqu	169 571	178 186	187 462	•	•	•	7 554	7 783	8 087	26 660	39 055		60 714	40 734			42 567	177 125	182 969	195 549
B EC145 Walter Signlu	202 402	205 136	74 430	- 47.304	- 50.405	- 53 7.40	5 184	5 343	5 553	31821	21 934		34 600	23 214		37 447 24 6	24 621	70 586	75 058	277 446
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	692 049	734 797	222 222	47.294	50 405	53 748	20 202	20 909	21 727	147 338	101 559		158 445	106 304	H	111 505	505	762 635	806 111	852 481
D GC162 Montes Hill	206 348	313 307	331.873				91071	14.650	16 223	90.136	1% 39		107 138	71 881		115 204	25 246	210.567	328 047	347.096
	174 290	184 036	194 595			•	8 695	8 957	9 306	57.571	39 683		62 070	41 644			43.796	182 985	192 993	203 901
	299 074	315 283	332 823	•	•	•	14 2 19	14 650	15 223		70 062		109 334	73 355			- 6969	313 293	329 933	348 046
	206 366	216 963	228 374	•	,	•	11361	11 704	12 160		45 22 1	•	70 300	47 166	,	74 964 49.	49 288	217 727	228 667	240 534
B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo DOTS OB Tambo District Municipality	404 115	429 505	457 148	123.006	131.005	130 700				172 960	119 220		187 675	125 916			133 275	404 115	429 505	1 194 795
	2 3 08 8 58	2 449 722	2 599 818	123 006	131 095	139 790	48 494	49 961	51 912	496 956	342 547		536 516	359 961		576 546 379 073	073	2 480 358	2 630 778	2 791 520
R GC441 Mesenials	274 3111	290.181	307 388		_		11 997	13.561	12 844	94.847	222	-	102 499	68 769		75011	77.483	386 308	302 542	22022
B EC42 Unrimethy	248 687	261 807	275 992				12 249	12 620	13 112	82 322	S6 743		88 399	59 309			124	260 936	274 427	289 104
	305 876	325 147	346 102	•	•	•	14 2 1 9	14 650	15 223	104 106	11 759	•	113 213	75 958		122 550 80	80 575	320 095	339 797	361325
	140 633	147 882	155 692				8 954	9 2 2 8	9 592	42 522	29 310	•	45 565	30 570			31946	149 587	157 110	165 284
C DC44 Affred NZo District Municipality	1 500 004	0022300	030 050	371.07	90 110	00 433	- 47.410	10 020	. 177.02	- 107 566	, 100	1	340.676		1			1 703 600	100 301	1016363
Total: Africa 186 Municipalities	1 300 304	0701101	1 100 000		00 117	00 450	417	40 020	111.00	L	061 677	+	347.070	000 +57	+	L	120	1 705 570	1 000 201	070161
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	10 598 597	11 264 843	11 975 150	895 466	951 229	1 011 093	234 570	241 676	251 123	1 585 877 1	093 129	-	707 023	1 145 281		828 811 1 202 424	424	11 728 633	12 457 748	13 237 366

APPENDIX WI

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MINICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE PORMULA ALLOCATIONS + ISC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES FOR SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES FOR SERVICE FOR SERVIC

	Equits	Equitable Share Formula	ula	RSC LA	RSC Levies Replacement		Special Support for Councillor Remuneration	Councillor Ren	nuneration	BREA	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNCIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	LESHAREFO	& DISTRICT MUN	(ICIPALITIES AL	THORISED FOR	SERVICES	L	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS TO	CIONS TO	
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and 3	National and Municipal Financial Year		National and Municipal Financial Year	micipal Financia	al Year	National and Munic	National and Municipal Financial Year	National s	National and Municipal Financial Year	uncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	T	National and Municipal Financial Year	Financial Year	
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)		2022/23 2 (R'000) (2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	Water Sanitation 2022/23 R (000)	Sanitation Refuse 022223 R'(000)	Water	Sanitation 2023/24 R (000)	Refuse	Water 20	Sanitation Refuse 2024/25 R (000)		2022/23 2023/24 (R'000) (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	
FREESTATE																				
A MAN Mangaung	938 383	1 016 375	1 101 022	,		1	•	•	•	•		İ	•	,	,		-	938 383 1 0 16 3 7 5	75 1 101 022	13
B FSI 61 Letsement	75 935	80 924	86 286				3 093	3.187	3 312									79 028 84 111	89 598	86
B FS162 Kopanong	99 510	105 410	111 715	•	1	•	4 036	4 1 58	4 321	•	•	_	•		•	•	_			98
B FS163 Mohokare	83 859	198 68	96 353	•	,		3 093	3 187	3 312	•	•		•	•	•	•				89
C DC16 Xhariep District Municipality	22 887	24 123	25 469	23 199	23 707	24 231	3 075	3 182	3 326								1	49 161 \$1 012	12 53 026	8
Total: Anariep Municipalities	161 797	200 218	219 823	661 67	10/67	167 47	/G CI	10 /14	1471	1	1	1	1			•	1		1	q
B FS181 Masilonyana	142 844	153 095	164 179	•	•	•	4 251	4 3 79	4 549	,	-				•	•	-			88
B FS182 Tokologo	67 339	71 445	75 849	•	•	•	3 093	3 187	3 312	•	•	1	1	•	1	•	1			19
	87 183	92 494	98 187	•	•	•	4 036	4 1 58	4 321	•	•	_	•		•	•	1			8
	628 523	674 469	723 986		•			. 404	. 000			_			•					8 2
B FSI85 Nala C DCI8 Leiwelenatswa District Municipality	46 692	49 340	52 230	97.352	- 66	- 101 686	2 352	# '	s vos									144 044 148 826	71 161 094	g 19
	1112169	1188120	1269817	97.352	99 486	101 686	16 712	17 218	17 890		'	ľ					- -	_	_	8
B FS191 Setsoto	227 104	241 852	257 682		1		7.362	1284	7.879			1						234 466 249 436	36 265 561	5 5
	116.871	125 427	134683				3 000	. 021.70	4 281											5 3
	744 441	795 361	850 194				,	7	107											t s
B FS195 Phumelela	89 282	95 230	101 633	•	•	•	3 770	3 886	4 039				•		•					£1
	98 427	105 176	112 450	•	•	•	3 999	4 120	4 281		•	1	•	•	•	•	1			25
C DC19 Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	65 168	68 953	73 092	65 291	66 723	86189							•							8
Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities	1 551 486	1 659 248	1 775 515	65 291	66 723	68 198	19 130	19 710	20 480		1						-	635 907 1 745 681	1 864 193	8
B FS201 Moqhaka	257 433	276 512	297 125	•	•		•									•				25
B FS203 Ngwathe	241 451	258 780	277 488	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•				88
	246 748	271 646	299 154		•	•	1		1		•	_			•	•				Z,
B FS205 Marube	115 096	123 336	132 240	- 155,000	- 000 001	- 000	3 807	3 921	4 073	•	•	_			•	•		118 903 127 257	57 136.313	= s
C LX20 Fezile Dabi District Muncipality Total: Eezile Dabi Municipalities	873 402	943 733	1 020 327	155 902	150 320	162 842	3 807	3 921	4 073								-			3 6
																				П
Total: Free State Municipalities	4 757 631	5 107 794	5 486 504	341 744	349 236	356 957	52 946	54 563	56 714	•	•				•		- 2	5 152 321 5 511 593	5 900 175	ы
GAUTENG																				
A EKU CityofEkurhukni	4 606 943	5 049 907	5 539 300	•	1	•	•	•	1	•	•		,		•	•	- 4			8
A JHB City of Johannesburg	6 279 400	6 908 453	7 605 792	•	•	•	•	•	•		-				•			6 279 400 6 908 453	53 7 605 792	35
A TSH CityofTshwane	3 551 250	3 911 639	4311587	•	•	•	•			•	•		•		•					87
B GT421 Emfilem	971.061	1 045 887	1127310															971 061 1 045 887	87 1 127 310	01
	136 499	150 718	166 533		•	•	9999	6 867	7 136			_					-		_	69
B GT423 Leadi	175 606	194375	215 343	•		•	5 776	5 951	6 184		-	_			•	•	-			23
C DC42 Sedibeng District Municipality	28 449	30 227	32 188	265 542	271 363	277 362	•	1	•	1			•	1		•	•	293 991 301 590	90 309 550	8
Total: Sedibeng Municipalities	1311615	1 421 207	1 541 374	265 542	271 363	277 362	12 441	12 818	13 320	•							-	589 598 1 705 388	88 1 832 056	99
B G7481 Mogale City	539 525	591056	647 957													,	-	539 525 591 0	56 647 957	53
	259 031	279 761	302 376	•	•	•	•	•	•				1		1			259 031 279 761		92
B GT485 Rand West City	393 139	427 340	464 870	1			•		•	•					•	•				2
C DC48 West Rand District Municipality	48 516	51 664	55 140	181736	185 720	008 681												230 252 237 384	244 940	9 :
Total: West Rand Municipalities	1 240 211	1 349 821	1 470 343	181 /30	185 720	189 800	-	+	+			1	1	Ī	1		1	421 947 1 535 5	1	3
								-	-	_							_			T

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RECLEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES) APPENDIX W1

						5	wial Commont for	Comediar Bonu	motion									TOTA	ALLOCATIONS	91
•	Equi	Equitable Share Formula	nula	RSC Lev	RSC Levies Replacement	+	and Wa	and Ward Committees		BRE	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	TABLESHAF	E FOR DISTRI	CT MUNICIPALIT.	TIES AUTHOR	ISED FOR SERVIC	CES	W	MUNICIPALITIES	
	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and M.	Fina	1	National and M.	Financi	+	National and Muni	National and Municipal Financial Year Water Sanitation Before	+	or Sanite	National and Municipal Financial Year Water Sanitation Before	+	National and Municipal Financial Year Water Senitation Before	al Financial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000) (R	(R'000)	- 1	2022/23 R'(000)		78	4.	+	1~	١.	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL																				
A ETH eThekwini	4 057 189	4 405 068	4 784 326	•	•	1	1	•		•	•		•	•	1			4 057 189	4 405 068	4 784 326
	870 231		176 673				030.0	6 400	0 031	23.316	050.90			29 000			109	81.0 (291	135.00.1	164.404
B KZN213 uMzumbe	145 642		161 180	•	•	•	9 220	9 501	9.875	43.376	29 898	. 4		31 184			- 287	154 862	162 624	171 055
B KZN214 uMuziwabantu B KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni	105 845 260 646	111 841 280 634	302 772				4 696	4837	5 025	33 626 124 452	23 178 85 784		36 322 2	24 369	 v 4	39 075 25 0	25 692 - 98 589 -	110 541 260 646	116 678 280 634	302 772
C DC21 Ugu District Municipality	481 718		558 220	103 428	110 230	117.541			. 100.00				. 01011					585 146	629 020	675 761
Total: Ugu Munkepatrbes	114/819	l	1 316 132	103 428	110 230	11/341	991 77	/6877	16/ 67	254 /69	010 6/1	7		289 487	٠.	ļ		17/3413	1 361 /20	1 45 / 404
B KZN221 uMshwathi	117.818	125 273	133 453	1	•		6 029	6210	6 452	45 010	31 025		48 929	32.828	•	52 975 341	34830	123 847	131 483	139 905
B KZN222 uMngem B KZN223 Mnofana	41 104	43.516	46 157				2 356	2 428	2 524	15 473	10 665			58 521 11 232			78/	43 460	45 944	48 681
B KZN224 iMpendle	43 078	45 245	47.583			•	2 543	2 622	2 726	11 165	1696	•		8 027	-		8388	45 621	47 867	50 309
B KZN225 Msunduzi B KZN226 Mkhambathini	74 409	753 259	815 484				3 110	3 205	3 330	24 888	- 17 155			- 18314		- 29 816	- ' ' ' ' '	696 056	82 718	815 484
B KZN227 Richmond	83311	89 093	95 459				3 110	3 205	3 330	28 750	19 817	1	31 544	21 164	- 3			86 421	92 298	98 789
C DC22 uMgungundlovu District Municipality Total: uMgungundlovu Municipalities	1 474 195	1 590 077	1716 223	334 241	356 222	379 847	22 732	23 423	24 338	176 416	121 602		3 593 I.	29 886	- 21	1 606 139	129	1 831 168	1 969 722	2 120 408
n VANA OLIMINAL	070 071	16130	010.001				127	0777	000 7	777	31 076	Ĺ		33 601			30%	140 733	260 031	27.1.42
B KZN237 iNkosi Langalibalele	207 620	221348	236 414				10 472	10 788	11 209	72.327	49 854		78.947	52.968	n 00	85 824 56.	56 429	218 092	232 136	247 623
B KZN238 Alfred Duma	285 377	303 422	323 230	- 02 555	, 6	. 210.00	. 240		. 036 9	122 831	84 666	-		89 433			726	285 377	303 422	323 230
C DC23 uThukela District Municipality Total: uThukela Municipalities	1 092 203	1 165 092	1 243 767	77 624	82 729	88 216 88 216	23 287	6 564 24 020	24 996	241 401	166 396		262 179 17	175 902		283 595 186 461		1193114	1271841	1 356 979
	67.370	132.07	7 0 5 7				0 10 0	3 000	601.6	39.00	371.00			11 633			201	Th. 0.3	131 37	21 000
B KZN242 Nguthu	161386	170 604	180 665				8 250	8 499	8 831	50 178	34 587	. 40	54213	36.373		58336 383	38355	169 636	179 103	189 496
B KZN244 uMsinga	196 842	209 507	223 390	•			169 6	286 6	10 379	66 139	45 589	•		48 353			424	206 533	219 494	233 769
B KZN245 uMoti	156 260	168 544	182 153	- 80874	. 878 99	- 081 69	6 00 9	6210	6 452	59 971	41 338			44.515			- 890	162 289	174 754	509 881
1 €	963 950	1 034 840	1111944	60 874	64 878	69 180	26 888	27 702	28 784	205 543	141 679	. 2.	5 172	51 073	. 24	15 703 161 547	547	1 051 712	1 127 420	1 209 908
B KZN252 Newcastle	466 902	500 929	537 742		-			-										466 902	500 929	537 742
B KZN253 eMadlangeni	33 454	35 271	37.253	•	•		2 622	2 701	2 807	8 662	5 970		9 338	6 2 6 5	-	10 027 6 5	6 592	36 076	37 972	40 060
B KZN254 Dannhauser C DC25 Armithe District Municipality	103 351	108 870	114 885	- 106 771	- 113 793	121340	5 584	5.753	5 976	30 119	20 761			21734			- 1	201 814	214 724	120 861
Total: Amajuba Municipalities	698 750	746 001	797 034	106 771	113 793	121 340	8 206	8 454	8 783	38 781	26 731	•	1 732	27 999		4725 29.	406	813 727	868 248	927 157
B KZN26 obumbe	80 172	94 367	100 041				4 251	4 370	4 540	26.828	18.492			19.493			20 603	93.423	98 746	104 590
B KZN262 uPhongolo	163 124	174 597	187 226				6 473	8999	6 928	20 070	39 065		62 177	41716		67 955 440	089	169 597	181 265	194 154
B KZN263 AbsQulasi	130 004	201285	216 516				- 000 01	- 10 231	- 222 01	78 475	54 092			57.836			62 008	187 494	201 285	216 516
	185 876	196 653	208 410				10 472	10 788	11 209	53.520	36.891			38 854			033	196 348	207 441	219 619
C DC26 Zululand District Municipality Total: Zululand Municipalities	1313467	546 671	1502 141	78 494	83 656 83 656	89 204 89 204	31 224	32 166	33 419	268 576	- 185 127	. 25	2 844			- 2091	660	1423 185	630 327	677 132
B KZN271 uMfhabuyalingana B KZN272 Jozini	204 831	235 225	236 717				8 695	8 957	9 306	69 790	48 106		76 934	51 617 53 137		84 465 55:	55.535	213 526 230 520	228 948	246 023 262 128
B KZN275 Mtubatuba	205 391	221754	239 878	•	•	•	10 028	10 331	10 733	66 515	45 848	-		49 564			728	215 419	232 085	250 611
B KZN276 Big Five Habisa C DC27 uMkhanyakude District Municipality	475 497	516 739	561 126	61901	65 972	70 347	6 392	6 587	6 846	40 594	27.981			30.020			292	537 398	582 711	631 473
Total: uMkhanyakude Municipalities	1 237 068	1 334 047	1 439 901	106 19	65 972	70 347	35 143	36 206	37 618	249 347	171 872	- 2	14 753	184 338	. 36	901 530 198 253	253	1 334 112	1 436 225	1 547 866
B KZN281 uMfobzi	157 037	168 176	180 434	•		•	8 277	8 530	8 865	48 039	33 113	-1	52 847	35 457		57 902 38 (38 070	165 314	176 706	189 299
B KZN282 uMhlathuze B KZN284 uMlalazi	214 484	513 500	242 567				- 12 249	12 620	13 112	70 603	- 48 666			51.497			641	471 939 226 733	240 511	255 679
B KZN285 Mithonjaneni	87.774	92 262	860 26			•	5 921	6 101	6 341	23 423	16 145		25 099	16 839	- 2	26 764 17	17.597	93 695	98 363	103 439
B KZN286 Nkandla C DC28 King Ceshwayo District Municipality	304 587	326 972	350 577	342 609	365 141	389 358	- 6 029	6 210	6 452	30.979	21 353			22 272			274	647 196	120 091	739 935
3	1344201	1 442 682	1 549 496	342 609	365 141	389 358	32 476	33 461	34 770	173 044	119 277	=	187 898 12	126 065	- 30	3 170 133	133 582	1 719 286	1 841 284	1 973 624
B KZN291 Mandeni	205 012	221133	238 986	•	•	•	7 806	8 042	8 355	75 858	52 288			56 321	6		- 06830	212 818	229 175	247.341
B KZN292 KwaDukuza	228 012	251988	279 137	1	•	•	. 045.0	- 5100	- 0 440	142 202	810 86	- `		07 436	- 12		. 620	228 012	251 988	279 137
B KZN293 Ndwedwe B KZN294 Maphumulo	172 864	184316	114 051				8 749 5 140	9 015 5 295	9 370	31 673	38.334	. e)	33 939	40 777		36 191 23 795	795	181 613	113 706	206 251
C DC29 iLembe District Municipality	563 100	616 534	674 564	117 849	125 599	133 929					•							680 949	742 133	808 493
Total: iLembe Municipalities	1 272 162	1 382 382	1 503 619	117 849		133 929	21 695	22.352	23 226	305 346	210 472	. 3	18 794 23	227 305		374 454 246	246 199	1 411 706	1 530 333	1 660 774
B KZN433 Greater Kokstad	70 840	75 532	80 697		1		4 251	4379	4 549	33 004	22 749	1 1	35 922	24 101		38 941 25 0	25 603	75 091	79 9111	85 246
B KZN435 uMzimkhulu	221 095	235 024	250 284				9 583	9.873	10.258	75 920	52.331			55 401			810	230 678	244 897	260 542
B KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Diamini Zuma C DC43 Harry Gwala District Municipality	376 242	154 443	164 115	55 9 19	- 965 65	63.549	6 864	7 0 7 3	7 350	47 460	32.714			34561				152 466	161 516	171 465
Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities	939 462	1 000 766	1 066 904	55 919	968 68	63 549	727 92	27 535	28 609	891 961	135 216	- 2	112 902 14	142 841	. 23	230 129 151 307	307	1 022 108	1 087 897	1 159 062
Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	15 540 466	16 733 659	18 031 487	1 339 710	1 427 816	1 522 511	250 544	258 156	268 274	2 109 391	1 453 982	- 236	307 814 1 54	548 366	- 251	2 514 936 1 653 544		17 130 720	18 419 631	19 822 272
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APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RECLEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES) APPENDIX W1

							namial Connect for	- Councillor Ban	uniteration								Ī	TOTAL	OCATIONS	01.
	Equit	Equitable Share Formula	nla	RSC	RSC Levies Replacement		and Ward Committees	ard Committees		BR	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	SLE SHARE FO	R DISTRICT M UN	NICIPALITIES A	THORISED FO.	R SERVICES		MI	MUNICIPALITIES	
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and N	Financ	+	National and Mt.	ii l	National	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'0000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	Water San 2022/	Sanitation Refuse 2022/23 R'(000)	Water	Sanitation 2023/24 R(000)	Refuse	Water 20	Sanitation 2024/25 R*(000)	Refuse	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
LIMPOPO																				
B LIM331 Greater Giyani	338 429	360 376	384 419	•	,	•	13 774	14 192	14 747	118 609					140 260	92 219	1	352 203	374 568	399 166
B LIM332 Greater Letaba	328 630	350 247	373 946	•	•		13 330	13 734	14 271	116 775	80 492	127 372	85 457		138 356	896 06		341 960	363 981	388 217
B LIMS34 Ba-Phalaborwa	181 603	195 281	210 378				8 250	8 499	8 831	64 8 8 9 9					82 156	54 017		189 853	203 780	219 209
B LIM335 Maruleng C DC33 Money District Municipality	147.875	157 948	169 009	154 972	- 168 164	- 176118	6 00 9	6 2 1 0	6 452	49 950					59 644	39 215		153 904	1562 191	175 461
	2 493 145	2 676 264	2 874 806	154 972	165 164	176 118	41 383	42 635	44 301	551 658	380 252	603 502	404 904		657 497	432 298		2 689 500	2 884 063	3 095 225
B LIM341 Musim	188 461	208 042	230 155			•	5 332	5 494	5 708	83 148	57.313				106 255	69 862		193 793	213 536	235 863
B LIM343 Thulamela	529 943	566 258	606 158		•	•	18 026	18 571	19 296	206 110					245 207	161 221		547 969	584 829	625 454
B LIM344 Makhado	445 889	476 726	510 634		•		- 000 31	- 00.71	- 20 70	182 088	125 512	199 051			216 693	142 473		445 889	476 726	510 634
C DC34 Vhembe District Municipality	1176100	1274260	1379481	100 705	107 328	114 446	100 01	70 7 01	116.01	COO 761						120010		1 276 805	1381588	1 493 927
Total: Vhembe Municipalities	2 778 632	2 992 230	3 224 842	100 705	107 328	114 446	39 162	40 347	41 921	633 351	436 562	880 569	466 350		759 808	499 566		2 918 499	3 139 905	3 381 209
B LIM351 Blouberg	211 481	222 759	235 044				9 77.8	10.072	10 465	71 233					81 935	53 871		221 256	232 831	245 509
B LIM353 Molemole	161 652	170 054	179 203		•	•	7 109	7 325	7.611	53 501	36 878	57 423	38 527		61378	40 356		168 761	177.379	186 814
B LIM355 Lenele-Numpi	287 999	304 823	323 179				13 330	13 734	14 271	94 688		102 434	- 68 725		110 354	72.557		301329	318 557	337.450
C DC35 Capricorn District Municipality	438 624	467 134	497 114	291 608	310 785	331397												730 232	916 141	828 511
Total: Capricorn Municipalities	2 296 305	2 465 205	2 648 516	291 608	310 785	331.397	30 214	31 131	32 347	219 422	151 246	236 412	158 614		253 667	166 784		2 618 127	2 807 121	3 012 260
B LIM361 Thubazimbi	116 921	128 051	140 279	•		•	5 140	5 295	5.501	•		_			•			122 061	133 346	145 780
B LIM362 Lephalale	202 071	223 270	246 827	•	•						•			•	•	•		202 071	223 270	246 827
B LIM366 Bela-Bela B LIM367 Monalskwena	535 476	124315	135 525				3 807	3 921	4 073									535 476	570 087	139 598
Mo	134 343	143 095	152 490			•	1	1	•		•				•	•	•	134343	143 095	152 490
C DC36 Waterberg District Municipality Total: Waterberg Municipalities	45 407	48 225	1333742	93.367	95 414	97.523	6 726	6 962	7.275						1			1257360	1348 635	1 448 114
				0000	2															
B LIM471 Ephraim Mogale	717.171	183 258	195 922				7 109	7 325	7 611	58 439	40 282	906 2911			982 661	45 758		334 260	357 024	203 533
B LIM473 Makhuduthamaga	310 426	329 055	349 403				13 774	14 192	14.747	105 849	72 961	114 699	76 954		123 774	81380		324 200	343 247	364 150
B LIM476 Feakgomo Tubatse C DO37 Sabbabhana District Manicipality	537 000	580 487	628 645	- 120 281	- 128 724	- 137.262				193 812	133.593	214 897			237 291	156 017		537 000	580 487	1 157 043
=	2 2 0 8 2 1 2	2 377 294	2 561 339	120 781	128 724	137 262	34 465	35 510	36 897	466 514	321 564	512 368	343 759		560 446	368 488		2 363 458	2 541 528	2 735 498
Total: Limpopo Municipalities	10 924 614	11 748 036	12 643 245	761 433	807 415	826 746	160 897	165 801	172 315	1 870 945	1 289 623	2 047 369	1 373 628	•	2 231 419	1 467 134	1	11 846 944	12 721 252	13 672 306
MPUMALANGA																				
B MP301 Chief Albert Luthuli	377.319	404 598	434 220	•	•	•	916 01	11 246	11 685	•					•	•	•	388 235	415 844	445 905
B MP302 Msukaligwa	227 520	248 969	272 622		•		. 0.443	- 007 0	- 0000									227 520	248 969	272 622
B MP304 Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme	142 154	151 806	162 250				4 696	4 8 3 7	5 025			_						146 850	156 643	167.275
	152 423	165 184	179 130				' 00 0	- 100	3 000									152 423	165 184	179 130
	380 023	417 947	459 878	•		•			,	•								380 023	417 947	459 878
C DC30 Gert Sibande District Municipality Total: Gert Sibande Municipalities	15 989	17 043	1979 618	301 666	308 279	315 094	26 882	27 695	28 777									317 655	325 322 2 158 863	2 323 489
B MP311 Victor Khanye	123 287	135 045	148 045				3 807	3 921	4 073									127 094	138 966	152 118
B MP312 Emalahleni B MP313 Stand Tahasata	284 669	319 506	358 779															493 518	319 506	358 770
	76 677	82.879	659 68	•		•	3 565	3 673	3 816	•	•							80 242	86 552	93 475
B MP315 Thembisile Hani B MP316 Dr.IS Moroka	513 707	553 358 475 803	596 570				13 774	14 192	14 747									513 707	553 358 489 995	520 754
C DC31 Nkangala District Municipality	29 280	31361	33 670	359 530	367 412	375 534		•			•			·	•		•	388 810	398 773	409 204
Total: Nkangala Municipalities	1 968 925	2 145 415	2 340 328	359 530	367 412	375 534	21 146	21 786	22 636				1		•	1	1	2 349 601	2 534 613	2 738 498
B MP321 Thaba Chweu	181 905	199 036	217 938	,	•	ı	6 00 9	6 2 10	6 452			,	,					187 934	205 246	224 390
	979 294	1 046 647	1119 555									_						979 294	1 046 647	1 119 555
B MP326 Cityof Mbombela C DC32 Bharonoi Diorice Manicipality	948 458	1033 679	1 127 308	183 174	- 187 190	- 101 328												948 458	1033 679	1 127 308
12	2 936 293	3 169 052	3 423 312	183 174	187 190	191 328	6 0 5 9	6 2 10	6 452									3 125 496	3 362 452	3 621 092
Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities	6 585 210	7 137 356	7 743 258	844370	862 881	881 956	54 057	55 691	57 865			ľ		ľ				7 483 637	8 055 928	8 683 079
																	Ī			Ī

(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RSC LEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

APPENDIX W1

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 3: EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES

(EQUITABLE SHARE FORMULA ALLOCATIONS + RECLEVIES REPLACEMENT + SPECIAL SUPPORT FOR COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION AND WARD COMMITTEES + BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER SERVICE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES) APPENDIX W1

National Property Nati		Equ	Equitable Share Formula	nuh	RSC	C Levies Replacement	ment	and Ward Committees	and Ward Committees	36		BREAKDOWNC	JF EQUITABLE	SHAREFORL	BREAKDOWN OF EQUITABLE SHARE FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES	LITIES AUTH.	RISED FOR SI	RVICES		MU	MUNICIPALITIES	2
Modelling 350.00 350.		National an	nd Municipal Fin	ancial Year	Nationals		nancial Year	National an	1 Municipal Fina	meial Year	National and	Municipal Financ	cial Year	National and	Municipal Financial Y		dational and Mun	nicipal Financial	Year	National and N	funicipal Financ	ial Year
14.00 1.00	1	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Water	Sanitation	Refuse	Water	Sanitation Rel		Vater San	nitation	Sefuse	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
	- 1	(R'000)	(8.000)	(R'000)	(8'000)	(R'000)	(8'000)	(R'000)	(8'000)	(8.000)	7	022/23 R'(000)		2	023/24 R(000)		2024.	25 R (000)		(8.000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
1,000, 1	FESTERN CAPE																					
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	CPT City of Cape Town	3 656 394	3 983 337	4341849	'		•		'	'	'	•	•	•		•	•	•	'	3 656 394	3 983 337	4 341 849
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	MCOII Median	002 999	71.404	37.0 3/2				2 26.2	3.464	3 600										60 09	74 050	90.473
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	WC012 Coderboro	58 829	63.361	68 289				2 622	2 701	2.807										61 451	66 062	71.096
1, 19, 18, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19	WC013 Bergrivier	54 588	59 382	64 632	_			2 918	3 006	3 122										57 506	62 388	67.754
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	WC014 Saldanha Bav	109 914	120 761	132.751				6 005	6 2 1 0	6 452						•		•		115 943	126 971	139 203
1,1046 1,10	WC015 Swartland	126 228	140 297	156 017	_															126 228	140 297	156 017
1,000, 1,000,	DC1 West Coast District Municipality	23 008	24 488	26 118	80366	82												•		103 374	106 615	110 061
1,10,106 1,10,106	otal: West Coast Municipalities	439 096	479 783	524 682	80 366	83		14 932	15 381	15 979										534 394	577 291	624 604
13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13																						
1945 1942	WC022 Witzenberg	121 668	132 945	145 345	_			-	•			•	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	121 668	132 945	145 345
1750 1750	WC023 Drakenstein	194355	211 292	229 829				-	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	194355	211 292	229 829
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	WC024 Stellenbosch	179 634	196 720	215 547						•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	179 634	196 720	215 547
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	WC025 Breede Valky	147 822	159 120	171 374	_			-				•	•			•		•	•	147 822	159 120	171 374
1,2,2,1 1,2,2,2 1,2,	WC026 Langeberg	92 388	621 66	106 530				5 140	5 295	5 501	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	97 528	104 474	112 031
120 120	DC2 Cape Winelands District Municipality	2 891	3 0 71	3 268	248 404		259 462												•	251 295	256 921	262 730
150 150	tal: Cape Winelands Municipalities	738 758	802 327	871 893	248 404		259 462	5 140	5 295	5 501				•	•	•			•	992 302	1 061 472	1 136 856
13 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	MC/021 Theorem of one blank	130 101	120.283	130,266																101.001	130 383	139.256
11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	WC022 Outstand	135 867	140 337	950 191	_	_		000 9	0109	6363										141 896	155 547	170.708
115.61 15.62 15.41 15.42	WC032 Come Aprillar	24.415	37.040	30,910				670.0	2701	2 603 C										37.037	30.750	40 717
11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13	WC034 Swellendam	37.053	40 087	43 399	_			2 622	2 701	2 807								-		39 675	42 788	46 206
13.58 33.12 35.12	DC3 Overherg District Municipality	25 855	27.416	29 127			58 107	-	,	,		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		81 486	84 267	87 234
11547 11548 11549 1154	tal: Overberg Municipalities	353 291	383 172	415 947	55 631		58 107	11 273	11 612	12 066										420 195	451 635	486 120
1154 46 210 21 123 13 1 12 13 1 12 13 1 12 13 1 12 13 1 12 13 1 13 13 1 13 13 1 13 13 1 13 13 1 13 13	WCOAl Vennaled	31 580	33 310	36 137				629	1 730	1 307										33.760	35 040	26.92
11 12 11 12 12 12 12 13 13	WOOD Housean	130.05	54007	101.85	_	_		4 036	4158	4 20 1										54 287	58 185	CV C9
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	WC042 Messequa	113 547	100 001	120 334				6 473	8644	500 9										119.000	699 801	120 363
E. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	WC044 Greens	193 460	210287	508 866				,	9000	0 76.0										193 460	210 287	009 844
15.00 15.0	WOMS Outstelleran	83 847	89 541	069 96	_			5 584	5753	920.5						_		_		89 431	95 294	999 101
Office of the companies of the com	WC047 Biton	136 101	140 100	155 806	_			2 918	3,006	3 122						_	-	_		129 019	143 106	158 928
Manicipality Manicipality Markey	WC048 Krusma	106 474	115 885	126 222	_			4 696	4837	5 025										021111	120 722	131 247
This distribution of the control of	DC4 Garden Route District Municipality	22 175	23 558	25 079	150 546		157 250													172 721	177.411	182 329
18-400 19-05 21-059 21	otal: Garden Route Municipalities	726 435	788 709	857 088	150 546			25 386	26 152	27 169						-				902 367	968 714	1 041 507
3.8.66 26.71 23.78 23.78 1.00 1.79	M/7061	19 460	10,602	21 050				029	1 730	1 307										001.00	31 433	20000
A STATE OF THE STA	WCOOL Langsburg	04 960	1 100 00	000 12 0TF 00	_	_		610	1330	1001	,	,		,	•	,	,	_		201.02	20 467	30 5 75
1874 1874	WOOS Beach West	74 177	70.612	20118				3 000	2 10 2	3 300				1	,		,			370.02	07.00	202.00
187.74 145.14 15.54 15.54 15.65 16.67 9.29 9.63 10.014	DCS Control Kernor District Municipality	18 230	19241	20 330	15 334			2 883	2 984	3118										36.456	37.890	39 485
6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6 (6	stat: Central Karoo Municipalities	135 745	145 184	155 471	15334	L	L	9 329	9 631	10 014	ľ		ľ	ľ					ŀ	160 408	170 480	181 522
600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600						L	L															
	otal: Western Cape Municipalities	6 049 719	6 582 512	7 166 930	550 281	562 346	574 799	090 99	120 89	70 729				·		-	•			090 999 9	7 212 929	7 812 458
						4																

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG)

(BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES

AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES)

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG) (BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES) APPENDIX W2

			Schedule 5, Part B	Part B			S	Schedule 6, Part B	
	Breakdown of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	ations for district mur for services	nicipalities authorised	Breakdown of WSI	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	rict municipalities	Breakdown of WSI	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	ict municipalities
	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE									
B EC121 Mbhashe	182 466	191 180	200 451	16 000	11 000	11 000	,	1	•
B EC122 Mnguma	169 616	177 716	186 334	12 000	12 000	12 000	•	•	•
B EC123 Great Kei	10 312	10 804	11 328	13 000	10 900	14 041	•	•	•
B EC124 Amahlathi	40 542	42 478	44 538	14 000	12 000	12 000	•	1	•
B EC126 Ngqushwa	33 271	34 860	36 550	17 000	13 000	13 000	•	1	•
B EC129 Raymond Mhlaba	52 449	54 954	57 619	14 000	12 000	12 000	-	-	1
Total: Amathole Municipalities	488 656	511 992	536 820	000 98	20 900	74 041	-	-	1
B EC131 Inxuba Yethemba	5 751	6 0 2 6	6 318	10 000	12 000	13 600	-	•	•
B EC135 Intsika Yethu	102 622	107 523	112 737	10 000	14 000	14 000	•	'	'
B EC136 Emalahleni	51 485	53 944	26 560	10 000	13 000	13 000	•	1	•
B EC137 Engcobo	95 048	885 66	104 417	10 000	14 000	14 000	•	1	•
B EC138 Sakhisizwe	22 856	23 947	25 108	10 000	15 000	15 000	•	1	1
B EC139 Enoch Mgijima	47 684	49 962	52 384	10 000	12 000	14 000	-	•	•
Total: Chris Hani Municipalities	325 446	340 990	357 524	000 09	80 000	83 600	-	-	-
B EC141 Elundini	965 96	101 210	106 118	22 000	10 000	20 000	•	'	•
B EC142 Senqu	66 318	69 485	72 854	20 000	10 000	20 000	•	1	•
B EC145 Walter Sisulu	12 330	12 919	13 546	18 000	18 000	20 610	1	•	-
Total: Joe Gqabi Municipalities	175 244	183 614	192 518	000 09	38 000	60 610	-	-	-
B EC153 Ngquza Hill	164 095	171 931	180 269	10 000	25 000	25 000	-	1	1
B EC154 Port St Johns	93 278	97 732	102 472	10 000	22 000	29 000	•	1	•
B EC155 Nyandeni	167 903	175 921	184 452	10 000	18 000	22 625	•	1	•
B EC156 Mhlontlo	105 348	110 379	115 732	10 000	24 000	28 000	'	'	•
B EC157 King Sabata Dalindyebo	194 499	203 788	213 670	10 000	21 000	26 000	-	•	
Total: O.R. Tambo Municipalities	725 123	759 751	262 962	20 000	110 000	130 625	-	•	1
B EC441 Matatiele	103 972	108 937	114 220	30 000	30 000	30 000	-	•	•
B EC442 Umzimvubu	105 572	110 614	115 978	20 000	30 000	25 725	1	1	1
B EC443 Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	153 553	160 886	168 688	25 000	30 000	29 000	•	1	•
B EC444 Ntabankulu	65 021	68 126	71 429	25 000	25 000	25 000	-	1	-
Total: Alfred Nzo Municipalities	428 118	448 563	470 315	100 000	115 000	109 725	-	1	1
Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities	2 142 587	2 244 910	2 353 772	356 000	413 900	458 601	-	-	ı

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG) (BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES) APPENDIX W2

				Schedule 5, Part B	art B			Š	Schedule 6, Part B	_
		Breakdown of MIG allo	own of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	icipalities authorised	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	SIG allocations for distrauthorised for services	rict municipalities	Breakdown of WSI	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	rict municipalities s
		National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
KWAZULU-NATAL	NATAL									
B KZN21	KZN212 uMdoni	49 753	52 129	54 657	15 000	15 000	20 000	1	•	•
B KZN21	KZN213 uMzumbe	88 628	92 861	97 364	20 000	20 000	20 140	1	1	1
B KZN21	KZN214 uMuziwabantu	39 673	41 567	43 583	15 000	20 000	20 000	1	1	1
B KZN21	KZN216 Ray Nkonyeni	94 317	98 821	103 613	20 000	20 000	20 000	-	-	-
Total: Ugu Municipalities	unicipalities	272 371	285 378	299 217	70 000	75 000	80 140	-	•	1
B KZN22	KZN221 uMshwathi	31 300	32 795	34 385	13 540	12 000	15 000	-	1	1
B KZN22	KZN222 uMngeni	20 714	21 704	22 756	12 000	12 000	24 000	•	1	'
B KZN22	KZN223 Mpofana	8 245	8 639	8506	16 000	16 000	13 000	•	1	'
B KZN22	KZN224 iMpendle	12 036	12 611	13 222	15 540	23 000	15 000	'	•	1
B KZN22	KZN226 Mkhambathini	20 417	21 392	22 430	18 520	14 650	10 000	1	•	1
B KZN22	KZN227 Richmond	19 153	20 068	21 041	10 000	13 000	13 054	1	-	-
Total: uMgun	Fotal: uMgungundlovu Municipalities	111 865	117 209	122 892	85 600	90 650	90 054	-	_	_
B KZN23	KZN235 Okhahlamba	49 841	52 221	54 753	25 000	30 000	30 000	-	-	•
B KZN23	KZN237 iNkosi Langalibalele	67 254	70 466	73 883	30 000	25 000	30 000	1	•	1
B KZN23	KZN238 Alfred Duma	89 386	93 655	98 197	25 800	30 800	34 756	1	-	-
Total: uThuke	Fotal: uThukela Municipalities	206 481	216 342	226 833	80 800	85 800	94 756	-	-	-
B KZN24	KZN241 eNdumeni	10 238	10 727	11 247	20 000	22 000	23 000	-	-	•
B KZN24	KZN242 Nquthu	54 347	56 943	59 704	20 000	22 000	23 000	1	1	•
B KZN24	KZN244 uMsinga	89 904	94 197	98 765	20 000	21 901	24 801	1	1	'
B KZN24	KZN245 uMvoti	57 243	59 977	62 886	20 000	23 000	23 000	•	-	-
Total: uMziny	Fotal: uMzinyathi Municipalities	211 732	221 844	232 602	80 000	88 901	93 801	-	-	-
B KZN25	KZN253 eMadlangeni	11 591	12 145	12 733	20 000	25 000	20 000	-	-	•
B KZN25	KZN254 Dannhauser	29 995	31 428	32 952	20 000	20 120	30 250	1	-	-
Total: Amajuk	Total: Amajuba Municipalities	41 586	43 573	45 685	70 000	75 120	80 250	1	-	1

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG) (BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES) APPENDIX W2

				Schedule 5. Part B	Sart B				Schedule 6. Part B	
		Breakdown of MIG allo	Breakdown of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised	cipalities authorised	down of WS	allocations for dist	rict municipalities	Breakdown of WSI	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities	rict municipalities
			for services		an	authorised for services		æ	authorised for services	
		National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year	National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
B KZN261	KZN261 eDumbe	17 688	18 532	19 431	20 000	15 000	15 000			1
B KZN262	KZN262 uPhongolo	20 560	52 974	55 543	15 000	17 000	15 000	'	1	,
B KZN263	KZN263 AbaQulusi	54 264	98 99	59 613	22 000	15 000	15 000	•	1	1
B KZN265	Nongoma	79 383	83 174	87 208	23 000	30 000	32 894	•	1	1
B KZN266	KZN266 Ulundi	52 632	55 146	57 820	15 000	23 880	23 000	-	-	-
Total: Zululand	Fotal: Zululand Municipalities	254 527	266 682	279 615	95 000	100 880	100 894	1	1	•
B KZN271	KZN271 uMhlabuyalingana	68 082	71 333	74 792	12 000	18 000	18 000	•	1	1
B KZN272	KZN272 Jozini	81 463	85 353	89 492	12 000	20 000	20 000	1	1	1
B KZN275	KZN275 Mtubatuba	61 159	64 080	67 187	20 000	19 000	19 000	1	1	1
B KZN276	KZN276 Big Five Hlabisa	31 574	33 082	34 686	16 000	12 320	20 564	-	-	-
Total: uMkhan	Fotal: uMkhanyakude Municipalities	242 278	253 848	266 157	000 09	69 320	77 564	-	-	-
B KZN281	KZN281 uMfolozi	36 562	38 308	40 166	15 000	20 000	24 000	-	•	1
B KZN284	KZN284 uMlalazi	83 287	87 264	91 496	14 000	20 000	21 000	1	1	1
B KZN285	KZN285 Mthonjaneni	31 944	33 470	35 093	18 000	15 000	18 275	1	1	1
B KZN286	KZN286 Nkandla	39 549	41 438	43 447	18 000	15 000	15 000	-	-	-
Total: King Cet	Fotal: King Cetshwayo Municipalities	191 342	200 480	210 202	000 59	70 000	78 275	-	-	-
B KZN291	KZN291 Mandeni	47 238	49 494	51 894	20 000	25 000	20 000	-	1	1
B KZN292	KZN292 KwaDukuza	70 763	74 143	77 738	20 000	25 000	20 000	1	1	1
B KZN293	KZN293 Ndwedwe	49 486	51 849	54 363	15 000	15 000	20 500	1	•	1
B KZN294	KZN294 Maphumulo	48 985	51 324	53 813	25 000	25 000	25 000	-	-	-
Total: iLembe Municipalities	Municipalities	216 472	226 810	237 808	80 000	000 06	85 500	-	-	•
B KZN433	KZN433 Greater Kokstad	11 704	12 263	12 857	25 000	30 000	30 400	1	1	1
B KZN434	KZN434 uBuhlebezwe	53 266	55 810	58 516	24 000	25 000	25 000	•	1	1
B KZN435	KZN435 uMzimkhulu	109 532	114 763	120 328	23 000	25 000	25 000	1	1	1
B KZN436	KZN436 Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	51 506	53 966	56 583	23 000	20 000	20 000	-	-	•
Total: Harry G	Total: Harry Gwala Municipalities	226 008	236 802	248 284	95 000	100 000	100 400	1	1	1
Total: KwaZult	Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities	1 974 662	2 068 968	2 169 295	781 400	845 671	881 634	1	1	1

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG) AND WATER SERVICES INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (WSIG) (BREAKDOWN OF MIG AND WSIG ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FOR DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES AUTHORISED FOR SERVICES) APPENDIX W2

				Schedule 5, Part B	Part B			Š	Schedule 6, Part B	
		Breakdown of MIG allocations for district municipalities authorised Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities for services	cations for district mun for services	ncipalities authorised	Breakdown of WSI	IG allocations for dist authorised for services	rict municipalities	Breakdown of WSI	Breakdown of WSIG allocations for district municipalities authorised for services	ict municipalities
		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Category	Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
LIMPOPO										
B LIM33	LIM331 Greater Givani	129 979	136 187	142 791	10 000	11 000	11 360	44 362	78 862	93 310
	2 Greater Letaba	102 893	107 807	113 034	10 000	13 000	11 000	1	•	
B LIM333		204 970	214 759	225 173	10 000	13 000	12 000	,	,	1
B LIM334	4 Ba-Phalaborwa	36 520	38 264	40 120	10 000	16 000	13 000			•
B LIM335	5 Maruleng	44 092	46 198	48 438	10 000	14 000	14 000	'	•	-
Total: Mopani	Fotal: Mopani Municipalities	518 454	543 215	569 556	50 000	67 000	61 360	44 362	78 862	93 310
B LIM34	LIM341 Musina	31 833	33 353	34 971	15 000	062 61	19 605	•	-	-
B LIM343	3 Thulamela	214 543	224 789	235 690	15 000	16 000	19 000	'	1	1
B LIM344		183 227	191 978	201 287	15 000	10 000	20 000	•	•	1
B LIM345	5 Collins Chabane	158 632	166 208	174 268	15 000	19 000	20 000	•	•	-
Total: Vhemb	Fotal: Vhembe Municipalities	588 235	616 328	646 216	000 09	64 790	78 605	-	-	_
B LIM35		91 884	96 272	100 940	42 500	33 600	35 600	•	1	
	3 Molemole	61 300	64 228	67 343	42 500	31 000	35 424	•	1	1
B LIM35:	LIM355 Lepele-Nkumpi	107 359	112 487	117 941	30 000	39 000	36 788	-	-	-
Total: Caprice	Fotal: Capricorn Municipalities	260 543	272 987	286 224	115 000	103 600	107 812	1	•	-
B LIM47		53 858	56 430	59 167	15 000	12 000	16 000	17 000	18 000	18 000
B LIM472		130 043	136 254	142 861	11 652	15 000	16 000	8 000	18 000	18 000
B LIM473		148 419	155 507	163 048	11 000	12 000	12 000	13 000	15 000	18 224
B LIM476	6 Fetakgomo Tubatse	210 250	220 291	230 974	14 000	15 425	13 324	13 652	13 425	13 000
Total: Sekhuk	Fotal: Sekhukhune Municipalities	542 570	568 482	596 050	51 652	54 425	57 324	51 652	64 425	67 224
Total: Limpop	Total: Limpopo Municipalities	1 909 802	2 001 012	2 098 046	276 652	289 815	305 101	96 014	143 287	160 534
NORTH WEST	Т									
B NW381	Ratlon	55 823	58 489	61 325	,	,	•	9 700	12 000	16 000
		43 136	45 196	47 388	1	'	'	000 6	13 000	17 000
B NW383		124 742	130 700	137 038	1	,	,	10 000	19 135	14 508
B NW384	4 Ditsobotla	51 598	54 062	56 684	'	'	'	12 000	16 000	16 000
B NW385	5 Ramotshere Moiloa	64 532	67 613	70 892	-	-	-	14 088	15 000	15 000
Total: Ngaka	Fotal: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities	339 831	356 060	373 327	1	•	1	54 788	75 135	78 508
B NW392	2 Naledi	13 270	13 904	14 578	18 000	19 000	22 000	•	•	1
B NW393		11 325	11 866	12 442	23 000	23 000	22 000	•	'	1
B NW394	4 Greater Taung	82 615	86 561	90 758	21 000	23 000	23 000	1	1	1
B NW396	5 Lekwa-Teemane	4 584	4 803	5 03 5	13 000	18 000	23 000	•	'	1
B NW397	7 Kagisano-Molopo	42 134	44 145	46 285	15 000	17 000	20 000	1	1	-
Total: Dr Rutl	Total: Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	153 928	161 279	169 098	000 06	100 000	110 000	•	1	•
Total: North V	Fotal: North West Municipalities	493 759	517 339	542 425	000 06	100 000	110 000	54 788	75 135	78 508
National Total		6 520 810	6 832 229	7 163 538	1 504 052	1 649 386	1 755 336	150 802	218 422	239 042

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT AND INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT

RING-FENCED FUNDING FOR SPORT INFRASTRUCTURE - BREAKDOWN PER MUNICIPALITY

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT AND INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT GRANT RING-FENCED FUNDING FOR SPORT INFRASTRUCTURE - BREAKDOWN PER MUNICIPALITY

Ring-fenced Municipal Infrastructure Grant and Integrated Urban Development Grant allocations for sport infrastructure National and Municipal Financial Year 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 Category Municipality Project (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) EASTERN CAPE EC109 Kou-Kamma Upgrading of Krakeel Sport Field (Ward 2) 8 000 MIG Total: Sarah Baartman Municipalities EC123 Great Kei MIG Construction of a sport field in Komga (Ward 7) 10 000 EC126 Ngqushwa MIG Rehabilitation of new creation sport field 10.000 Total: Amathole Municipalities 20 000 EC136 Emalahleni MIG Upgrading of Indwe Sport Field 10 000 Total: Chris Hani Municipalities 10 000 Total: Eastern Cape Municipalities 38 000 FREE STATE FS181 Masilonyana MIG Construction of Netball courts at Winnie Mandela Mesuem 2.000 FS182 Tokologo MIG Upgrading of Malebogo Community Stadium 10 000 Total: Lejweleputswa Municipalities 12 000 Construction of a multi-sport facility in Mahlatswetsa FS196 Mantsopa MIG 10 000 Total: Thabo Mofutsanyana Municipalities 22 000 Total: Free State Municipalities GT484 Merafong City MIG Construction of a sport field within Merafong Local Municipality 10 000 10 000 Total: West Rand Municipalities 10 000 Total: Gauteng Municipalities KWAZULU-NATAL KZN212 uMdoni Upgrading to Umzinto Sport Field (Phase 3) MIG 10 000 Total: Ugu Municipalities KZN266 Ulundi MIG Construction of Ezihlabeni Sport Field 10.000 Total: Zululand Municipalities 10 000 KZN285 Mthonjaneni MIG Construction of Kwesezulu Sport Field (Ward 7) 10 000 Total: King Cetshwayo Municipalities 10 000 KZN292 KwaDukuza MIG Construction of Groutville Market Sport Field (Ward 10) 10 000 Total: iLembe Municipalities 10 000 40 000 Total: KwaZulu-Natal Municipalities LIM333 Greater Tzaneen MIG Construction of Leretjeng Sport Ground (Ward 11) 11 000 Total: Mopani Municipalities 11 000 IUDG Construction of a soft-ball stadium in Polokwane 10 000 B LIM354 Polokwane Total: Capricorn Municipalities 10 000 LIM362 Lephalale MIG Construction of Marapong Sport Centre (Phase 2) 10.000 Total: Waterberg Municipalities 10 000 Total: Limpopo Municipalities 31 000 Construction of a sport field within Dr. JS Moroka Local Municipality 10 058 MP316 Dr JS Moroka MIG 10 058 Total: Nkangala Municipalities Total: Mpumalanga Municipalities 10 058 NORTHERN CAPE NC066 Karoo Hoogland MIG Upgrading of Willistone Sport Facility 9 000 Total: Namakwa Municipalities 9 000 NC072 Umsobomyi MIG Upgrading of Kuyasa Sport Ground in Colesberg 9.500 NC073 Emthanieni MIG Upgrading of the Nonzwakazi Stadium 9 500 Upgrading of sport facility in Carnarvon 11 000 NC074 Kareeberg MIG 30 000 Total: Pixley Ka Seme Municipalities MIG Upgrading of Ikhutseng Sport Facility (Phase 2) 6 500 NC093 Magareng Total: Frances Baard Municipalit 6 500 45 500 Total: Northern Cape Municipalities

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT AND INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT GRANT RING-FENCED FUNDING FOR SPORT INFRASTRUCTURE - BREAKDOWN PER MUNICIPALITY

			Integrated Urba	inicipal Infrastruc an Development G sport infrastruct	rant allocations
			National a	nd Municipal Fina	ıncial Year
Category Municipality	Grant	Project	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
NORTH WEST					
B NW383 Mafikeng	MIG	Upgrading Mmabatho Tennis Stadium	10 300	-	-
Total: Ngaka Modiri Molema Municipalities			10 300	-	-
Total: North West Municipalities			10 300	-	-
WESTERN CAPE					
B WC015 Swartland	MIG	Upgrading of Sarling and Chartsworth sport fields	10 000	-	-
Total: West Coast Municipalities			10 000	-	-
B WC025 Breede Valley	MIG	Upgrading of Dewel and Rawsonville sport grounds	6 000	-	-
Total: Cape Winelands Municipalities			6 000	-	-
B WC042 Hessequa	MIG	Construction of new cricket and soccer facility in Heidelberg	9 000	-	-
B WC045 Oudtshoorn	MIG	Upgrading of Bongolethu Sport Ground	10 000	-	-
B WC048 Knysna	MIG	Construction of sport field and sport facilities in Bongani (Phase 2)	11 000	-	-
Total: Garden Route Municipalities			30 000	-	-
Tatal Water Con Montain Bits			46 000		
Total: Western Cape Municipalities Unallocated			46 000	252 858	252 858
National Total			252 858	252 858	252 858

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B: TARGETS FOR EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME INTEGRATED GRANT FOR MUNICIPALITIES

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

			Expanded Pub	lic Works Progr Municipa	amme Integrated	d Grant for
				National and	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
C	Category	Municipality	FTE Target for 2022/23	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
EAS'	TERN CAF	PE				
A	BUF	Buffalo City	2 051	10 728	-	
A	NMA	Nelson Mandela Bay	2 527	9 884	-	
3	EC101	Dr Beyers Naude	88	1 624	_	
3	EC102	Blue Crane Route	79	1 302	_	
3	EC104	Makana	62	1 333	_	
3	EC105	Ndlambe	99	1 730	_	
3	EC106	Sundays River Valley	112	1 206	_	
3	EC108	Kouga	107	1 175	_	
3	EC109	Kou-Kamma	80	1 270	_	
_ 	DC10	Sarah Baartman District Municipality	18	1 073	_	
		artman Municipalities	645	10 713	-	
3	EC121	Mbhashe	307	3 498	-	
3	EC122	Mnquma	168	2 015	-	
3	EC123	Great Kei	72	1 050	-	
3	EC124	Amahlathi	124	1 568	-	
3	EC126	Ngqushwa	112	2 060	-	
3	EC129	Raymond Mhlaba	193	2 838	-	
2	DC12	Amathole District Municipality	840	4 999	-	
Fota	l: Amatholo	e Municipalities	1 816	18 028	-	
В	EC131	Inxuba Yethemba	203	1 778	-	
В	EC135	Intsika Yethu	182	2 398	_	
В	EC136	Emalahleni	138	1 692	_	
В	EC137	Engcobo	336	3 712	_	
В	EC138	Sakhisizwe	92	1 522	_	
В	EC139	Enoch Mgijima	327	3 088	_	
- 3	DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	693	3 630	_	
		ni Municipalities	1 971	17 820	-	
3		Elundini	176	2 539	-	
В	EC142	1	114	1 658	-	
В		Walter Sisulu	165	1 352	-	
	DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	289	1 314	-	
lota	l: Joe Gqat	oi Municipalities	744	6 863	-	
3	EC153	Ngquza Hill	153	1 616	-	
3	EC154	Port St Johns	143	1 582	-	
В	EC155	Nyandeni	197	1 859	-	
В	EC156	Mhlontlo	143	2 300	-	
3	EC157	King Sabata Dalindyebo	422	4 191	-	
2	DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	1 380	11 542	-	
Γota	l: O.R. Tan	nbo Municipalities	2 438	23 090	-	
)	EC/41	Matatiala	272	4 810		
3	EC441	Matatiele	201	3 352	-	
3	EC442	Umzimvubu Winnia Madikizala Mandala	172		-	
3	EC443	Winnie Madikizela-Mandela	138	3 687 2 794	-	
3	EC444	Ntabankulu	754		-	
C Fota	DC44 I: Alfred Na	Alfred Nzo District Municipality zo Municipalities	1 537	9 337 23 980	-	
บเส	All eu IV	го планирание	1 307	25 700	-	
	l. Fostown (Cape Municipalities	13 729	121 106	_	

			Expanded Pul	olic Works Progr Municip	ramme Integrate	d Grant for
				National an	d Municipal Fina	ıncial Year
С	ategory	Municipality	FTE Target for 2022/23	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
FREI	E STATE					
A	MAN	Mangaung	1 755	1 566	-	-
В	FS161	Letsemeng	64	1 073	-	-
В	FS162	Kopanong	70	1 204	-	-
В	FS163	Mohokare	77	1 073	-	-
С	DC16	Xhariep District Municipality	72	1 120	-	-
Total	: Xhariep l	Municipalities	283	4 470	-	-
В	FS181	Masilonyana	71	1 295	-	-
В	FS182	Tokologo	48	1 073	-	-
В	FS183	Tswelopele	72	1 141	-	-
В	FS184	Matjhabeng	279	5 191	-	-
В	FS185	Nala	76	1 398	-	-
С	DC18	Lejweleputswa District Municipality	34	1 265	-	-
Total	: Lejwelep	utswa Municipalities	580	11 363	-	-
В	FS191	Setsoto	167	2 188	-	-
В	FS192	Dihlabeng	153	5 591	-	-
В	FS193	Nketoana	63	1 073	-	-
В	FS194	Maluti-a-Phofung	752	6 165	-	-
В	FS195	Phumelela	56	1 130	-	-
В	FS196	Mantsopa	73	1 337	-	-
С	DC19	Thabo Mofutsanyana District Municipality	127	5 356	-	-
Total	: Thabo M	ofutsanyana Municipalities	1 391	22 840	-	-
В	FS201	Moqhaka	90	1 428	_	_
В	FS203	Ngwathe	114	2 240	_	_
В	FS204	Metsimaholo	114	1 523	_	_
В	FS205	Mafube		- 1 525	_	_
C	DC20	Fezile Dabi District Municipality	23	1 277	-	_
		bi Municipalities	341	6 468	-	-
Total	: Free Stat	e Municipalities	4 350	46 707	-	-
GAU	TENG					
A	EKU	City of Ekurhuleni	5 160	24 041	_	_
A	JHB	City of Johannesburg	5 525	7 700	_	-
A	TSH	City of Johannesburg City of Tshwane	6 563	15 496	-	-
В	GT421	Emfuleni	526	1 799	-	-
В	GT422	Midvaal	95	2 553	-	-
В	GT423	Lesedi	82	1 228	-	-
С	DC42	Sedibeng District Municipality	756	1 283	-	-
Total	: Sedibeng	Municipalities	1 459	6 863	-	-
_						
В	GT481	Mogale City	622	8 123	-	-
В	GT484	Merafong City	143	1 062	-	-
В	GT485	Rand West City	213	3 878	-	-
C T-4-1	DC48	West Rand District Municipality	55	1 221	-	-
1 otal	: west Rar	nd Municipalities	1 033	14 284	-	-
Tetal	. Carten-	Municipalities	19 740	68 384		
1 otal	. Gauteng	Municipalities	19 /40	UO 384	-	-

			Expanded Pu	blic Works Prog Municip		d Grant for
					d Municipal Fin	ancial Year
Categ	gory	Municipality	FTE Target for 2022/23	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
KWAZU	LU-NA	TAL				
A	ETH	eThekwini	6 027	61 257	-	-
в к	ZN212	uMdoni	108	1 772	-	-
в к	ZN213	uMzumbe	89	1 699	-	-
		uMuziwabantu	67	981	-	-
		Ray Nkonyeni	332	6 076	-	-
Total: Ug	DC21 gu Mun	Ugu District Municipality icipalities	634 1 230	3 319 13 847	-	-
·		•				
		uMshwathi	88	1 820	-	-
		uMngeni	68 40	1 400 1 216	-	-
		Mpofana iMpendle	59	1 430	-	-
		Msunduzi	936	5 231	-	_
		Mkhambathini	61	1 671	-	-
B K	ZN227	Richmond	91	1 287	-	-
	DC22	uMgungundlovu District Municipality	221	2 287	-	-
1 otal: uN	vigungu	ndlovu Municipalities	1 564	16 342	-	-
в к	ZN235	Okhahlamba	150	3 638	-	-
	ZN237	iNkosi Langalibalele	141	2 043	-	-
		Alfred Duma	162	2 993	-	-
	DC23	uThukela District Municipality	344	2 881	-	-
1 otal: u'l	nukela	Municipalities	797	11 555	-	-
в к	ZN241	eNdumeni	80	1 577	-	-
B K	ZN242	Nquthu	62	1 546	-	-
		uMsinga	115	4 867	-	-
		uMvoti	139 439	2 704	-	-
	DC24	uMzinyathi District Municipality hi Municipalities	835	4 779 15 473	-	-
rotai. uiv	,12myac	in Numerpances	000	13 475		
B K	ZN252	Newcastle	343	3 753	-	-
	ZN253	eMadlangeni	34	978	-	-
		Dannhauser	44	950 1 902	-	-
	DC25 maiuba	Amajuba District Municipality Municipalities	103 524	7 583	-	-
	j					
		eDumbe	56	1 500	-	-
		uPhongolo	174	2 978	-	-
		AbaQulusi Nongoma	143 116	2 773 2 946	-	-
	ZN266	-	146	4 711	_	_
	DC26	Zululand District Municipality	464	8 517	-	-
Total: Zu	ıluland	Municipalities	1 099	23 425	-	-
D V	781271	uMhlahuralingana	219	1 975		
	ZN271 ZN272	uMhlabuyalingana Jozini	219	4 095	[]	
		Mtubatuba	117	2 077	-	-
		Big Five Hlabisa	115	2 304	-	-
	DC27	uMkhanyakude District Municipality	408	6 993	-	-
Total: uN	Mkhany	akude Municipalities	1 070	17 444	-	-
B K	ZN281	uMfolozi	133	1 847	_	_
		uMhlathuze	252	3 213	-	-
		uMlalazi	239	4 098	-	-
		Mthonjaneni	103	2 536	-	-
		Nkandla	179	3 626	-	-
	DC28	King Cetshwayo District Municipality	404 1 310	4 742 20 062	-	-
- out. M	g cets		1010	20 002		
		Mandeni	106	2 372	-	-
		KwaDukuza	221	1 868	-	-
		Ndwedwe Manhamala	127 78	2 277 2 081	-	-
	ZN294 DC29	Maphumulo iLembe District Municipality	370	5 439	-	-
		Iunicipalities	902	14 037	-	-
			4.7.			
		Greater Kokstad	134	4 266	-	-
		uBuhlebezwe uMzimkhulu	172	2 245 3 573	[]	-
		Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma	79	2 476		-
	DC43	Harry Gwala District Municipality	365	5 221	-	-
Total: Ha	arry Gv	vala Municipalities	819	17 781	-	-
			44.4=0	***		
Total: Kv	waZulu-	-Natal Municipalities	16 177	218 806	-	-

		Expanded Pu	blic Works Progr Municip	amme Integrate	d Grant for
				d Municipal Fina	ıncial Year
Category	Municipality	FTE Target for 2022/23	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
LIMPOPO			(117)	(,	
	Greater Giyani	252	4 035	-	-
	Greater Tecapor	137 808	2 139 8 065	-	-
	Greater Tzaneen Ba-Phalaborwa	71	1 186	-	-
	Maruleng	63	1 246	-	-
C DC33	Mopani District Municipality	952	10 600	-	-
Total: Mopani	Municipalities	2 283	27 271	-	-
B LIM341	Musina	128	1 390	_	_
B LIM343		775	4 864	_	_
B LIM344		328	3 259	-	-
B LIM345	Collins Chabane	175	1 759	-	-
C DC34	Vhembe District Municipality	938	4 754	-	-
Total: Vhembe	Municipalities	2 344	16 026	-	-
B LIM351	Blouberg	187	1 950	_	_
B LIM351 B LIM353	-	92	1 407	-	-
	Polokwane	1 450	11 570	-	-
	Lepele-Nkumpi	162	1 380	-	-
C DC35	Capricorn District Municipality	873	3 747	-	-
Total: Capricor	n Municipalities	2 764	20 054	-	-
		0.5	1.256		
	Thabazimbi	95 154	1 256 1 292	-	-
B LIM362 B LIM366	Lephalale Bela-Bela	75	1 502	-	-
B LIM367		388	1 161	-	-
B LIM368	-	140	2 041	-	
C DC36	Waterberg District Municipality	-	-	-	-
Total: Waterbe	rg Municipalities	852	7 252	-	-
D I D (45)	TI : W I	91	1 210		
	Ephraim Mogale Elias Motsoaledi	199	1 310 1 796	-	-
	Makhuduthamaga	131	1 925	-	-
	Fetakgomo Tubatse	211	1 285	-	-
C DC47	Sekhukhune District Municipality	933	13 010	-	-
Total: Sekhukh	une Municipalities	1 565	19 326	-	-
Total: Limpopo	Municipalities	9 808	90.020	_	
Total. Ellipopo	viuncipanties	7 808	89 929	-	
MPUMALANG	A				
B MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli	232	2 227	-	-
	Msukaligwa	200	1 766	-	-
B MP303	Mkhondo	238	2 855	-	-
B MP304	Dr Pixley ka Isaka Seme	135	1 874	-	-
B MP305	Lekwa	67	1 855	-	-
B MP306	Dipaleseng Causa Mhaki	75 245	1 444	-	-
B MP307 C DC30	Govan Mbeki Cort Sibando District Municipality	431	2 629 2 595	-	-
	Gert Sibande District Municipality ande Municipalities	1 623	17 245	-	
Totali Gert Sib	and Aumerphines				
B MP311	Victor Khanye	213	2 284	-	-
B MP312	Emalahleni	381	6 151	-	-
B MP313	Steve Tshwete	465	4 780	-	-
B MP314 B MP315	Emakhazeni Thombigila Hani	90 374	1 473	-	-
B MP315 B MP316	Thembisile Hani Dr JS Moroka	376	3 735 2 432	-	-
C DC31	Nkangala District Municipality	159	2 315	-	-
Total: Nkangal		2 058	23 170	-	-
B MP321	Thaba Chweu	162	1 932	-	-
B MP324	Nkomazi Bushbuskridga	791 973	4 621 5 219	-	-
B MP325 B MP326	Bushbuckridge City of Mbombela	1 166	8 555	-	-
C DC32	Ehlanzeni District Municipality	188	2 457	-	-
	i Municipalities	3 280	22 784	-	-
Total: Mpumal	anga Municipalities	6 961	63 199	-	-

		Expanded Pub	dic Works Progr Municip	ramme Integrate alities	d Grant for
			National an	d Municipal Fina	ancial Year
Category	Municipality	FTE Target for 2022/23	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
ORTHERN (CAPE				
3 NC061	Richtersveld	29	950	_	
3 NC062		38	1 212	-	
3 NC064	Kamiesberg	13	950	-	
3 NC065	Hantam	45	1 564	-	
3 NC066	Karoo Hoogland	14	1 073	-	
3 NC067			-	-	
DC6	Namakwa District Municipality wa Municipalities	30 169	1 073 6 822	-	
otai. Ivailiak	va Municipanties	107	0 622	-	
3 NC071	Ubuntu	23	950	-	
3 NC072	Umsobomvu	20	1 073	-	
3 NC073	Emthanjeni	21	1 073	-	
3 NC074	5	29	950	-	
3 NC075	5	39	1 073	-	
3 NC076		41	1 077	-	
3 NC077	- 3	22	1 073	-	
3 NC078 C DC7	Siyancuma Pixley Ka Seme District Municipality	48 38	1 073 1 073	-	
	Ca Seme Municipalities	281	9 415	-	
otai. Tixicy i	a seme municipanties		,		
NC082	!Kai !Garib	56	1 120	-	
NC084	!Kheis	38	1 073	-	
NC085	Tsantsabane	63	1 070	-	
NC086	Kgatelopele	14	1 073	-	
3 NC087	*	45	1 073	-	
DC8	Z.F. Mgcawu District Municipality	43	1 073	-	
otal: Z.F. Mg	cawu Municipalities	259	6 482	-	
3 NC091	Sol Plaatjie	552	3 959	_	
3 NC092	-	49	1 073	_	
3 NC093		19	1 073	-	
3 NC094	0 0	-	-	-	
DC9	Frances Baard District Municipality	35	1 073	-	
Total: Frances	Baard Municipalities	655	7 178	-	
		165			
NC451	_	165 94	1 139	-	
NC452		· .	1 519 1 073	-	
3 NC453 C DC45	Gamagara John Taolo Gaetsewe District Municipality	63 24	1 073	-	
	tolo Gaetsewe Municipalities	346	4 804	-	
Total: Norther	n Cape Municipalities	1 710	34 701	-	
NORTH WES	Г				
		500	1 000		
3 NW371	Moretele	509 614	1 998	-	
3 NW371 3 NW372	Moretele Madibeng	614	1 094	- - -	
3 NW371 3 NW372 3 NW373	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg	614 702	1 094 2 853	- - -	
3 NW371 3 NW372 3 NW373 3 NW374	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier	614	1 094	- - - -	
3 NW371 3 NW372 3 NW373 3 NW374 3 NW375	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier	614 702 116	1 094 2 853 1 000	- - - -	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW374 8 NW375 C DC37	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane	614 702 116 391	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652	- - - - -	
3 NW371 3 NW372 3 NW373 3 NW374 3 NW375 C DC37	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality Platinum Municipalities	614 702 116 391 149 2 481	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143	-	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW374 8 NW375 C DC37 Total: Bojanal	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou	614 702 116 391 149 2 481	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143	-	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW374 8 NW375 C DC37 Total: Bojanal	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality A Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143	-	
3 NW371 3 NW372 3 NW373 3 NW374 6 DC37 6 DC37 6 Total: Bojanal 7 NW382 7 NW383 7 NW383	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238	- - - -	
3 NW371 3 NW372 3 NW373 3 NW374 3 NW375 C DC37 Fotal: Bojanal 3 NW381 3 NW382 3 NW383	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Rustenburg Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081	-	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW374 8 NW375 C DC37 Cotal: Bojanal 8 NW381 8 NW382 8 NW382 8 NW382	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality A Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383	- - - -	
NW371 NW372 NW373 NW374 NW375 DC37 Otal: Bojanal NW382 NW383 NW383 NW384 NW385 DC38	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality	614 702 1116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081	- - - -	
NW371 NW372 NW373 NW374 NW375 DC37 Otal: Bojanal NW382 NW383 NW383 NW384 NW385 DC38	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality A Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040	- - - - - -	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW374 8 NW375 C DC37 Cotal: Bojanal 8 NW381 8 NW382 8 NW382 8 NW384 8 NW385 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka N	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Rustenburg Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Disobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658	- - - - - -	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW375 C DC37 Cotal: Bojanal 8 NW382 8 NW382 8 NW382 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka M	Moretele ! Madibeng ! Rustenburg ! Kgetlengrivier ! Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou ! Tswaing ! Mafikeng ! Ditsobotla ! Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities ! Naledi ! Mamusa	614 702 1116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658	-	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW372 8 NW375 C DC37 Cotal: Bojanal 8 NW382 8 NW384 8 NW385 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka NW385 Cotal: Ngaka NW392 8 NW394	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality APlatinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Maffkeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255	- - - - - -	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW372 8 NW374 8 NW375 C DC37 Cotal: Bojanal 8 NW381 8 NW382 8 NW382 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka NW382 C DC38 NW394 8 NW394 8 NW396	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270	-	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW374 8 NW375 C DC37 Total: Bojanal 8 NW382 8 NW384 8 NW385 C DC38 Total: Ngaka M 8 NW392 8 NW394 8 NW394 8 NW395 8 NW394 8 NW395	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244	-	
NW3713 NW3723 NW3723 NW3733 NW3733 NW3733 NW375 NW375 NW3813 NW3813 NW3823 NW3823 NW3823 NW3823 NW394 NW394 NW394 NW394 NW396 NW395 NW396	Moretele ! Madibeng ! Rustenburg ! Kgetlengrivier ! Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou ! Tswaing ! Mafikeng ! Ditsobotla ! Ramotshere Moiloa ! Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities ! Naledi ! Mamusa ! Greater Taung ! Lekwa-Teemane ! Kagisano-Molopo Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	614 702 1116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456 144 109 157 90 222 388	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244 1 396	-	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW373 8 NW375 C DC37 Cotal: Bojanal 8 NW382 8 NW382 8 NW382 6 DC38 Cotal: Ngaka M 8 NW392 8 NW392 8 NW392 8 NW392 8 NW394 8 NW394 8 NW394 8 NW395 C DC39	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244	-	
NW3716 NW3726 NW3726 NW3736 NW3756 NW3756 NW3756 NW3816 NW3816 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3926 NW	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality APlatinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Maffkeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	614 702 1116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456 144 109 157 90 222 388	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244 1 396	-	
8 NW371 8 NW372 8 NW372 8 NW375 C DC37 Cotal: Bojanal 8 NW382 8 NW384 8 NW385 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka NW382 C DC38 NW394 8 NW395 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka NW396 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka NW396 C DC38 Cotal: Ngaka NW396 C DC39 Cotal: DC39	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities	614 702 1116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456 144 109 157 90 222 388 1110	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244 1 396 9 828	-	
NW371 NW372 NW372 NW372 NW375 NW375 NW375 NW375 NW383 NW388	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality a Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities City of Matlosana Maquassi Hills	614 702 116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456 144 109 157 90 222 388 1 110	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244 1 396 9 828	-	
NW3716 NW3726 NW3726 NW3726 NW3726 NW3726 NW3726 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3826 NW3926 NW	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality A Platinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Maffkeng Ditsobtla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities City of Matlosana Maquassi Hills JB Marks Dr Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality	614 702 1116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456 144 109 157 90 222 388 1110 228 113 241 94	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244 1 396 9 828 2 181 1 544 2 339 2 379		
NW371 NW372 NW373 NW374 NW375 DC37 otal: Bojanal NW381 NW382 NW383 NW388 DC38 otal: Ngaka N NW392 NW399 NW399 Otal: Dr Ruth NW404 NW406 DC40	Moretele Madibeng Rustenburg Kgetlengrivier Moses Kotane Bojanala Platinum District Municipality Aplatinum Municipalities Ratlou Tswaing Mafikeng Ditsobotla Ramotshere Moiloa Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality Modiri Molema Municipalities Naledi Mamusa Greater Taung Lekwa-Teemane Kagisano-Molopo Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities City of Matlosana Maquassi Hills JB Marks	614 702 1116 391 149 2 481 157 128 272 147 133 619 1 456 144 109 157 90 222 388 1 110 228 113 241	1 094 2 853 1 000 1 652 1 546 10 143 1 231 1 685 2 238 1 081 1 383 2 040 9 658 1 214 1 449 2 255 1 270 2 244 1 396 9 828 2 181 1 544 2 339	-	

			Expanded Pub	lic Works Progr Municipa	amme Integrated	l Grant for
				National and	d Municipal Fina	ncial Year
(Category	Municipality	FTE Target for 2022/23	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
WES	STERN CAI	PE				
A	CPT	City of Cape Town	7 342	42 406	-	-
В	WC011	Matzikama	99	1 569	_	_
В	WC012	Cederberg	136	1 359	_	-
В	WC013	Bergrivier	57	1 662	_	-
В	WC014	Saldanha Bay	90	2 907	_	_
В	WC015	Swartland	131	1 873	_	_
C	DC1	West Coast District Municipality	40	1 194	-	-
		st Municipalities	553	10 564	-	-
D	Wicco		150	2 227		
В	WC022		159	2 237	-	-
В	WC023	Drakenstein	483	4 139	-	-
В	WC024	Stellenbosch	562	4 928	-	-
В	WC025	Breede Valley	332	3 301	-	-
В	WC026	Langeberg	130	2 647	-	-
C	DC2	Cape Winelands District Municipality	123	1 369	-	
1 ota	i: Cape Wii	nelands Municipalities	1 789	18 621	-	-
В	WC031	Theewaterskloof	120	2 077	-	-
В	WC032	Overstrand	254	2 593	-	-
В	WC033	Cape Agulhas	105	1 773	-	-
В	WC034	Swellendam	73	1 497	-	-
C	DC3	Overberg District Municipality	75	1 123	-	-
Tota	l: Overberg	Municipalities	627	9 063	-	-
В	WC041	Kannaland	54	1 031	-	-
В	WC042	Hessequa	42	1 164	-	-
В	WC043	Mossel Bay	317 456	1 935	-	-
В	WC044	George	208	1 990	-	-
B B	WC045 WC047	Oudtshoorn Bitou	208	1 310 1 155	-	-
В	WC047 WC048	Knysna	109	1 044	-	-
С	DC4	Garden Route District Municipality	98	2 440	-	-
		Route Municipalities	1 521	12 069	-	
- 504				-2 007		
В	WC051	Laingsburg	47	1 074	-	-
В		Prince Albert	36	1 237	-	-
В	WC053	Beaufort West	125	1 136	-	-
С	DC5	Central Karoo District Municipality	56	1 321	-	-
Tota	l: Central k	Caroo Municipalities	264	4 768	-	-
Tota	l· Western	Cape Municipalities	12 096	97 491	-	
1014	,, cotti ii	empe Aumerpanies	12 0/0	21 721	-	
Unal	located				781 385	816 477
Natio	onal Total		90 294	778 395	781 385	816 477

BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT **PROJECT**

(National and Municipal Financial Years)

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

	Breakdown of regional bulk in	nfrastructure g	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure grant allocations per local municipality per project	er project	Sch	Schedule 5, Part B		Sci	Schedule 6, Part B	
					National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
EASTERN CAPE	CAPE									
RS05	Ikwezi Bulk Water Supply	B EC101	Dr Beyers Naude Local Municipality	Dr Beyers Naude Local Municipality				25 000	17 000	
RS01	Graaf-Reinet Emergency Water Supply Scheme (WSS)	B EC101	Dr Beyers Naude Local Municipality	Dr Beyers Naude Local Municipality	•	•	•	2 000	•	•
RS06	Kirkwood Water Treatment Works	B EC101	Dr Beyers Naude Local Municipality	Dr Beyers Naude Local Municipality	•	•	•	15 000	1 000	•
RS42	James Kleynhans Bulk Water Supply (BWS)	B EC104	Makana Local Municipality	Makana Local Municipality	•	•	•	30 000	26 743	26 743
RS47	Mayfield Waste Water Treatment Works	B EC104	Makana Local Municipality	Makana Local Municipality	•	•	•	•	10 000	•
RL01	Ndlambe Bulk Water Supply	B EC105	Ndlambe Local Municipality	Ndlambe Local Municipality	•	•	•	26 246	10 000	•
RS02	Sundays River - Paterson Bulk Water Supply	B EC106	Sundays River Valley Local Municipality	Sundays River Valley Local Municipality	•	•	•	4 500	,	•
RS07	Misgund Bulk Water Supply	B EC109	Kou-kamma Local Municipality	Koukamma Local Municipality	•	•	•	10 000	1 000	'
		Total: Sarah Ba	Fotal: Sarah Baartman Municipalities					117 746	65 743	26 743
RL16	Xhora East Water Supply	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mbhashe Local Municipality				15 000		
RL	Sundwana Water Supply	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mbhashe Local Municipality	•	•	•	•	40 000	40 000
RS	Ngqamakhwe Bulk Water Supply (Butterworth Water Transfer Scheme)	C DC12	Amathole District Municipality	Mnquma Local Municipality	•	•	•	207 935	204 237	243 098
		Total: Amatole	Municipalities			-		222 935	244 237	283 098
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Cluster 4 CHDM Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Engcobo Local Municipality	000 09	35 316	30 000			
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Cluster 6 CHDM Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Engcobo Local Municipality	30 000	7 586	40 000	•	,	•
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Cluster 9 CHDM Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Intsika Yethu Local Municipality	48 000	14 814	25 000	'	•	•
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Xonxa Bulk Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Engcobo Local Municipality	206 89	20 000	20 000	1	,	,
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Hofmeyer Ground Water Supply	C DC13	Chris Hani District Municipality	Enoch Mgijima Local Municipality	10 000					-
		Total: Chris Ha	Fotal: Chris Hani Municipalities		216 907	77 716	115 000	-		-
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Sterkspruit Waste Water Treatment Works	C DC14	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	Sengu Local Municipality	15 000	20 000	40 000	-		-
		Total: Joe Gqab	of Municipalities		15 000	20 000	40 000			
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b O.R. Tambo, Mthatha, King Sabato Dalinyebo Water Supply	C DC15	O.R. Tambo District Municipality	King Sabata Dalindyebo Local Municipality	200 000	383 133	347 444			
		Total: O.R. Tam	nbo Municipalities		200 000	383 133	347 444			
RS48	Kinira Regional BWSS	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Matatiele Local Municipality					13 969	30 000
RS43	Ntabankulu Bulk Water Supply	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Ntabankulu Local Municipality	•	•	•	•	15 000	15 000
RS49	Mount Ayliff Bulk Peri Urban Water Supply	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Umzimvubu Local Municipality	•	•	•	15 000	•	•
RS50	Mkemane Regional Bulk WSS	C DC44	Alfred Nzo District Municipality	Umzimvubu Local Municipality	•		•	•	15 000	15 000
		Total: Alfred Nz	zo Municipalities			-		15 000	43 969	000 09
		Total: Eastern (Cape Municipalities		431 907	480 849	502 444	355 681	353 949	369 841

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure	infrastı		grant allocations per local municipality per project	er project	Š	Schedule 5, Part B	В	Sci	Schedule 6, Part B	
						National an	National and Municipal Financial Year	uancial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year
Project Code	Project Name	Ca	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
FREE STAT	ATE	-									
RS12	RS12 Jagersfontein/Fauresmith Bulk Water Supply DBIG 5t, Bowevilla / Swithfield / Zontron Bulk Water Sumbly	Вп	FS162	Kopanong Local Municipality Melyebera Local Municipality	Kopanong Local Municipality Mobaleas Local Municipality	- 4 407			1 000		
NDIO 3.	Nouvelle Simulation Zastron bank water suppry	Total	Fotol: Vhorion	74	IMOHORATE LOCAL PRIMICIPALITY	4 407			1 000		
D C 5.7	Macilonyana Bulk Water Sunnky	D D	FC 191		Macilonyana Local Municinality	10+			40.000	160 000	000 52
RI 62	Masilonyana Bulk Sewer (wingburg)	2 22	FS 181		Masilonyana Local Municipality				9000	33 000	20 000
Cowid-19		2 22	FS181		Masilonyana Local Municipality				20 000	30 000	,
RI 24		n m	FS187		Tokologo Local Municipality		53.000	100 000	000 07	000 05	30 000
BEP	Dealesville Bulk Sewer Services	В	FS182		Tokologo Local Municipality			'	9 236		'
RS18	Tswelopele Bulk Water Supply	В	FS183		Tswelopele Local Municipality				13 329	10 000	50 447
RL34	Mathjabeng Bulk Sewer (Welkom)	В	FS184	_	Matjhabeng Local Municipality	•		•	15 000	50 999	100 000
		Total:	al: Lejweler	1≅			53 000	100 000	166 565	364 899	275 447
RBIG 5b	Setsoto Bulk Water Supply	В	FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality	150 000	150 000	133 951			
BEP	Clocolan Bulk Sewer Services	В	FS191		Setsoto Local Municipality	•		•	53 326	•	•
BEP	Ficksburg Bulk Sewer Services	В	FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality	•		•	153 009	•	•
BEP	Senekal Bulk Sewer Services	В	FS191	Setsoto Local Municipality	Setsoto Local Municipality	•		•	98 444	,	•
RL25	Dihlabeng Bulk Water Supply Phase 3	В	FS192	Dihlabeng Local Municipality	Dihlabeng Local Municipality	•		•	20 000	139 000	000 09
BEP-RL12	BEP-RL128 Reitz Bulk Sewer Services	В	FS193		Nketoana Local Municipality			•	36 331	,	•
Covid-19	9 Lindley Sewer	В	FS193	Nketoana Local Municipality	Nketoana Local Municipality	•		•	20 000	20 000	2 000
RL12	Nketoana Regional Water Supply	В	FS193	_	Nketoana Local Municipality	'	<u>'</u>	'	28 000	100 000	125 000
BEP	Arglington Bulk Sewer Services	В	FS194		Nketoana Local Municipality	•		•	99 346	•	•
RS19	Maluti-a-Phofung BWS Phase 2	В	FS194		Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	•	'	•	40 000	000 09	000 09
BEP		В	FS195		Nketoana Local Municipality	•	'	•	52 796	•	•
RBIG 5b		В	FS195		Maluti-a-Phofung Local Municipality	1		'	1 0	1 6	132 000
:		n c	FS195		Maluti-a-Photung Local Municipality				27 000	11 000	
Covid-19	9 Mantsopa water and sanitation intervention	8	FS196		Mantsopa Local Municipality	1 000			15 000	10 000	
		Total:	otal: Thabo M	\simeq r		150 000	150 000	133 951	673 252	340 000	382 000
RL23		В	FS203		Ngwathe Local Municipality	1 6	1 1	•	•	•	100 000
RBIG 5b	_	В	FS203		Ngwathe Local Municipality	20 000	20 896	•	1		•
RSS1		n e	FS204		Metsimaholo Local Municipality			'	20 000	2 000	
Covid-19	Marube water and sanitation intervention	E	FS204	Matube Local Municipality	Marube Local Municipality	'		'	15 000	12 000	'
N320	riginator buin sewel (matuse)	Total	Fozile D.	Potel: Fezile Dabi Municipalities	manuo coca manopanty	000 02	908.00		105 000	000 00	100 001
				Control Contro					200		
		Total:	Fotal: Free Sta	rte Municipalities		204 407	223 896	233 951	945 817	724 899	757 447
GAUTENG	9)										
RM02	Sedibeng Regional Waste Water Treatment Works	В	GT421		Emfuleni, Midvaal and City of Johannesberg			•	69 410	116 279	108 705
RM05	Sebokeng Waste Water Treatment Works	В	GT421		Emfuleni Local Municipality	1	'	'	20 000	136 744	209 960
	Vaal River System Intervention	В	GT421		Emfuleni Local Municipality	•		•	400 000	200 000	501 000
RS55	Rothdene pump station and rising main	В	GT422		Midvaal Local Municipality	•		•	10 000		•
RL04	Meyerton Waste Water Treatment Works	В	GT422		Midvaal Local Municipality	•	· _		20 000	30 000	,
		Total:	otal: Sedibeng		-	'	'	'	579 410	783 023	819 665
RM06		В	GT485		Rand West City Local Municipality	,		•	000 09	100 000	100 000
RS56	Mohlakeng pump station and sewer outfall	В	GT485	Rand West City Local Municipality	Rand West City Local Municipality	'	'		30 000	83 256	000 06
		Total:	West Ra	Fotal: West Rand Municipalities		'	_	•	000 06	183 256	190 000
		I otal:	Total: Gauteng	g Municipalities		-	•	-	669 410	966 279	1 009 665

APPENDIX W5
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B; REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

	Breakdown of regional bulk is	infrastructure gra	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure grant allocations per local municipality per project	r project	Sc	Schedule 5, Part B		Se	Schedule 6, Part B	
	0	D			National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
KWAZUI	KWAZULU-NATAL									
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Mandlakazi Bulk Water Supply	C DC26 Z	Zululand District Municipality	uPhongolo and Nongoma Local Municipalities	15 247	30 000	20 000			
		Total: Zululand M	Municipalities		15 247	30 000	20 000			
RBIG 5E	RBIG 5b Greater Mthonjaneni Bulk Water Supply	C DC28 K	King Cetshwayo District Municipality	Mthonjaneni/ Nkandla Local Municipalities	173 563	290 312	253 065			
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Middledrift (Nkandla) Regional Bulk Water Supply	C DC28 K	King Cetshwayo District Municipality	Nkandla Local Municipality	40 000	20 000	000 09	•	•	•
		Total: King Cetshy	shwayo Municipalities		213 563	340 312	313 065			•
RBIG 5b	Greater Bulwer Donnybrook Water Scheme	C DC43 H	Harry Gwala District Municipality	Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma and uBuhlebezwe Local Municipalities		25 000	20 000			
		Total: Sisonke Mu	unicipalities			25 000	20 000	1		•
		Total: KwaZulu-N	Natal Municipalities		228 810	395 312	413 065			
LIMPOPO										
RL28	Giyani Bulk Water Supply Drought Relief	Г	Mopani District Municipality	Greater Giyani Local Municipality				000 59	180 000	200 000
RM08	Giyani Water Services		Mopani District Municipality	Greater Giyani Local Municipality	•	•	•	313 960	150 000	100 000
RL29	Mametja Sekororo Bulk Water Supply	C DC33 N	Mopani District Municipality	Maruleng Local Municipality	•		•	38 896	71 595	69 383
RS135	Bambanana Pipeline	C DC33 N	Mopani District Municipality	Maruleng Local Municipality	-	-	-	170 000	180 000	300 000
		Total: Mopani Mu	lunicipalities					587 856	581 595	669 383
RL13	Sinthumule Kutama Bulk Water Supply	C DC34 V	Whembe District Municipality	Makhado Local Municipality				20 000	20 000	20 000
		Total: Vhembe Municipalities	micipalities				٠	20 000	20 000	20 000
RBIG 5£	RBIG 5b Polokwane Waste Water Treatment Works		Polokwane Local Municipality	Polokwane Local Municipality	100 000	20 000	26 013	•	•	•
RBIG 5t	RBIG 5b Polokwane Bulk Water Supply	B LIM354 Po	Polokwane Local Municipality	Polokwane Local Municipality	54 584	50 597	100 000			
		Total: Capricon Municipalities	unicipalities		154 584	120 597	126 013	-	-	
RM04	Mogalakwena Bulk Water Supply	B LIM367 N	Mogalakwena Local Municipality	Mogalakwena Local Municipality	-	-		40 000	20 000	-
		Total: Waterberg Municipalities	Municipalities					40 000	20 000	
RL14	Moutse Bulk Water Supply		Sekhukhune District Municipality	Ephraim Mogale/ Elias Motsoaledi local municipalities				30 000	20 000	٠
RM12	Nebo Bulk Water Supply		Sekhukhune District Municipality	Tubatse Local Municipality/ Makhudutmahaga LM	•	'	'	40 000	20 000	000 06
RM07	Mooihoek/Tubatse Bulk Water Supply	C DC47 S	Sekhukhune District Municipality	Tubatse Local Municipality	-	-	-	000 09	000 09	70 000
		Total: Sekhukhun	une Municipalities		-			130 000	160 000	160 000
		Total: Limpopo M	Municipalities		154 584	120 597	126 013	807 856	841 595	879 383

APPENDIX W5
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

	Breakdown of regional bulk	infrastru	icture gr:	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure grant allocations per local municipality per project	y project	Sc	Schedule 5, Part B	_	Sch	Schedule 6, Part B	
			0	•		National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ıcial Year
Project Code	Project Name	Cate	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
MPUMALANGA	LANGA										
RBIG 51	RBIG 5b Empul/Methu/Amster Bulk Water Supply	В	MP301 C	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	70 000	80 000	150 000			
RBIG 51	RBIG 5b Eerstehoek/Ekulindeni Bulk Water Supply	В	MP301	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	Chief Albert Luthuli Local Municipality	95 142	000 06	20 000	,	,	'
RBIG 51	RBIG 5b Amsterdam and Sheepmore Bulk Water Scheme	В	MP301 N	Mkhondo Local Municipality	Mkhondo and Msukaligwa Local Municipality	•	•	•	40 000	70 000	000 06
RBIG 5t	RBIG 5b Msukalingwa regional water supply scheme (Phase1)	В	MP302 N	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	Msukaligwa Local Municipality	175 000	76 000	100 000	•	•	•
RBIG 5b	Lekwa Waster Services	В	MP305 L	Lekwa Local Municipality	Lekwa Local Municipality	•	,	'	40 000	20 000	70 000
RBIG 51	RBIG 5b Balf/Siyat/Greyl/Willem/Nthor Bulk Water Supply	В		Dipaleseng Local Municipality	Dipaleseng Local Municipality	•	•	•	20 000	20 000	•
RBIG 5b	Embalenhle Bulk Sewer and WWTW's refurbishment & upgrading	В	MP307 G	Goven Mbeki Local Municipality	Goven Mbeki Local Municipality	•	•	•	10 000	40 000	70 000
		Total: (ert Siban	otal: Gert Sibande Municipalities		340 142	246 000	270 000	140 000	210 000	230 000
RBIG 5b	Steve Tshwete Water Services	В	MP313 S	Steve Tshwete Local Municipality	Steve Tsh wete Local Municipality	145 000	20 000	45 000			
RL35	Thembisile Water Scheme (Loskop)	В	MP315 T	Thembisile Hani Local Municipality	Thembisile Local Municipality	•	•	•	140 000	150 000	150 000
RL36	Western Highveld (Rust de Winter) Bulk Water Scheme	В	MP316 D	Dr JS Moroka Local Municipality	Thembisile Hani and Dr JS Moroka Local Municipality	•	•	•	2 000	13 721	31 399
		Total: N	otal: Nkangala N	Municipalities		145 000	20 000	45 000	145 000	163 721	181 399
RS37	Driekoppies Upgrading	В	MP324 N	Nkomazi Local Municipality	Nkomazi Local Municipality	200 000	20 000		49 696	10 000	
RS30	Sibange Bulk Water Supply	В	MP324 N	Nkomazi Local Municipality	Nkomazi Local Municipality	•	,	•	30 000	10 000	•
RL17	Northern Nzikazi Bulk Water Supply	В		City of Mbombela	City of Mbombela	10 000	89 793	145 000	•	•	•
	Thaba Chweu RBWS (Leroro, Matibidi, Moremela)	В	MP327 T	Thaba Chweu	Thaba Chweu	2 000	30 000	88 508			
		Total: F	`otal: Ehlanzeni N	Municpalities		212 000	189 793	213 508	969 62	20 000	
		Total: N	1 pumalan	Fotal: Mpumalanga Municipalities		697 142	505 793	528 508	364 696	393 721	411 399
NORTHE	NORTHERN CAPE										
	Calvinia Bulk Water Supply	В		Hantam Local Municipality	Hantam Local Municipality	20 000	67 772				
BEP	Griekwastad Campbell	В	NC078 S	Siyancuma Local Municipality	Siyancuma Local Municipality			•	1 814		1
		Total: I	ixley ka S	Fotal: Pixley ka Seme Municipalities		•	-	-	1 814	•	•
	Postmasburg WWTW and bulk sewer	В	_	Tsantsabane Local Municipality	Tsantsabane Local Municipality	85 102	000 08	40 000			
	Postmasburg Bulk Water Supply	В		Tsantsabane Local Municipality	Tsantsabane Local Municipality	•	•	95 345			
RS28	Upington Wasterwater treatment works	В		Dawid Kruiper Local Municipallity	Dawid Kruiper Local Municipallity	•	,	•	54 643	54 542	56 991
		Total: 7	9,	awu Municipalities		85 102	80 000	135 345	54 643	54 542	26 991
RBIG 51	RBIG 5b Kathu Bulk Water Supply	В	NC453 G	Gamagara Local Municipality	Gamagara Local Municipality		20 037	40 000		•	1
		Total: J	Fotal: John Taolo	lo Gaetsewe Municipalities			20 037	40 000		•	'
		Total: 1	Fotal: Northern C	Cape Municipalities		135 102	167 809	175 345	56 457	54 542	56 991

APPENDIX W5
APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART B: REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE S, PART B AND SCHEDULE 6, PART BI REGIONAL BULK INFRASITUCETURE GRANT BREAKDOWN OF REGIONAL BULK INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT ALLOCATIONS PER LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PER PROJECT

	Breakdown of regional bulk infrastructure	frastructure g	grant allocations per local municipality per project	project	S	Schedule 5, Part B		Sc	Schedule 6, Part B	
					National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	ncial Year	National and	National and Municipal Financial Year	cial Year
Project Code	Project Name	Category	Water Services Authority	Benefitting Municipality	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)
NORTH WEST	WEST									
RL15	Moretele South Bulk Water Supply (Klipdrift)	B NW371	Moretele Local Municipality	Moretele Local Municipality			•	30 000	30 338	23 737
RL09		B NW372	Madibeng Local Municipality	Madibeng Local Municipality	'	•	'	105 608	134 887	145 000
RS57	Koster Waste Water Treatment Works upgrade	B NW374	Kgetlengrivier Local Municipality	Kgetlengrivier Local Municipality			-	-	-	-
		Total: Bojanala	Platinum Municipalities					135 608	165 225	168 737
RS32	Ratlou Bulk Water Supply	C DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema Local Municipality	Ratlou Local Municipality				34 328	30 000	30 000
RL33	Mafikeng South Bulk Water Supply	C DC38	Ngaka Modiri Molema Local Municipality	Mafikeng Local Municipality		-	-	30 000	30 000	30 000
		Total: Ngaka M	Iodiri Molema Municipalities		-	-	-	64 328	000 09	000 09
RBIG 5b	Taung/ Naledi Bulk Water Supply (phase 1 to 3)	C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Greater Taung/ Naledi Local Municipalities	148 391	162 684	28 911		-	
RBIG 5E	RBIG 5b Greater Mamusa Bulk Water Supply (phase 1 to 4)	C DC39	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Greater Mamusa Local Municipality	106 190	179 012	280 000	•	,	'
RBIG 5b	Kagisano Molapo Bulk Water Supply	C DC40	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality	Kagisano-Molopo Local Municipality	145 000	145 342	200 000	•	•	•
		Total: Dr Ruth	Segomotsi Mompati Municipalities		399 581	487 038	508 911		•	
RS35	Potchefstroom Waste Water Treatment Works upgrade (Tlokwe) Phase 1 to B	B NW405	JB Marks Local Municipality	JB Marks Local Municipality		-		40 000	31 964	40 000
		Total: Dr Kenn	Fotal: Dr Kenneth Kaunda Municipalities				-	40 000	31 964	40 000
		Total: North Wo	Vest Municipalities		399 581	487 038	508 911	239 936	257 189	268 737
WESTERN CAPE	IN CAPE									
RS132	Klawer Bulk Water	B WC011	Matzikama Local Municipality	Matzikama Local Municipality	10 000		-		1 6	
K5154	Cian William / Lambertsbaar Negional Water Supply and Desambation	Total: West Cos	So went Coast Municipalities	Cederoerg Local Municipanty	- 000 01			15 197	15 155	15 967
RBIG 5b	RBIG 5b Tulbagh Bulk Water Supply	B WC022	Witzenberg Local Municipality	Witzenberg Local Municipality	19 239	ľ	ľ	-	COLOR	1000
		Total: Cape Wil	Fotal: Cape Winelands Municipalities		19 239					
BFI	Portable Water Securuty and Remedial Works	B WC044	George Local Municipality	George Local Municipality	240 648	510 838	274 626			
		Total: Overberg	Fotal: Overberg Municipalities		240 648	510 838	274 626			
		Total: Western	Fotal: Western Cape Municipalities		269 887	510 838	274 626	15 197	15 153	15 867
National Total	Fotal				2 521 420	2 892 132	2 762 863	3 455 050	3 607 327	3 769 330

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Basic Education (Vote 16)	Early Chi	ldhood Developm	ent Grant
	Nat	ional Financial Y	ear
Durating (Commonwet)	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Province /Components	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
Early Childhood Development Grant			
Eastern Cape	199 668	199 728	208 697
Free State	65 282	56 438	58 973
Gauteng	232 715	238 615	249 330
KwaZulu-Natal	187 203	182 053	190 228
Limpopo	184 858	178 275	186 282
Mpumalanga	99 860	91 322	95 424
Northern Cape	23 126	20 007	20 906
North West	104 104	106 484	111 266
Western Cape	95 866	87 958	91 908
Unallocated	-	81 607	85 272
Total	1 192 682	1 242 487	1 298 286
of which:			
Maintenance Component			
Eastern Cape	9 975	2 111	2 206
Free State	13 115	2 203	2 302
Gauteng	5 485	1 744	1 822
KwaZulu-Natal	15 505	3 230	3 375
Limpopo	17 568	4 023	4 204
Mpumalanga	14 186	2 111	2 206
Northern Cape	5 305	1 497	1 564
North West	3 388	1 563	1 633
Western Cape	13 330	1 920	2 006
Unallocated	-	81 607	85 272
Total: Maintenance Component	97 857	102 009	106 590
Subsidy Component			
Eastern Cape	189 693	197 617	206 491
Free State	52 167	54 235	56 671
Gauteng	227 230	236 871	247 508
KwaZulu-Natal	171 698	178 823	186 853
Limpopo	167 290	174 252	182 078
Mpumalanga	85 674	89 211	93 218
Northern Cape	17 821	18 510	19 342
North West	100 716	104 921	109 633
Western Cape	82 536	86 038	89 902
Total: Subsidy Component	1 094 825	1 140 478	1 191 696

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE DISTRICT HEALTH PROGRAMMES GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE DISTRICT HEALTH PROGRAMMES GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 18)	District Health Programmes Grant
	National Financial Year
Danis (Carana and A	2022/23 2023/24 2024/25
Province /Components	(R'000) (R'000) (R'000)
District Health Programmes Grant	
Eastern Cape	3 221 279 2 963 416 3 096 50
Free State	1 724 306
Gauteng	6 295 969 5 793 999 6 054 20
KwaZulu-Natal	7 547 069 7 087 769 7 406 07
Limpopo	2 621 492 2 388 635 2 495 90
Mpumalanga	2 638 302 2 469 999 2 580 92
Northern Cape	767 729 716 737 748 92
North West	1 938 678
Western Cape	2 268 294 2 049 145 2 141 17
Total	29 023 118 26 865 861 28 072 39
of which:	
Comprehensive HIV/AIDS Component	
Eastern Cape	2 762 848 2 743 167 2 866 36
Free State	1 479 325
Gauteng	5 300 707 5 259 071 5 495 25
KwaZulu-Natal	6 512 334 6 448 252 6 737 84
Limpopo	1 935 362
Mpumalanga	2 145 175 2 139 426 2 235 50
Northern Cape	621 337 612 731 640 25
North West	1 524 570 1 511 685 1 579 57
Western Cape	1 852 863
Total	24 134 521 23 934 604 25 009 49
District Health Component	
Eastern Cape	458 431 220 249 230 1
Free State	244 981 147 501 154 1
Gauteng	995 262 534 928 558 9
KwaZulu-Natal	1 034 735 639 517 668 2
Limpopo	686 130 463 841 484 6
Mpumalanga	493 127 330 573 345 4
Northern Cape	146 392 104 006 108 6
North West	414 108 272 878 285 1
Western Cape	415 431 217 764 227 5
Total	4 888 597 2 931 257 3 062 89

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF THE SCHEDUL

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF HUMAN RESOURCES AND TRAINING GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 18)		Human Re	sources and Train	ning Grant
		Nat	ional Financial Y	ear
D 4 (G	2	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Province /Components		R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)
Human Resources and Training Grant				
Eastern Cape		578 756	567 733	556 604
Free State		264 004	284 312	276 594
Gauteng		1 872 229	1 879 548	1 825 127
KwaZulu-Natal		754 850	764 447	747 841
Limpopo		372 699	375 318	353 623
Mpumalanga		274 266	276 739	267 298
Northern Cape		155 608	145 748	145 443
North West		277 212	271 800	262 601
Western Cape		899 442	887 123	903 926
Unallocated		-	26 255	27 460
Total		5 449 066	5 479 023	5 366 517
of which:				
Statutory Human Resources Component				
Eastern Cape		311 721	312 276	289 677
Free State		129 247	133 378	118 883
Gauteng		867 139	897 055	798 520
KwaZulu-Natal		413 010	425 356	393 525
Limpopo		221 457	232 377	204 264
Mpumalanga		149 493	154 778	139 861
Northern Cape		47 843	49 454	44 825
North West		136 937	142 227	127 210
Western Cape		356 963	369 008	362 548
Unallocated		-	-	-
Total		2 633 810	2 715 909	2 479 313
Training Component				
Eastern Cape		267 035	255 457	266 927
Free State		134 757	150 934	157 711
Gauteng		1 005 090	982 493	1 026 607
KwaZulu-Natal		341 840	339 091	354 316
Limpopo		151 242	142 941	149 359
Mpumalanga		124 773	121 961	127 437
Northern Cape		107 765	96 294	100 618
North West		140 275	129 573	135 391
Western Cape		542 479	518 115	541 378
Unallocated			26 255	27 460
Total		2 815 256	2 763 114	2 887 204

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENTS

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENTS

Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces National Financial Year FTE Target for 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 2022/23 Province / Provincial Department (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) EASTERN CAPE Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs 68 2 284 Economic Development, Environmental Affairs and Tourism 180 2 823 Education 416 3 491 Health 165 1 906 Human Settlements 571 2 987 Public Works 894 13 502 Rural Development and Agrarian Reform 26 2 106 Social Development 26 1 900 Sport, Recreation, Arts and Culture 57 2 155 Transport 16 156 73 305 Total: Eastern Cape 18 559 106 459 FREE STATE Agriculture and Rural Development Economic Development and Small Business Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs 387 192 2 3 7 4 Education 2 209 Human Settlements 319 Police, Roads and Transport 1 968 3 779 Public Works and Infrastructure 350 6 183 39 2 106 Sport, Arts, Culture and Recreation Total: Free State 3 452 20 943 GAUTENG Agriculture and Rural Development 434 3 355 Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs 2 106 88 Infrastructure Development 1 955 6 768 383 2 733 Education 245 2 360 Health 1 505 10 926 Human Settlements Roads and Transport 1 968 9 857 Social Development 2 000 Total: Gauteng 6 605 40 105 KWAZULU-NATAL Agriculture and Rural Development 549 4 610 2 108 468 Arts. Culture and Tourism Co-Operative Governance and Traditional Affairs 1 993 139 Economic Development, Tourism and Environmental Affairs 2 3 1 5 6 402 2 193 Education 535 327 11 736 Health Human Settlements 943 6 499 Public Works 1 661 8 042 Transport 18 849 68 283 Total: KwaZulu-Natal 25 787 111 866 LIMPOPO Agriculture and Rural Development 1 646 10 361 Economic Development, Environment and Tourism 438 2 146 Education 343 2 702 Health 131 2 978 Public Works, Roads and Infrastructure 159 12 311 Social Development 32 2 570 Sport, Arts and Culture 100 2 106 Transport and Community Safety 2 755 2 106 37 280 Total: Limpopo 5 603 MPUMALANGA Agriculture, Rural Development, Land and Environmental Affairs 798 4 734 Co-Operative Governance and Traditional Affairs 131 2 563 Culture, Sport and Recreation 77 2 2 7 9 4 599 Economic Development and Tourism 466 218 2 278 Education Human Settlements 378 2 000 3 935 Public Works, Roads and Transport 7 038 Total: Mpumalanga 6 003 25 491 NORTHERN CAPE Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development 906 3 872 Cooperative Governance, Human Settlements and Traditional Affairs 138 2 106 1 900 Economic Development and Tourism 82 2 362 Education 134 Roads and Public Works 53 4 187 Sports, Arts and Culture 1 994 Total: Northern Cape 1 341 16 421

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF EPWP INTEGRATED GRANT FOR PROVINCES: TARGETS AND ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENTS

Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Provinces National Financial Year FTE Target for 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 2022/23 **Province / Provincial Department** (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) NORTH WEST 934 3 401 Agriculture and Rural Development 2 106 Arts, Culture, Sport and Recreation 98 Cooperative Governance, Human Settlements and Traditional Affairs 630 2 186 Education 269 2 204 Economic Development, Environment, Conversation and Tourism 2 393 30 Health 145 2 000 Public Works and Roads 362 27 949 Social Development 2 155 27 Total: North West 2 494 44 394 WESTERN CAPE Agriculture 150 2 174 Cultural Affairs and Sport 364 3 099 274 1 941 Education Environmental Affairs and Development Planning 597 $4\,468$ Health 173 2 106 2 978 Human Settlements 604 Transport and Public Works 2 755 13 373 **Total: Western Cape** 4 916 30 139 Unallocated 434 762 454 287 **Grand Total** 74 759 434 762 454 287 433 098

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SOCIAL SECTOR EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT FOR PROVINCES: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SOCIAL SECTOR EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT FOR PROVINCES: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT

Social Sector Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant for Provinces National Financial Year FTE Target for 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 2022/23 **Province / Provincial Department** (R'000) (R'000) (R'000) EASTERN CAPE Education 929 40 050 284 12 268 Health Safety and Liaison 33 1 414 Social Development 341 14 718 Total: Eastern Cape 1 587 68 450 FREE STATE 7 139 Education 166 Health 252 10 884 Social Development 511 22.034 Total: Free State 929 40 057 GAUTENG Community Safety 109 4 706 Education 177 7 615 Health 417 17 980 Social Development 509 21 948 Total: Gauteng 1 212 52 249 KWAZULU-NATAL 3 046 Community Safety and Liaison 71 Education 707 30 508 26 293 Health 610 Social Development 874 37 672 Sport and Recreation 53 2 280 Total: KwaZulu-Natal 2 314 99 799 LIMPOPO Education 426 18 354 Health 785 33 847 Social Development 182 7 865 1 393 Total: Limpopo 60 066 MPUMALANGA 47 2 038 Community Safety, Security and Liaison Culture, Sport and Recreation 38 1 631 Education 66 2 867 Health 305 13 140 Social Development 137 5 894 Total: Mpumalanga 593 25 570 NORTHERN CAPE Education 96 4 142 Health 133 5 718 4 773 Social Development 111 Transport, Safety and Liaison 35 1 509 Total: Northern Cape 374 16 142 NORTH WEST Community Safety and Transport Management 38 1 638 Education 108 4 642 Health 354 15 267 Social Development 5 223 121 Total: North West 621 26 770 WESTERN CAPE Community Safety 89 3 821 Cultural Affairs and Sport 100 4 333 Education 286 12 322 239 10 291 Health Social Development 115 4 978 Total: Western Cape 829 35 745 426 480 Unallocated 445 633 **Grand Total** 9 852 424 848 426 480 445 633

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE BACKLOGS GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE BACKLOGS GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER PROVINCE

Basic Education (Vote 16)	School Inf	School Infrastructure Backlogs Grant National Financial Year		
	Nat			
D	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	
Province	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	
Schools Infrastructure Backlogs Grant				
Eastern Cape	896 697	-	-	
Free State	101 897	-	-	
Gauteng	-	-	-	
KwaZulu-Natal	509 487	-	-	
Limpopo	407 590	-	-	
Mpumalanga	101 897	-	-	
Northern Cape	-	-	-	
North West	20 379	-	-	
Western Cape	-	-	-	
Unallocated	365 171	2 078 506	2 171 849	
Total	2 403 119	2 078 506	2 171 849	

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE INDIRECT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 6, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE INDIRECT GRANT: ALLOCATIONS PER GRANT COMPONENT PER PROVINCE

Health (Vote 18)	National Health Insurance Indirect Grant			
		National Financial Year		
Province /Components	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	
	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	
National Health Insurance Indirect Grant				
Eastern Cape	559 904	682 132	450 681	
Free State	163 074	172 845	136 603	
Gauteng	137 135	109 206	97 356	
KwaZulu-Natal	68 296	69 052	72 594	
Limpopo	523 231	658 364	436 023	
Mpumalanga	278 091	299 702	214 836	
Northern Cape	68 296	69 052	72 594	
North West	257 429	253 350	186 251	
Western Cape	68 295	69 052	72 594	
Unallocated	85 357	88 520	103 372	
Total	2 209 108	2 471 275	1 842 903	
of which:				
Health Facility Revitalisation Component				
Eastern Cape	491 608	613 080	378 087	
Free State	94 778	103 793	64 009	
Gauteng	68 839	40 155	24 764	
KwaZulu-Natal	-	10 133	21,701	
Limpopo	454 936	589 312	363 430	
Mpumalanga	209 796	230 650	142 242	
	209 /96	230 630	142 242	
Northern Cape	100 124	104 200	112 (57	
North West	189 134	184 298	113 657	
Western Cape	-	-	-	
Unallocated		-	-	
Total	1 509 091	1 761 288	1 086 189	
Personal Services Component				
Eastern Cape	-	-	-	
Free State	-	-	-	
Gauteng	-	-	-	
KwaZulu-Natal	-	-	-	
Limpopo	-	-	-	
Mpumalanga	-	-	-	
Northern Cape	-	-	-	
North West	-	-	-	
Western Cape	-	-	-	
Unallocated	85 357	88 520	103 372	
Total	85 357	88 520	103 372	
Non-Personal Services Component				
Eastern Cape	68 296	69 052	72 594	
Free State	68 296	69 052	72 594	
Gauteng	68 296	69 051	72 593	
KwaZulu-Natal	68 296	69 052	72 594	
Limpopo	68 295	69 052	72 594	
Mpumalanga	68 295	69 052	72 594	
Northern Cape	68 296	69 052	72 594	
North West	68 295	69 052	72 594	
	68 295	69 052	72 594	
Western Cape				
Western Cape Unallocated	08 293	07 032	,20,.	

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 4, PART A AND SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF RING-FENCED DISASTER FUNDING: PER PROVINCE PER GRANT

APPENDIX TO SCHEDULE 4, PART A AND SCHEDULE 5, PART A: BREAKDOWN OF RING-FENCED DISASTER FUNDING: PER PROVINCE PER GRANT

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ring-Fenced Disaster Allocations		
Province / Grant Name		ional Financial Yo		
	2022/23 (R'000)	2023/24 (R'000)	2024/25 (R'000)	
Comprehensive Agricultural Support Programme Grant				
Eastern Cape	-	-		
Free State	-	-		
Gauteng	-	-		
KwaZulu-Natal	-	-		
Limpopo	-	-		
Mpumalanga	-	-		
Northern Cape	-	-		
North West	-	-		
Western Cape	-	-		
Total	-	-		
Education Infrastructure Grant				
Eastern Cape	_	-		
Free State	_	-		
Gauteng	_	_		
KwaZulu-Natal	144 783	325 762		
Limpopo	_	_		
Mpumalanga	_	_		
Northern Cape		_		
North West		-		
Western Cape	-	-		
Total	144 783	325 762		
Health Facility Revitilisation Grant	144 /03	323 702		
Eastern Cape				
Free State	-	-		
Gauteng				
KwaZulu-Natal	-	-		
	-	-		
Limpopo	-	-		
Mpumalanga	-	-		
Northern Cape	-	-		
North West	-	-		
Western Cape	-	-		
Total	-	-		
Human Settlements Development Grant				
Eastern Cape	-	-		
Free State	-	-		
Gauteng	-	-		
KwaZulu-Natal	397 705	474 974		
Limpopo	-	-		
Mpumalanga	-	-		
Northern Cape	-	-		
North West	-	-		
Western Cape	-	-		
Total	397 705	474 974		
Provincial Roads Maintenance Grant				
Eastern Cape	-	-		
Free State	-	-		
Gauteng	-	-		
KwaZulu-Natal	490 025	293 531		
Limpopo	170 023	2,3 331		
Mpumalanga		_		
Northern Cape	_	-		
North West		-		
Western Cape	490 025	293 531		